
MINUTES

**COORDINATING COMMISSION FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION
The Apothecary Building
Ridnour Room, Lincoln, Nebraska
NECC, West Point Extended Campus (via ZOOM)
Thursday, October 8, 2020**

Public notice of meeting

Public notice of this meeting was given by posting notice on the Commission's website; posting notice on the State of Nebraska's online public meeting calendar; e-mailing news media; and keeping a current copy of the agenda in the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education's office, listing the date, time, and location of the meeting.

NOTICE OF MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COORDINATING COMMISSION FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION WILL HOLD A MEETING ON THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 2020. THE MEETING WILL BEGIN AT 8:30 A.M. AND ADJOURN AT APPROXIMATELY 12:30 P.M.

AN AGENDA IS MAINTAINED IN THE COMMISSION OFFICE, 140 N. 8TH STREET, SUITE 300, LINCOLN, NEBRASKA.

DR. DEBORAH FRISON, CHAIR

Meeting called to order at 8:30 a.m.

CALL TO ORDER AND INTRODUCTIONS

Chair Deborah Frison called the meeting to order at 8:30 a.m. and asked for introductions.

Commissioners Present

Gwenn Aspen
Dr. John Bernthal
Tim Daniels
Dr. Deborah Frison

Mary Lauritzen (via Zoom)
Dr. Paul Von Behren
W. Scott Wilson

Commissioners Absent

Colleen Adam

Charles Garman

Commission Staff Present

Dr. Michael Baumgartner
Dr. Kathleen Fimple
Kadi Lukesh
Helen Pope

Gary Timm
Joe Velaquez (Zoom moderator)
Mike Wemhoff

*Minutes of September 10, 2020,
approved*

MINUTES OF SEPTEMBER 10, 2020, COMMISSION MEETING

Commissioner Wilson made a motion to approve the September 10, 2020, minutes as written. Commissioner Bernthal seconded the motion. A roll call vote was taken. All seven Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

Chair's Report

CHAIR'S REPORT

Chair Frison announced that Commissioner Aspen is the new committee chair for the Budget, Construction, and Financial Aid Committee, and Commissioner Adam is the new committee chair for the Academic Programs Committee. A Planning Committee chair will be chosen at their next committee meeting.

Executive Director's Report

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Dr. Mike Baumgartner, Executive Director, introduced Kadi Lukesh, Budget Coordinator/Office Manager, who presented the First Quarter Budget Report for the fiscal year 2020-21. Ms. Lukesh reported there is a large carryover from last year in the Administrative Funds, and with careful planning, this year should be comfortable.

*Ms. Lukesh presented First Quarter
Budget Report*

Ms. Lukesh stated the Nebraska Opportunity Grant Program (NOG) payments are being allocated to institutions from the cash fund first and then the general fund will be used. Payments are made quarterly to the Community Colleges from the Community College GAP Assistance Program. Under personal services, the hours that Gary Timm works on the Gap program are paid out. The Access College Early Scholarship (ACE) has a credit of \$117.00 due to unspent dollars at the beginning of the fiscal year. However, that money will be allocated in the near future.

*Dr. Baumgartner discussed
preparations for 2021 legislative
session*

Dr. Baumgartner stated the CCPE is preparing for the 2021 legislative session by meeting with the Appropriations Committee staff, the Education Committee staff, and staff at the Nebraska Department of Education (NDE). Items of interest include the agency budget and financial aid programs, along with the issues the Commission worked on last year: a fix for an ACE eligibility issue, extending the Community College Gap Assistance Program to the tribal colleges, the distribution of lottery funds for the next five years, and implementation of recommendations from the dual credit study with NDE.

*Dr. Baumgartner spoke at
Appropriations Committee hearing*

Dr. Baumgartner noted he was invited to speak at the Appropriations Committee hearing concerning LR 389, an interim study on programs, initiatives, and strategies to address workforce and talent shortages and to identify best practices for increasing degrees and credentials needed for high-wage, high-demand, high-skilled jobs. He spoke about the NOG, Gap, and ACE programs.

*Dr. Baumgartner noted plans to visit
WNCC*

Dr. Baumgartner commented that he will be visiting with President Dr. Carmen Simone at Western Nebraska Community College October 16. He plans to stop at McCook Community College and meet with Mid-Plains

Dr. Baumgartner reported on staff activities

Community College (MPCC) Vice President Kelly Rippen and visit MPCC extended campuses at Imperial and Ogallala while in the western part of the state.

Dr. Baumgartner reported on happenings from the staff and noted that he along with Ritchie Morrow, Financial Aid Officer, and Gary Timm, Chief Finance & Administrative Officer, will be meeting with Brian Rocky and the staff at the Nebraska Lottery in November for an update on last year's results and items that may affect lottery revenues in the future.

Mr. Morrow has been visiting colleges and universities to audit their financial aid programs and plans to attend the virtual National Association of State Student Grant and Aid Programs annual meeting in late October.

Public Hearing on Matters of General Concern

Kathleen Fimple, Academic Programs Officer, attended the virtual NC-SARA meeting in September, which stretched over several days, and she and Dr. Baumgartner plan to attend the virtual Higher Learning Commission (HLC) annual state agencies meeting in November.

Public Hearing on Academic Programs Committee Items

The Midwestern Higher Education Compact will be holding its annual meeting virtually rather than in Des Moines in November, and the Education Commission of the States will also be holding a virtual version of its combined annual and winter meetings in November.

Academic Programs Committee

Jill Heese, Research Coordinator, has updated the CCPE fact sheets, which are being provided as a packet to the Commissioners and are available on the CCPE website.

APC Chair Bernthal

PRESENTATION

*Dr. Neal Grandgenett, Haddix
University of Nebraska at Omaha
Community Chair of STEM Education
Dr. UNO along with colleagues Michael
Flesch and Corey Hatt*

Dr. Baumgartner introduced and welcomed Dr. Neal Grandgenett, Haddix Community Chair of STEM Education at UNO, and his Nebraska Mathematics Readiness Project colleagues Michael Flesch, Dean of Math and Natural Sciences at Metropolitan Community College, and Corey Hatt, Nebraska Mathematics Readiness Project Director from Central Community College.

Dr. David Jackson, University of Nebraska

Dr. Grandgenett presented a PowerPoint presentation on the second-year results of the Nebraska Mathematics Readiness Project (NMRP). The NMRP is a partnership between the six community colleges and 35 high schools in 27 school districts. The purpose of the Nebraska Math Readiness Project is to provide a bridge to success for high school seniors who need to improve their math skills before entering and completing a college-level math course. The goal of the Nebraska Math Readiness Project is to be the statewide, systematic approach that addresses the low percentage of Nebraska high school students who are college-ready in math upon high school graduation. The project is funded by several foundations and has been in development and implementation for several years.

Dr. David Beberwyk, UNO

Dr. Grandgenett stated that math readiness is a national challenge, with 70 percent of community college students and 40 percent of four-year college

APC recommendation

*University of Nebraska at Omaha –
Proposal for a New Instructional
Program – Real Estate, Undergraduate
Certificate approved*

*University of Nebraska Medical Center
Dr. Fimple presented the in-depth
review*

*Dr. David Jackson, University of
Nebraska*

Dr. Ying Zhang, UNMC

APC recommendation

*University of Nebraska Medical Center
– In-Depth Review – Biostatistics
approved*

University of Nebraska at Omaha

*Dr. Fimple and Commissioner Bernthal
presented the in-depth review*

Peggy Jones, UNO

students needing developmental math. Upon successful completion of the course, students will not need to take foundation-level math classes in college. One challenge is recruiting students as it is important for school advisers/counselors, along with math teachers, to understand the NMRP program and how to communicate it to students and their parents. Dr. Grandgenett provided information on year one and year two completers, achievement results, and the estimated savings to Nebraska families. Dr. Grandgenett, Mr. Flesch, and Mr. Hatt discussed recommendations and sustainability of the program and answered Commissioners' questions.

PUBLIC HEARING ON MATTERS OF GENERAL CONCERN

There was no testimony on Matters of General Concern.

Chair Frison closed the public hearing on Matters of General Concern.

PUBLIC HEARING ON ACADEMIC PROGRAMS COMMITTEE ITEMS

There was no testimony on Academic Programs Committee Items.

Chair Frison closed the public hearing on Academic Programs Committee Items.

ACADEMIC PROGRAMS COMMITTEE

Commissioner Bernthal, in Commissioner Adam's absence, introduced the Academic Programs Committee items.

University of Nebraska at Omaha – Proposal for a New Instructional Program – Real Estate, Undergraduate Certificate

Dr. Fimple presented the proposal, noting that in the 1970s the faculty at UNO recognized that there was a need in the community for professional real estate education. They created an informal certificate, without academic credit attached to it, which did not appear on the student's transcript. This proposal will take what is essentially in place and become a credit-bearing certificate in the College of Business Administration. Dr. David Jackson, Vice Provost at UN, stated that this program will add value by creating a formal credential. Mr. David Beberwyk, Instructor, Finance, Banking and Real Estate from UNO (via Zoom), answered Commissioners' questions and stated that those taking this course most likely will be students with extensive experience in real estate or who already have a degree or some college education. Dr. Michelle Trawick, John Becker Dean, College of Business Administration, and Keristiena Dodge, Project Specialist, Academic Affairs, were present via Zoom in support of the proposal.

Commissioner Bernthal stated the APC Committee recommendation is to approve the Real Estate Undergraduate Certificate at the University of Nebraska at Omaha.

APC recommendation

Commissioner Bernthal, on behalf of the Academic Programs Committee, moved to approve the University of Nebraska at Omaha's Proposal for a New Instructional Program – Real Estate, Undergraduate Certificate. A roll call vote was taken. Commissioner Aspen voted no. The remaining six Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

*University of Nebraska Medical Center
– In-Depth Review – Women's and
Gender Studies approved*

**University of Nebraska Medical Center – In-Depth Review –
Biostatistics**

2019-2020 Existing Program Review

Dr. Fimple presented the in-depth review stating the Biostatistics program was new in 2012, and when it came up for its first seven-year review in 2019 it had not yet produced any graduates. UNMC conducted an in-depth review per statute. UNMC identified several factors that contributed to low enrollments and few graduates and set up a clear and realistic action plan to bring the program into compliance within five years. Dr. Jackson and Dr. Ying Zhang, Professor and Chair from the Department of Biostatistics, College of Public Health at UNMC (via Zoom), discussed the in-depth review and answered Commissioners' questions.

Commissioner Bernthal stated the APC Committee recommendation is to continue the PhD in Biostatistics at UNMC with a report on the Board of Regent's monitoring, including enrollments and number of graduates, due July 15, 2022.

Commissioner Bernthal, on behalf of the Academic Programs Committee, moved to approve the University of Nebraska Medical Center's In-Depth Review – Biostatistics. A roll call vote was taken. All seven Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

**University of Nebraska at Omaha – In-Depth Review – Women's and
Gender Studies**

Mid-Plains Community College

*Dr. Fimple presented the program
review*

Dr. Fimple and Commissioner Bernthal presented the in-depth review, noting that the number of graduates does not meet the criteria but the number of credit hours does. Dr. Fimple stated the Women's and Gender Studies program was new in 2001, at which time the Commission noted that the next review should address need and demand. The program was continued and in 2019 produced 3.8 graduates. UNO has indicated they anticipated six graduates in 2020. They have identified goals, action steps, and some anticipated results, such as offering the course online. Dr. Jackson added that structuring the curriculum to be interdisciplinary would address a few issues. Peggy Jones, Associate Professor and Associate Director at the College of Arts and Sciences at UNO (via Zoom), spoke about how not offering this program would be a great loss to the students and other departments. Deb Smith-Howell, Associate Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs and Dean for Graduate Studies, was available via Zoom in support of the in-depth review.

Commissioner Bernthal stated the APC Committee recommendation is to continue the Bachelor of Arts in Women's and Gender Studies at UNO with a report on the Board of Regent's monitoring, including enrollments and number of graduates, due July 15, 2022.

APC recommendation

Mid-Plains Community College Existing Program Review – Building Construction Technology Program (AAS, Diploma, Certificate) approved

Annual Reports for Institutions Holding a Recurrent Authorization to Operate

Dr. Fimple presented the annual reports

Delivering Courses Beyond Campus Wall: A Focus on High Schools

Dr. Fimple presented the report

Reasonable and Moderate Extensions

Commissioner Bernthal, on behalf of the Academics Program Committee, moved to approve the University of Nebraska at Omaha’s In-Depth Review – Women’s and Gender Studies. A roll call vote was taken. Commissioner Von Behren voted no. The remaining six Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

2019-2020 Existing Program Review

The following Community College Programs were approved by the Executive Director for continuation:

Central Community College

- Construction Technology (AAS, Diploma, Certificate)
- Electrical Technology (AAS, Diploma, Certificate)

Metropolitan Community College

- Construction and Building Science (AAS, Certificate)
- Critical Facilities Operations (AAS, Certificate)
- Precision Machine Technology (AAS, Certificate)
- Electrical Technology (AAS, Certificate)
- Electrical Mechanical Maintenance (AAS, Certificate)
- Apprentice-related Technology (AAS, Certificate)

Mid-Plains Community College

- Electrical Technology (AAS, Diploma)

Northeast Community College

- Building Construction (AAS)
- Electrical Construction and Control (AAS)

Southeast Community College

- Building Construction and Technology (AAS)

Western Nebraska Community College

- Aviation Airframe/Powerplant Maintenance (AAS, Diploma, Certificate)

Mid-Plains Community College – Existing Program Review – Building Construction Technology (AAS, Diploma, Certificate)

Dr. Fimple presented the Building Construction Technology existing program requiring additional review. MPCC provided a description of the program and listed the challenges this program faces. No action plan was given.

Commission Bernthal stated the APC Committee recommendation is to continue the Building Construction Technology program at MPCC with an in-depth review to include an action plan to address challenges, due September 15, 2021.

*Public Hearing on Budget,
Construction, and Financial Aid
Committee Items*

*Budget, Construction, and Financial
Aid Committee*

BCF Chair Aspen

*Postsecondary Education Operation
and State Aid Budget
Recommendations for the 2021-2023
Biennium*

*Gary Timm, Chief Finance &
Administration Officer, presented the
recommendations*

BCF recommendation

*Postsecondary Education Operation
and State Aid Budget
Recommendations for the 2021-2023
Biennium approved*

*Capital Construction Budget
Recommendations and Prioritization,
2021-2023 Biennium, for the Nebraska
State College System, University of
Nebraska, and Nebraska College of
Technical Agriculture*

*Mike Wemhoff, Facilities Officer,
presented the Recommendations*

Commissioner Bernthal, on behalf of the Academic Programs Committee, moved to approve Mid-Plains Community College's Existing Program Review – Building Construction Technology Program (AAS, Diploma, Certificate). A roll call vote was taken. All seven Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

Annual Reports for Institutions Holding a Recurrent Authorization to Operate

Dr. Fimple presented the annual reports on the following institutions that were submitted to the Commission from March through August 2020.

- Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University
- The Creative Center
- Crown College
- CHI Health School of Radiologic Technology
- Purdue University Global
- University of South Dakota

Delivering Courses Beyond Campus Walls: A Focus on High Schools

Dr. Fimple presented the report, stating this report requests information solely on distance courses offered for high school students. All six community colleges, the three state colleges, and the University of Nebraska campuses (except for UNMC) offer courses for high school students via distance education. Metropolitan Community College, Northeast Community College, and Southeast Community College included courses that were taught on campus or at a center. Dr. Fimple noted the report shows tables that summarize the college courses offered to high school students by delivery method, discipline, and sector. The report lists each high school or location and the number of courses offered there by sector.

Report on Institutional Activities Related to Existing Programs

Reasonable and Moderate Extensions

- CCC – Heavy Equipment Operator Technician, AAS
- CCC – Mental Health Advocate, certificate
- WNCC – Human Services, certificate
- WNCC – Business Technology, Information Technology Technical Support option under the AAS
- WNCC – Business Technology, Information Technology Technical Support diploma

Chair Frison called for a break at 10:36 a.m. The meeting resumed at 10:46 a.m.

PUBLIC HEARING ON BUDGET, CONSTRUCTION, AND FINANCIAL AID COMMITTEE ITEMS

There was no testimony on Budget, Construction, and Financial Aid Committee Items.

Chair Frison closed the public hearing on Budget, Construction, and Financial Aid Committee Items.

BUDGET, CONSTRUCTION, AND FINANCIAL AID COMMITTEE

Commissioner Aspen, new Committee Chair, opened the BCF Committee section of the agenda.

Postsecondary Education Operation and State Aid Budget Recommendations for the 2021-2023 Biennium

Mr. Timm presented the *Postsecondary Education Operating and State Aid Budget Recommendations for the 2021-2023 Biennium*. Mr. Timm noted the Commission is directed to review the budget requests of the governing boards and make recommendations for approval or modification of the budget requests, together with the rationale for its recommendations. Mr. Timm directed attention to the Executive Summary, which provides an overview of the public institution sectors' requests for the next biennium. Overall they are requesting a 5.81 percent increase, with the majority of the increases being two percent inflationary increases. He reviewed the Commission's recommendations for each institutional request along with the recommendations. Mr. Timm gave a brief overview of each section of the report and stated the Commission recommends additional funding for the ACE and NOG programs that would provide financial aid scholarships for low-income students.

Motion and approval to amend Section I, page I-12 of the Capital Construction Budget Recommendations and Prioritization, 2021-2023 Biennium, for the Nebraska State College System, University of Nebraska, and Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture

Amended Capital Construction Budget Recommendations and Prioritization, 2021-2023 Biennium, for the Nebraska State College System, University of Nebraska, and Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture approved

Executive Committee

Approval of 2020-2021 Salary for the Executive Director

Motion and approval to enter into closed session

Chair Frison announced going into closes session

Commissioner Aspen stated the BCF Committee Recommendation is to approve the *2021-2023 Operating Budget and State Aid Recommendations*.

Commissioner Aspen, on behalf of the Budget, Construction, and Financial Aid Committee, moved to approve the *Postsecondary Education Operation and State Aid Budget Recommendations for the 2021-2023 Biennium*. A roll call vote was taken. All seven Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

Capital Construction Budget Recommendations and Prioritization, 2021-2023 Biennium, for the Nebraska State College System, University of Nebraska, and Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture

Mike Wemhoff, Facilities Officer, presented the *Capital Construction Budget Recommendations and Prioritization, 2021-2023 Biennium, for the Nebraska State College System, University of Nebraska, and Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture*. Mr. Wemhoff reported that the Commission recommends to the Governor and the Legislature modification, approval, or disapproval of the requests from each institution, and develops a prioritization of approved individual capital construction budget request with the goal of protecting building occupants, completing partially funded projects, and preventing deterioration of existing physical assets. He noted that the Commission places high priority on providing safe, functional, and well-maintained facilities that

Closed session began at 12:04 p.m.

Closed session ended at 12:16 p.m.

Executive Committee recommendation

2020-2021 executive director salary increase approved

Next Commission meeting is December 3, 2020

Chair Frison comments

Meeting adjourned at 12:22 p.m.

support the institutions' efforts to provide exemplary programs. In order to fund the upkeep of existing facilities, the Commission has identified three areas that are in need of new funding during the next biennium: ongoing routine maintenance, deferred repair, and renovation/remodeling. Mr. Wemhoff gave an overview of each of the five sections. There was discussion on the second recommendation in Section I, page I-12. The second recommendation state:

Second, increase institutional outlays for ongoing routine building maintenance to a minimum recommended level of expenditures, including possible utilization of a portion of Facilities and Administrative (F&A) cost reimbursement from federal grant funds;

Commissioner Aspen made a motion to amend Section I, page I-12, second bullet to end the sentence after the word *expenditures* and omit the remainder of the wording so to state: *Second, increase institutional outlays for ongoing routine building maintenance to a minimum recommended level of expenditures.* Commissioner Lauritzen seconded the motion. A roll call vote was taken. All seven Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

Commissioner Bernthal moved to approve the amended Capital Construction Budget Recommendations and Prioritization, 2021-2023 Biennium, for the Nebraska State College System, University of Nebraska, and Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture. Commissioner Aspen seconded the motion. A roll call vote was taken. All seven Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Approval of 2020-2021 Salary of the Executive Director

Chair Frison, made a motion to enter into closed session as authorized by the Nebraska Revised Statutes, Section 84-1410, for the protection of the public interest and to prevent needless injury to the reputation of Dr. Michael Baumgartner, who has not requested a public hearing, for the purpose of discussing the executive director's salary. Commissioner Wilson seconded the motion. A roll call vote was taken. All seven Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

Chair Frison stated that the Commission is going into closed session to discuss the proposed salary of the executive director recommended by the Executive Committee. Chair Frison requested that staff and guests leave the room.

The Commission entered into closed session at 12:04 p.m.

The Commission ended the closed session at 12:16 p.m. by unanimous vote.

Chair Frison stated that formal action must be taken in open session on the executive director's salary recommendations. Commissioner Bernthal stated the Executive Committee recommends a 2.3 percent salary increase for 2020-2021.

Commissioner Bernthal made a motion to approve the proposed 2.3 percent salary increase for 2020-2021 for Executive Director Baumgartner. Commissioner Wilson seconded the motion. A roll call vote was taken. All seven Commissioners present voted yes. The motion carried.

FUTURE MEETINGS

The next Commission meeting will be Thursday, December 3, 2020, in the Ridnour Room at the Apothecary/Ridnour Building, Lincoln, Nebraska

COMMISSIONER COMMENTS

Chair Frison discussed the possibility of microphone usage at the Commission meetings.

ADJOURNMENT

Chair Frison adjourned the meeting at 12:22 p.m.



NEW INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM PROPOSAL

Institution: University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL)

Program: Supply Chain Management

Award: Master of Science

Institution's Existing Degree(s) in Same or Similar Discipline:

BSBA and minor in supply chain management; graduate certificate in supply chain management; supply chain management specialization within the MBA program; MS in business analytics

Proposal Received by Commission: October 9, 2020

Proposed Start Date: Fall 2020 or when approved by CCPE

Description

The purpose of the proposed program is to train students in the concepts and tools associated with supply chain management, including statistical methods and decision-making models used to analyze and improve supply chain systems. The intended and expected audience for the program is working professionals who want to expand their knowledge base. Admission criteria would be similar to UNL's MBA and MS in business analytics programs. Although not required, three or more years of work experience would be recommended for students prior to enrollment. The program would not require applicants to have any previous coursework in supply chain management or business.

The curriculum would consist of 30 semester credit hours (10 courses) composed of four core business courses, three required courses in supply chain management (one of which is a capstone course), and three supply chain electives. It would be offered entirely online in eight-week terms and could be completed in one calendar year.

The Department of Supply Chain Management and Analytics is housed in the College of Business Administration. The College has been accredited by the Association to Advance Collegiate Schools of Business (AACSB) since 1965. The program would be regularly reviewed by AACSB.

Consistent with Institutional Role and Mission? YES NO

Consistent with Statewide Comprehensive Plan? YES NO

REVIEW CRITERIA

A. Need for the Program

High-----Low
√

The proposal states that supply chain management is critical to many Nebraska industries, including transportation, manufacturing, engineering/construction, and agribusiness/food processing.

Representatives from three of these local industries supplied letters of support.

To provide more specific evidence of need, UNL computed an estimate of the annual number of job openings in supply chain management that require a college degree. Typical job titles used were operations manager, purchasing manager, management analyst, and transportation, storage, and distribution manager. The conclusion of the research was that Nebraska will have approximately 400 annual job openings in supply chain management that require a college degree.

Of the 400 job openings, many would require a bachelor’s degree only, making the number of jobs requiring a master’s degree much less. However, even with the bachelor’s degree jobs removed, there should be a reasonable need for master’s-level job candidates.

B. Demand for the Program

High-----Low
√

To determine demand for the proposed program, UNL contracted with a marketing and consulting firm to conduct a market assessment. Much of the research was based on national figures, including a 27% growth in the number of master’s degrees awarded between 2013 and 2017. The report stated that in 2017 there were 17 institutions nationally offering online programs, accounting for 69% of all master’s degrees awarded in the field or approximately 619 degrees.

UNL’s graduate certificate in supply chain management and the specialization in supply chain management within the MBA together have averaged enrollments of 32 students per year over the past four years. For revenue calculations, the budget uses 10 students in the first year, 15 in the second, and 20 in the last three years. The proposal states that the lack of pre-requisites, accessibility of the program in its online format, the flexibility resulting from the eight-week sessions, and the potential to reach students across the U.S. and in other countries support a strong demand and potential enrollments.

Although the marketing firm focused on national trends, the enrollment figures from UNL’s current programs suggest a strong local demand for the program.

C. Avoidance of Unnecessary Duplication

High-----Low
√

There is no master’s degree in supply chain management in Nebraska. UNO offers an MBA with a concentration in supply chain management, and Bellevue University has an MS in Management with a concentration in project management. There are institutions elsewhere in the U.S. offering an MS in supply chain management, but the closest appear to be in Colorado, eastern Missouri, Texas, and Indiana. Of UNL’s peer institutions, four have an MS in supply chain management. One is designed for military personnel only. Of the three remaining, two are offered online.

D. Resources: Faculty/Staff

High-----Low
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

All required courses are in place as part of the MBA program or the MS in Business Analytics. Therefore, no new faculty would be needed. The proposal listed 14 faculty in the Department of Supply Chain Management and Analytics available to teach required or elective courses.

The Supply Chain Management and Analytics Department has an industrial advisory board that meets twice a year. The board provided input on the development of the curriculum.

E. Resources: Physical Facilities/Equipment; Library/Information Access

Acceptable
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

With a graduate certificate in supply chain management and a supply chain management specialization within the MBA program already in place, no new resources would be needed.

G. Budget

**PROJECTED COSTS AND ANTICIPATED REVENUES FOR THE FIRST FIVE YEARS
As reported by UNL**

PROJECTED COSTS		ANTICIPATED REVENUES	
Faculty and Staff		Reallocated Funds	
General Operating		New State Funds	
Library		New Local Funds	
Facilities		Tuition and Fees*	\$1,606,500
Five-Year TOTAL		Five-Year TOTAL	\$1,606,500

*Based on ten students in year one, 15 in year two, and 20 in years three, four, and five, taking 30 credit hours each year at \$630 per credit hour.

Committee Recommendation: Approve the Master of Science in Supply Chain Management at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln

First Program Review Date: Due June 30, 2023.



NEW INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM PROPOSAL

Institution:	University of Nebraska at Kearney (UNK)
Program:	Health Sciences
Award:	Master of Science
Institution's Existing Degree(s) in Same or Similar Discipline:	Bachelor of Science in Health Sciences; Master of Science in Biology
Proposal Received by Commission:	October 9, 2020
Proposed Start Date:	When approved by CCPE

Background

In June 2017 the Coordinating Commission approved the BS degree in Health Sciences at UNK. The goal of the program was to provide an interdisciplinary foundation for a variety of health-related fields. There were four target audiences: those pursuing healthcare careers that require a bachelor's degree; those pursuing non-clinical healthcare careers; those who are not accepted into a career field that does not require a bachelor's degree for admission (thus allowing them to earn a degree); and current healthcare workers without a four-year degree who wish to earn one.

Description

The proposed program is designed for pre-health science students holding a bachelor's degree who need additional preparation for entrance into a professional school, such as medical, dental, occupational therapy, or physical therapy, or who need to update their academic credentials. The program would be offered online with many of the courses also available on campus and could be completed in one calendar year, although an online Master of Health Science Orientation course would be required prior to initial enrollment. Students would also have to have completed 10 specific introductory courses in the sciences, earning a 3.0 GPA in those courses.

The curriculum would consist of 30 semester credit hours composed of a common core of health-science courses (12 credit hours) and 18 credit hours of electives. The electives could be selected from several different departments in order to meet the specific needs of the student.

Consistent with Institutional Role and Mission? YES NO

Consistent with Statewide Comprehensive Plan? YES NO

REVIEW CRITERIA

A. Need for the Program

High-----Low
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

The proposal states that employment in health care occupations in the United States is expected to grow by 18% from 2016 to 2026, but many students are denied admission to professional health care programs due to inadequate academic preparation. The one-year format for the proposed program syncs with the timing for applications to professional schools. By completing the degree in spring, students would be prepared for professional school the next fall. UNK asserts that assisting these students to enroll in professional schools would help fill the need for health care workers.

Preparing students in the hope that they will be accepted into a professional school doesn't guarantee admission. The professional schools accept a limited number of students and usually don't have unfilled seats. For example, in 2020 UNMC had 1,655 applications for medical school and accepted 132. Therefore, increasing the number of prepared students would not result in a significant increase in the number of health care professionals. That said, it is important to note that letters of support for the proposed program were provided by UNMC Colleges of Medicine, Dentistry, and Allied Health Professions.

The proposal states that students who complete the proposed program but are still not admitted to a professional school might use their degree in several other occupations, such as laboratory technician, quality assurance, and community college instructor.

B. Demand for the Program

High-----Low
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

UNK estimates that approximately 15 local students might be interested in the program each year. Five letters of support from previous students were included. One of the students, needing to improve his academic standing, enrolled in a one-year program at UNMC (see Section C.) He reports that he was one of 16 students accepted into the program from over 100 who applied.

The university expects the program to attract students from across the state and nation. As an example, the proposal cites the UNMC Assistant Dean of Admissions for the College of Dentistry who estimates as many as 40 students were denied admission and could benefit from the program.

Enrollment would initially be capped at 20, but UNK anticipates that demand will be greater than available seats. For revenue calculations, the budget uses 20 students each year, with all of them in-state students in the first year, one out-of-state student in year two, three in year three, and four and seven, respectively, in years four and five.

It appears that there may be local demand for the program, and the online format and lack of comparable programs nationally (see Section C) could result in additional interest. Many students want to be admitted to a professional health care school, but the reality is that there are a limited number of slots available. Many students who enroll in the proposed program are unlikely to be admitted to a professional school.

C. Avoidance of Unnecessary Duplication

High-----Low
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

There is no master's degree in health sciences in Nebraska. UNMC has a one-year MS in Medical Anatomy, as does Des Moines University (in

addition to its MS in Biomedical Sciences). Rocky Vista University in Denver offers a one-year program to prepare students for professional school. None of these programs are delivered online. The proposed program is designed specifically as an academic preparedness tool for students denied admission to a health care program on their initial application. There are many master’s degrees available in Nebraska and the United States in science and medical disciplines that might serve this purpose, but few are designed as such. They are also most often two years in length and would have higher tuition rates.

D. Resources: Faculty/Staff

High-----Low
√

All required courses are in place as part of the MS program in biology. Elective courses are offered in their respective departments. The budget identifies a stipend and benefits for a program director, but that position is not mentioned in the proposal.

E. Resources: Physical Facilities/Equipment; Library/Information Access

The proposal asserts that no new resources would be needed. With a BS in health sciences and an MS in biology, there should be sufficient resources for program delivery.

G. Budget

**PROJECTED COSTS AND ANTICIPATED REVENUES FOR THE FIRST FIVE YEARS
As reported by UNK**

PROJECTED COSTS ¹		ANTICIPATED REVENUES	
Faculty and Staff		Reallocated Funds	
General Operating	\$25,000	New State Funds	
Library		New Local Funds	
Other ²	\$25,150	Tuition and Fees ³	\$1,211,910
Five-Year TOTAL	\$50,150	Five-Year TOTAL	\$1,211,910

¹All costs would come from Tuition Differential generated

²Director stipend and benefits

³Based on 20 students each year, with one out-of-state student in year two, increasing to seven out-of-state students in year five. Students would take 30 credit hours each year at \$309 per credit hour for in-state students and \$551 for out-of-state, plus fees.

Committee Comment: While there is a need for health care professionals, the need for a program of this type is not well documented. Assisting more students to be better prepared for possible admission to a professional school does not increase the number of openings in those schools. Nonetheless, there appears to be student demand and support from UNMC, and there would be little cost to UNK to offer the program.

Committee Recommendation: None

For the Master of Science in Health Sciences at the University of Nebraska at Kearney: Forward the proposal without a committee recommendation to the full Commission for consideration.

First Program Review Date: Due June 30, 2026.



NEW INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM PROPOSAL

Institution:	Chadron State College
Program:	Unmanned Aircraft Systems for Remote Sensing
Award:	Undergraduate Certificate
Institution's Existing Degree(s) in Same or Similar Discipline:	None
Proposal Received by Commission:	September 15, 2020
Proposed Start Date:	Fall 2021

Background

An sUAS is a small Unmanned Aircraft System, more commonly known as a drone. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) classifies remote (drone) pilots in two categories: Recreational Flyers and Modelers; and Certified Remote Pilots including Commercial Operators. Recreational users must follow certain rules but currently do not require testing or certification. To become a certified pilot one must pass a Knowledge Test administered at an FAA-approved Knowledge Testing Center.

Description

The purpose of the proposed certificate is to prepare students to operate small Unmanned Aircraft Systems in a variety of settings, especially agriculture, but also in justice-related fields and business. Because of the agricultural uses, the proposed program would be housed with the Rangeland Management program.

The curriculum would consist of 12 semester credit hours. An introductory course and a course in agricultural applications would be available online. A course on state and federal regulations that will prepare the student to take the FAA sUAS Certification (Knowledge) Test and a hands-on training laboratory course would be offered in a face-to-face format on campus. All courses would be new and offered once a year in an eight-week session. The certificate could be added to a variety of majors or taken as a stand-alone award.

Consistent with Institutional Role and Mission? YES NO

Consistent with Statewide Comprehensive Plan? YES NO

REVIEW CRITERIA

A. Need for the Program

High-----Low
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

The proposal cites figures from the FAA indicating that non-model (non-recreational) sUAS activities may need almost 350,000 remote pilots within five years, a three-fold increase. Certified pilots work in the film and entertainment industry, research and education, utility and energy sectors, real estate, construction, and agriculture.

In agriculture, farmers use sUAS to assist in precision agriculture, tracking inputs and yields. The systems are also capable of mapping plant health, surveying pastures, monitoring irrigation, checking weather damage, and spotting livestock.

There is no state requirement to become a drone pilot. The FAA regulations require passing a knowledge test. A person interested solely in passing the test can study independently or take a course from a private provider. The proposed certificate would include the necessary knowledge to prepare a student to take the exam but would also provide a broader range of information, especially in agricultural applications, resulting in a better-prepared drone pilot.

B. Demand for the Program

High-----Low
<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

CSC reports that the program would attract current students who wish to add the certificate to their program and non-degree seeking students from the area who wish to complete the certificate and sit for the FAA licensure exam. The college estimates that 12 students would enroll each year. The estimate is based on an informal survey of current CSC students, most of whom are completing a Rangeland Management degree.

C. Avoidance of Unnecessary Duplication

High-----Low
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

There is no undergraduate certificate program for sUAS in Nebraska. UNO offers a B.S. degree in Aviation-Unmanned Aircraft Systems. The proposal reports that there are undergraduate and graduate degree programs in North Dakota, South Dakota, and Kansas.

D. Resources: Faculty/Staff

High-----Low
<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

CSC states that adjunct faculty who possess certification and experience necessary for instruction would teach the courses. However, two current faculty meet the college's requirements for instructing the courses, i.e., a master's degree, sUAS license, and experience. The budget shows 0.5 FTE for faculty for each year.

E. Resources: Physical Facilities/Equipment

High-----Low
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

The college would need to purchase unmanned systems for an initial investment of \$30,000. The purchases would include five systems with three batteries for each system and one specialized system for

agricultural applications. The budget adds \$10,000 every other subsequent year for maintenance and upgrades. Students, through a course fee, would each purchase one system and two batteries.

F. Informational Resources

High-----Low				
	√			

The proposal states that current library holdings are appropriate. However, instruction would include the utilization of free online and other OER (Open Educational Resources) materials developed by the FAA and the sUAS manufacturers.

G. Budget

**PROJECTED COSTS AND ANTICIPATED REVENUES FOR THE FIRST FIVE YEARS
As reported by CSC**

PROJECTED COSTS		ANTICIPATED REVENUES	
Faculty and Staff	\$60,000	Reallocated Funds	
General Operating		New State Funds	
Equipment	\$50,000	New Local Funds	
Facilities		Tuition and Fees*	\$200,289.60
Five-Year TOTAL	\$110,000	Five-Year TOTAL	\$200,289.60

* Based on 12 students taking six credit hours online at \$299 per credit hour and six credit hours on campus at \$186 per credit hour plus \$71.36 per credit hour in fees.

Committee Recommendation: Approve the Undergraduate Certificate in Unmanned Aircraft Systems for Remote Sensing at Chadron State College

First Program Review Date: Due June 30, 2028

**Art History—BAH (Bachelor of Art History)
University of Nebraska at Omaha
Follow-up Report**

Background:

(Averages are for five years unless otherwise noted)

Year	Average # of graduates*	Average SCH/FTE**	Average SCH	CCPE Action/Notes
1997 (1 st review)	BAAH (BA in Art History) 5.4	434 (all Art)	6,080 (all Art)	Continue
2004 (2 nd review)	BAAH 2.0 BFA 0.4	392 (all Art)	5,318 (all Art)	Defer decision, with a report
2007 (report)	BAAH/BFA 4.0	390	5,949	Continue, with report
2009 (report)	BAH 4.4	407 (all Art)	6,392 (all Art)	Continue
2011 (3 rd review)	BA 5.8	410 (all Art)	6,752 (all Art)	Continue
2018 (4 th review)	BAH 6.6	334 (all Art)	11,508 (all Art)	Program is developing strategies to increase enrollment and graduates; Continue with report
2020 (report)	BAH 5.8	No report	No report	

*CCPE minimum performance standard is 7 for baccalaureate programs

**CCPE minimum performance standard is 300

Summary of UNO's 2020 Report

- Since 2018 enrollments and student credit hours have increased.
- The number of majors has increased from 15 in fall 2018 to 25 in fall 2020.
- The program also supports the art concentration in the Bachelor of Multidisciplinary Studies (BMS). The BMS in art averages 6.4 degrees (although most of those would not be in art history).
- Following the program review in 2017-18, the School of the Arts developed and implemented a plan to enhance enrollments and degrees, incorporating the following five points.
 - Online and remote learning options have been expanded, resulting in the largest enrollments since 2012.
 - Curatorial opportunities will be expanded. These opportunities better prepare students and are attractive to students, resulting in increased enrollments.
 - Faculty are reimagining the degree with the possibility of shifting the curriculum to focus on museum and curatorial studies.
 - A revised curriculum is being piloted in two survey courses, making them more inclusive and globally expansive. Persistence rates in the sections using the revised curriculum have been higher than those using the unrevised curriculum.
 - Faculty are exploring the possibility of combining the BAH with the BA in Studio Art, creating a single degree with two concentrations. The studio art program averages 45.8 degrees awarded per year.
- The Board of Regents approved continuation of the program on September 26, 2020.

Staff Comment: The average of 5.8 BAH degrees awarded in the most recent five years is somewhat deceptive. The number of degrees awarded in 2015-16 was 11, followed by six in 2016-17, seven in 2017-18, two in 2018-19, and three in 2019-20. This steady decline is concerning. The program does not meet the CCPE minimum performance standard of an average of seven degrees awarded per year and if the pattern continues, it will be falling further below the standard. However, not all of the identified strategies have been implemented and some that have been have not had time to produce results.

Committee Recommendation: Continue the Art History program at UNO with a report on number of majors and degrees awarded, due September 30, 2023.

[The next regular program review is due June 30, 2025.]

2019-2020 EXISTING PROGRAM REVIEW
(Item in bold is under Commission Minimum Performance Standard)

COMMUNITY COLLEGE PROGRAMS APPROVED by the EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR for Continuation									
Institution	Program	5 yr Average (2014-2019)							
		SCH	SCH/ FTE	Degree		Diploma	Certificate	Total Awards	Justification if under standard
CCC	Academic Transfer	55,654	4,062	AA/AS	180.0			180.0	
MCC	Liberal Arts	*	*	AA/AS	237.6			237.6	
MPCC	Academic Transfer	25,242	329	AA AS AGS	62.8 105.4 36.2			200.4	
MPCC	Fine Arts	1,816	564	AFA	4.5			4.5	New
NECC	Academic Transfer	40,605	418	AA AS	173.0 88.6			261.6	
SCC	Academic Transfer	86,530	618	AA/AS	201.6			201.6	
WNCC	Associate of Arts	11,920	280	AA	104.4			104.4	Demand
WNCC	Associate of Science	7,821	212	AS	60.8			60.8	Demand
CCC	Library and Information Services	121	236				3.6	3.6	Access
MCC	Creative Writing	*	*	AA	0.0		0.0	0.0	New
MCC	Theatre	1,437	653	AA	2.8		2.4	5.2	Gen Ed
MCC	Art	6,176	508	AA	4.4		0.0	4.4	Gen Ed
MCC	General Studies	*	*	AAS	250.0		0.0	250.0	

*Interdisciplinary

2019-2020 EXISTING PROGRAM REVIEW
(Item in bold is under Commission Minimum Performance Standard)

UNIVERSITY & STATE COLLEGE PROGRAMS APPROVED by the EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR for Continuation											
Institution	Program	5 yr Average (2014-2019)									
		SCH	SCH/ FTE*	Baccalaureate Degrees awarded		Masters Degrees awarded		Doctorate Degrees awarded		Justification if under standard	
UNL	Communication Studies	10,627	2,168	BA	43.6	MA	0.8	PhD	5.4	Need	
				BS	0.4						
UNL	Advertising and Public Relations	6,509	1,174	BJ	195.8						
UNL	Journalism	7,950	2,114	BJ	46.0						
UNL	Journalism and Mass Communications	***				MA	16.2				
	Public Relations and Social Media					Grad Cert	11.5				
	Financial Communications					Grad Cert	0.0				New
UNL	Sports Media and Communication**	842	546	BJ	4.0					New	
UNL	Broadcasting	1,008	281	BJ	49.2					Need	
UNO	Communication Studies	14,938	390	BA	2.6						
				BS	13.2						
	Journalism and Media Communication			BA	8.4						
				BS	16.6						
UNO	Communication	***				MA	11.6				
	Human Resources and Training					Grad Cert	2.6				
	Technical Communication					Grad Cert	1.2				
	Interdisciplinary Studies	****		BA	0.2					Interdisciplin- ary	
				BS	0.4						
WSC	Mass Communication	4,089	368	BA	0.6						
				BS	7.0						
UNK	General Studies	****		BGS	21.0						

*For the University this is SCH/Instructional Faculty FTE

**Two-year averages

***Figures not available for graduate programs with no direct undergraduate counterpart.

****Interdisciplinary

PROGRAMS DISCONTINUED by the INSTITUTIONS			
Institution	Program	Degree(s)	Comments
UNO	Broadcasting	BA, BS	Reorganized into the BA and BS in Journalism and Media Communication and Communication Studies
	Journalism	BA, BS	
	Speech Communication	BA, BS	

Commission Minimum Performance Standards

Number of Degrees/Awards in this Program
(the mean of the prior 5 years)

Student Credit Hour Production by Department
Per Full-Time Equivalent Faculty
(the mean of the prior 5 years)

Less Than Two Years and Associate	10	All credit hours produced at the baccalaureate levels and all credit hours at the associate level or below except those described below.	300	All credit hours produced at the associate level and below in programs which utilize contact hours that are converted to credit hours for purposes of determining full-time equivalency pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-1503 (2008)	275
Baccalaureate and First Professional	7				
Masters Degree	5				
Specialist	4				
Doctoral Degree	3				

Justification Key

R & M:	Program is critical to the role and mission of the institution
Gen Ed:	Program contains courses supporting general education or other programs
Interdisciplinary:	Interdisciplinary program (providing the program meets the requirements set in the existing policy for interdisciplinary programs)
Demand:	Student or employer demand, or demand for intellectual property is high and external funding would be jeopardized by discontinuing the program
Access:	Program provides unique access to an underserved population or geographical area
Need:	Program meets a unique need in the region, state, or nation
New:	Program is newly approved within the last five years
Other:	Detailed explanation provided

2019-2020 Programs Requiring Additional Review
(Item in bold is under Commission Minimum Performance Standard)

			Five Year Average (2012-17)							
Institution	Program	Degree	Degrees Awarded	SCH	FTE	SCH/FTE*	Need (selected summarized comments from institutional reviews)	Governing Board Action	Recommend CCPE Action	CCPE Comments
UNO	Black Studies	BA BS	1.8 0.2	2,480	8	365	Recent review indicated potential action steps that will be evaluated and potentially implemented	UNO is conducting an In-depth review	Continue, with an in-depth review due 9-15-21	

*For the University this is SCH/Instructional Faculty FTE

Committee Recommendation: Continue the program with an in-depth review due September 15, 2021.

**Review Process
for Low-Producing Programs**
(reviewed by the Academic Programs Committee)

Interdisciplinary baccalaureate programs that do not meet the threshold of 7 graduates per year, averaged over a 5- year period, will complete the program review form (including the number of graduates and need for the program) but will not require justification for low production and will not require any follow-up reporting to the Commission if:

- The program is an individualized, custom-designed program for a single student. The program has no specified curriculum and no designated participating departments, but can have a specified school or college. Student credit hours are attributed to the departments offering the courses the student selects.

This definition includes these current programs: Interdisciplinary Studies (CSC, WSC, UNO), Individualized Program of Studies (UNL), and University Studies (UNL).

OR

- The program has an identified curriculum focused on a specific area of study, draws courses from two or more departments, and has two or less courses of its own (i.e., courses identified solely with the program and not cross-listed in another discipline). Student credit hours are attributed to the participating departments offering the courses in the curriculum, with the exception of the one or two courses specific to the program. The program averages at least 2 graduates per year.

For example, a European Studies program offers a BA and graduates an average of 2.4 students per year. It has an identified curriculum that includes relevant courses in the social sciences, arts, and languages. The program itself only offers a capstone seminar.

INFORMATION ITEMS

a. Reasonable and Moderate Extensions

1. PSC – Public History, Undergraduate Certificate
2. SCC – Automotive Technology, Diploma

b. Name Changes

1. MCC – Professional Health Studies – Dental Assisting to *Dental Assisting – Professional Health Studies AAS*
2. MCC – Professional Health Studies – Medical Assisting to *Medical Assisting – Professional Health Studies AAS*
3. MCC – Professional Health Studies – Paramedicine to *Paramedicine – Professional Health Studies AAS*

c. Department Merger

UNK – Department of Family Studies and Department of Counseling and School Psychology to *Department of Counseling, School Psychology and Family Science*



ACCESS COLLEGE EARLY SCHOLARSHIP 2019-20 YEAR-END REPORT

Statutory Authority Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-2106

**Approved by Committee
November 20, 2020**

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Omaha, District 7

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Colleen Adam
Hastings, District 5

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The Commission's reports are available online at ccpe.nebraska.gov/reports

Access College Early (ACE) Scholarship Program

Authorized by the Nebraska Legislature in 2007, the Access College Early (ACE) Scholarship Program pays tuition and mandatory fees for qualified, low-income high school students to enroll in college courses from Nebraska colleges or universities, either through dual enrollment or early enrollment agreements with these institutions. High school students may apply for funding under this program by completing the ACE Student Application, which is reviewed by the Coordinating Commission for award consideration.

To qualify for the scholarship, the student or student's family must be approved to participate in one of the federal need-based government programs listed below, have experienced an extreme hardship that affects family income, or be participating in a designated Career Education program as established by the Nebraska Department of Education.

- Free or Reduced Price Lunch Program
- Supplemental Security Income
- Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF)
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
- Special Supplemental Assistance Program (WIC)

The objective of the ACE program is to encourage well-prepared high school students from low-income families to enroll in college courses. High school students who are awarded an ACE scholarship to complete college courses while in high school can decrease their time to graduation and consequently the cost of a degree. However, students must pay to take advantage of these college course opportunities to receive college credit that can jumpstart their college careers. For students who are economically disadvantaged, the financial constraints are great.

Research shows that high school students who take college courses while in high school remain in school and graduate at higher rates, enroll in college at increased rates, and return for their college sophomore years at higher rates. In Nebraska, public high school ACE recipients are 32 percentage points more likely to go on to college than other public high school students from low-income families.

As can be seen from the charts starting on page 7, public high school students who are ACE scholarship recipients continue on to college at a much greater rate than public high school students from low-income families that do not receive ACE scholarships. In fact, public high school ACE scholarship recipients continue on to college at a slightly higher rate than public high school students from non-low-income families.

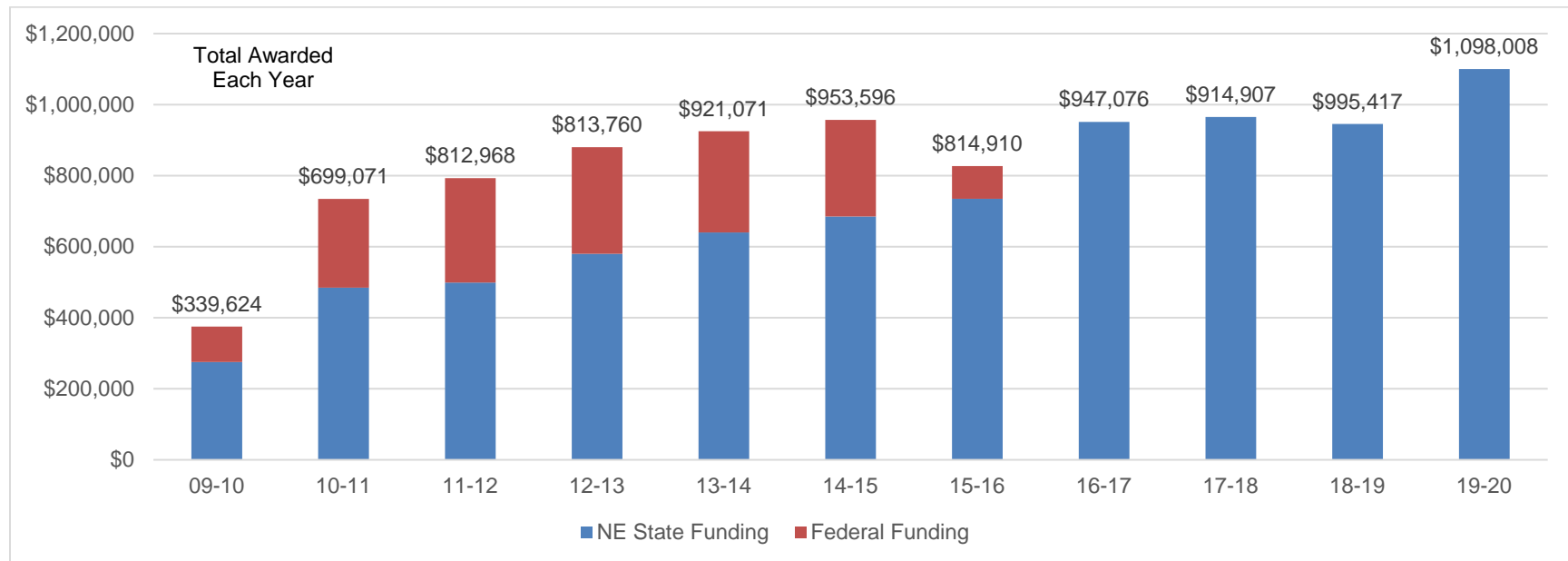
Distribution of the 2019-20 Access College Early Scholarship

The Access College Early (ACE) Scholarship pays the tuition and mandatory fees of eligible Nebraska high school students taking dual-enrollment and early-admit college courses at participating Nebraska colleges and universities¹. For 2019-20 the ACE Scholarship program was funded with \$1,100,000 General funds appropriated by the Legislature.

Nebraska colleges and universities enrolled 2,473 low-income, Nebraska high school students from 231 high schools who received 4,420 ACE Scholarships in 2019-20. The total amount awarded was \$1,098,007.82, with the average award per scholarship equaling \$248.42.

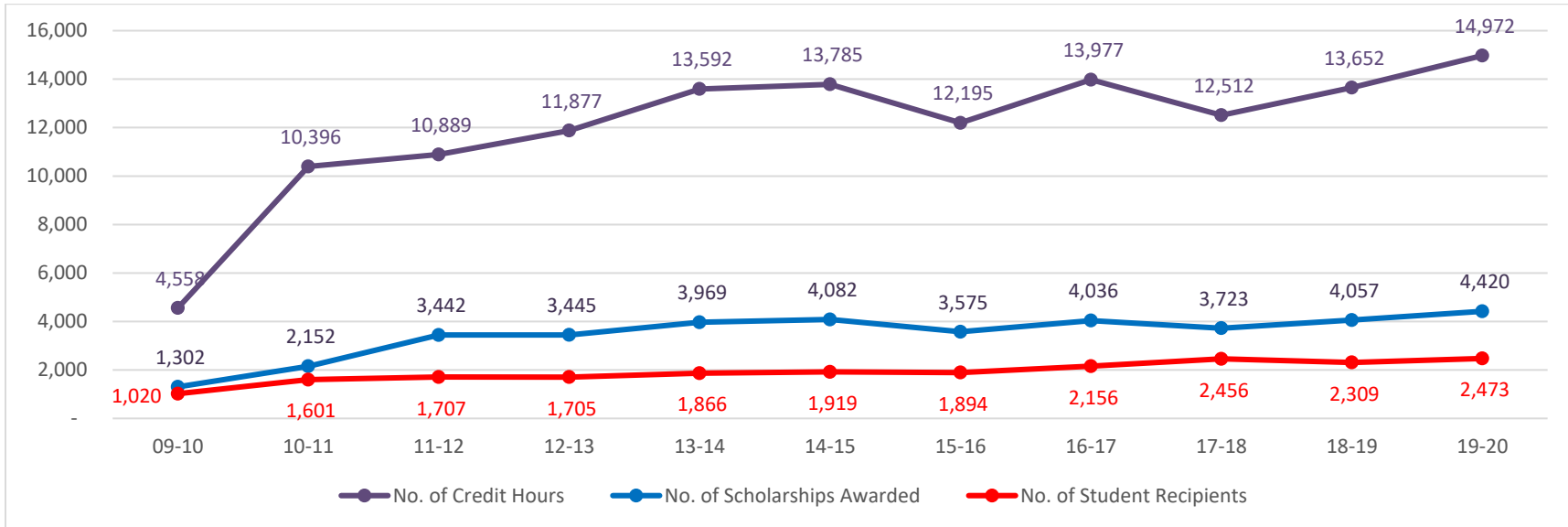
The ACE Scholarship allowed these high school students from low-income families to enroll in 14,972.5 credit hours of college course work. Seventy-six percent of the grades received by these students were a B or better. (See page 10)

Total ACE Scholarships Funding & Awarded

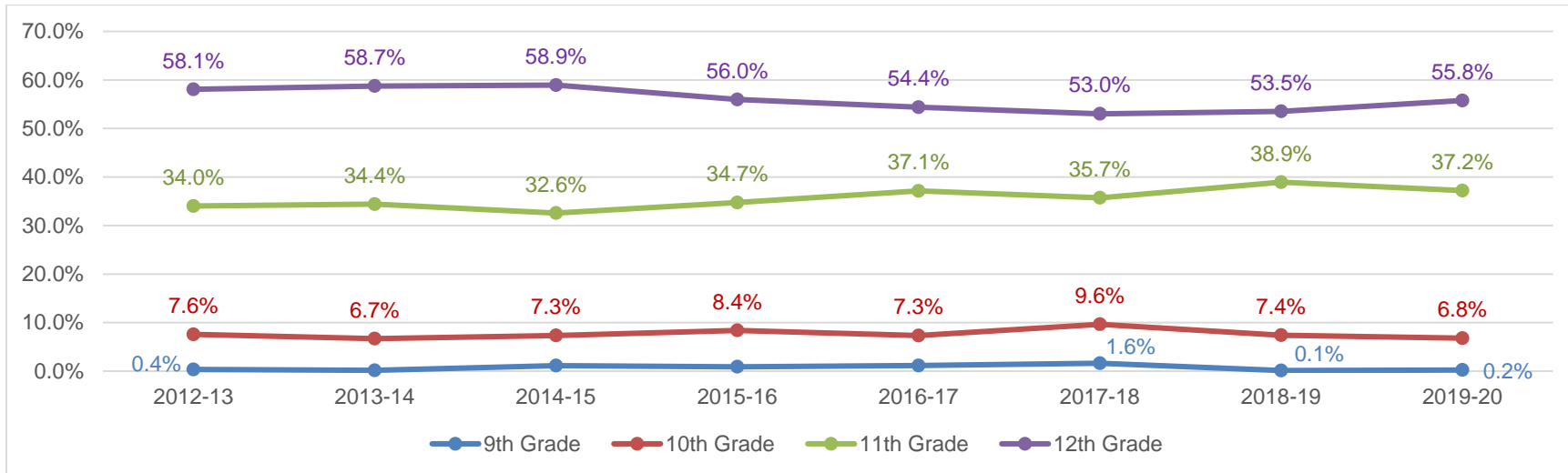


¹ The number of scholarships awarded to a student is limited each year based on available funding and an estimated number of students who will be applying. For 2019-20 students were limited to three scholarship for the year.

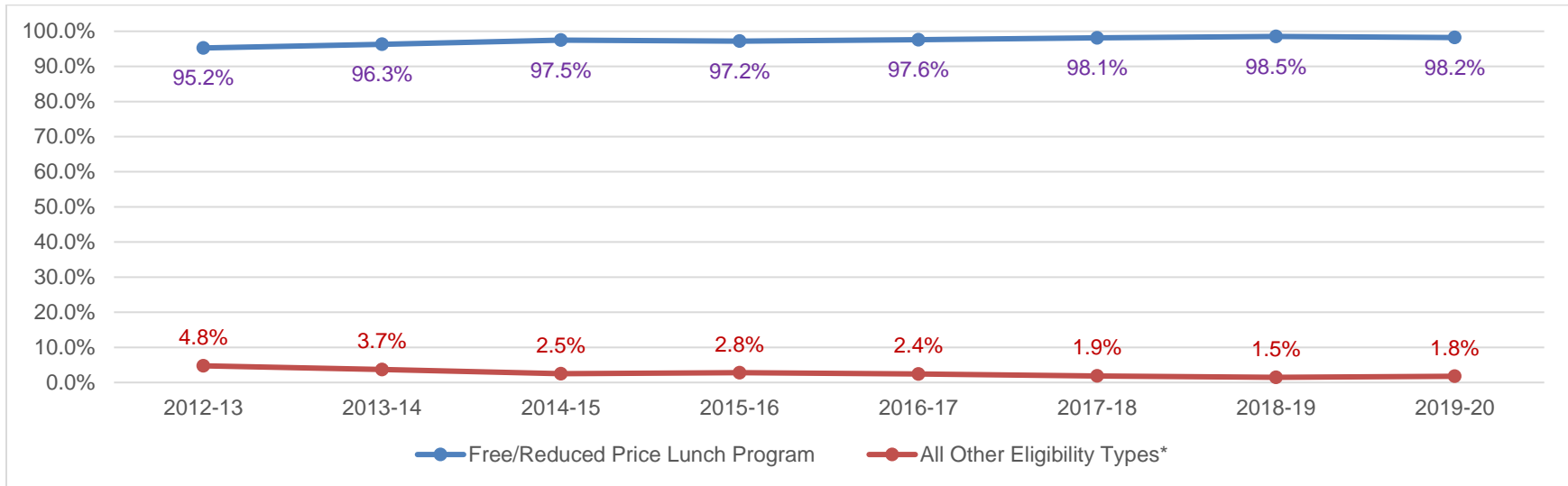
ACE Scholarship Recipients, Scholarships Awarded, and Credit Hours Taken



High School Grade Level of ACE Scholarship Recipients

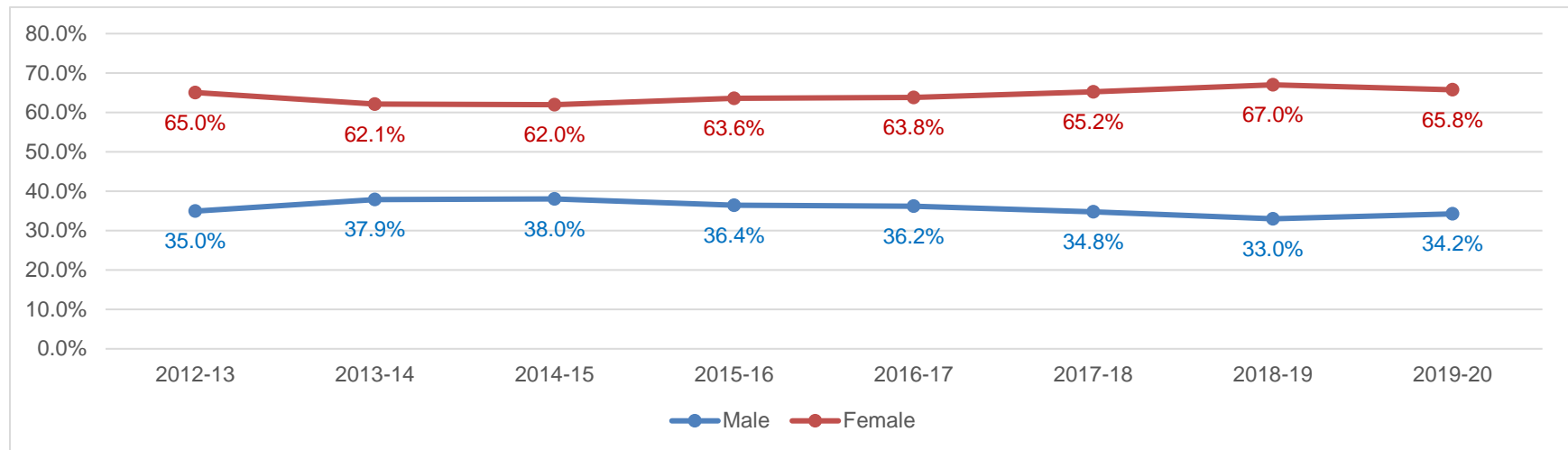


Eligibility of ACE Recipients

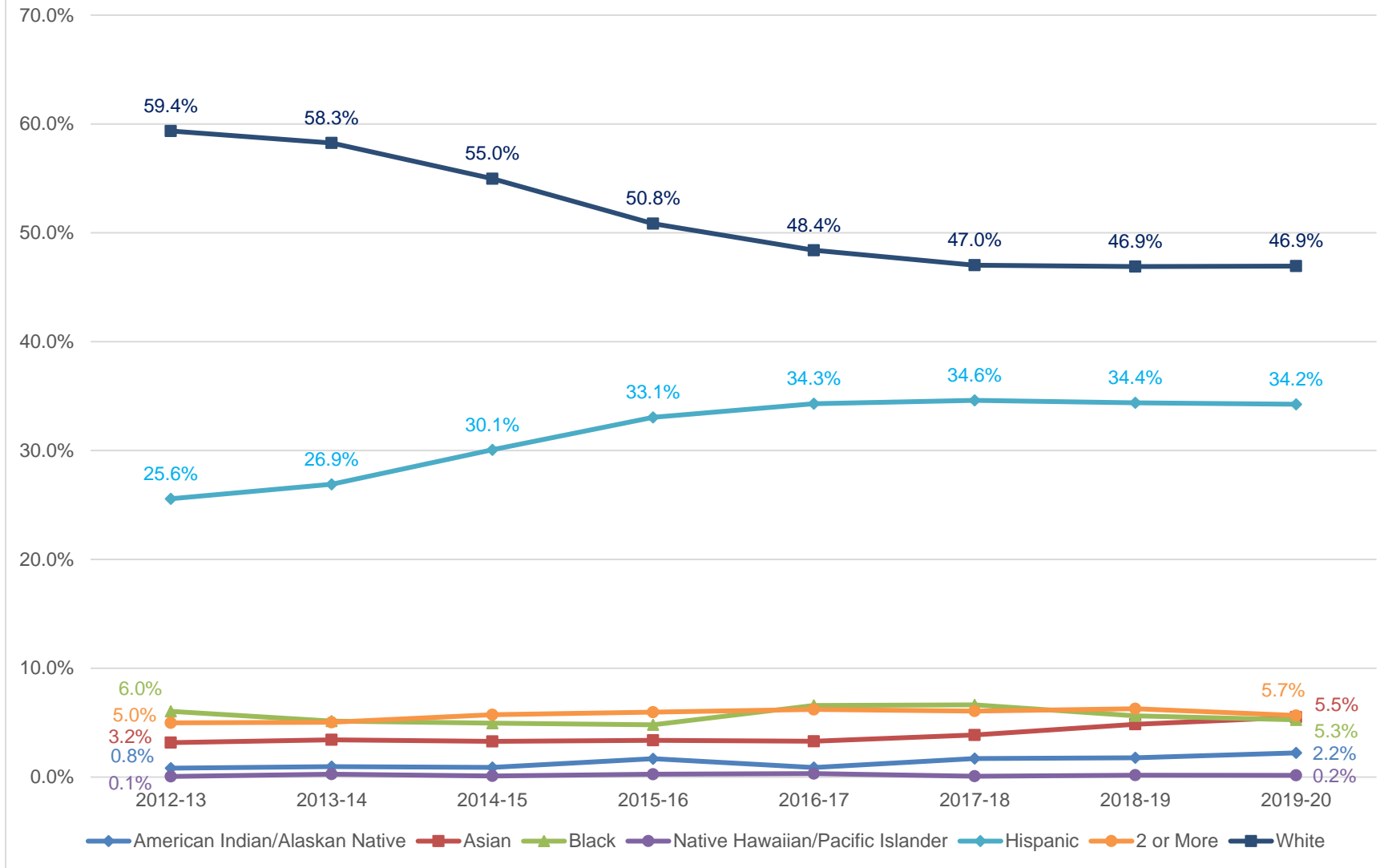


*All Other Eligibility Types Include: CPSE – Career Program of Study; SNAP – Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; SSI – Supplemental Security Income; TANF – Temporary Assistance for Needy Families; WIC – Special Supplemental Nutrition Program; Other Hardship

Gender of ACE Scholarship Recipients



Race of ACE Scholarship Recipients



College Continuation Rates of ACE Scholarship Recipients

Since 2009, the Coordinating Commission has conducted research to determine how many of the high school seniors who receive ACE scholarships continue on to college compared to other low-income and non-low-income graduates of Nebraska's public high schools.

For this research, a college continuation rate is defined as the percentage of public high school graduates who were enrolled in college within one year of their high school graduation. For example, for the public high school seniors who received ACE scholarships during 2018-19, the college continuation rate is the percentage of these students who were enrolled in college any time between June 1, 2019, and May 31, 2020.

Using student records and summary reports from the Nebraska Department of Education (NDE) and enrollment records from the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC), the Commission calculates the college continuation rates by gender for the public high school seniors who were ACE scholarship recipients.

The Commission then compares the college continuation rates for the seniors who received ACE scholarships while attending public high schools to the college continuation rates for other low-income and non-low-income graduates of Nebraska's public high schools.

Low-income students are defined as students who are approved to receive free or reduced-price school lunches.

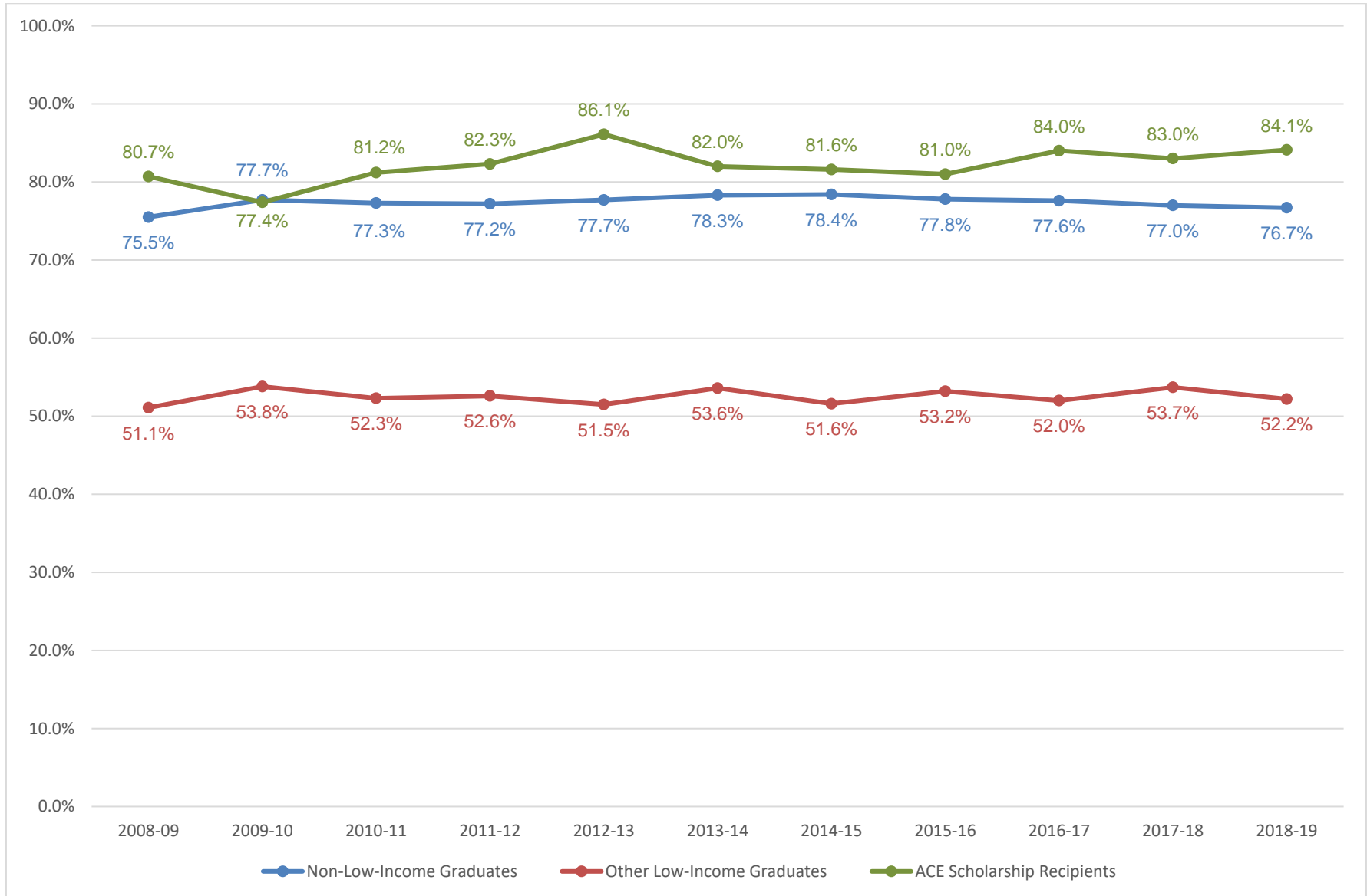
Non-low-income students are students who are not approved for free or reduced-price school lunches.¹

Since the Commission relies on college enrollment records from the NSC, students who continue on to college at non-NSC-reporting institutions are classified as not continuing on to college. As a result, college continuation rates reported here are underreported to some degree.

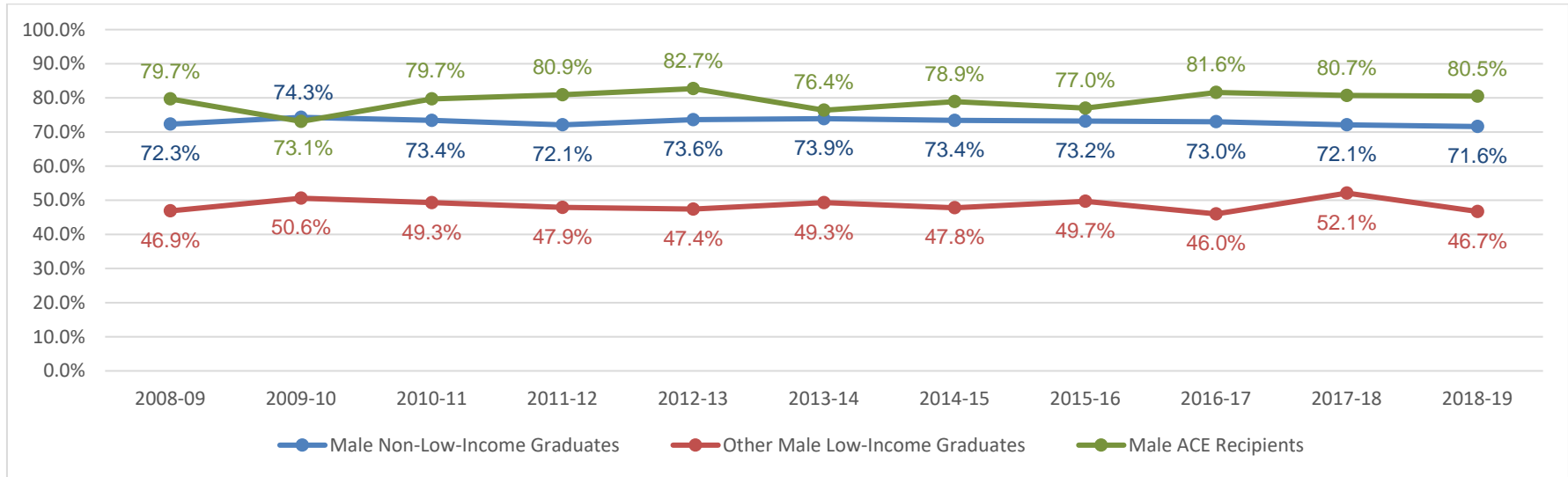
Students who were homeschooled or attended nonpublic (private) high schools are not included in this phase of the research because the NDE does not have sufficient records for the Commission to compute college continuation rates for nonpublic high school students.

¹ Non-low-income students for this study include at least some students who live in low-income households but who did not apply for free or reduced-price school lunches. Since participation in the free or reduced-price school lunch program is the only indicant of household income in the student records maintained by the Nebraska Department of Education, low-income students in the non-low-income category cannot be identified and excluded for the purposes of analysis.

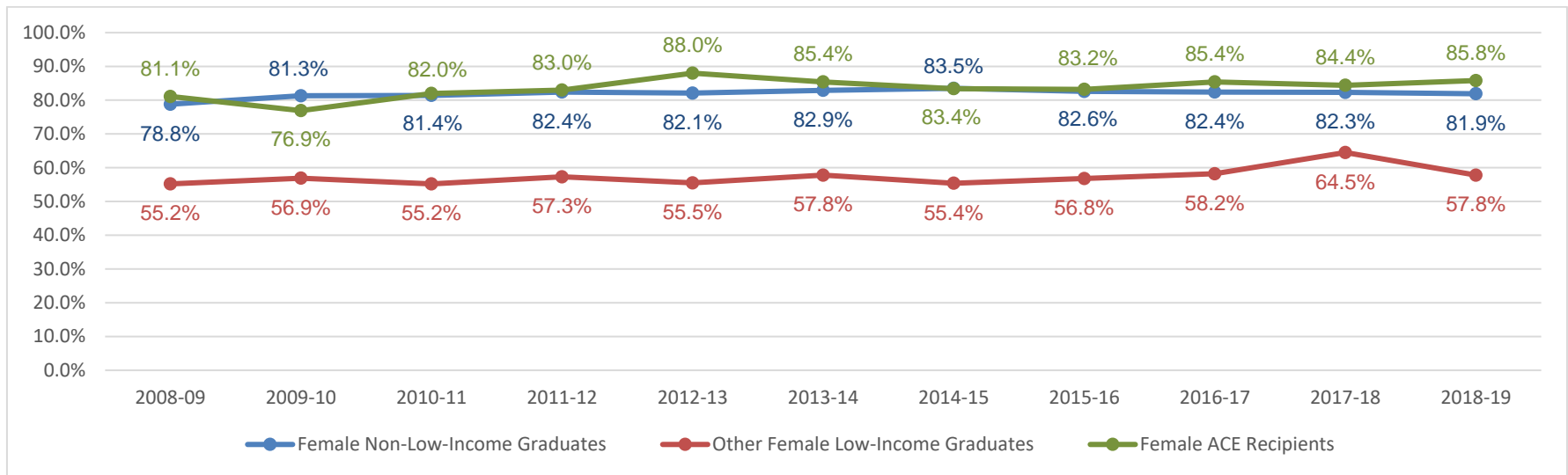
Public High School College Continuation Rate



Male Public High School College Continuation Rate



Female Public High School College Continuation Rate



2019-20 Access College Early Scholarship

College	Amount Awarded	Number of Students	Number of Scholarships	Average per Scholarship
Bryan College of Health (BCH)	\$1,000.00	5	5	\$200.00
Central Community College (CCC)	\$272,427.00	524	867	\$314.22
Chadron State College (CSC)	\$15,982.66	28	41	\$389.82
Concordia University (CU)	\$3,630.00	9	13	\$279.23
Little Priest Tribal College (LPTC)	\$32,438.00	18	49	\$662.00
Metropolitan Community College (MCC)	\$32,467.50	176	288	\$112.29
Midland University (MU)	\$65,250.00	199	261	\$250.00
Mid-Plains Community College (MPCC)	\$56,170.00	93	163	\$344.69
NE College of Technical Agriculture (NCTA)	\$1,620.00	7	8	\$202.50
Nebraska Indian Community College (NICC)	\$5,100.00	5	10	\$510.00
Northeast Community College (NECC)	\$106,653.00	382	679	\$157.15
Nebraska Wesleyan University (NWU)	\$168,245.00	324	509	\$330.54
Peru State College (PSC)	\$23,940.00	80	128	\$188.50
Southeast Community College (SCC)	\$42,687.00	156	259	\$164.81
University of Nebraska at Kearney (UNK)	\$8,175.00	29	35	\$233.57
University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL)	\$330.00	1	1	\$330.00
University of Nebraska at Omaha (UNO)	\$176,091.70	474	656	\$268.43
Western Nebraska Community College (WNCC)	\$62,954.71	185	319	\$197.35
Wayne State College (WSC)	\$22,846.25	105	129	\$177.10

NOTE: Tuition and fee charges are set by each institution, so Average per Scholarship varies by institution.

NOTE 2: Student numbers on the above and following charts do not total 2,473 due to students taking classes at multiple institutions.

NOTE 3: Data related to colleges where the number of students in the above chart equaled five or less were masked in the Grades Earned per Course chart, the Gender Race/Ethnicity chart, and the Grade & Eligibility chart on the following pages.

**2019-20 Access College Early Scholarship
Grades Earned per Course**

College	A+	A	A-	B+	B	B-	C+	C	C-	D+	D	D-	F	W	IP**	Hours^
BCH@																
CCC	38	387		59	195		38	69		13	19		30	19		2,596
CSC	22				9			3					5	2		125
CU	1	4	1		4			2						1		41
LPTC		3			13			19			7		7			147
MCC		127			93			35			8		11	13	1	1,405
MU		113	2		99			30			14		1	2		792
MPCC	23	70		25	20		5	7		1	3		4	4	1	509
NCTA		1		1	2	2					1		1			24
NICC		3	2		1	1		1					2			30
NECC	103	228		84	114		33	47		8	9		24	24	5	2,074
NWU	45	169	55	36	79	20	26	25	10	3	18	2	12	9		1,771
PSC		70		13	29		3	3		1	2		6			399
SCC	34	53		49	42		25	20		6	1		16	13		776
UNK	3	24	1	1	2	1	1	1								108
UNL@																
UNO	28	199	49	47	198	16	24	64	5	1	10	1	3	11		2,114
WNCC	24	68	38	19	48	22	20	26	7	7	10	3	16	11		1,040.5
WSC		62	9	10	13	9	5	12	1		1	1	5	1		467

** Course work in progress

^ Total number of credit hours paid for by the scholarship

@ Data masked due to low numbers

**2019-20 Access College Early Scholarship
Gender & Race**

College	Female	Male	American Indian/Alaskan Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	Hispanic	2 or More	White
BCH [@]									
CCC	311	213	4	5	9	2	219	29	256
CSC	21	7	2	1	1	3		3	18
CU	4	5					1	2	6
LPTC	11	7	17		1				
MCC	117	59	2	15	13		53	11	82
MU	151	48	1	24	14		135	7	18
MPCC	69	24			1		6	1	85
NCTA	3	4							7
NICC	3	2	5						
NECC	246	140	9	1	10		86	22	258
NWU	202	122	3	31	18		73	24	175
PSC	45	35	1	4	1		16	2	56
SCC	110	46		5	3	2	23	7	116
UNK	20	9			1		17	3	8
UNL [@]									
UNO	356	118	2	65	64		243	30	70
WNCC	117	68	6	2	2		63	7	105
WSC	60	45	6	4	4		45	7	39

[@] Data masked due to low numbers

**2019-20 Access College Early Scholarship
Grade & Eligibility* Criteria**

College	9th	10th	11th	12th	CPSE	F/R	Other Hardship	SNAP	SSI	TANF	WIC
BCH@											
CCC		19	190	315		517	2	5			
CSC		1	15	12		28					
CU		2	2	5		7	2				
LPTC			9	9		18					
MCC	1	10	64	107		171	1	3	1		
MU		7	181	11		197	1	1			
MPCC		4	31	58		91	1	1			
NCTA			3	4		7					
NICC	1		1	3		5					
NECC		8	122	256		375	5	4	1		1
NWU		4	147	173		319		5			
PSC		1	24	55		80					
SCC		3	55	98		152	3	1			
UNK			16	13		29					
UNL@											
UNO	4	115	114	241		465	6	3			
WNCC		2	51	132		184			1		
WSC		6	42	57		105					

*CPSE – Career Program of Study; F/R – Free or Reduced Price Lunch Program; SNAP – Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; SSI – Supplemental Security Income; TANF – Temporary Assistance for Needy Families; WIC – Special Supplemental Nutrition Program

@ Data masked due to low numbers

Access College Early 2019-20 Number of Scholarships Awarded by High School

College (number of high schools)
High School (number of students, number of scholarships)

Bryan College of Health (5):

Crete (1, 1)
Howells-Dodge (1, 1)
Leigh (1, 1)
Nebraska City (1, 1)
Norris (1, 1)

Central Community College (63):

Adams Central (Hastings) (2, 4)
Amherst (3, 9)
Arapahoe (5, 9)
Arcadia (2, 5)
Aurora (12, 13)
Blue Hill (11, 15)
Cambridge (3, 7)
Central Catholic (Grand Island) (2, 2)
Central City (10, 12)
Central Valley (Greeley) (3, 3)
Centura (2, 5)
Clarkson (3, 7)
Columbus (39, 64)
Cozad (3, 4)
Cross Co (Stromsburg) (1, 1)
Deshler (1, 1)
Doniphan-Trumbull (4, 7)
East Butler (Brainard) (1, 2)
Elba (2, 2)
Elgin (1, 1)

Elm Creek (5, 10)
Elwood (1, 1)
Fullerton (13, 23)
Gibbon (3, 3)
Gothenburg (1, 1)
Grand Island (162, 280)
Hampton (2, 1)
Harvard (6, 7)
Hastings, (29, 40)
High Plains (Polk) (1, 2)
Holdrege (8, 9)
Home (1, 3)
Humphrey (1, 3)
Kearney (8, 9)
Lakeview (Columbus) (3, 6)
Lawrence-Nelson (13, 29)
Leigh (4, 9)
Lexington (51, 67)
Litchfield (2, 5)
Loup City (3, 5)
Madison (9, 9)
Northwest (Grand Island) (8, 18)
Ord (9, 17)
Osceola (4, 11)
Palmer (8, 18)
Pleasanton (1, 1)
Ravenna (2, 5)
Red Cloud (2, 3)

Central Community College (cont.)

Riverside (Cedar Rapids) (2, 2)
Sandy Creek (Fairfield) (9, 17)
Schuyler (1, 2)
Scotus Central (Columbus) (5, 6)
S-E-M (Sumner) (2, 4)
Shelby-Rising City (3, 7)
Shelton (4, 7)
Silver Lake (Roseland) (1, 1)
Spalding Academy (6, 14)
St Cecilia (Hastings) (1, 1)
St Paul (2, 4)
Sutton (4, 5)
Verdigre (1, 1)
Wheeler Central (Bartlett) (3, 3)
Wood River (10, 24)

Chadron State College (4):

Chadron (19, 32)
Scottsbluff (6, 6)
SEM (Sumner) (1, 1)
Sidney (2, 2)

Concordia (3):

Blue Hill (1, 1)
Home School (6, 10)
Seward (2, 2)

Little Priest Tribal College (1)

Winnebago (18, 49)

Metropolitan Community College (22):

Alma (4, 4)
Arlington (2, 4)

Blair (1, 2)
DC West (Valley) (5, 11)
Fort Calhoun (5, 7)
Fremont (48, 74)
Gretna (19, 42)
Home School (2, 4)
Logan View (Hooper) (2, 3)
Millard North (Omaha) (3, 5)
Millard South (Omaha) (5, 15)
Millard West (Omaha) (4, 8)
Omaha Benson (16, 16)
Omaha Bryan (4, 4)
Omaha Burke (4, 6)
Omaha Central (10, 10)
Omaha Northwest (2, 2)
Omaha South (16, 17)
Papillion-LaVista (14, 33)
Papillion-LaVista South (7, 16)
Platteview (1, 1)
Ralston (2, 4)

Midland University (8):

Fremont (1, 1)
Mercy (Omaha) (1, 1)
Omaha Benson (23, 23)
Omaha Bryan (44, 44)
Omaha Burke (12, 20)
Omaha Central (10, 12)
Omaha North (17, 17)
Omaha South (91, 143)

Mid-Plains Community College (25):

Anselmo-Merna (2, 4)
Arcadia (2, 2)

Mid-Plains Community College (cont.)

Brady (3, 6)
Broken Bow (6, 13)
Callaway (2, 3)
Chase Co (Imperial) (3, 5)
Dundy Co (Benkelman) (4, 6)
Eustis-Farnam (1, 1)
Hayes Center (1, 1)
Hershey (1, 2)
Hitchcock Co (Trenton) (2, 3)
Keya Paha Co (Springview) (8, 13)
Maxwell (4, 6)
McCook (2, 5)
Medicine Valley (Curtis) (1, 1)
Mullen (3, 3)
North Platte (21, 42)
Ogallala (3, 6)
Paxton (3, 4)
Perkins Co (Grant) (3, 3)
Sandhills (Dunning) (2, 4)
Sargent (6, 13)
Southwest (Bartley) (1, 3)
Stapleton (4, 5)
Sutherland (2, 4)
Thedford (3, 5)

Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture (6):

Arcadia (1, 1)
Elwood (1, 1)
Medicine Valley (Curtis) (1, 2)
Palmer (1, 1)
Sargent (1, 1)
York (2, 2)

Nebraska Indian Community College (1)

Santee (5, 10)

Nebraska Wesleyan (40):

Alma (5, 5)
Aurora (9, 9)
Bancroft-Rosalie (1, 1)
Bishop Neumann (Wahoo) (1, 1)
Blair (1, 2)
Bridgeport (23, 23)
Central Valley (Greeley) (4, 8)
Columbus (5, 5)
Elkhorn (Omaha) (2, 3)
Elkhorn South (Omaha) (1, 2)
Franklin (5, 12)
Gordon-Rushville (15, 15)
Hastings (12, 27)
Lexington (28, 51)
Lincoln East (3, 3)
Lincoln High (5, 7)
Lincoln North Star (83, 162)
Lincoln Northeast (13, 20)
Lincoln Southeast (9, 16)
Lincoln Southwest (2, 2)
Marian (Omaha) (3, 6)
Norfolk (5, 5)
Norris (9, 16)
Northeast (Lyons) (4, 6)
Oakland-Craig (1, 1)
Ord (5, 5)
Overton (1, 1)
Papillion-LaVista South (2, 4)
Platteview (2, 3)
Riverside (Cedar Rapids) (5, 9)

Nebraska Wesleyan University (cont.)

Roncalli (Omaha) (1, 2)
SEM (Sumner) (1, 1)
Sidney (7, 10)
South Sioux (21, 22)
Southern Valley (Oxford) (7, 10)
St Cecilia (Hastings) (1, 1)
Stuart (10, 14)
Wayne (3, 5)
West Point-Beemer (7, 13)
Westside (Omaha) (1, 1)

Northeast Community College (51):

Ainsworth (3, 9)
Bancroft-Rosalie (6, 15)
Battle Creek (5, 13)
Bloomfield (4, 8)
Boone Central (Albion) (4, 5)
Boyd Co (Spencer) (8, 24)
Burwell (13, 22)
Cedar Cath (Hartington) (4, 6)
Central City (2, 3)
Chambers (4, 10)
Clearwater (2, 4)
Creighton (12, 28)
Deshler (1, 1)
Elgin (4, 6)
Elkhorn Valley (Tilden) (4, 4)
Ewing (6, 14)
Guardian Angels Cath (West Point) (2, 3)
Hartington-Newcastle (6, 11)
Home (2, 5)
Homer (3, 4)
Howells-Dodge (3, 3)

Keya Paha Co (Springview) (4, 4)
Laurel-Concord-Coleridge (6, 6)
Madison (9, 20)
Neligh-Oakdale (6, 9)
Newman Grove (4, 4)
Niobrara (5, 7)
Norfolk (58, 96)
Northeast (Lyons) (2, 5)
Oakland-Craig (9, 17)
O'Neill (6, 12)
Orchard (5, 7)
Pender (1, 2)
Pierce (6, 12)
Plainview (4, 10)
Ponca (1, 2)
Randolph (2, 3)
Rock Co (Bassett) (8, 16)
South Sioux (60, 69)
Stanton (4, 6)
Stuart (9, 16)
Tekamah-Herman (9, 20)
Verdigre (3, 4)
Wakefield (8, 13)
Wausa (5, 7)
Wayne (2, 2)
West Holt (8, 17)
West Point-Beemer (23, 49)
Winside (2, 3)
Wisner-Pilger (7, 14)
Wynot (12, 29)

Peru State College (20):

Arcadia (3, 4)
Aurora (1, 1)

Peru State College (cont.)

Beatrice (11, 20)
Bruning-Davenport (2, 3)
Centennial (Utica) (1, 3)
Crete (1, 1)
Cross Co (Stromsburg) (2, 5)
Filmore Central (Geneva) (1, 2)
HTRS (Humboldt) (10, 20)
Johnson Co (Tecumseh) (7, 7)
McCool Junction (1, 2)
Meridian (Daykin) (3, 3)
Nebraska City (2, 2)
North Bend (1, 3)
Orchard (2, 2)
Riverside (Cedar Rapids) (1, 1)
Scribner-Snyder (4, 8)
Tri County (Dewitt) (3, 6)
Wausa (2, 3)
York (22, 31)

Southeast Community College (37):

Ashland-Greenwood (, 3)
Beatrice (13, 19)
Crete (1, 9)
Deshler (3, 2)
Fairbury (3, 3)
Falls City (14, 30)
Friend (, 4)
Heartland (Henderson) (, 4)
Home School (3, 4)
HTRS (Humboldt) (4, 9)
Johnson-Brock (, 6)
Lincoln Christian (1, 1)
Lincoln East (, 3)

Lincoln High (2, 4)
Lincoln North Star (5, 21)
Lincoln Northeast (4, 9)
Lincoln Southeast (7, 6)
Lincoln Southwest (1, 6)
Malcolm (2, 3)
Mead (2, 7)
Meridian (Daykin) (, 2)
Milford (2, 6)
Norris (Firth) (6, 8)
Parkview Christian (Lincoln) (, 3)
Pawnee City (7, 9)
Pius X (Lincoln) (1, 2)
Plattsmouth (, 3)
Raymond Central (1, 3)
Seward (1, 1)
Southern (Wymore) (4, 11)
Wahoo (5, 6)
Waverly (3, 2)
Weeping Water (, 2)
Wilber-Clatonia (, 4)
Wynot (2, 3)
York (41, 23)
Yutan (5, 18)

University of Nebraska at Kearney (8):

Central City (2, 3)
Elwood (2, 3)
Gibbon (2, 3)
Grand Island (1, 1)
Holdrege (1, 1)
Kearney (1, 3)
Kearney Catholic (1, 2)
Lexington (19, 19)

University of Nebraska – Lincoln (1):

Northwest (Grand Island) (1, 1)

University of Nebraska at Omaha (27):

Bellevue East (2, 2)

Bellevue West (7, 18)

Bennington (1, 1)

Crete (2, 2)

Elkhorn (Omaha) (4, 5)

Home (1, 2)

Marian (Omaha) (3, 3)

Mercy (Omaha) (1, 1)

Millard South (Omaha) (1, 1)

Millard West (Omaha) (1, 2)

Omaha Benson (71, 77)

Omaha Bryan (62, 83)

Omaha Burke (32, 68)

Omaha Central (44, 69)

Omaha North (27, 42)

Omaha Northwest (24, 33)

Omaha South (170, 218)

Papillion-La Vista (1, 1)

Papillion-La Vista South (4, 8)

Platteview (1, 2)

Plattsmouth (1, 1)

Ralston (3, 6)

Roncalli (Omaha) (1, 1)

Skutt (Omaha) (1, 2)

Westside (Omaha) (8, 8)

Wayne State College (20):

Aurora (3, 3)

Bancroft-Rosalie (3, 6)

Boone Central (Albion) (1, 1)

Fullerton (13, 17)

Grand Island (10, 13)

Harvard (4, 4)

Howells-Dodge (2, 2)

Laurel-Concord-Coleridge (1, 1)

Neligh-Oakdale (1, 2)

Niobrara (3, 5)

Norfolk (2, 5)

Osmond (1, 3)

Plainview (1, 1)

Riverside (Cedar Rapids) (1, 1)

South Sioux (48, 54)

St Edward (1, 1)

Twin River (Genoa) (1, 2)

Wausa (1, 1)

Wayne (3, 3)

West Point-Beemer (5, 6)

Western Nebraska Community College (14):

Alliance (5, 11)

Bayard (4, 6)

Bridgeport (33, 64)

Chadron (6, 7)

Crawford (2, 3)

Garden County (Oshkosh) (3, 7)

Gordon-Rushville (28, 39)

Hyannis (2, 4)

Leyton (1, 3)

Minatare (4, 6)

Mitchell (5, 8)

Morrill (7, 11)

Scottsbluff (81, 146)

Sidney (4, 4)

Access College Early 2019-20 Courses Taken by Scholarship Recipients

College (number of different subject areas)
Subject Area (number of scholarships)

Bryan College of Health (1):

Health (5)

Central Community College (30):

Accounting (2)
Agriculture Sciences (12)
Adv Mfg Design Tech (17)
Auto Body (67)
Biological Sciences (42)
Business Admin (4)
Business Tech (1)
Chemistry (3)
Construction Tech (9)
Drafting & Design Tech (17)
Economics (5)
Education (2)
English (176)
Entrepreneurship (2)
History (57)
Health Occupations (74)
Information Tech (19)
Mathematics (99)
Media Arts (5)
Music (18)
Nutrition (6)
Physical Education (16)
Physical Science (2)
Political Science (18)

Psychology (36)

Sociology (7)

Spanish (1)

Speech (138)

Theatre (2)

Welding Tech (10)

Chadron State College (8):

Education (3)

English (5)

Finance (6)

History (4)

Mathematics (13)

Marketing (2)

Physical Education (5)

Psychology (3)

Concordia (1)

Chemistry (2)

English (4)

Spanish (7)

Little Priest Tribal College (9)

Education (1)

English (12)

History (4)

Math (3)

Music (4)

Little Priest Tribal College (cont.)

Native Am Studies (1)
Political Science (13)
Psychology (10)
Sociology (1)

Metropolitan Community College (28):

Accounting (2)
Auto Collision Tech (3)
Biology (10)
Business Admin (6)
Civil Engineering Tech (2)
Criminal Justice (12)
Design/Media Arts (3)
Early Childhood (13)
Economics (7)
Emergency Medical Services (5)
English (37)
Entrepreneurship (1)
Finance (29)
Fire Science Tech (3)
Geography (9)
Health Info Mngt Systems (17)
History (9)
Health (17)
Human Resources (5)
Industrial/Commercial Trade (3)
Information Tech (18)
Mathematics (34)
Photography (1)
Psychology (3)
Sociology (20)
Spanish (1)
Speech (12)

Video/Audio Communication (2)
Welding (4)

Midland University (4):

Chemistry (9)
English (108)
Earth Science (6)
History (138)

Mid-Plains Community College (19):

Accounting (2)
Art (4)
Biology (9)
Business Admin (5)
Chemistry (3)
Emergency Med Services (1)
English (58)
History (12)
Information Tech (1)
Mathematics (35)
Nursing Asst (3)
Office Tech (6)
Physical Science (2)
Political Science (5)
Psychology (13)
Sociology (1)
Speech (3)

Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture (3):

Agronomy (2)
Animal Science (5)
Economics (1)

Nebraska Indian Community College (7)

Business Admin (2)
Early Childhood Ed (1)
Education (1)
English (3)
History (1)
Health, Physical Ed & Rec (1)
Native Am Studies (1)

Nebraska Wesleyan (16):

Accounting (4)
Art History (2)
Art (3)
Biology (20)
Business Admin (3)
Chemistry (12)
Chemistry Lab (12)
Communication Studies (23)
Economics (14)
English (220)
French (5)
German (3)
History (110)
Mathematics (53)
Physics (9)
Political Science (3)
Spanish (13)

Northeast Community College (31):

Accounting (18)
Agriculture (11)
Automotive Tech (5)
Biology (27)
Building Construction (13)

Business (15)
Criminal Justice (4)
Drafting (4)
Early Childhood (3)
Economics (13)
English (13)
Geography (1)
Graphic Design (3)
History (27)
Health Education (30)
Health/Physical Ed/Rec (33)
Home Economics (2)
Horticulture/Golf Course Mngt (2)
Human Services (2)
Information Tech (7)
Mathematics (118)
Music (3)
Nurse Aide (51)
Paramedic (3)
Political Science (17)
Psychology (68)
Sociology (11)
Spanish (13)
Speech (61)
Utility Line (1)
Welding (13)

Peru State College (10):

Biological Science (11)
Chemistry (3)
English (55)
History (8)
Mathematics (8)
Political Science (13)

Peru State College (cont.)

Psychology (17)
Sociology (4)
Speech (8)

Southeast Community College (23):

Agriculture (9)
Bioscience (10)
Business Admin (8)
Criminal Justice (12)
Design & Drafting (1)
Early Childhood Ed (4)
Economics (4)
Education (16)
English (43)
Food Service/Hospitality (13)
History (10)
Health (15)
Information Tech (6)
Mathematics (49)
Medical Assisting (8)
Medical Lab (1)
Political Science (5)
Precision Machining & Auto Tech (1)
Psychology (19)
Sociology (6)
Speech (17)
Welding (2)

University of Nebraska at Kearney (8):

Art (1)
Biology (3)
Cyber Systems (1)
English (8)

History (1)
Spanish (19)
Speech (1)
Teachers Education (1)

University of Nebraska – Lincoln (1):

Art History (1)

University of Nebraska at Omaha (26):

Anthropology (1)
Art/Art History (7)
Biology (29)
Biomechanics (1)
Communication Studies (5)
Computer Science/IST (7)
Criminal Justice (2)
Cybersecurity (1)
Economics (2)
English (118)
French (2)
Geography (109)
German (1)
History (29)
Information Science & Tech (28)
Mathematics (37)
Music (6)
Philosophy (1)
Physics (22)
Political Science (112)
Psychology (18)
Religion (8)
Sociology (4)
Spanish (78)
Teacher Ed (27)

University of Nebraska at Omaha (cont.)

Writer's Workshop (1)

Wayne State College (16):

Art (1)

Biology (1)

Business Admin (2)

Computer Info Systems (3)

Communication Arts (2)

Drafting & Design (1)

Education (25)

English (7)

Family & Consumer Science (1)

Human Services (1)

Mathematics (61)

Music (1)

Political Science (3)

Psychology (15)

Sociology (4)

Spanish (1)

Western Nebraska Community College (23):

Accounting (7)

Agriculture (2)

Auto Body Tech (21)

Automotive Tech (4)

Biological Sciences (19)

Business Admin (3)

Business Technology (1)

Criminal Justice (6)

Early Childhood Ed (2)

Economics (4)

Education (7)

Emergency Medical Services (1)

English (108)

History (14)

Health (12)

Human Services (4)

Information tech (3)

Mathematics (42)

Nursing Assistant (17)

Physical Education (1)

Political Science (1)

Personal Development (6)

Psychology (19)

Sociology (2)

Spanish (2)

Speech (1)

Theatre (1)

Welding (5)



**NEBRASKA OPPORTUNITY GRANT
2019-20 YEAR-END REPORT**

Committee Draft

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NEBRASKA OPPORTUNITY GRANT PROGRAM

The Nebraska Opportunity Grant (NOG) program provides financial aid to students who are residents of Nebraska; have not earned a bachelor's, graduate, or professional degree; have high financial need (defined as having an expected family contribution equal to or less than 110% of the maximum family contribution that qualifies students for a federal Pell Grant); and who are attending eligible Nebraska colleges and universities to earn a degree or credential. The NOG program uses information from the federal Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) as the basis for determining eligibility; there is no separate application.

NOG is the State of Nebraska's only need-based financial aid program for postsecondary students and is funded through General fund appropriations and lottery funds. As of the 2017-18 academic year, when analyzing national need-based undergraduate grant dollars per undergraduate enrollment, Nebraska ranked 35th in the country, the same ranking as in 2016-17.

The NOG program is a decentralized financial aid program. The commission allocates state funding to participating institutions based on a statutory formula that takes into account the proportion of all eligible students attending each institution and their tuition and fees (capped at tuition and fees at the University of Nebraska Lincoln) and verifies student eligibility but does not determine individual student award amounts or dictate how many eligible students receive NOG grants. Participating institutions award NOG grants to eligible students subject to eligibility criteria, maximum award limits, and available allocations.

For the 2019-20 NOG program award year:

- \$18,740,356 was awarded
- 12,956 students received a Nebraska Opportunity Grant
- \$1,446.46 was the average grant award

Pages 3-6 include charts showing the number of Nebraska students who received a federal Pell grant and the unmet financial need of these students as reported by the institutions. The US Department of Education defines financial need as the difference between how much college costs and how much a student and the student's family can pay towards those costs. The difference between financial need and the amount of financial aid offered by the college to the student to cover the financial need is considered unmet financial need. Students must cover their unmet need from either private loans or out-of-pocket funds.

The remainder of the report reflects various details specifically related to the NOG program, broken out by sector. Of particular interest is the table on page 13 showing the percentage of eligible students that received a NOG award by sector. The table demonstrates both that the NOG program is an important part of the overall financial aid strategy of postsecondary institutions and that many eligible students are not served by the NOG program due to lack of funding.

NOG Program Participating Institutions

University of Nebraska

- University of Nebraska at Kearney
- University of Nebraska –Lincoln
- University of Nebraska Medical Center
- University of Nebraska at Omaha
- Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture

State Colleges

- Chadron State College
- Peru State College
- Wayne State College

Community Colleges

- Central Community College
- Metropolitan Community College
- Mid-Plains Community College
- Northeast Community College
- Southeast Community College
- Western Nebraska Community College

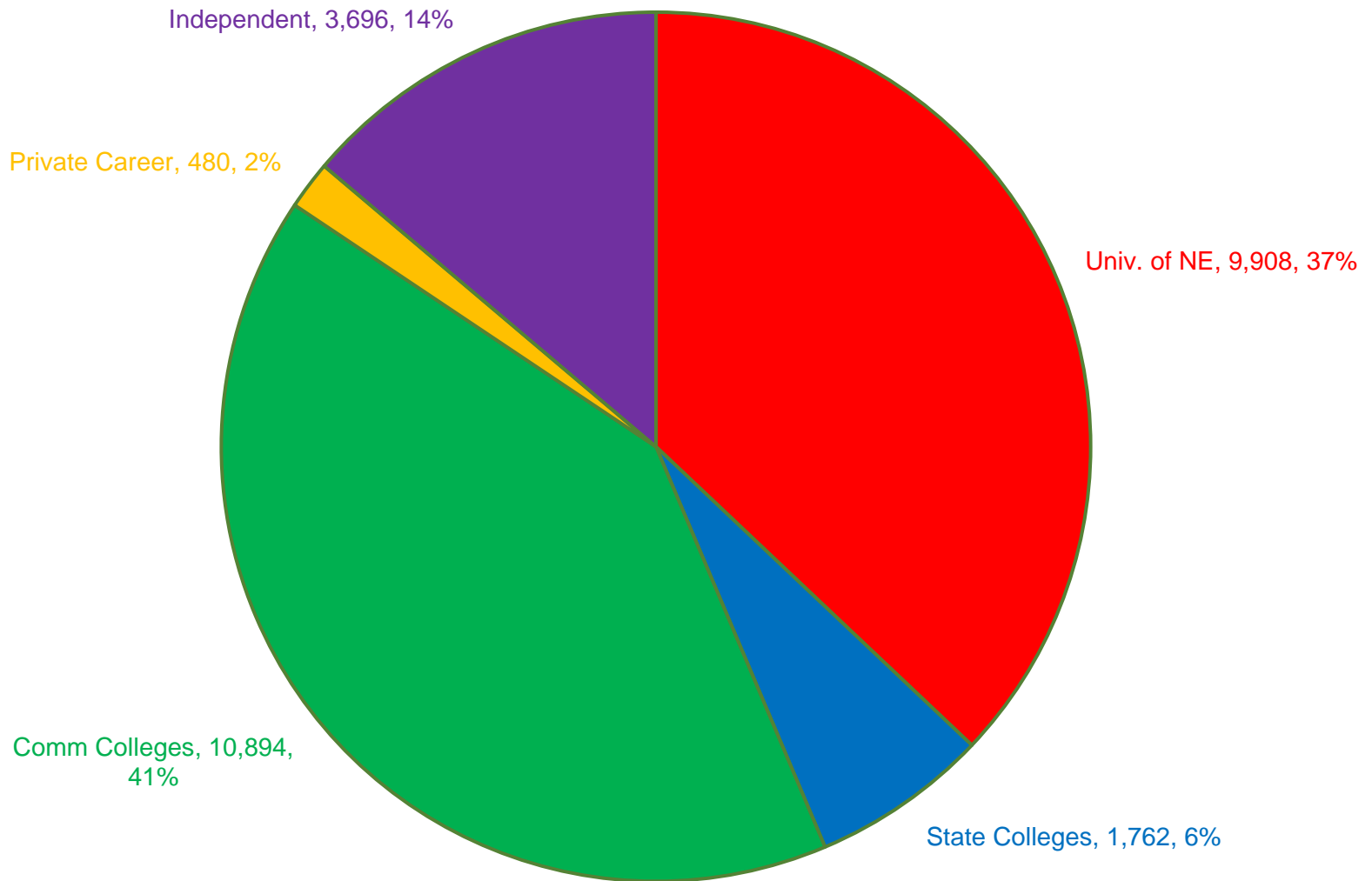
Private Career Colleges

- Capitol School of Hairstyling
- College of Hair Design
- Creative Center
- Joseph's College of Beauty
- Xenon International School of Hair

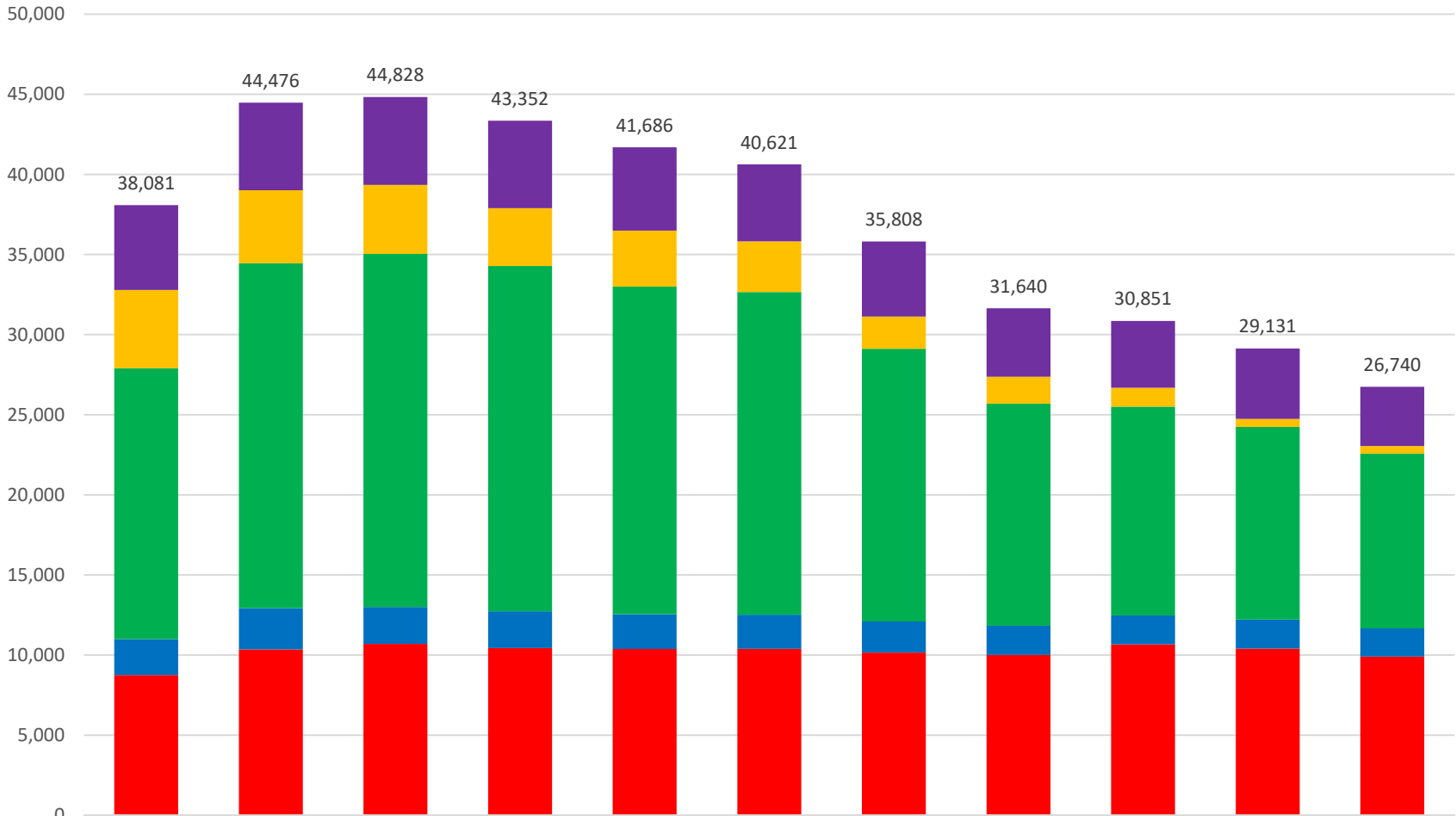
Independent Colleges & Universities

- Bellevue University
- Bryan College of Health Science
- Clarkson College
- College of Saint Mary
- Concordia University
- Creighton University
- Doane University
- Hastings College
- Little Priest Tribal College
- Midland University
- Nebraska Christian College
- Nebraska Indian Community College
- Nebraska Methodist College
- Nebraska Wesleyan University
- Purdue University Global
- Union College
- York College

2019-20 Nebraska Resident Pell Grant-Eligible Students by Sector
(percentage is of total enrollment)

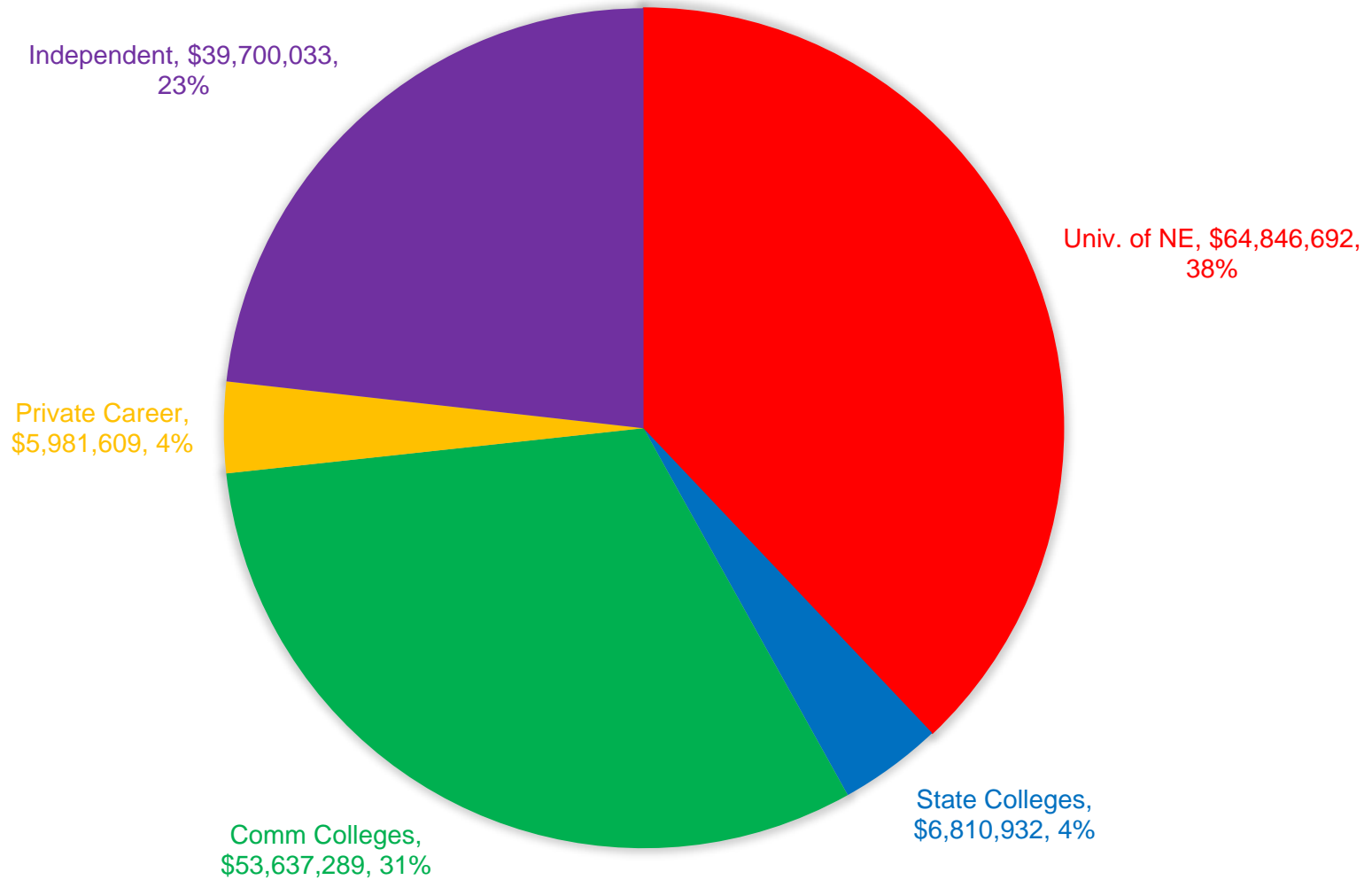


Nebraska Resident Pell Grant-Eligible Students by Sector

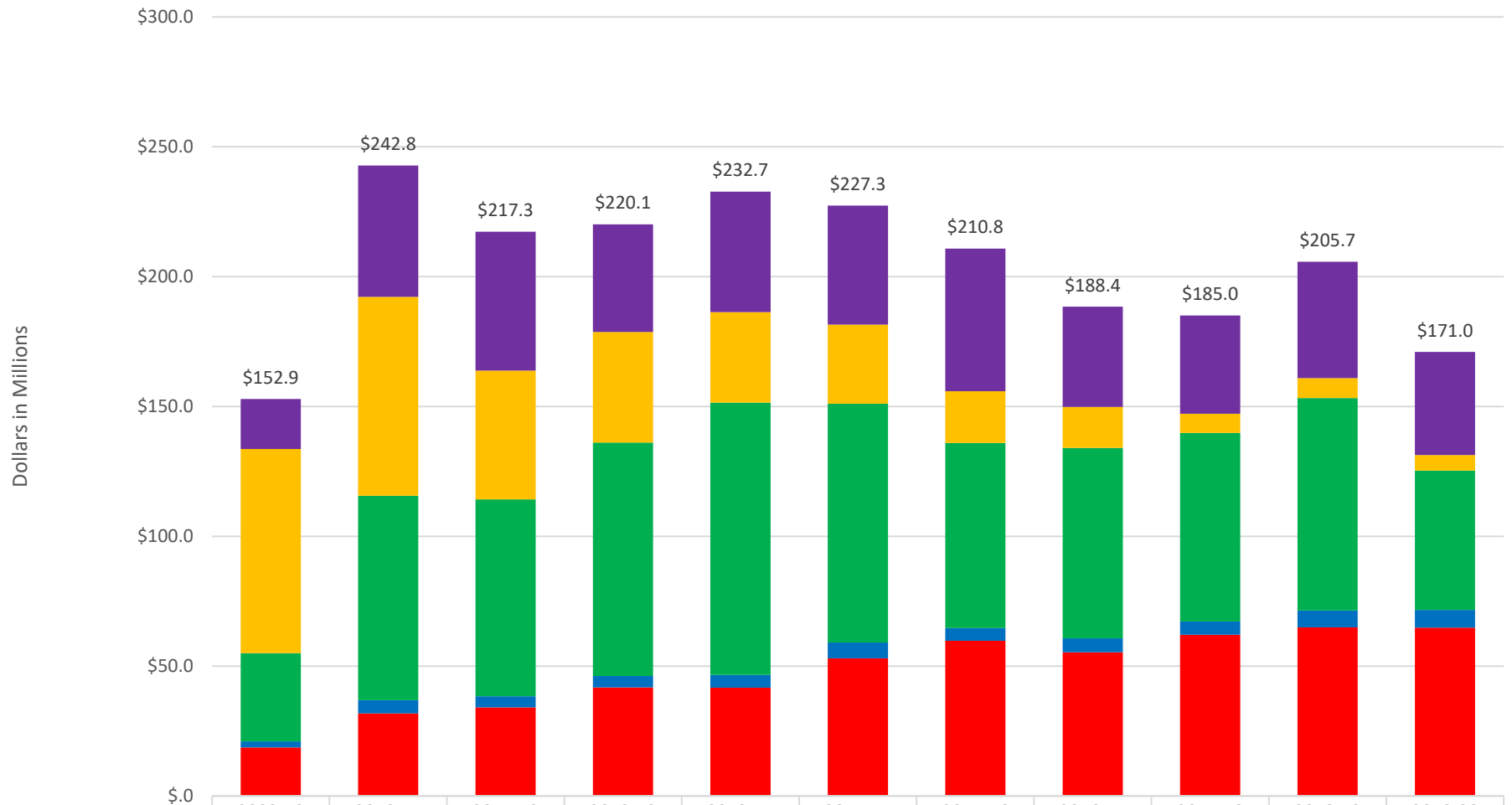


	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Total	38,081	44,476	44,828	43,352	41,686	40,621	35,808	31,640	30,851	29,131	26,740
Independent	5,297	5,467	5,489	5,464	5,194	4,799	4,681	4,270	4,170	4,390	3,696
Private Career	4,877	4,555	4,298	3,607	3,504	3,168	2,009	1,674	1,174	499	480
Comm Colleges	16,911	21,521	22,043	21,548	20,433	20,132	17,019	13,861	13,032	12,021	10,894
State Colleges	2,246	2,580	2,304	2,296	2,177	2,135	1,944	1,824	1,805	1,815	1,762
Univ. of NE	8,750	10,353	10,694	10,437	10,378	10,387	10,155	10,011	10,670	10,406	9,908

**2019-20 UNMET NEED OF PELL GRANT-ELIGIBLE STUDENTS
(PERCENTAGE IS OF TOTAL AMOUNT)**



Nebraska Resident Pell Grant-Eligible Unmet Need by Sector



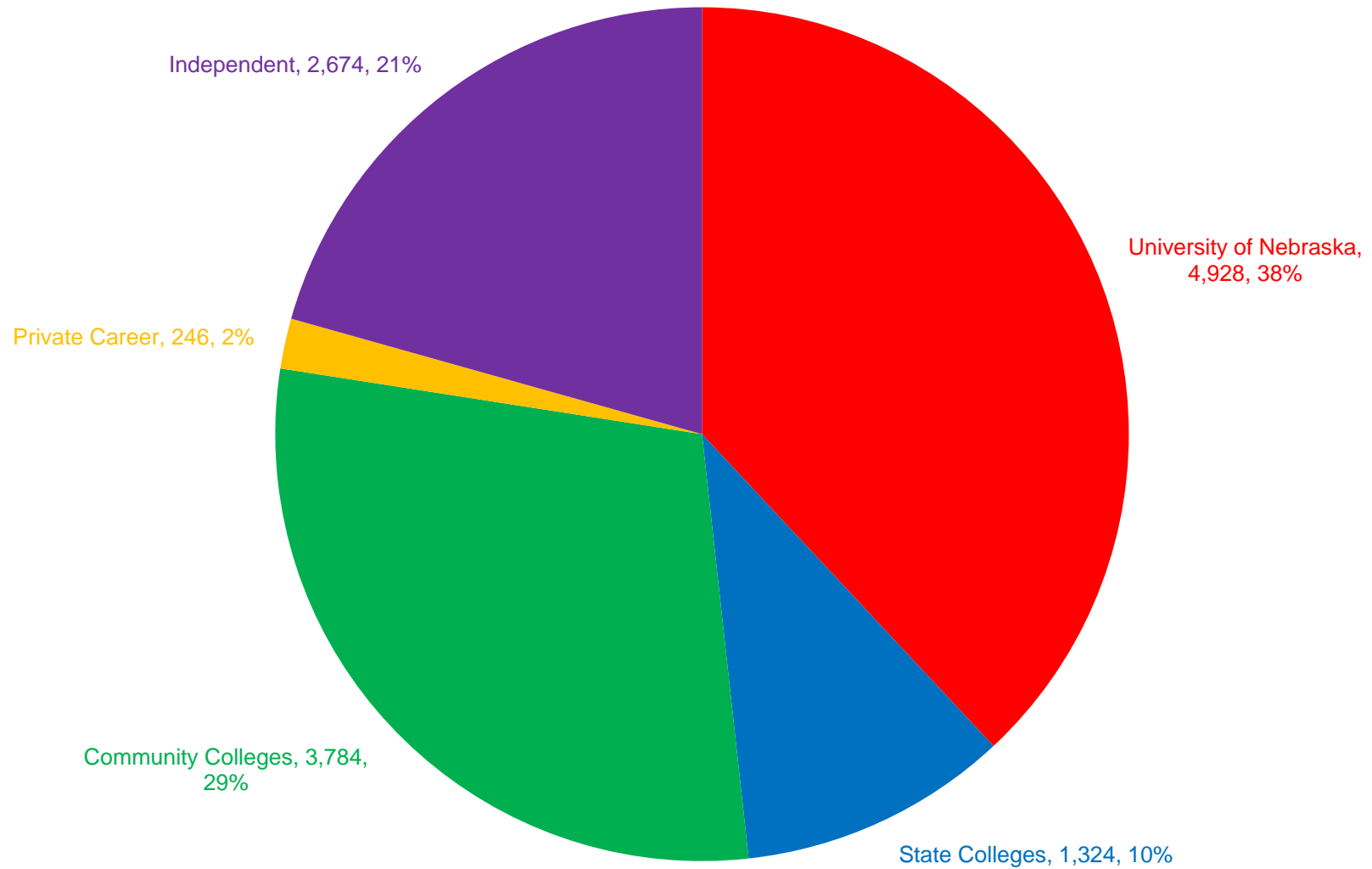
	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Total	\$152.9	\$242.8	\$217.3	\$220.1	\$232.7	\$227.3	\$210.8	\$188.4	\$185.0	\$205.7	\$171.0
Independent	\$19.3	\$50.6	\$53.5	\$41.4	\$46.4	\$45.8	\$54.9	\$38.6	\$37.8	\$44.8	\$39.7
Private Career	\$78.6	\$76.6	\$49.6	\$42.6	\$34.8	\$30.5	\$20.0	\$15.8	\$7.4	\$7.7	\$6.0
Community Colleges	\$34.0	\$78.7	\$75.8	\$89.9	\$104.9	\$92.0	\$71.2	\$73.3	\$72.6	\$81.8	\$53.6
State Colleges	\$2.3	\$5.1	\$4.3	\$4.4	\$4.9	\$6.1	\$4.9	\$5.3	\$5.1	\$6.5	\$6.8
Univ. of NE	\$18.7	\$31.8	\$34.1	\$41.8	\$41.7	\$53.0	\$59.8	\$55.3	\$62.1	\$64.9	\$64.8

NOG Yearly Process

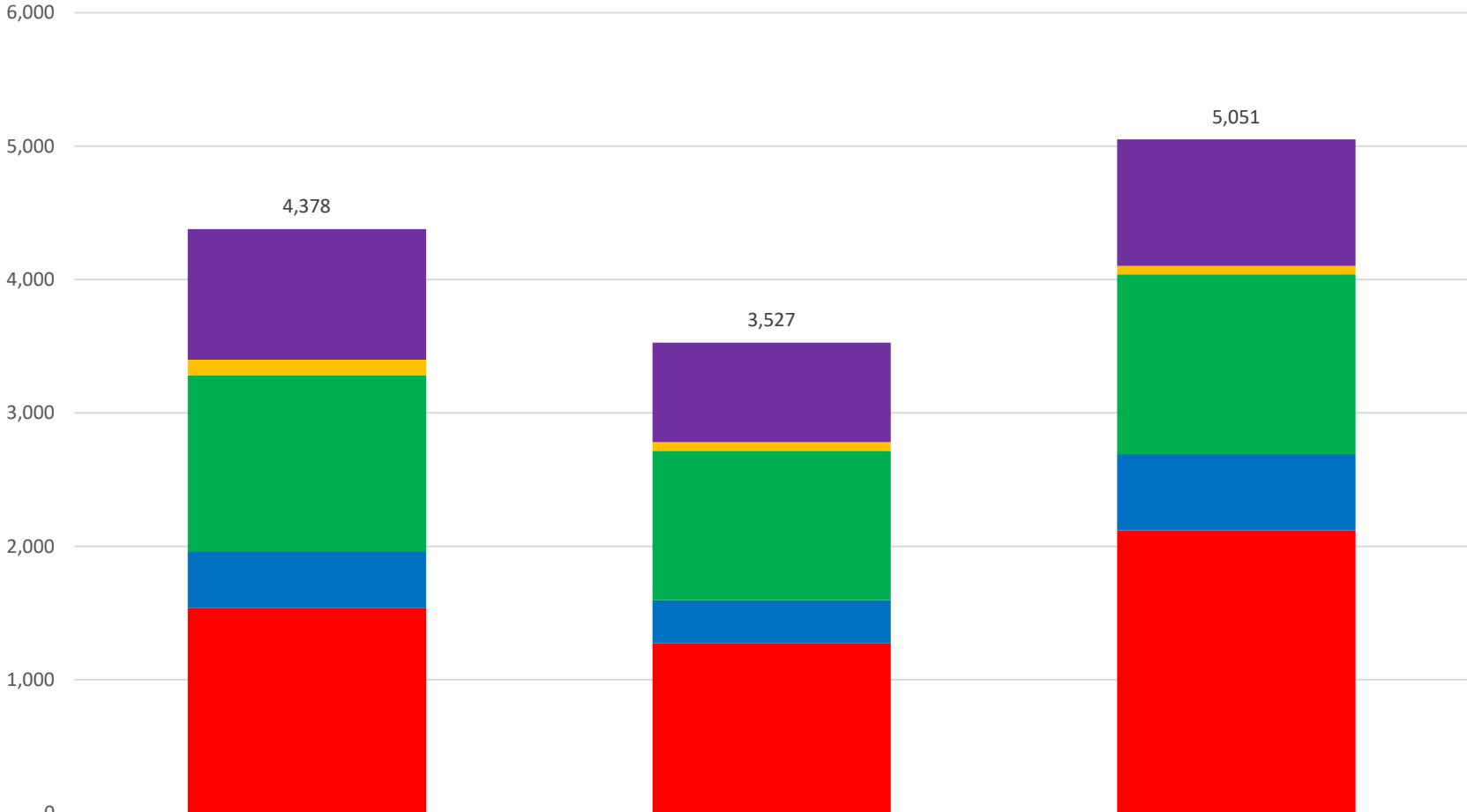
Each year the Commission allocates NOG funding that has been appropriated by the Legislature to participating institutions. In order to provide these institutions timely information, funding estimates are used until a final appropriation bill is approved in late spring. Allocations are calculated using the formula found in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-1912. Below are key events of the NOG process:

- Tentative allocation using estimated state General and lottery funds is sent out to institutions in January for the next academic year
- NOG applications to participate are sent to institutions and returned to the Commission in June
- Data from the applications, including the calculation of full-time-equivalent eligible students and tuition and fees charged, are used in the allocation formula
- Final lottery distribution received by the Commission in June
- Final allocation notice sent to institutions in July
- Institutions submit a list of recommended students for Commission approval
 - Must be done prior to disbursement to student
 - Send in multiple lists throughout the year
 - Funds sent at least twice a year based on approved list of students
 - Final submission must be submitted by May 31st of the academic year
- Commission performs audits of student eligibility at each participating institution every fall

2019-20 NOG Recipients by Sector

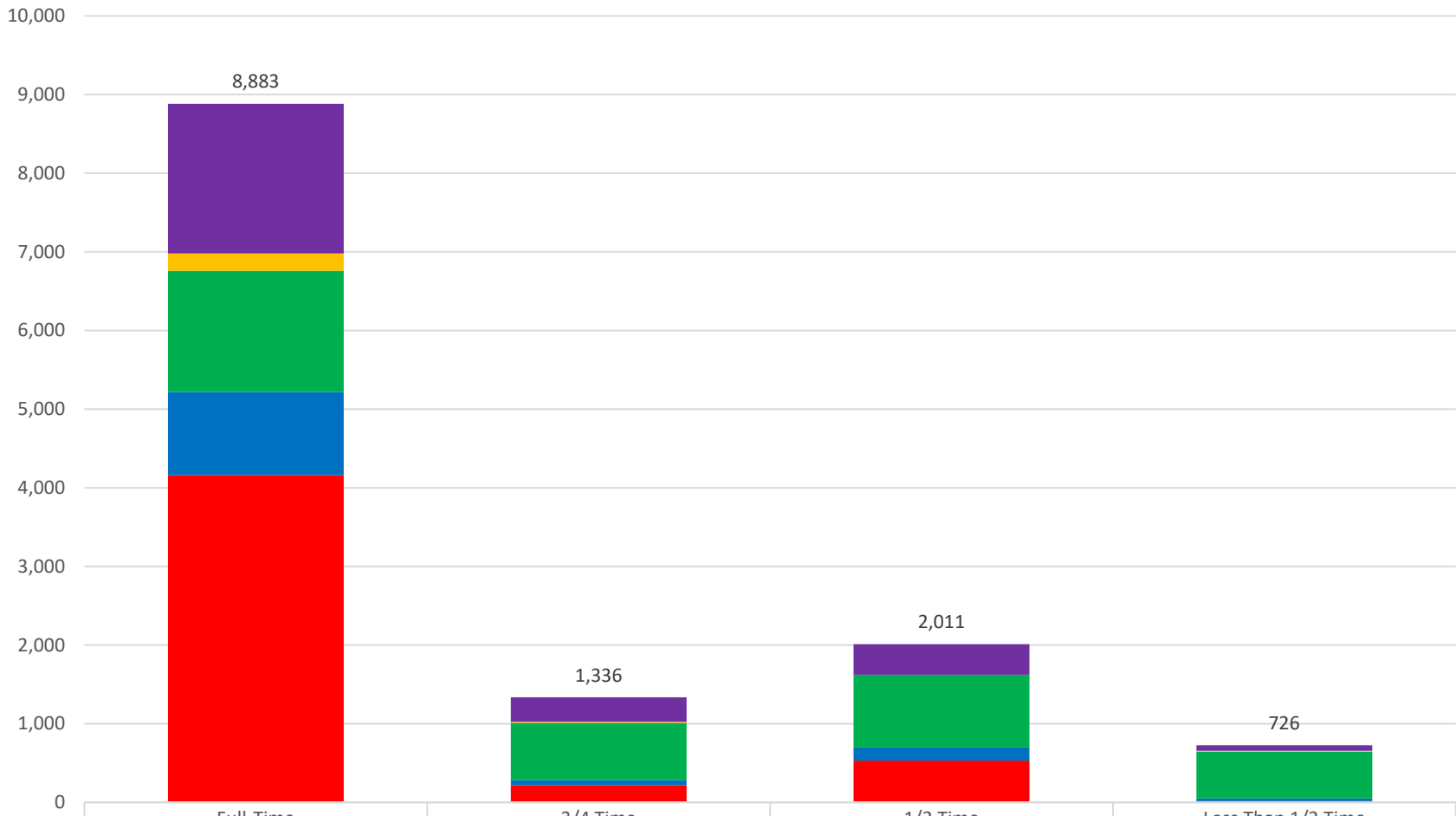


2019-20 NOG Recipients by Family Income



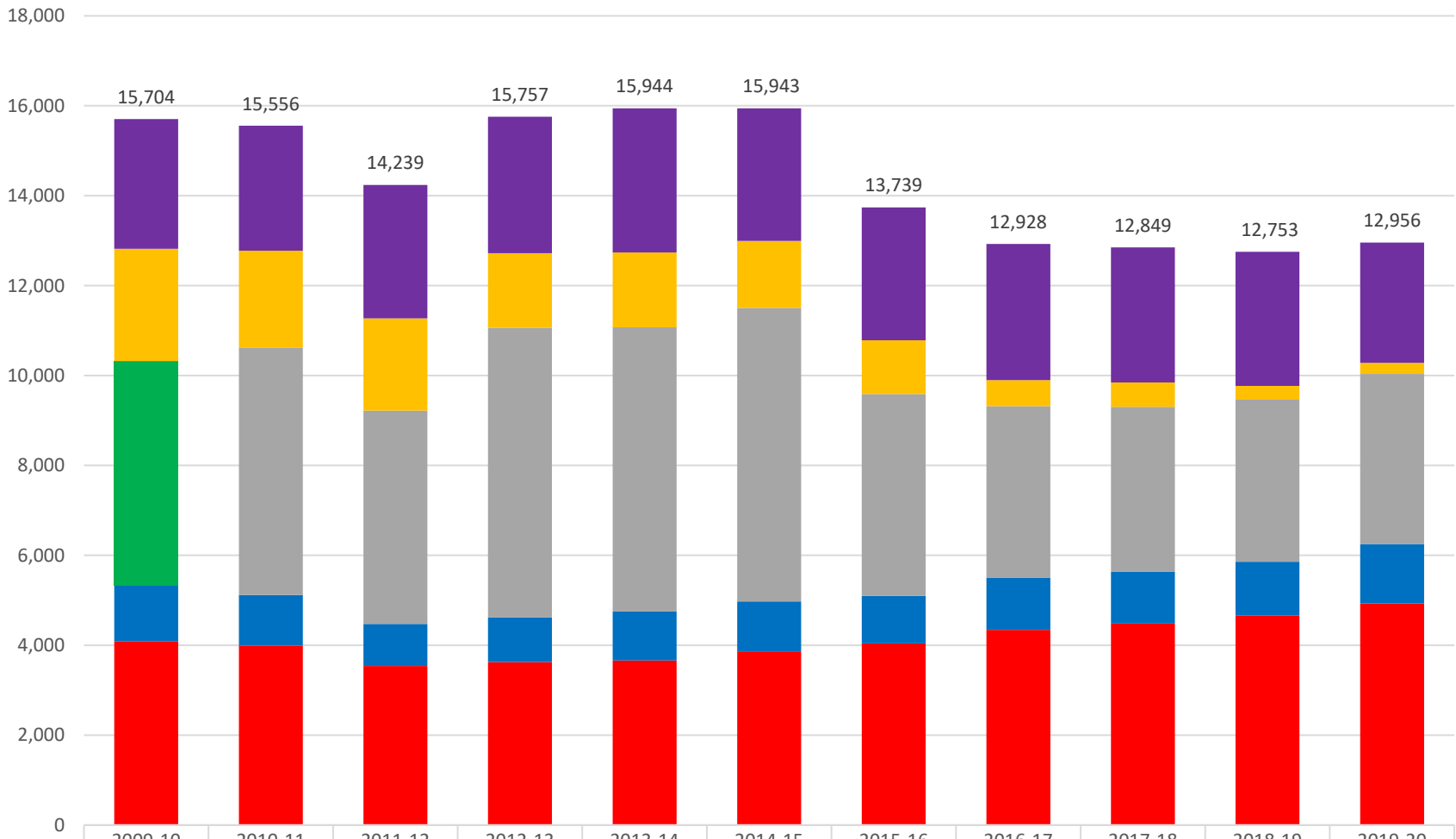
	0-\$19,999	\$20,000-\$39,999	\$40,000+
Total	4,378	3,527	5,051
Independent	979	746	949
Private Career	118	65	63
Comm Colleges	1,317	1,119	1,348
State Colleges	427	325	572
Univ. of NE	1,537	1,272	2,119

2019-20 Recipients by Sector by Enrollment



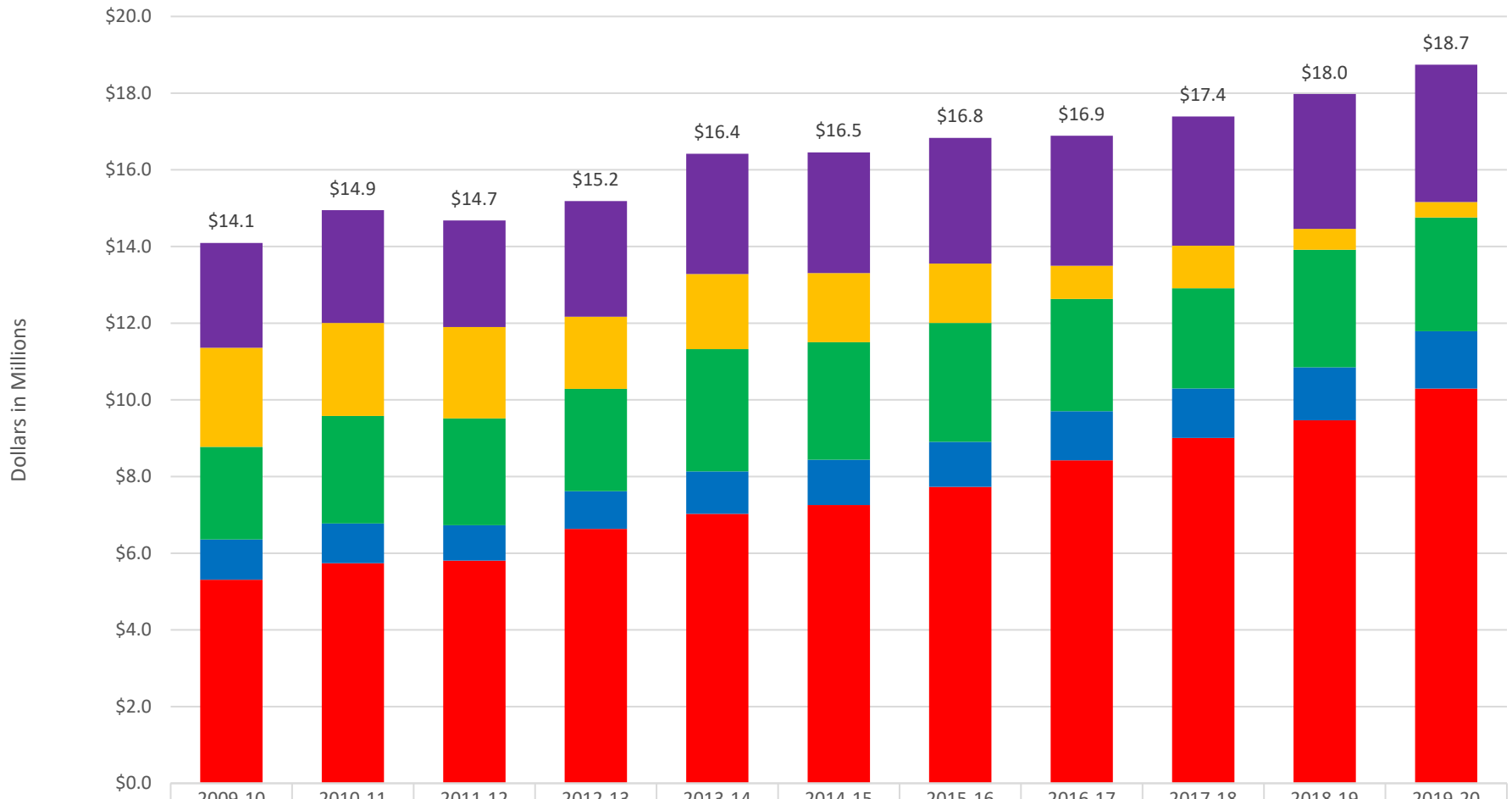
	Full-Time	3/4 Time	1/2 Time	Less Than 1/2 Time
Total	8,883	1,336	2,011	726
Independent	1,904	312	388	70
Private Career	220	13	0	13
Comm Colleges	1,540	725	925	594
State Colleges	1,057	68	167	32
Univ. of NE	4,162	218	531	17

NOG Recipients by Sector



	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Total	15,704	15,556	14,239	15,757	15,944	15,943	13,739	12,928	12,849	12,753	12,956
Independent	2,884	2,779	2,968	3,037	3,208	2,950	2,956	3,029	3,003	2,985	2,674
Private Career	2,498	2,163	2,051	1,658	1,664	1,489	1,195	581	542	305	246
Comm Colleges	4,983	5,496	4,746	6,439	6,320	6,530	4,492	3,814	3,663	3,607	3,784
State Colleges	1,247	1,124	934	996	1,090	1,109	1,053	1,160	1,156	1,198	1,324
Univ. of NE	4,092	3,994	3,540	3,627	3,662	3,865	4,043	4,344	4,485	4,658	4,928

NOG Amount Awarded by Sector



	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Total	\$14.1	\$14.9	\$14.7	\$15.2	\$16.4	\$16.5	\$16.8	\$16.9	\$17.4	\$18.0	\$18.7
Independent	\$2.7	\$2.9	\$2.8	\$3.0	\$3.1	\$3.1	\$3.3	\$3.4	\$3.4	\$3.5	\$3.6
Private Career	\$2.6	\$2.4	\$2.4	\$1.9	\$2.0	\$1.8	\$1.6	\$0.9	\$1.1	\$0.5	\$0.4
Comm Colleges	\$2.4	\$2.8	\$2.8	\$2.7	\$3.2	\$3.1	\$3.1	\$2.9	\$2.6	\$3.1	\$3.0
State Colleges	\$1.1	\$1.0	\$0.9	\$1.0	\$1.1	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$1.4	\$1.5
Univ. of NE	\$5.3	\$5.7	\$5.8	\$6.6	\$7.0	\$7.3	\$7.7	\$8.4	\$9.0	\$9.5	\$10.3

Sector	# and % of Eligible Students	# and % of NOG Recipients	% of Elig who Received NOG	\$ and % of NOG Awarded	Average NOG Award
University of Nebraska (5)	11,178	4,928	44.1%	\$10,294,910	\$2,089.06
	35.8%	38.0%		54.9%	
State Colleges (3)	1,982	1,324	66.8%	\$1,494,400	\$1,128.70
	6.4%	10.2%		8.0%	
Community Colleges (6)	13,378	3,784	28.3%	\$2,966,386	\$783.93
	42.9%	29.2%		15.8%	
Private Career Schools (5)	453	246	54.3%	\$404,093	\$1,642.66
	1.5%	1.9%		2.2%	
Independent Colleges & Universities (17)	4,197	2,674	63.7%	\$3,580,566	\$1,339.03
	13.5%	20.6%		19.1%	
Total	31,188	12,956	41.5%	\$18,740,356	\$1,446.46
	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%	

The National Student Clearinghouse (NSC) is a not-for-profit organization that serves as a central repository of postsecondary student enrollment, degree, and diploma data voluntarily submitted by more than 3,700 colleges and universities. These institutions enroll an estimated 97.0% of the college students in the United States that attend Title IV, degree-granting institutions. In Nebraska, all institutions except three private career schools report to NSC.

The cumulative graduation rates tables include only first-time students that also received a NOG scholarship beginning in their first year. Graduation rates were calculated for the student's initial enrollment institution regardless of the type of institution of the subsequent graduation.

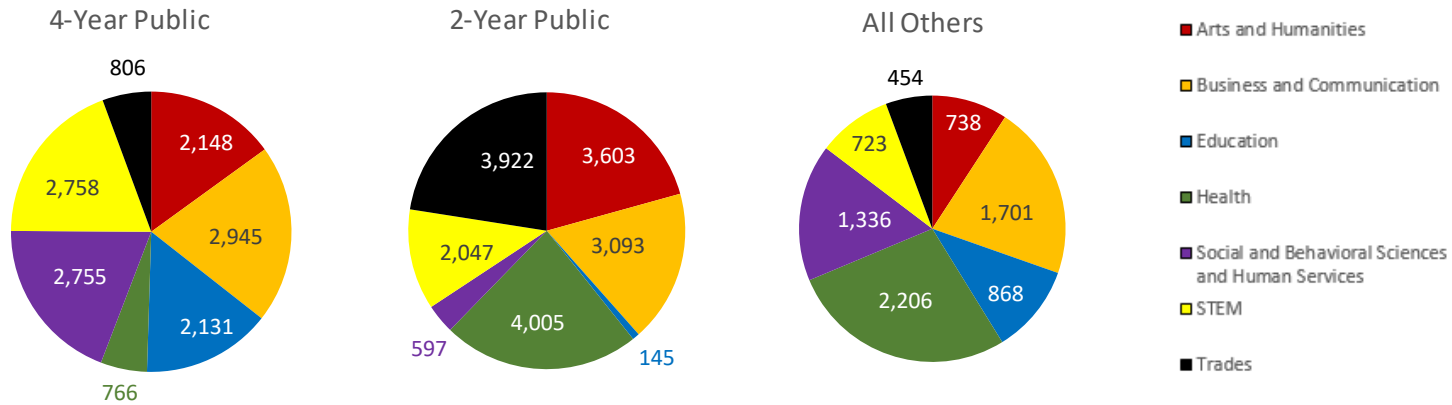
Cumulative Graduation Rates by Year: First-time Students Initially Enrolled in a 2-Year Institution and Received NOG Beginning with Their First Academic Year									
Academic Year First Received NOG	n	Years to Graduate							
		1 or less	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2010-11	803	1.5%	21.4%	34.2%	40.6%	45.2%	48.3%	50.2%	51.9%
2011-12	713	1.1%	22.9%	34.2%	41.5%	46.6%	49.5%	52.2%	53.6%
2012-13	1,055	0.6%	15.4%	25.5%	30.4%	35.2%	37.9%	39.1%	
2013-14	1,098	3.8%	19.0%	29.5%	36.2%	41.1%	44.4%		
2014-15	903	4.4%	22.7%	33.1%	37.5%	41.6%			
2015-16	796	7.5%	27.3%	37.4%	44.2%				

Cumulative Graduation Rates by Year: First-time Students Initially Enrolled in a 4-Year Institution and Received NOG Beginning with Their First Academic Year									
Academic Year First Received NOG Scholarship	n	Years to Graduate							
		1 or less	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2010-11	929	0.3%	3.4%	6.6%	29.0%	49.1%	58.4%	61.9%	63.4%
2011-12	702	2.6%	5.4%	9.3%	29.5%	49.7%	56.3%	59.3%	61.1%
2012-13	722	0.6%	3.2%	5.0%	23.3%	45.4%	54.0%	58.2%	
2013-14	846	0.6%	1.7%	4.4%	24.6%	44.9%	52.6%		
2014-15	952	1.4%	4.8%	7.6%	27.4%	47.4%			
2015-16	946	1.1%	3.8%	6.4%	22.5%				

By the Numbers: 2010-11 through 2018-19

Unique students awarded a NOG scholarship	73,445	Majors conferred to NOG recipients after receiving a NOG scholarship	39,747
Unique NOG recipients that earned a degree, diploma, or certificate after receiving a NOG (Does not include students currently attending an institution that have not earned a first award.)	37,489	Number of first-time freshman awarded a NOG scholarship in their freshman year	13,671

Majors Conferred to NOG Recipients after Receiving a NOG Scholarship, by Discipline Cluster



All degree majors earned after a student received a NOG scholarship are included in the above charts. NSC data provides discipline information at the degree major level only. Not all institutions report the degree earned or degree major.



NEBRASKA'S



**COORDINATING COMMISSION
FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION**

***COMMUNITY COLLEGE
GAP ASSISTANCE PROGRAM***

2019-20 Annual Report

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Introduction

The Community College Gap Assistance program was established by the Nebraska Legislature in 2015 to address identified skilled workforce shortages. The program provides financial aid to low-income community college students enrolled in credit or non-credit programs of study that prepare them for jobs in high-need fields but are not eligible for Pell or state Nebraska Opportunity Grants, which serve only students enrolled in for-credit courses leading to certificates or degrees. The for-credit option was added in September 2019 with the passage of LB 180. The Gap Assistance program addresses an identified affordability and workforce preparation “gap.”

STUDENT ELIGIBILITY

Pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-2003, to be eligible for community college Gap Assistance, an applicant:

- a) Shall have a family income which is at or below two hundred fifty percent of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services income poverty guidelines; and
- b) Shall be a resident of Nebraska as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-502.

Applicants must complete an initial assessment, administered by their community colleges in accordance with Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-2007, to determine the applicants’ readiness to complete a Gap Assistance program of study. The community colleges shall make the determination of readiness based on:

- a) The ability to be accepted into and complete a Gap program of study;
- b) The ability to be accepted into and complete a postsecondary certificate, diploma, or degree program for credit;
- c) The ability to obtain full-time employment; and
- d) The ability to maintain full-time employment over time.

ELIGIBLE STUDENT COSTS

Pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-2006 eligible student costs include, but are not limited to:

- a) Tuition;
- b) Direct training costs;
- c) Required books and equipment; and
- d) Fees, including, but not limited to, fees for industry testing services and background check services.

ELIGIBLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE COSTS

Pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-2009 community colleges may use part of their allocation to assist in defraying the costs of direct staff support services, including, but not limited to, marketing, outreach, applications, interviews, and assessments. The amount of such administrative assistance is as follows:

- a) Up to twenty (20) percent of any amount allocated for such purposes to the two smallest community colleges;
- b) Up to ten (10) percent of any such amount to the two largest community colleges; and
- c) Up to fifteen (15) percent of any such amount to the remaining two community colleges.

ELIGIBLE PROGRAMS

A Gap Assistance program of study means a program offered by a community college that (a) either (i) is not offered for credit and has a duration of not less than sixteen contact hours in length, or (ii) is offered for credit but is of insufficient clock, semester, or quarter hours to be eligible for Federal Pell Grants, and (b) does any of the following:

- Offers a state, national, or locally recognized certificate;
- Offers preparation for a professional examination or licensure;
- Provides endorsement for an existing credential or license;
- Represents recognized skill standards defined by an industrial sector; or
- Offers similar credential or training.

A Gap Assistance program of study offered by a community college must also be aligned with training programs with stackable credentials that lead to a program awarding either college credit, an associate's degree, a diploma, or a certificate in an in-demand occupation. The aligned training program must be for credit.

In-demand occupations must be in one of the following areas:

- Financial services;
- Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics;
- Precision metals manufacturing;
- Biosciences;
- Renewable energy;
- Agriculture and food processing;
- Business management and administrative services;
- Software and computer services;
- Research, development, and engineering services;
- Health services;
- Hospitality and tourism;
- Construction;
- Education (committee designated July 2020); and
- Any other industry designated as an in-demand occupation by the committee.

GAP ASSISTANCE FUNDING

As required by Neb. Rev. Stat. § 9-812[5][c], funding for the Gap Assistance program is provided through a quarterly transfer of 9% from the Education Improvement fund, which receives 44.5% of lottery proceeds. The first transfer to the Gap Assistance program took place in October 2016, with the first transfer to the community colleges occurring shortly after.

GAP ASSISTANCE REPORTING

The Nebraska Community College Student Performance and Occupational Education Grant Committee provides direction for the Gap Assistance program, and the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education administers the program. At the direction of the committee, community colleges are required to report basic demographic, program, and employment data for each participant to gauge the effectiveness of the Gap Assistance program.

Summary

The fourth year of the Gap Assistance program shows a decrease in both applications and participants accepted into the program partially as a result of Covid-19. Metropolitan Community College led the way with 46% of the total number of approved participants in 2019-20 followed by Central Community College with 16%.

Training Status (as of fiscal year end)	2016-17	2017-18	2018-2019	2019-20	Cumulative
Number of Completed Applications	144	187	269	223	823
Number of Approved Participants	127	173	242	211	753

Training Status (as of June 30, 2020)	CCC	MCC	MPCC	NECC	SCC	WNCC	Total
Number of Completed Applications	147	344	63	115	111	43	823
Number of Approved Participants	123	344	41	107	98	40	753
As of June 30, 2020							
Total Allocation	\$787,002	\$2,014,417	\$325,816	\$641,805	\$1,651,387	\$349,361	\$5,769,788
Remaining Balance	\$335,182	\$606,317	\$225,150	\$482,444	\$1,418,501	\$276,680	\$3,344,274

As of August 19, 2020, there were 271 approved programs in the 12 in-demand occupational areas eligible for Gap Assistance funding [See Appendix 1]. Health services and business management and administrative services were the most utilized programs in FY2019-20 followed by transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics programs. [See Table 5 for FY2019-20 figures and Table 13 for cumulative figures.]

Of the 211 approved participants of the Gap Assistance program during FY2019-20, 84 (39.8%) were male and 127 (60.2%) were female compared to FY2018-19 when 58.7% were male and 41.3% were female. Both males and females 26-30 years of age took the greatest advantage of the program during its fourth year. [See Table 7 for FY2019-20 figures and Table 15 for cumulative figures.]

The top in-demand fields of male participants during FY2019-20 were transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics; and business management and administrative services. The top in-demand field for female participants for the fourth year in a row was health services. [See Table 8 for FY2019-20 figures and Table 16 for cumulative figures.]

Of the approximately \$695,000 in direct costs incurred by the community colleges during FY2019-20, 92% was used for tuition, 6% was used for direct training costs, 1% was used for books and equipment, and <1% was used for fees. This compares with the first year of the program when \$175,377 of costs were incurred and 59% was used for tuition, 30% was used for direct training costs, 10% was used for books and equipment, and 1% was used for fees.

**Table 1: Gap Assistance Program Summary
All Community Colleges - 2019-20**

Fiscal Year Budget	
Carry Forward from Prior Fiscal Year	\$2,693,928
Current Year Allocation	\$1,451,992
Total Available for Current Fiscal Year	<u>\$4,145,920</u>

Community College Line Item Expenses	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Year End Total
Direct Costs:					
Tuition	276,592	58,090	178,521	127,788	640,991
Direct training costs	3,139	7,916	28,940	3,400	43,395
Required books and equipment	2,886	2,352	2,563	1,618	9,419
Fees	418	449	225	45	1,137
Subtotal	283,035	68,807	210,249	132,851	694,942
Administrative Costs:					
Staff support/admin	27,328	29,234	28,337	21,805	106,704
Total	310,363	98,041	238,586	154,656	801,646
Carried Forward to Next Fiscal Year					3,344,274

Training Status	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Year End *
Number of Completed Applications	73	22	85	43	223
Number of Approved Participants	72	17	80	42	211
Status of Approved Participants					
Waiting to Participate	0	9	1	6	7
Enrolled, not completed	61	11	62	30	84
Completed Training	33	31	15	36	115
Completion Rate (cumulative)	92%	78%	68%	75%	79%
Did Not Complete Training	3	9	7	12	31

* As of June 30, 2020

Employment Status	Year End Total
New Employment within their Field	53
Retained Employment	14
Unemployed but Continuing Further Education	9
Looking for Work/Unemployed	9
Deceased	0
No Response/Unable to Contact	30
Overall Employment Rate of Respondents *	88%
Overall New Employment Rate of Respondents *	70%

* Employment rate based on program completers who responded to survey attempts and are not continuing with further education. Actual employment rates may be higher or lower than indicated in the table.

**Table 2: Gap Assistance Program Summary
by College - 2019-20**

<i>College</i>	<i>Fiscal Year Allocation</i>	<i>Available Funds *</i>	<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<i>Completed Applications</i>	<i>Approved Participants</i>
Central Community College	\$200,520	\$400,137	\$64,955	24	17
Metropolitan Community College	\$522,136	\$1,213,622	\$607,305	119	119
Mid-Plains Community College	\$74,923	\$251,822	\$26,672	19	16
Northeast Community College	\$163,698	\$526,827	\$44,383	31	30
Southeast Community College	\$405,875	\$1,463,117	\$44,616	22	21
Western Nebraska Community College	\$84,840	\$290,396	\$13,716	8	8
Total	\$1,451,992	\$4,145,921	\$801,647	223	211

* Available funds include unspent funds from prior fiscal years.

**Table 3: Gap Assistance Program Expenditures
by College - 2019-20**

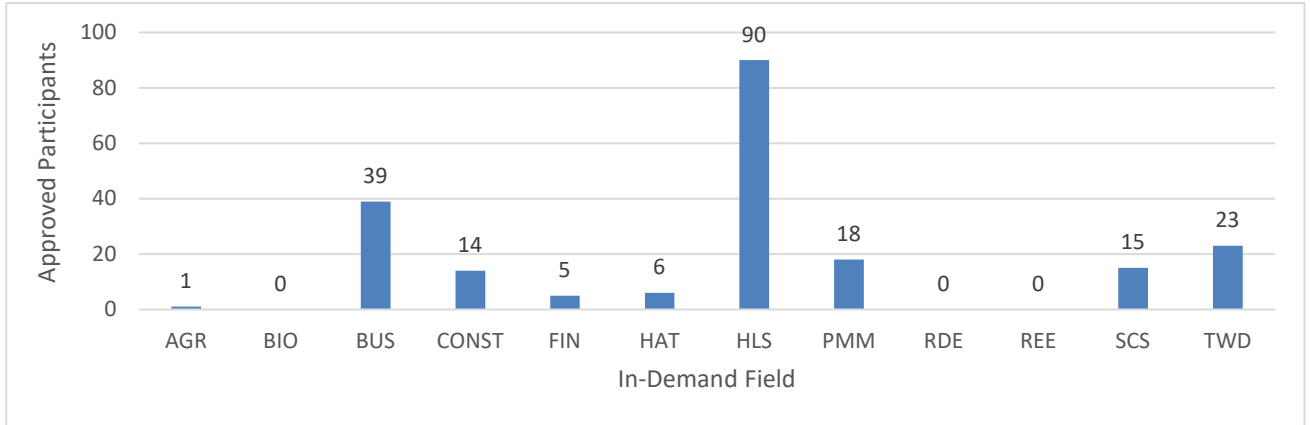
<i>College</i>	<i>Tuition</i>	<i>Direct Training Costs</i>	<i>Books and Equipment</i>	<i>Fees</i>	<i>Staff Support & Admin.</i>
Central Community College	\$0	\$42,590	\$0	\$0	\$22,365
Metropolitan Community College	\$555,091	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$52,214
Mid-Plains Community College	\$16,401	\$805	\$2,971	\$115	\$6,380
Northeast Community College	\$38,352	\$0	\$3,148	\$1,022	\$1,861
Southeast Community College	\$19,660	\$0	\$1,864	\$0	\$23,092
Western Nebraska Community College	\$11,487	\$0	\$1,436	\$0	\$793
Total	\$640,991	\$43,395	\$9,419	\$1,137	\$106,705

**Table 4: Gap Assistance Program Completers
by College - 2019-20**

<i>College</i>	<i>Completed Training *</i>	<i>Did Not Complete</i>	<i>Completion Rate</i>	<i>Cost per Completion</i>
Central Community College	20	3	87%	\$3,248
Metropolitan Community College	56	20	74%	\$10,845
Mid-Plains Community College	11	1	92%	\$2,425
Northeast Community College	23	3	88%	\$1,930
Southeast Community College	2	2	50%	\$22,308
Western Nebraska Community College	3	2	60%	\$4,572
Total	115	31	79%	\$6,971

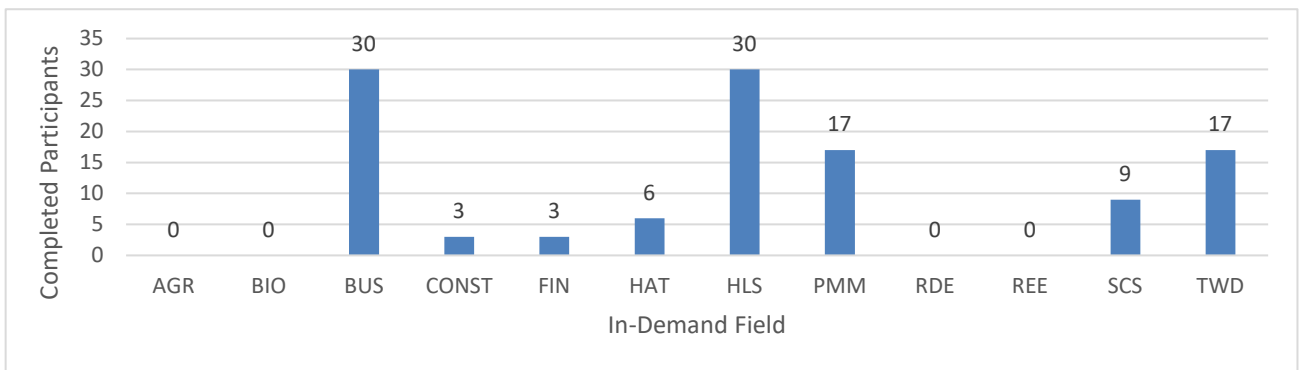
* As of June 30, 2020. Does not include students enrolled but not completed as of June 30, 2020.

**Table 5: Gap Assistance Program Approved Participants
In-Demand Programs of Study Enrolled - 2019-20**



AGR	Agriculture and food processing	HLS	Health services
BIO	Biosciences	PMM	Precision metals manufacturing
BUS	Business management and administrative services	RDE	Research, development, and engineering services
CONST	Construction	REE	Renewable energy
FIN	Financial services	SCS	Software and computer services
HAT	Hospitality and tourism	TWD	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics

**Table 6: Gap Assistance Program Completed Participants
In-Demand Programs of Study Completed - 2019-20**



AGR	Agriculture and food processing	HLS	Health services
BIO	Biosciences	PMM	Precision metals manufacturing
BUS	Business management and administrative services	RDE	Research, development, and engineering services
CONST	Construction	REE	Renewable energy
FIN	Financial services	SCS	Software and computer services
HAT	Hospitality and tourism	TWD	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics

Table 7: Gap Assistance Program Approved Participants by Age and Gender - 2019-20

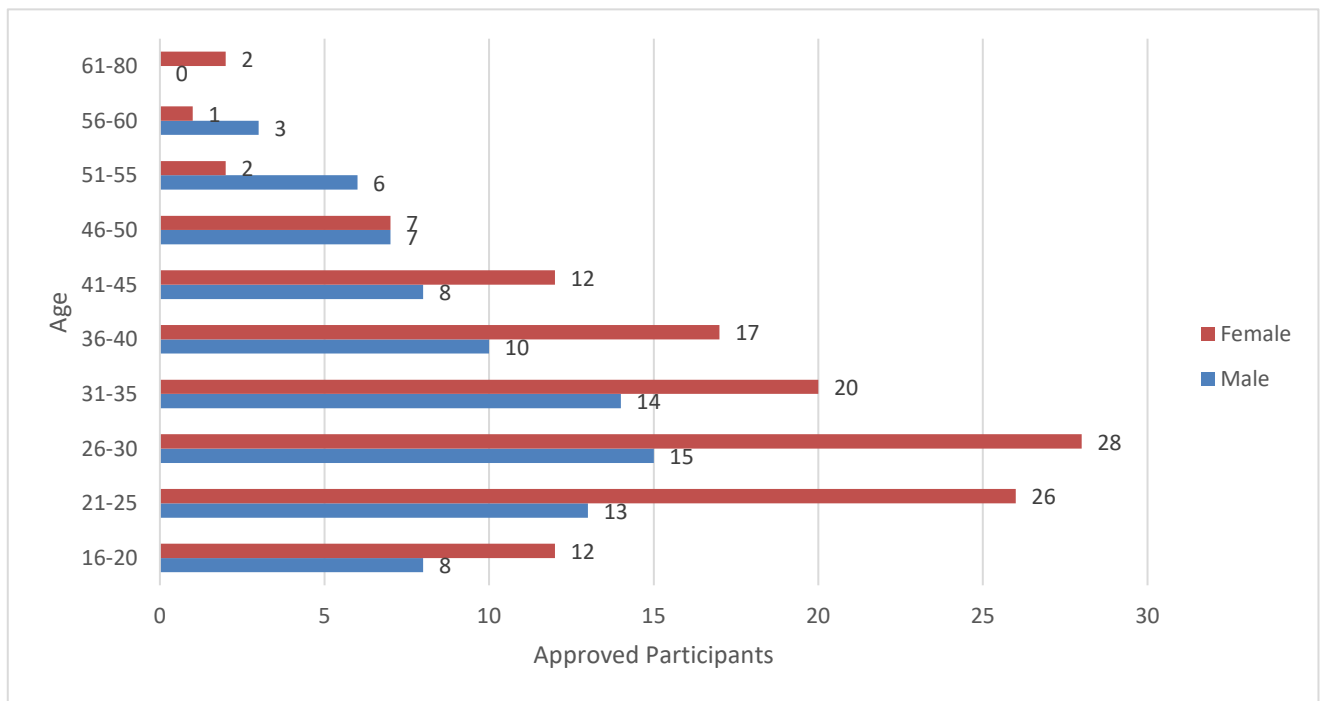
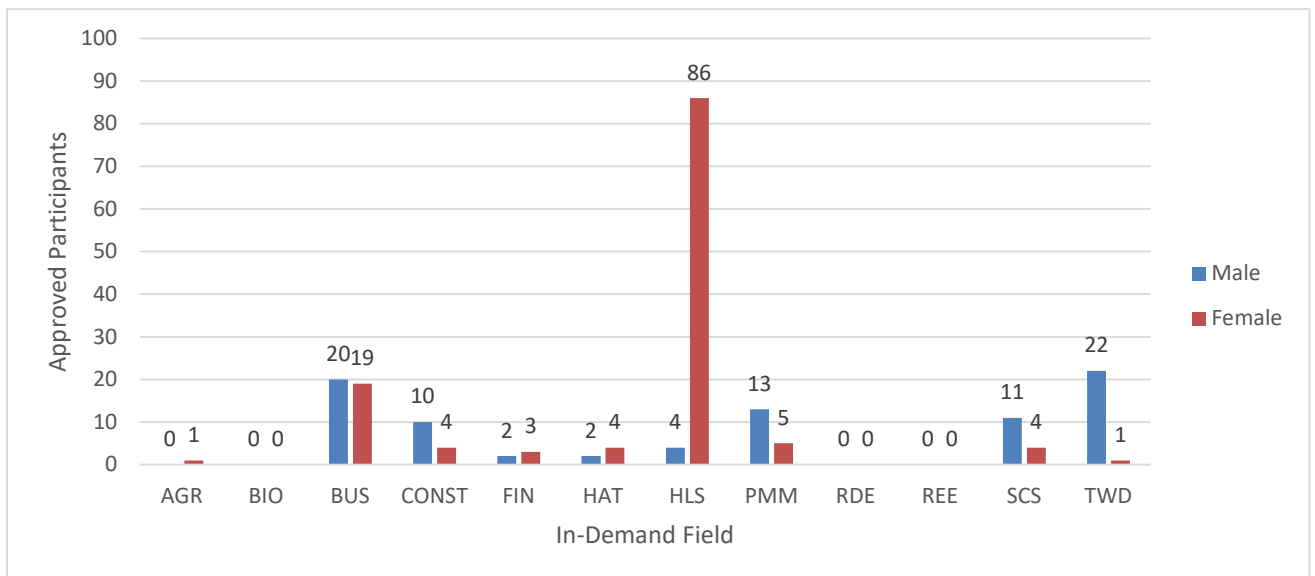


Table 8: Gap Assistance Program Approved Participants In-Demand Field by Gender - 2019-20



- | | | | |
|-------|---|-----|---|
| AGR | Agriculture and food processing | HLS | Health services |
| BIO | Biosciences | PMM | Precision metals manufacturing |
| BUS | Business management and administrative services | RDE | Research, development, and engineering services |
| CONST | Construction | REE | Renewable energy |
| FIN | Financial services | SCS | Software and computer services |
| HAT | Hospitality and tourism | TWD | Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics |

**Table 9: Gap Assistance Program Summary
All Community Colleges - Cumulative**

Fiscal Year Budget	2016-17	2017-18	2018-2019	2019-20	Cumulative
Total Appropriated	\$1,463,247	\$1,464,827	\$1,466,290	\$1,466,992	\$5,861,356
CCPE Administrative Costs	\$49,651	\$17,158	\$9,137	\$11,395	\$87,341
Allocated to Community Colleges	\$1,413,596	\$1,446,000	\$1,458,200	\$1,451,992	\$5,769,788
Community College Line Item Expenses	2016-17	2017-18	2018-2019	2019-20	Cumulative
Direct Costs:					
Tuition	\$97,482	\$228,483	\$554,034	\$640,991	\$1,520,990
Direct training costs	\$75,711	\$130,984	\$141,660	\$43,395	\$391,750
Required books and equipment	\$38,551	\$14,765	\$21,426	\$9,419	\$84,161
Fees	\$2,479	\$988	\$1,202	\$1,137	\$5,806
Subtotal	\$214,223	\$375,220	\$718,322	\$694,942	\$2,002,707
Administrative Costs:					
Staff support/admin	\$97,156	\$107,098	\$111,848	\$106,705	\$422,807
Total	\$311,379	\$482,318	\$830,170	\$801,647	\$2,425,514
Carried Forward to Next Fiscal Year					\$3,344,274

Training Status (as of fiscal year end)	2016-17	2017-18	2018-2019	2019-20	Cumulative
Number of Completed Applications	144	187	269	223	823
Number of Approved Participants	127	173	242	211	753
Status of Approved Participants					
Waiting to Participate	4	8	14	7	15
Enrolled, not completed	33	42	41	84	104
Completed Training	72	122	194	115	503
Completion Rate	77%	75%	81%	79%	78%
Did Not Complete Training	21	40	46	31	138

Employment Status	Cumulative
New Employment within their Field	175
New Employment outside their Field	20
Retained Employment	117
Unemployed but Continuing Further Education	40
Looking for Work/Unemployed	22
Deceased	0
No Response/Unable to Contact	149
Overall Employment Rate of Respondents *	93%
Overall New Employment Rate of Respondents *	56%

* Employment rate based on program completers who responded to survey attempts and are not continuing with further education. Actual employment rates may be higher or lower than indicated in the table.

**Table 10: Gap Assistance Program Summary
by College - Cumulative**

<i>College</i>	<i>Cumulative Allocation</i>	<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<i>Remaining Funds*</i>	<i>Completed Applications</i>	<i>Approved Participants</i>	<i>Completed Training **</i>
Central Community College	\$787,002	\$451,820	\$335,182	147	123	92
Metropolitan Community College	\$2,014,417	\$1,408,100	\$606,317	344	344	226
Mid-Plains Community College	\$325,816	\$100,666	\$225,150	63	41	22
Northeast Community College	\$641,805	\$159,361	\$482,444	115	107	83
Southeast Community College	\$1,651,387	\$232,886	\$1,418,501	111	98	53
Western Nebraska Community College	\$349,361	\$72,681	\$276,680	43	40	27
Total	\$5,769,788	\$2,425,514	\$3,344,274	823	753	503

* Remaining funds include unspent funds from prior fiscal years.

** As of June 30, 2020. Does not include students enrolled but not completed as of June 30, 2020.

**Table 11: Gap Assistance Program Expenditures
by College - Cumulative**

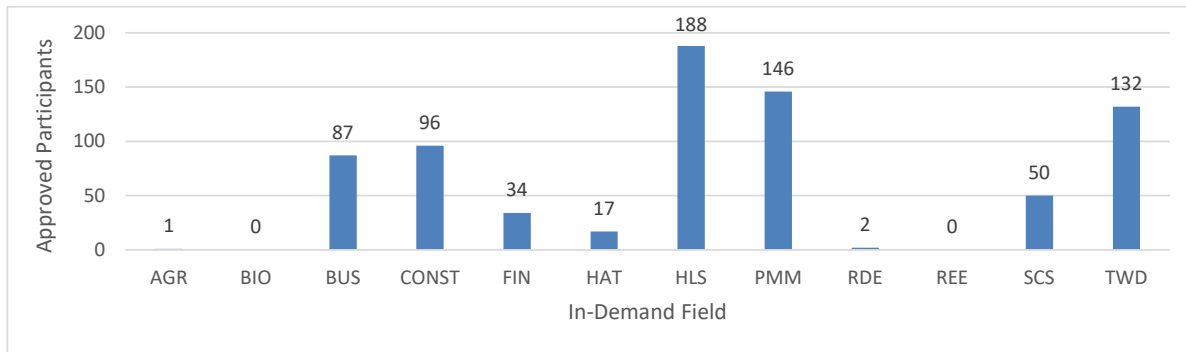
<i>College</i>	<i>Tuition</i>	<i>Direct Training Costs</i>	<i>Books and Equipment</i>	<i>Fees</i>	<i>Staff Support & Admin.</i>	<i>Total Expenditures</i>
Central Community College	\$0	\$343,865	\$0	\$353	\$107,602	\$451,820
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,146,188	\$8,431	\$53,411	\$350	\$199,720	\$1,408,100
Mid-Plains Community College	\$63,793	\$3,015	\$12,438	\$115	\$21,305	\$100,666
Northeast Community College	\$132,732	\$1,316	\$9,541	\$4,988	\$10,784	\$159,361
Southeast Community College	\$111,987	\$35,123	\$5,297	\$0	\$80,479	\$232,886
Western Nebraska Community College	\$66,290	\$0	\$3,474	\$0	\$2,917	\$72,681
Total	\$1,520,990	\$391,750	\$84,161	\$5,806	\$422,807	\$2,425,514

**Table 12: Gap Assistance Program Completers
by College - Cumulative**

<i>College</i>	<i>Completed Training *</i>	<i>Did Not Complete</i>	<i>Completion Rate</i>	<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<i>Cost per Completion</i>
Central Community College	92	28	77%	\$451,820	\$4,911
Metropolitan Community College	226	63	78%	\$1,408,100	\$6,231
Mid-Plains Community College	22	5	81%	\$100,666	\$4,576
Northeast Community College	83	16	84%	\$159,361	\$1,920
Southeast Community College	53	18	75%	\$232,886	\$4,394
Western Nebraska Community College	27	8	77%	\$72,681	\$2,692
Total	503	138	78%	\$2,425,514	\$4,822

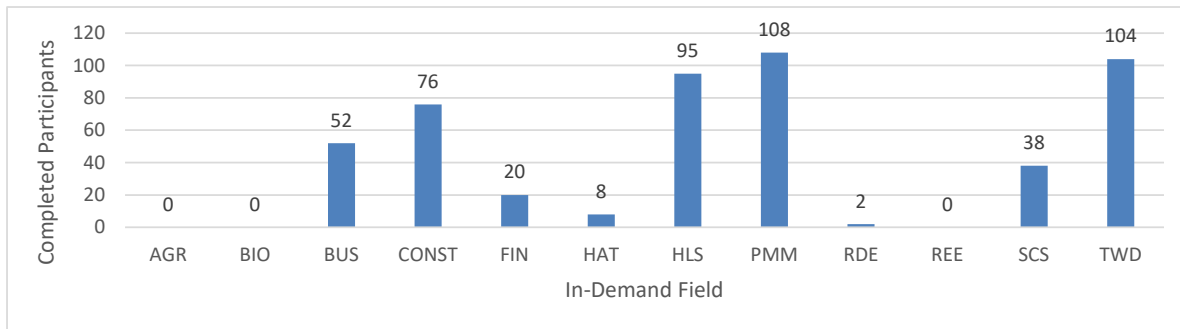
* As of June 30, 2020. Does not include students enrolled but not completed as of June 30, 2020.

**Table 13: Gap Assistance Program Approved Participants
In-Demand Programs of Study Enrolled - Cumulative**



AGR	Agriculture and food processing	HLS	Health services
BIO	Biosciences	PMM	Precision metals manufacturing
BUS	Business management and administrative services	RDE	Research, development, and engineering services
CONST	Construction	REE	Renewable energy
FIN	Financial services	SCS	Software and computer services
HAT	Hospitality and tourism	TWD	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics

**Table 14: Gap Assistance Program Completed Participants
In-Demand Programs of Study Completed - Cumulative**



AGR	Agriculture and food processing	HLS	Health services
BIO	Biosciences	PMM	Precision metals manufacturing
BUS	Business management and administrative services	RDE	Research, development, and engineering services
CONST	Construction	REE	Renewable energy
FIN	Financial services	SCS	Software and computer services
HAT	Hospitality and tourism	TWD	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics

Table 15: Gap Assistance Program Approved Participants by Age and Gender - Cumulative

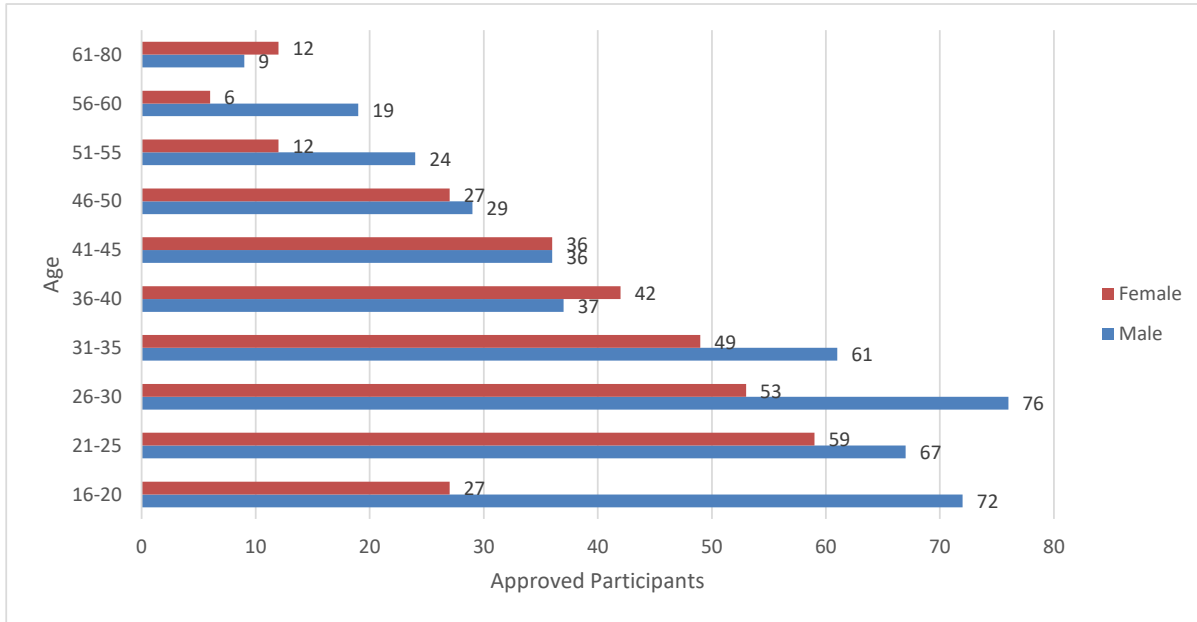
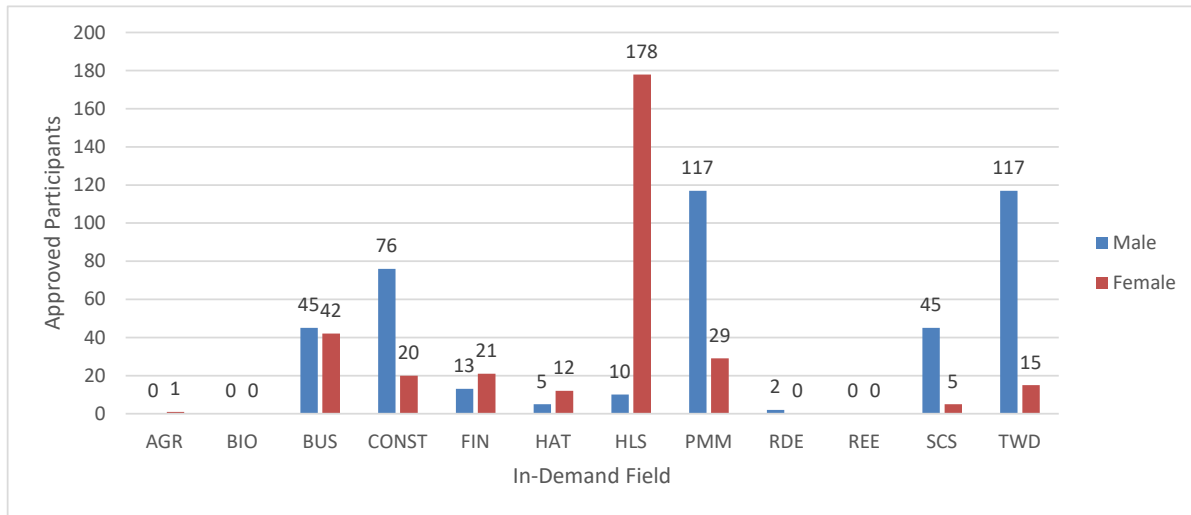


Table 16: Gap Assistance Program Approved Participants In-Demand Field by Gender - Cumulative



AGR	Agriculture and food processing	HLS	Health services
BIO	Biosciences	PMM	Precision metals manufacturing
BUS	Business management and administrative services	RDE	Research, development, and engineering services
CONST	Construction	REE	Renewable energy
FIN	Financial services	SCS	Software and computer services
HAT	Hospitality and tourism	TWD	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics

Approved Gap Assistance Programs of Study As of August 18, 2020

Community College	Gap Program of Study	In-demand Occupation Selection	Length Contact Hours	Length Credit Hours
CCC	200 Hour English, Math, Writing, Computer	Agriculture and food processing	200	
CCC	400 Hour English, Math, Writing, Computer	Agriculture and food processing	400	
CCC	600 Hour English, Math, Writing, Computer	Agriculture and food processing	600	
SCC	Precision Agriculture Certificate	Agriculture and food processing		20
CCC	Intro to Microsoft Office	Business management and administrative services	40	
CCC	Leadership Series	Business management and administrative services	56	
CCC	Micro Soft Office/Leadership Series	Business management and administrative services	80	
MCC	Associate Project Manager	Business management and administrative services	140	
MCC	Associate Project Manager + LSS Green Belt + CPP	Business management and administrative services	257	
MCC	Associate Project Manager + LSS Yellow Belt + CPP	Business management and administrative services	209	
MCC	Associate Project Manager + Workplace Communications	Business management and administrative services	163	
MCC	Customer Service Representative	Business management and administrative services		22.5
MCC	Certified Site Supervisor	Business management and administrative services	66	
MCC	Digital Marketing Program	Business management and administrative services	240	
MCC	Lean Six Sigma Green Belt CPP	Business management and administrative services	128	
MCC	Office Administration Professional Program	Business management and administrative services		22.5
MCC	Project Manager Professional	Business management and administrative services	171	
MCC	Project Manager Professional + LSS Green Belt + CPP	Business management and administrative services	257	
MPCC	Accounting Fundamentals	Business management and administrative services	24	
MPCC	Administrative Assistant with Accounting Emphasis	Business management and administrative services	144	
MPCC	Administrative Assistant (Customer Service, Basic Computers, Basic Microsoft Office, Business Math/Calculators)	Business management and administrative services	30	
MPCC	Medical Administrative Assistant (Medical Admin Assistant with Electronics Health Record Software bundled with Basic QuickBooks) (hybrid course)	Business management and administrative services	291	
MPCC	Entrepreneurship Certificate	Business management and administrative services	48	
MPCC	Paralegal Certificate	Business management and administrative services	90	
MPCC	Records Management Certificate	Business management and administrative services	180	
NECC	Administrative Assistant	Business management and administrative services	30	
NECC	Entrepreneurship	Business management and administrative services	24	
SCC	Business Certificate	Business Management and Administrative Services		15
SCC	Client Relations Certificate	Business Management and Administrative Services		15
SCC	Entrepreneurship Certificate	Business Management and Administrative Services		15
SCC	Event Venue Operations Certificate	Business Management and Administrative Services		15
SCC	Leadership Success Certificate	Business management and administrative services	40	
SCC	Leadership Success Certificate	Business management and administrative services	41	
SCC	Green Belt with Leadership Success Certificate	Business management and administrative services	104	
SCC	Leadership Success Certificate and Microsoft Applications Basic and Intermediate	Business management and administrative services	78	
SCC	LEAN Manufacturing with Fiber Optics Systems and six sigma green belt certification	Business management and administrative services	143	
SCC	Lean Transactional Training	Business management and administrative services	24	
SCC	Six Sigma Green Belt Certification	Business management and administrative services	63	
WNCC	Microsoft Office Specialist Certification Prep	Business management and administrative services	80	
CCC	Concrete Finishing Certificate	Construction	56	
CCC	Concrete Refinisher	Construction	40	
CCC	Concrete Refinisher	Construction	32	
CCC	Concrete Refinisher/Forklift Training	Construction	46	
CCC	Concrete Refinisher/Forklift Training	Construction	38	
CCC	Electrical Fundamentals	Construction		12
CCC	Residential Wiring Certificate	Construction		12
MCC	Carpet Floor Installer	Construction	52	
MCC	Commercial Custodian Certificate	Construction	44	
MCC	Facilities Maintenance + Career Placement Program	Construction	160	
MCC	Hard Surface Floor Installer	Construction	56	
MCC	Professional Floor Installation Technician	Construction	98	
MCC	Sheet Metal Program	Construction	116	
MPCC	Plumbing Apprenticeship Certificate	Construction	47	
MPCC	Tile Installation Program	Construction	20	
SCC	Building Construction Tech Certificate	Construction		16
SCC	Concrete in Practice	Construction	34	
MCC	Insurance Producer Career Placement Program: Life & Health	Financial services	58	
MCC	Insurance Producer Career Placement Program	Financial Services	100	
CCC	Nurse Assisting	Health Services	76	
CCC	Medication Aide	Health Services	40	
CCC	Basic Healthcare Pathway (Nurse Assisting and Medication Aide)	Health Services	116	
MCC	Medical Services Representative	Health services		22.5
MCC	Medical Services Representative + Career Placement Program	Health services	40	22.5
MCC	Pharmacy Technician	Health services	200	

Approved Gap Assistance Programs of Study As of August 18, 2020

Community College	Gap Program of Study	In-demand Occupation Selection	Length Contact Hours	Length Credit Hours
MCC	Youth Industry Certificate	Health Services	20	
MPCC	Emergency Medical Technician I with CPR/First Aid/AID	Health services	75	4
MPCC	Medical Administrative Assistant	Health services	200	
MPCC	Medical Coding and Billing	Health services	638	
MPCC	Medical Transcription & Editing	Health services	640	
MPCC	Medication Aide Course	Health services		3
MPCC	Nursing Assistant Course	Health services		4
MPCC	Medication Aide AND Nursing Assistant Course	Health services		7
MPCC	Medication Aid/Nursing Assistant/Math for Health Occupations	Health services		9
NECC	Certified Pharmacy Technician Exam Preparation	Health services	16	
NECC	CNA (Certified Nurse Aide)	Health services	76	
NECC	Emergency Medical Responder	Health services	60	
NECC	Emergency Medical Responder Technician	Health services	127	
NECC	EMT I and EMT II	Health services	158	
NECC	Healthcare Aide	Health services	121	
NECC	Healthcare Aide - Lapsed CNA License	Health services	49	
NECC	Medication Aide	Health services	45	
SCC	Dental Terminology Course	Health services		3
SCC	Electrocardiogram Tech Course	Health services		3.5
SCC	EMT Course	Health services		8
SCC	Healthcare Services Certificate	Health services		12
SCC	LPN C Course (upgrade in pay if completed)	Health Services	70	
SCC	LPN Refresher and RN/LPN Clinical Course	Health Services	200	
SCC	LPN Refresher and RN/LPN Clinical Course and Leadership Success Certificate	Health Services	240	
SCC	LPN Refresher Course (renew license)	Health Services	110	
SCC	Medication Aide	Health Services	100	
SCC	Medication Aide Course	Health services		2.5
SCC	Nursing Assistant Course	Health services		4
SCC	Nutrition Aide Course	Health services		3.5
SCC	Paramedic Refresher (renew license)	Health Services	40	
SCC	Personal Care Aide Course	Health services		3.5
SCC	Phlebotomist Course	Health services		2
SCC	Physical Therapy Aide Course	Health services		3.5
SCC	RN Refresher Course (renew license)	Health Services	120	
SCC	RN/LPN Clinical	Health services	90	
SCC	Sterile Processing Tech Course	Health services		6
WNCC	Basic Nursing Assistant Training	Health services	80	
WNCC	Basic Nursing Assistant Training	Health services		4.5
WNCC	Basic Nursing Assistant Training and Medication Aide	Health services	120	
WNCC	Basic Nursing Assistant Training and Medication Aide	Health services		7.5
WNCC	Emergency Medical Technician	Health services	152	
WNCC	Emergency Medical Technician	Health services	90	
WNCC	Emergency Medical Technician	Health services		8
WNCC	Medical Assisting	Health services	345	
WNCC	Medical Assisting	Health services	375	
WNCC	Pharmacy Technician Certification Prep	Health services	68	
MPCC	Certificate in Customer Service	Hospitality and tourism	32	
NECC	Food Service and Dietary Management Certificate	Hospitality and tourism	26	
SCC	Culinary/Hospitality Certificate	Hospitality and tourism		15.5
SCC	Dietary Manager Certificate	Hospitality and tourism		12
CCC	10 Hour OSHA General Industry and Forklift	Precision metals manufacturing	16	
CCC	24 Hour Hazwoper	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	30 hour OSHA Construction 29 CFR 1926	Precision metals manufacturing	30	
CCC	30 Hour OSHA General Industry 29 CFR 1910	Precision metals manufacturing	30	
CCC	40 hour Emergency Response	Precision metals manufacturing	40	
CCC	Advanced Programmable Logic Controls	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	Basic and Electrical Pneumatics	Precision metals manufacturing	32	
CCC	Basic Electrical	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	Basic Programmable Logic Controls RS 500	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	Basic RS 5000 logic PLC	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	Basic Welding Training	Precision metals manufacturing	120	
CCC	Basic Welding Training & Basic Welding Training Level II	Precision metals manufacturing	200	
CCC	Basic Welding Training Level II	Precision metals manufacturing	80	
CCC	Comprehensive Industrial Maintenance Series	Precision metals manufacturing	184	
CCC	Decoupled Molding	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	General Manufacturing Certificate	Precision metals manufacturing		12
CCC	Industrial Maintenance Series	Precision metals manufacturing	136	
CCC	Industrial Maintenance - Series 1	Precision metals manufacturing	64	
CCC	Industrial Maintenance - Series 2	Precision metals manufacturing	56	

Approved Gap Assistance Programs of Study As of August 18, 2020

Community College	Gap Program of Study	In-demand Occupation Selection	Length Contact Hours	Length Credit Hours
CCC	Industrial Maintenance - Series 3	Precision metals manufacturing	40	
CCC	Industrial Maintenance - Series 1 & 2	Precision metals manufacturing	120	
CCC	Industrial Maintenance - Series 1, 2 & 3	Precision metals manufacturing	160	
CCC	Industrial Maintenance - Series 2 & 3	Precision metals manufacturing	96	
CCC	Industrial Technology Certificate	Precision metals manufacturing		14
CCC	Injection Molding Series	Precision metals manufacturing	64	
CCC	Injection Molding Series Complete	Precision metals manufacturing	144	
CCC	Intro to Technical Diagrams	Precision metals manufacturing	16	
CCC	Intro to Welding & Blueprint Reading	Precision metals manufacturing	96	
CCC	Mechanical Systems	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	Molding Essentials	Precision metals manufacturing	16	
CCC	Master Molding 1	Precision metals manufacturing	80	
CCC	Motor Controls and Relay Logic	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	Production Welding Certificate	Precision metals manufacturing		13
CCC	Systematic Molding	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
CCC	Variable Frequency Drive	Precision metals manufacturing	16	
MCC	Manufacturing & Production Career Placement Program	Precision metals manufacturing	44	
MPCC	Basic Arc & Gas Welding	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
MPCC	Basic Arc and Gas Welding	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
MPCC	Basic Welding & Safety	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
MPCC	Basic Welding Techniques & Safety	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
MPCC	Oxyacetylene Welding	Precision metals manufacturing	80	
NECC	*NC3 Precision Measurement Certification	Precision metals manufacturing	30	
NECC	24 Hr. Hazwoper	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
NECC	Diversified Manufacturing Boot Camp	Precision metals manufacturing	72	
NECC	Gas Metal Arc Welding (GMAW) MIG	Precision metals manufacturing	60	
NECC	Gas Metal (Mig) and Flux Cored Arc Welding	Precision metals manufacturing	90	
NECC	Manufacturing Maintenance	Precision metals manufacturing	390	
NECC	Manufacturing Maintenance - Electrical & Instrumentation Pathway	Precision metals manufacturing	180	
NECC	Manufacturing Maintenance - Electrical & Instrumentation Pathway Level 1	Precision metals manufacturing	120	
NECC	Manufacturing Maintenance - Electrical & Instrumentation Pathway Level 2	Precision metals manufacturing	60	
NECC	Manufacturing Maintenance - Mechanical Pathway	Precision metals manufacturing	230	
NECC	Manufacturing Maintenance - Mechanical Pathway Level 1	Precision metals manufacturing	110	
NECC	Manufacturing Maintenance - Mechanical Pathway Level 2	Precision metals manufacturing	120	
NECC	OSHA 10 Hour and Safety (10 hour card)	Precision metals manufacturing	30	
NECC	OSHA 30 Hour and Safety (30 hour card)	Precision metals manufacturing	32	
NECC	Precision Measurement	Precision metals manufacturing	18	
SCC	Advanced Allen-Bradley PLC	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Advanced Automation Direct PLC Programming	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Advanced Precision Machining	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Basic Allen Bradley PLC	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Basic Automation Direct PLC	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Basic Precision Machining	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Basic RS5000/LOGIX	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Basic Welding	Precision metals manufacturing	30	
SCC	Basic Welding with Variable Frequency Drives (VFD)	Precision metals manufacturing	46	
SCC	Electrical Code	Precision metals manufacturing	30	
SCC	Electrical Fundamentals	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Electrical Fundamentals and Troubleshooting with Motor Controls and Relay Logic	Precision metals manufacturing	72	
SCC	Electrical Series	Precision metals manufacturing	344	
SCC	Electrical Troubleshooting	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Gas Metal Arc Welding	Precision metals manufacturing	60	
SCC	High Pressure Engineering	Precision metals manufacturing	144	
SCC	Industrial Measurement, Sensors & Controls	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Industrial Pneumatics	Precision metals manufacturing	32	
SCC	Introduction to Manufacturing Skills	Precision metals manufacturing	16	
SCC	Lean Manufacturing	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Manufacturing Technician Level 1	Precision metals manufacturing	46	
SCC	Motor Controls and Relay Logic	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	PLC Operator Interface Programming	Precision metals manufacturing	24	
SCC	Variable Frequency Drives	Precision metals manufacturing	16	
SCC	Welding Essentials Course	Precision metals manufacturing	560	
SCC	Welding Technology Certificate	Precision metals manufacturing		16.5
WNCC	Welding I	Precision metals manufacturing	135	
WNCC	Welding II	Precision metals manufacturing	240	
WNCC	Wire Welding Certification	Precision metals manufacturing		6

Approved Gap Assistance Programs of Study As of August 18, 2020

Community College	Gap Program of Study	In-demand Occupation Selection	Length Contact Hours	Length Credit Hours
WNCC	Stick Welding Certification	Precision metals manufacturing		6
WNCC	TIG Welding Certification	Precision metals manufacturing		6
NECC	*NC3 Building Performance Certificate, NC3 = National Coalition of Cert. Centers	Renewable energy	16	
NECC	*NC3 Torque Certification	Renewable energy	30	
NECC	608 FREON Certification ESCO Institute	Renewable energy	16	
NECC	Vibralign Laser Alignment Certification	Renewable energy	30	
SCC	Energy Generations Operations Certificate	Renewable energy		13
NECC	Drafting-Architectural	Research, development, and engineering services	21	
MCC	3D and Virtual Reality Designer and Developer Program	Software and computer services	159	
MCC	Cisco Certified Network Technician	Software and computer services		18
MCC	Code School	Software and computer services	432	
MCC	Code School + CPP	Software and computer services	472	
MCC	Fiber Optics Technician	Software and computer services	152	
MCC	IT Desktop Support Technician	Software and computer services		18
MCC	IT Operations Specialist	Software and computer services	284	
	A+ Network Programming Certificate	Software and computer services	64	
MPCC	Digital Arts	Software and computer services	32	
MPCC	Digital Arts Certificate	Software and computer services	360	
MPCC	Network +/A+ Certificates	Software and computer services	96	
NECC	Cisco Networking I	Software and computer services	75	
NECC	Cisco Networking II	Software and computer services	75	
NECC	Cisco Networking III	Software and computer services	75	
NECC	Cisco Networking IV	Software and computer services	75	
NECC	Microsoft Certified Programming	Software and computer services	60	
SCC	A+ (IT Technician)	Software and computer services	42	
SCC	Backend Software Developer Coding Bootcamp	Software and computer services	27	
SCC	CCNA 1-2, 3-4 with A+	Software and computer services	250	
SCC	CCNA 1-2, 3-4 with A+ and Fiber Optics Systems	Software and computer services	306	
SCC	CCNA 1-2, 3-4 with A+, N+ and Fiber Optics Systems	Software and computer services	341	
SCC	CCNA 1 & 2	Software and computer services	104	
SCC	CCNA 3 & 4	Software and computer services	104	
SCC	Certified Fiber Optic Specialist/Testing & Maintenance	Software and computer services	16	
SCC	Certified Fiber Optic Technician	Software and computer services	24	
SCC	Certified Fiber Optic Specialist/Splicing	Software and computer services	16	
SCC	CompTIA N+	Software and computer services	35	
SCC	Designer Software Certificate	Software and computer services		20.5
SCC	Fiber Optics Systems	Software and Computer Services	56	
SCC	Fiber Optics Systems with Basic Welding and Variable Drives	Software and computer services	102	
SCC	Fiber Optics Systems with CCNA 1-2 and 3-4	Software and Computer Services	264	
SCC	Fiber Optics Systems with CompTIA N+	Software and Computer Services	91	
SCC	Fiber Optics Systems with CompTIA N+ and A+	Software and Computer Services	133	
SCC	Fiber Optics Systems with Leadership Success Certificate	Software and Computer Services	97	
SCC	Fiber Optics Systems with LEAN Manufacturing	Software and Computer Services	80	
SCC	Fiber Optics Systems with LEAN Manufacturing and Networking	Software and Computer Services	288	
SCC	Geographic Info System (GIS) Tech Certificate	Software and computer services		18
SCC	Microsoft Applications: Basic (Word, Excel, PowerPoint)	Software and computer services	21	
SCC	Microsoft Applications: Basic and Intermediate	Software and Computer Services	38	
SCC	Microsoft Applications: Basic and Intermediate with Leadership Success Certificate	Software and Computer Services	78	
SCC	Microsoft Applications: Intermediate (Word, Excel, Adobe Acrobat DC Pro)	Software and computer services	17	
SCC	Residential Designer Certificate	Software and computer services		17.5
WNCC	CompTIA A+ and Network+ Certification	Software and computer services	128	
WNCC	CompTIA A+ Certification	Software and computer services	48	
WNCC	CompTIA Network+ Certification	Software and computer services	48	
CCC	Truck Driving	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics		12
MCC	Automotive Express Lane Technician Certificate	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	120	
MCC	CDL A Certification	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	113	
MCC	Class A CDL Driver Training + Career Placement Program	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	40	15.5
MCC	CDL Class B Certificate	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	60	
MPCC	Commercial Driver License Basics-Class B	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	20	
MPCC	Fuel Systems Certificate	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics		15
NECC	*NC3 Automotive Scanner Diagnostics Certification	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	30	
NECC	*NC3 Electrical Meter Certification	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	30	
NECC	60-Hour CDL Training with Transport Quality Assurance Certification (TQA)	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	60	
NECC	Basic CDL Theory and Lab (A or B CDL)	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	56	
NECC	Professional Truck Driving Training	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	240	
NECC	Remedial CDL Training	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	40	

Approved Gap Assistance Programs of Study As of August 18, 2020

Community College	Gap Program of Study	In-demand Occupation Selection	Length Contact Hours	Length Credit Hours
SCC	Professional Truck Driving Training Course	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics		8.5
WNCC	Commercial Truck Driver Class A	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	110	
WNCC	Commercial Truck Driver Class A	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	150	
WNCC	Commercial Truck Driver Class A 20 Hour	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	20	
WNCC	Commercial Truck Driver Class A 40 Hour	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	40	
WNCC	Commercial Truck Driver Class B	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	140	
SECC	Fiber Optics Systems with Basic Welding and Variable Drives	Software and computer services	102	
SECC	Fiber Optics Systems with CCNA 1-2 and 3-4	Software and Computer Services	264	
SECC	Fiber Optics Systems with CompTIA N+	Software and Computer Services	91	
SECC	Fiber Optics Systems with CompTIA N+ and A+	Software and Computer Services	133	
SECC	Fiber Optics Systems with Leadership Success Certificate	Software and Computer Services	97	
SECC	Fiber Optics Systems with LEAN Manufacturing	Software and Computer Services	80	
SECC	Fiber Optics Systems with LEAN Manufacturing and Networking	Software and Computer Services	288	
SECC	Microsoft Applications: Basic (Word, Excel, PowerPoint)	Software and computer services	21	
SECC	Microsoft Applications: Basic and Intermediate	Software and Computer Services	38	
SECC	Microsoft Applications: Basic and Intermediate with Leadership Success Certificate	Software and Computer Services	78	
SECC	Microsoft Applications: Intermediate (Word, Excel, Prezi)	Software and computer services	17	
WNCC	CompTIA A+ and Network+ Certification	Software and computer services	128	
WNCC	CompTIA A+ Certification	Software and computer services	48	
WNCC	CompTIA Network+ Certification	Software and computer services	48	
CCC	Truck Driving	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics		12
CCC	Production Welding Certificate	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics		13
MCC	Automotive Express Lane Technician Certificate	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	120	
MCC	CDL A Certification	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	113	
MCC	CDL Class B Certificate	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	60	
MPCC	Certified Green Supply Chain Professional	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	60	
MPCC	Commercial Driver License Basics-Class B	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	20	
MPCC	Freight Broker / Agent Training	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	150	
MPCC	Professional Truck Driving	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	158	
NECC	*NC3 Automotive Scanner Diagnostics Certification	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	30	
NECC	*NC3 Electrical Meter Certification	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	30	
NECC	60-Hour CDL Training with Transport Quality Assurance Certification (TQA)	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	60	
NECC	Basic CDL Theory and Lab (A or B CDL)	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	56	
NECC	Professional Truck Driving Training	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	240	
NECC	Remedial CDL Training	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	40	
WNCC	Commercial Truck Driver Class A	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	110	
WNCC	Commercial Truck Driver Class A 20 Hour	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	20	
WNCC	Commercial Truck Driver Class B	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics	140	

Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education

Changes Made and Important Notes: 2020 Measuring Accomplishments Packet

Overall Changes:

- N/A

National Comparisons:

- Percentage of family income needed to pay for full-time enrollment at public institutions (2017-2018): Midwestern Higher Education Compact (MHEC) no longer reports data for families in the lowest income quintile. Instead, data is reported for low-income families using the federal poverty level for a family of four. Also added details to the data dictionary on federal poverty level, median family income, and average net price.

Peer Comparisons:

- We updated the peer groups for Chadron State College, Peru State College, and Wayne State College.
- Graduation rates – 150 percent of normal time by race/ethnicity and low-income status (Pell): We skipped a year of data (for cohorts 2012 and 2015) as data was available for cohorts 2013 and 2016.
- Median federal loan debt of graduates: College Scorecard has not released updated data for this variable since the previous report, so information from FY2017 and FY2018 pooled cohorts is repeated this year.

Non-Comparative Measures:

- Nebraska's WIOA measure of postsecondary participation by GED completers (2018): The cohort definition changed substantially since we last received updated information from Adult Ed at NDE. The section heading was updated to reflect the changes. Additionally, page 12 of the data dictionary details the very specific group of students that were examined for this variable.

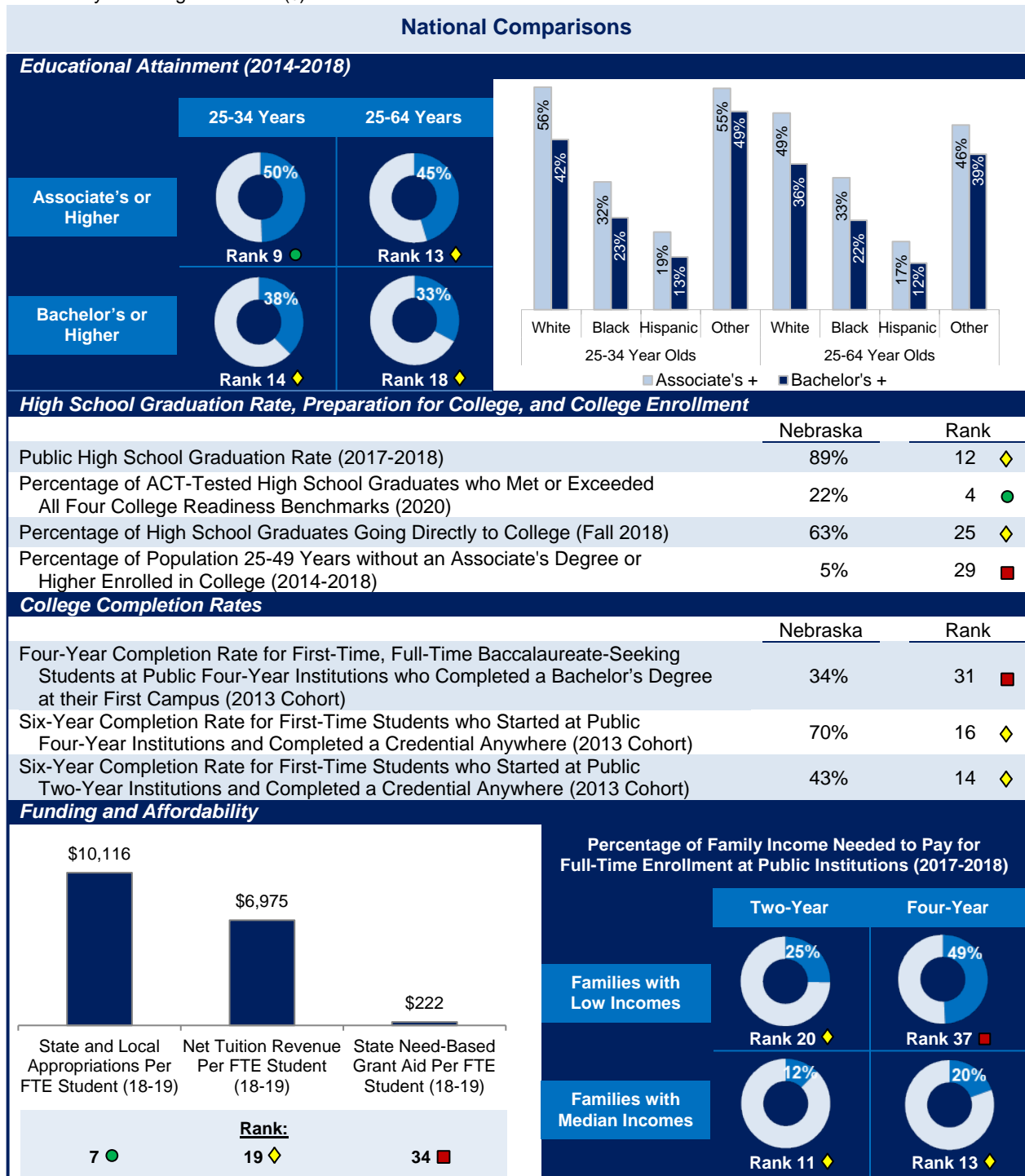
Data Dictionary:

- N/A

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Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education 2020 Measuring Accomplishments

Nebraska is committed to measuring its progress toward achieving the major statewide goals through national comparisons and institutional peer comparisons. It is the aim of the *Comprehensive Plan* that, when rank order is appropriate, Nebraska will rank among the ten best states in national comparisons, and individual public institutions will rank among the five best institutions in peer comparisons. For national comparisons, ranking in the top 10 is noted by a green circle (●), ranking 11 to 25 is noted by a yellow diamond (◆), and ranking 26 to 50 is noted by a red square (■). For peer comparisons, ranking in the top five is noted by a green circle (●) while ranking in the bottom six is noted by an orange diamond (◆).



Data sources: U.S. Census Bureau (educational attainment, percent of population without an associate's degree enrolled in college); U.S. Department of Education (public high school graduation rate); ACT (college readiness benchmarks); Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (high school graduates going directly to college); Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (four-year completion rate); National Student Clearinghouse (six-year completion rates); State Higher Education Executive Officers Association (state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition revenue per FTE student); National Association of State Student Grant and Aid Programs (state need-based grant aid per FTE student); Midwestern Higher Education Compact (family income needed to pay net price for full-time enrollment). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
NCTA	Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture	NE	335	37%
ILCC	Iowa Lakes Community College	IA	2,051	24%
LATI	Lake Area Technical Institute	SD	2,245	36%
MTI	Mitchell Technical Institute	SD	1,198	38%
MSC	Morrisville State College	NY	2,986	56%
NCTC	Northland Community and Technical College	MN	3,500	30%
OSAT	Ohio State University Agricultural Technical Institute	OH	687	31%
SOCC	South Central College	MN	2,746	41%
STCM	State Technical College of Missouri	MO	1,471	34%
SUNY	SUNY College of Agriculture and Technology at Cobleskill	NY	2,278	51%
VTC	Vermont Technical College	VT	1,632	31%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
NCTA	1%	0%	2%	1%	0%	4%	92%
ILCC	1%	5%	5%	0%	3%	0%	85%
LATI	1%	1%	2%	2%	0%	0%	93%
MTI	1%	1%	2%	3%	0%	2%	91%
MSC	1%	21%	8%	0%	3%	3%	64%
NCTC	1%	7%	5%	2%	1%	4%	80%
OSAT	1%	1%	3%	0%	0%	2%	93%
SOCC	1%	11%	10%	0%	1%	3%	73%
STCM	0%	1%	2%	0%	0%	2%	94%
SUNY	2%	12%	12%	0%	0%	3%	70%
VTC	1%	2%	2%	0%	2%	18%	76%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2016 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
NCTA	NA	NA	100%	NA	0%	44%	◆ 43%	● 53%
ILCC	33%	42%	30%	0%	0%	57%	52%	60%
LATI	83%	100%	70%	53%	NA	73%	72%	67%
MTI	100%	50%	50%	38%	60%	75%	73%	66%
MSC	50%	28%	22%	25%	37%	39%	35%	33%
NCTC	25%	16%	33%	50%	24%	46%	40%	36%
OSAT	NA	33%	0%	100%	0%	55%	53%	42%
SOCC	43%	13%	18%	NA	18%	31%	27%	25%
STCM	NA	75%	83%	67%	67%	74%	74%	79%
SUNY	33%	35%	28%	0%	NA	50%	44%	40%
VTC	100%	0%	100%	50%	33%	54%	55%	46%

Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)

	First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
NCTA	◆ 47%	◆ 0%	● 61%	● 50%
ILCC	57%	15%	35%	24%
LATI	75%	47%	NA	NA
MTI	69%	26%	77%	40%
MSC	32%	43%	51%	58%
NCTC	42%	23%	59%	41%
OSAT	38%	0%	47%	17%
SOCC	30%	17%	46%	36%
STCM	63%	28%	83%	89%
SUNY	46%	14%	52%	40%
VTC	53%	0%	79%	75%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)

ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
NCTA	\$11,050	\$3,230	\$18,510	\$53,644	\$12,865	\$10,765	\$11,110	36%	-
ILCC	\$13,062	\$3,971	\$20,881	\$87,526	\$9,947	\$8,411	\$6,939	30%	\$10,957
LATI	\$4,700	\$5,526	\$10,131	\$24,800	\$11,400	\$9,287	\$10,862	71%	\$12,000
MTI	\$3,715	\$5,604	\$11,870	\$28,297	\$11,382	\$9,349	\$10,566	51%	\$12,000
MSC	\$15,187	\$4,522	\$26,816	\$105,126	\$19,016	\$15,995	\$18,766	70%	\$17,422
NCTC	\$6,594	\$3,625	\$14,739	\$33,755	\$9,992	\$8,516	\$9,246	35%	\$14,230
OSAT	\$6,214	\$7,107	\$20,287	\$55,427	\$17,606	\$13,854	\$14,808	48%	-
SOCC	\$6,876	\$3,731	\$16,099	\$53,614	\$9,928	\$8,609	\$9,309	39%	\$13,310
STCM	\$3,423	\$5,849	\$15,511	\$41,477	\$7,646	\$9,576	\$10,432	51%	\$10,000
SUNY	\$14,956	\$4,819	\$27,364	\$97,266	\$15,974	\$12,984	\$14,937	65%	\$16,250
VTC	\$5,258	\$16,159	\$29,968	\$63,713	\$20,604	\$17,010	\$18,780	58%	\$12,000

Note. Median federal loan debt data for NCTA includes information for UNL and NCTA graduates combined. Therefore, the available information is not representative of the debt incurred by NCTA's graduates and is not included in this report. Additionally, median federal loan debt data is not included for Ohio State University Agricultural Technical Institute (OSAT) as the data reported includes information for four Ohio State University institutions/campuses combined. Therefore, the available information is not representative of the debt incurred by OSAT's graduates and is not included in this report.

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: cpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: University of Nebraska at Kearney

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
UNK	University of Nebraska at Kearney	NE	4,484	37%
EIU	Eastern Illinois University	IL	6,012	36%
ESU	Emporia State University	KS	3,569	35%
MSUM	Minnesota State University Moorhead	MN	4,828	29%
NWMS	Northwest Missouri State University	MO	5,654	32%
PSU	Pittsburg State University	KS	5,402	34%
SUP	Shippensburg University of Pennsylvania	PA	5,487	32%
UCM	University of Central Missouri	MO	9,300	31%
WCU	Western Carolina University	NC	10,027	38%
WIU	Western Illinois University	IL	6,754	49%
WSU	Winona State University	MN	7,237	27%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
UNK	1%	2%	12%	0%	8%	2%	75%
EIU	3%	17%	13%	0%	2%	2%	63%
ESU	1%	4%	7%	0%	7%	10%	70%
MSUM	2%	4%	3%	1%	6%	4%	80%
NWMS	1%	5%	4%	0%	3%	4%	83%
PSU	1%	4%	6%	1%	4%	6%	78%
SUP	2%	11%	6%	0%	1%	4%	76%
UCM	1%	9%	5%	0%	3%	4%	77%
WCU	1%	6%	7%	1%	2%	4%	80%
WIU	1%	21%	13%	0%	1%	3%	60%
WSU	2%	3%	4%	0%	3%	3%	84%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2013 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
UNK	50%	21%	51%	0%	21%	60%	56%	47%
EIU	55%	36%	40%	33%	36%	61%	53%	43%
ESU	75%	37%	41%	0%	37%	53%	50%	39%
MSUM	33%	30%	44%	22%	30%	56%	53%	43%
NWMS	60%	30%	40%	33%	30%	55%	52%	41%
PSU	23%	31%	46%	42%	31%	55%	52%	41%
SUP	48%	40%	63%	67%	40%	62%	58%	53%
UCM	58%	37%	48%	67%	37%	55%	51%	38%
WCU	72%	59%	59%	71%	59%	63%	62%	58%
WIU	47%	33%	45%	40%	33%	63%	51%	40%
WSU	56%	39%	47%	100%	39%	61%	59%	49%

Four-Year Graduation Rates (2013 Cohort) and Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)

ID	Four-Year Graduation Rate	Graduation Status at Six Years			
		First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
UNK	27%	59%	6%	61%	27%
EIU	36%	55%	39%	72%	51%
ESU	29%	44%	41%	59%	60%
MSUM	34%	47%	21%	59%	51%
NWMS	33%	49%	12%	58%	31%
PSU	29%	47%	33%	64%	65%
SUP	40%	51%	38%	62%	41%
UCM	30%	47%	16%	61%	40%
WCU	43%	58%	12%	65%	72%
WIU	33%	50%	34%	69%	44%
WSU	37%	61%	20%	65%	62%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
UNK	\$8,766	\$6,237	\$17,082	\$69,521	\$15,890	\$13,078	\$13,417	44%	● \$19,500
EIU	\$6,771	\$5,540	\$18,730	\$58,626	\$14,146	\$12,350	\$11,316	55%	\$22,500
ESU	\$6,469	\$7,372	\$15,898	\$48,327	\$14,319	\$11,624	\$11,964	66%	\$19,590
MSUM	\$5,942	\$5,811	\$16,247	\$53,812	\$16,589	\$12,484	\$12,279	56%	\$21,300
NWMS	\$4,861	\$7,285	\$13,241	\$54,558	\$12,765	\$9,990	\$9,863	57%	\$22,500
PSU	\$5,750	\$5,607	\$13,676	\$52,680	\$13,847	\$10,638	\$11,973	55%	\$19,676
SUP	\$5,352	\$8,995	\$20,878	\$74,193	\$20,308	\$16,461	\$18,021	69%	\$25,500
UCM	\$5,685	\$6,998	\$15,541	\$47,567	\$13,098	\$10,608	\$12,022	51%	\$22,250
WCU	\$12,114	\$4,023	\$14,844	\$57,787	\$12,965	\$9,188	\$11,358	59%	\$22,328
WIU	\$6,290	\$6,864	\$25,872	\$80,400	\$15,802	\$13,942	\$14,526	68%	\$25,000
WSU	\$5,562	\$5,954	\$15,671	\$59,376	\$16,617	\$12,381	\$13,606	60%	\$23,000

Research and Development Expenditures (National Science Foundation, 2018)				
ID	Extramural Funds	Institutional Funds	All Sources	Federal Sources (Not Including Medical Science Research)
UNK	● \$1,829,000	\$810,000	\$2,639,000	● \$1,056,000
PSU	\$2,253,000	\$0	\$2,253,000	\$181,000
WCU	\$1,301,000	\$206,000	\$1,507,000	\$901,000
WIU	\$2,006,000	\$460,000	\$2,466,000	\$1,551,000

Note. Institutions not listed were not participants in the National Science Foundation's Higher Education Research and Development Survey.

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, four-year graduation rates, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates); National Science Foundation (research and development expenditures). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: University of Nebraska-Lincoln

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
UNL	University of Nebraska-Lincoln	NE	20,830	23%
CSUF	Colorado State University-Fort Collins	CO	25,962	23%
ISU	Iowa State University	IA	29,621	21%
LSUA	Louisiana State University & Agricultural & Mechanical College	LA	25,233	22%
UTK	The University of Tennessee-Knoxville	TN	22,815	25%
UI	University of Iowa	IA	23,989	20%
KU	University of Kansas	KS	19,596	21%
UKY	University of Kentucky	KY	22,136	23%
UMC	University of Missouri-Columbia	MO	22,484	21%
UON	University of Oklahoma-Norman Campus	OK	22,152	23%
WASH	Washington State University	WA	26,098	31%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
UNL	3%	3%	7%	0%	9%	3%	75%
CSUF	3%	2%	14%	0%	4%	4%	72%
ISU	4%	3%	6%	0%	6%	3%	78%
LSUA	5%	13%	7%	0%	2%	2%	71%
UTK	4%	6%	4%	0%	2%	3%	80%
UI	4%	3%	8%	0%	8%	3%	74%
KU	5%	4%	8%	0%	6%	5%	71%
UKY	3%	8%	5%	0%	3%	4%	77%
UMC	3%	8%	4%	0%	3%	4%	78%
UON	7%	5%	10%	4%	5%	9%	61%
WASH	7%	3%	16%	1%	4%	7%	63%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2013 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
UNL	67%	50%	58%	14%	50%	67%	◆ 66%	◆ 58%
CSUF	73%	63%	64%	56%	63%	71%	70%	62%
ISU	64%	55%	60%	77%	55%	77%	74%	65%
LSUA	70%	56%	66%	56%	56%	71%	68%	57%
UTK	79%	64%	65%	70%	64%	73%	72%	62%
UI	68%	56%	67%	29%	56%	74%	72%	60%
KU	73%	47%	57%	64%	47%	69%	67%	52%
UKY	78%	52%	60%	67%	52%	68%	66%	55%
UMC	71%	58%	67%	46%	58%	74%	71%	59%
UON	72%	67%	70%	61%	67%	72%	70%	59%
WASH	60%	43%	50%	42%	43%	63%	60%	50%

Four-Year Graduation Rates (2013 Cohort) and Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)

ID	Four-Year Graduation Rate	Graduation Status at Six Years			
		First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
UNL	◆ 41%	◆ 65%	● 50%	◆ 67%	● 49%
CSUF	45%	71%	40%	74%	48%
ISU	47%	73%	26%	72%	50%
LSUA	41%	66%	28%	63%	36%
UTK	52%	70%	19%	68%	45%
UI	55%	73%	59%	69%	53%
KU	48%	63%	48%	65%	44%
UKY	45%	65%	38%	58%	38%
UMC	48%	68%	38%	68%	54%
UON	44%	67%	26%	60%	42%
WASH	37%	62%	31%	72%	51%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
UNL	\$11,649	\$10,779	\$35,845	\$139,245	\$17,093	\$12,216	\$13,508	41%	◆ \$21,000
CSUF	\$0	\$16,181	\$36,367	\$142,614	\$16,793	\$11,831	\$11,890	42%	\$20,500
ISU	\$7,282	\$11,416	\$30,864	\$114,987	\$15,195	\$10,054	\$10,843	49%	\$22,975
LSUA	\$7,908	\$12,353	\$32,425	\$128,563	\$18,143	\$8,433	\$13,126	31%	\$20,250
UTK	\$12,826	\$12,064	\$38,676	\$150,352	\$21,024	\$10,224	\$13,745	42%	\$20,500
UI	\$7,841	\$15,135	\$44,272	\$148,675	\$17,008	\$12,975	\$15,073	43%	\$22,000
KU	\$9,965	\$12,607	\$43,393	\$154,277	\$19,195	\$14,387	\$15,380	43%	\$21,105
UKY	\$10,769	\$12,963	\$62,486	\$215,190	\$18,958	\$11,848	\$12,872	42%	\$23,102
UMC	\$7,838	\$11,402	\$33,309	\$82,092	\$15,850	\$10,940	\$11,595	40%	\$22,000
UON	\$4,505	\$14,454	\$28,514	\$97,995	\$21,804	\$16,675	\$17,285	36%	\$20,880
WASH	\$8,240	\$9,879	\$29,698	\$110,465	\$18,002	\$9,334	\$11,337	43%	\$20,050

Research and Development Expenditures (National Science Foundation, 2018)				
ID	Extramural Funds	Institutional Funds	All Sources	Federal Sources (Not Including Medical Science Research)
UNL	\$191,306,000	\$116,747,000	\$308,053,000	◆ \$94,938,000
CSUF	\$321,714,000	\$53,241,000	\$374,955,000	\$238,386,000
ISU	\$228,477,000	\$132,729,000	\$361,206,000	\$141,756,000
LSUA	\$184,970,000	\$101,756,000	\$286,726,000	\$76,743,000
UTK	\$178,407,000	\$151,505,000	\$329,912,000	\$141,742,000
UI	\$299,315,000	\$212,658,000	\$511,973,000	\$131,880,000
KU	\$232,714,000	\$106,332,000	\$339,046,000	\$100,269,000
UKY	\$267,773,000	\$125,261,000	\$393,034,000	\$139,266,000
UMC	\$134,167,000	\$122,016,000	\$256,183,000	\$91,655,000
UON	\$214,760,000	\$68,878,000	\$283,638,000	\$112,206,000
WASH	\$226,655,000	\$133,867,000	\$360,522,000	\$126,313,000

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, four-year graduation rates, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates); National Science Foundation (research and development expenditures). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: University of Nebraska Medical Center

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
UNMC	University of Nebraska Medical Center	NE	869	23%
MUSC	Medical University of South Carolina	SC	329	13%
OSU	Ohio State University-Main Campus	OH	46,820	21%
UTK	The University of Tennessee-Knoxville	TN	22,815	25%
UA	University of Arizona	AZ	34,153	29%
UCON	University of Connecticut	CT	19,133	22%
UI	University of Iowa	IA	23,989	20%
KU	University of Kansas	KS	19,596	21%
UKY	University of Kentucky	KY	22,136	23%
UU	University of Utah	UT	24,743	26%
VCU	Virginia Commonwealth University	VA	23,693	29%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
UNMC	2%	1%	7%	0%	0%	2%	87%
MUSC	3%	11%	6%	0%	0%	2%	78%
OSU	7%	7%	4%	0%	9%	4%	69%
UTK	4%	6%	4%	0%	2%	3%	80%
UA	6%	4%	27%	1%	7%	5%	51%
UCON	11%	6%	11%	0%	10%	3%	58%
UI	4%	3%	8%	0%	8%	3%	74%
KU	5%	4%	8%	0%	6%	5%	71%
UKY	3%	8%	5%	0%	3%	4%	77%
UU	6%	1%	13%	0%	5%	6%	69%
VCU	14%	20%	10%	0%	3%	7%	46%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2013 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
UNMC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MUSC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
OSU	89%	74%	79%	91%	74%	87%	86%	79%
UTK	79%	64%	65%	70%	64%	73%	72%	62%
UA	70%	54%	61%	34%	54%	68%	65%	56%
UCON	86%	71%	80%	75%	71%	86%	84%	80%
UI	68%	56%	67%	29%	56%	74%	72%	60%
KU	73%	47%	57%	64%	47%	69%	67%	52%
UKY	78%	52%	60%	67%	52%	68%	66%	55%
UU	75%	60%	56%	44%	60%	70%	70%	55%
VCU	74%	67%	64%	60%	67%	67%	67%	63%

Four-Year Graduation Rates (2013 Cohort) and Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)

ID	Four-Year Graduation Rate	Graduation Status at Six Years			
		First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
UNMC	NA	NA	NA	95%	90%
MUSC	NA	NA	NA	95%	NA
OSU	62%	82%	39%	70%	53%
UTK	52%	70%	19%	68%	45%
UA	47%	63%	28%	69%	54%
UCON	73%	83%	47%	80%	47%
UI	55%	73%	59%	69%	53%
KU	48%	63%	48%	65%	44%
UKY	45%	65%	38%	58%	38%
UU	33%	66%	25%	70%	58%
VCU	45%	62%	30%	68%	65%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
UNMC	\$39,268	\$15,734	\$114,274	\$400,546	NA	NA	NA	59%	● \$15,000
MUSC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70%	\$12,500
OSU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38%	\$20,500
UTK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42%	\$20,500
UA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37%	\$20,000
UCON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45%	\$21,500
UI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43%	\$22,000
KU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43%	\$21,105
UKY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42%	\$23,102
UU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31%	\$17,500
VCU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49%	\$23,250

Note. UNMC is fundamentally different from most of its peers because it is limited to health occupation degrees and does not enroll first-time undergraduate students. As a result, most measures are not appropriate for comparison.

Research and Development Expenditures (National Institutes of Health, 2019)	
ID	Total Health Sciences School Research
UNMC	◆ \$84,896,726
MUSC	\$123,871,544
OSU	\$157,168,726
UTK	\$41,815,368
UA	\$128,344,733
UCON	\$53,826,037
UI	\$149,676,743
KU	\$74,872,339
UKY	\$140,414,789
UU	\$167,665,022
VCU	\$70,071,984

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, four-year graduation rates, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates); Blue Ridge Institute for Medical Research (research and development expenditures). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: University of Nebraska at Omaha

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
UNO	University of Nebraska at Omaha	NE	12,430	35%
CSU	Cleveland State University	OH	11,999	41%
EMU	Eastern Michigan University	MI	16,022	39%
NKU	Northern Kentucky University	KY	11,914	29%
UTC	The University of Tennessee-Chattanooga	TN	10,239	34%
UCO	University of Central Oklahoma	OK	13,840	38%
UCCS	University of Colorado, Colorado Springs	CO	10,951	31%
UMSL	University of Missouri-St Louis	MO	13,460	23%
UNCG	University of North Carolina at Greensboro	NC	16,641	49%
UNF	University of North Florida	FL	14,583	30%
WSU	Wichita State University	KS	13,006	33%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
UNO	4%	6%	14%	0%	4%	5%	66%
CSU	4%	15%	7%	0%	6%	4%	64%
EMU	3%	19%	5%	0%	2%	4%	67%
NKU	1%	7%	3%	0%	3%	3%	83%
UTC	2%	10%	5%	0%	2%	3%	77%
UCO	4%	9%	12%	4%	5%	10%	56%
UCCS	4%	4%	19%	0%	1%	8%	64%
UMSL	5%	14%	3%	0%	2%	2%	73%
UNCG	5%	30%	10%	0%	2%	5%	47%
UNF	5%	9%	13%	0%	2%	5%	65%
WSU	7%	6%	12%	1%	9%	4%	60%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2013 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
UNO	54%	25%	40%	20%	25%	53%	50%	45%
CSU	54%	20%	35%	20%	20%	54%	46%	37%
EMU	59%	30%	43%	33%	30%	53%	46%	42%
NKU	50%	35%	45%	60%	35%	47%	46%	34%
UTC	50%	39%	32%	0%	39%	50%	48%	40%
UCO	45%	21%	38%	36%	21%	35%	36%	30%
UCCS	55%	36%	44%	0%	36%	46%	45%	38%
UMSL	67%	31%	44%	43%	31%	55%	52%	45%
UNCG	71%	64%	57%	80%	64%	55%	59%	57%
UNF	79%	65%	59%	NA	65%	68%	67%	67%
WSU	50%	40%	44%	17%	40%	53%	50%	39%

Four-Year Graduation Rates (2013 Cohort) and Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)

ID	Four-Year Graduation Rate	Graduation Status at Six Years			
		First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
UNO	◆ 24%	● 46%	◆ 15%	◆ 51%	◆ 39%
CSU	27%	43%	28%	56%	44%
EMU	19%	40%	12%	55%	45%
NKU	26%	39%	15%	58%	52%
UTC	28%	45%	0%	59%	41%
UCO	14%	37%	7%	51%	33%
UCCS	25%	43%	19%	56%	40%
UMSL	32%	56%	10%	61%	37%
UNCG	38%	54%	31%	62%	48%
UNF	35%	63%	21%	72%	57%
WSU	23%	46%	17%	58%	33%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
UNO	\$5,995	\$7,322	\$16,427	\$62,546	\$12,899	\$10,490	\$11,460	40%	● \$20,250
CSU	\$5,495	\$10,116	\$19,287	\$65,397	\$16,219	\$14,213	\$14,975	59%	\$22,750
EMU	\$5,117	\$10,888	\$16,610	\$53,984	\$16,078	\$13,904	\$14,136	64%	\$26,000
NKU	\$4,478	\$9,570	\$18,348	\$75,362	\$9,412	\$4,156	\$6,295	46%	\$24,484
UTC	\$5,504	\$6,433	\$18,074	\$76,309	\$13,927	\$8,108	\$10,515	48%	\$21,184
UCO	\$4,501	\$7,814	\$15,837	\$61,090	\$15,894	\$12,297	\$13,381	42%	\$21,000
UCCS	\$0	\$10,971	\$17,176	\$76,697	\$16,221	\$13,103	\$12,643	43%	\$21,500
UMSL	\$5,900	\$9,109	\$22,941	\$72,516	\$7,977	\$7,401	\$6,838	29%	\$20,750
UNCG	\$9,932	\$6,171	\$19,096	\$76,847	\$11,108	\$8,853	\$10,808	60%	\$22,586
UNF	\$6,661	\$5,008	\$15,394	\$52,390	\$9,857	\$5,097	\$5,942	34%	\$16,467
WSU	\$6,858	\$8,728	\$28,926	\$101,986	\$13,849	\$11,642	\$12,543	48%	\$21,625

Research and Development Expenditures (National Science Foundation, 2018)				
ID	Extramural Funds	Institutional Funds	All Sources	Federal Sources (Not Including Medical Science Research)
UNO	● \$9,468,000	\$3,475,000	\$12,943,000	● \$5,018,000
CSU	\$63,241,000	\$20,400,000	\$83,641,000	\$48,840,000
EMU	\$1,706,000	\$4,894,000	\$6,600,000	\$1,522,000
NKU	\$1,058,000	\$595,000	\$1,653,000	\$890,000
UTC	\$3,164,000	\$4,421,000	\$7,585,000	\$1,490,000
UCO	\$1,912,000	\$3,192,000	\$5,104,000	\$1,127,000
UCCS	\$5,433,000	\$543,000	\$5,976,000	\$4,079,000
UMSL	\$8,413,000	\$3,853,000	\$12,266,000	\$4,836,000
UNCG	\$18,316,000	\$4,427,000	\$22,743,000	\$14,842,000
UNF	\$6,032,000	\$3,962,000	\$9,994,000	\$3,818,000
WSU	\$69,823,000	\$11,314,000	\$81,137,000	\$18,703,000

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, four-year graduation rates, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates); National Science Foundation (research and development expenditures). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Chadron State College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
CSC	Chadron State College	NE	1,920	37%
BHSU	Black Hills State University	SD	3,745	26%
EOU	Eastern Oregon University	OR	2,744	43%
MSU	Minot State University	ND	2,915	22%
NSU	Northern State University	SD	3,051	17%
NWMS	Northwest Missouri State University	MO	5,654	32%
NWOS	Northwestern Oklahoma State University	OK	1,773	45%
PSC	Peru State College	NE	1,851	35%
TSU	Truman State University	MO	5,504	21%
WSU	Wayne State College	NE	2,975	36%
WCU	Western Colorado University	CO	2,606	21%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
CSC	1%	3%	11%	1%	2%	4%	78%
BHSU	1%	2%	5%	4%	2%	5%	81%
EOU	5%	2%	11%	2%	1%	5%	74%
MSU	2%	6%	7%	2%	9%	4%	70%
NSU	2%	2%	3%	2%	5%	3%	83%
NWMS	1%	5%	4%	0%	3%	4%	83%
NWOS	1%	8%	11%	8%	2%	2%	68%
PSC	1%	7%	7%	0%	1%	3%	80%
TSU	3%	4%	3%	0%	7%	4%	79%
WSU	1%	3%	8%	1%	2%	3%	81%
WCU	1%	3%	16%	1%	0%	4%	74%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2013 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
CSC	50%	14%	37%	0%	35%	49%	◆ 45%	● 39%
BHSU	50%	80%	19%	21%	43%	39%	38%	28%
EOU	24%	31%	28%	14%	25%	29%	27%	18%
MSU	80%	50%	19%	33%	41%	45%	45%	35%
NSU	25%	25%	33%	25%	18%	51%	48%	36%
NWMS	60%	30%	40%	33%	40%	55%	52%	41%
NWOS	33%	24%	28%	22%	40%	34%	31%	23%
PSC	25%	4%	31%	0%	19%	39%	34%	22%
TSU	85%	63%	68%	0%	71%	77%	75%	67%
WSU	67%	38%	51%	25%	16%	53%	51%	44%
WCU	40%	39%	29%	100%	65%	55%	51%	38%

Four-Year Graduation Rates (2013 Cohort) and Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)

ID	Four-Year Graduation Rate	Graduation Status at Six Years			
		First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
CSC	◆ 27%	◆ 41%	◆ 0%	◆ 55%	● 33%
BHSU	19%	33%	16%	42%	24%
EOU	17%	27%	7%	56%	40%
MSU	24%	36%	8%	51%	39%
NSU	31%	43%	4%	51%	18%
NWMS	33%	49%	12%	58%	31%
NWOS	17%	27%	5%	42%	27%
PSC	21%	36%	29%	52%	46%
TSU	60%	74%	20%	63%	39%
WSU	34%	50%	17%	58%	28%
WCU	28%	42%	0%	61%	29%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)

ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
CSC	\$8,870	\$5,140	\$16,458	\$57,401	\$14,203	\$12,553	\$11,172	49%	● \$19,277
BHSU	\$3,564	\$6,134	\$16,319	\$73,312	\$15,861	\$14,142	\$14,206	45%	\$26,000
EOU	\$8,925	\$7,546	\$19,608	\$60,403	\$14,835	\$10,822	\$11,631	50%	\$20,917
MSU	\$7,949	\$6,221	\$15,578	\$57,046	\$11,635	\$8,923	\$8,187	40%	\$19,000
NSU	\$7,859	\$5,770	\$20,561	\$101,641	\$15,575	\$13,133	\$12,861	29%	\$22,616
NWMS	\$4,861	\$7,285	\$13,241	\$54,558	\$12,765	\$9,990	\$9,863	57%	\$22,500
NWOS	\$4,611	\$4,967	\$12,950	\$52,750	\$9,660	\$7,491	\$7,767	42%	\$15,229
PSC	\$6,123	\$3,883	\$13,624	\$52,599	\$13,902	\$12,005	\$12,946	42%	\$22,750
TSU	\$7,785	\$5,012	\$14,763	\$57,443	\$12,912	\$7,564	\$8,269	39%	\$21,168
WSU	\$7,173	\$4,732	\$15,204	\$69,429	\$13,770	\$10,333	\$11,534	55%	\$19,500
WCU	\$0	\$10,806	\$19,122	\$88,001	\$17,328	\$13,018	\$14,744	42%	\$22,980

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, four-year graduation rates, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Peru State College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
PSC	Peru State College	NE	1,851	35%
BHSU	Black Hills State University	SD	3,745	26%
CSC	Chadron State College	NE	1,920	37%
CU	Concord University	WV	1,729	49%
EOU	Eastern Oregon University	OR	2,744	43%
FSU	Fairmont State University	WV	3,674	42%
MSU	Minot State University	ND	2,915	22%
NWOS	Northwestern Oklahoma State University	OK	1,773	45%
VCSU	Valley City State University	ND	1,404	22%
WSU	Wayne State College	NE	2,975	36%
WLU	West Liberty University	WV	2,225	39%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
PSC	1%	7%	7%	0%	1%	3%	80%
BHSU	1%	2%	5%	4%	2%	5%	81%
CSC	1%	3%	11%	1%	2%	4%	78%
CU	1%	6%	1%	0%	5%	2%	84%
EOU	5%	2%	11%	2%	1%	5%	74%
FSU	1%	5%	2%	0%	2%	3%	87%
MSU	2%	6%	7%	2%	9%	4%	70%
NWOS	1%	8%	11%	8%	2%	2%	68%
VCSU	1%	2%	5%	1%	2%	4%	85%
WSU	1%	3%	8%	1%	2%	3%	81%
WLU	0%	3%	1%	0%	3%	2%	90%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2013 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
PSC	25%	4%	31%	0%	19%	39%	34%	22%
BHSU	50%	80%	19%	21%	43%	39%	38%	28%
CSC	50%	14%	37%	0%	35%	49%	45%	39%
CU	50%	29%	29%	33%	NA	41%	40%	30%
EOU	24%	31%	28%	14%	25%	29%	27%	18%
FSU	20%	21%	28%	0%	50%	44%	41%	35%
MSU	80%	50%	19%	33%	41%	45%	45%	35%
NWOS	33%	24%	28%	22%	40%	34%	31%	23%
VCSU	50%	25%	45%	0%	0%	54%	50%	40%
WSU	67%	38%	51%	25%	16%	53%	51%	44%
WLU	100%	56%	17%	50%	50%	45%	45%	44%

Four-Year Graduation Rates (2013 Cohort) and Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)

ID	Four-Year Graduation Rate	Graduation Status at Six Years			
		First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
PSC	21%	36%	29%	52%	46%
BHSU	19%	33%	16%	42%	24%
CSC	27%	41%	0%	55%	33%
CU	24%	34%	17%	44%	41%
EOU	17%	27%	7%	56%	40%
FSU	26%	36%	11%	48%	40%
MSU	24%	36%	8%	51%	39%
NWOS	17%	27%	5%	42%	27%
VCSU	31%	35%	17%	49%	56%
WSU	34%	50%	17%	58%	28%
WLU	30%	47%	100%	36%	38%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)

ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
PSC	\$6,123	\$3,883	\$13,624	\$52,599	\$13,902	\$12,005	\$12,946	42%	◆ \$22,750
BHSU	\$3,564	\$6,134	\$16,319	\$73,312	\$15,861	\$14,142	\$14,206	45%	\$26,000
CSC	\$8,870	\$5,140	\$16,458	\$57,401	\$14,203	\$12,553	\$11,172	49%	\$19,277
CU	\$4,353	\$3,489	\$13,181	\$54,528	\$9,201	\$7,729	\$8,260	71%	\$18,750
EOU	\$8,925	\$7,546	\$19,608	\$60,403	\$14,835	\$10,822	\$11,631	50%	\$20,917
FSU	\$4,366	\$3,664	\$13,560	\$54,192	\$9,733	\$7,595	\$8,114	56%	\$22,250
MSU	\$7,949	\$6,221	\$15,578	\$57,046	\$11,635	\$8,923	\$8,187	40%	\$19,000
NWOS	\$4,611	\$4,967	\$12,950	\$52,750	\$9,660	\$7,491	\$7,767	42%	\$15,229
VCSU	\$8,164	\$5,870	\$18,863	\$57,081	\$12,386	\$7,026	\$8,434	44%	\$20,431
WSU	\$7,173	\$4,732	\$15,204	\$69,429	\$13,770	\$10,333	\$11,534	55%	\$19,500
WLU	\$3,442	\$6,548	\$11,801	\$46,977	\$13,980	\$12,018	\$12,167	61%	\$23,250

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, four-year graduation rates, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Wayne State College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
WSC	Wayne State College	NE	2,975	36%
BHSU	Black Hills State University	SD	3,745	26%
CSC	Chadron State College	NE	1,920	37%
ESU	Emporia State University	KS	3,569	35%
MSU	Minot State University	ND	2,915	22%
NSU	Northern State University	SD	3,051	17%
NWMS	Northwest Missouri State University	MO	5,654	32%
NWOS	Northwestern Oklahoma State University	OK	1,773	45%
PSC	Peru State College	NE	1,851	35%
SMSU	Southwest Minnesota State University	MN	6,692	11%
UWRF	University of Wisconsin-River Falls	WI	5,726	28%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
WSC	1%	3%	8%	1%	2%	3%	81%
BHSU	1%	2%	5%	4%	2%	5%	81%
CSC	1%	3%	11%	1%	2%	4%	78%
ESU	1%	4%	7%	0%	7%	10%	70%
MSU	2%	6%	7%	2%	9%	4%	70%
NSU	2%	2%	3%	2%	5%	3%	83%
NWMS	1%	5%	4%	0%	3%	4%	83%
NWOS	1%	8%	11%	8%	2%	2%	68%
PSC	1%	7%	7%	0%	1%	3%	80%
SMSU	2%	2%	4%	0%	2%	3%	87%
UWRF	3%	1%	4%	0%	2%	3%	87%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2013 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
WSC	67%	38%	51%	25%	16%	53%	51%	44%
BHSU	50%	80%	19%	21%	43%	39%	38%	28%
CSC	50%	14%	37%	0%	35%	49%	45%	39%
ESU	75%	37%	41%	0%	35%	53%	50%	39%
MSU	80%	50%	19%	33%	41%	45%	45%	35%
NSU	25%	25%	33%	25%	18%	51%	48%	36%
NWMS	60%	30%	40%	33%	40%	55%	52%	41%
NWOS	33%	24%	28%	22%	40%	34%	31%	23%
PSC	25%	4%	31%	0%	19%	39%	34%	22%
SMSU	54%	24%	41%	0%	27%	54%	50%	41%
UWRF	33%	50%	19%	0%	43%	61%	58%	52%

Four-Year Graduation Rates (2013 Cohort) and Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)

ID	Four-Year Graduation Rate	Graduation Status at Six Years			
		First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
WSC	34%	50%	17%	58%	28%
BHSU	19%	33%	16%	42%	24%
CSC	27%	41%	0%	55%	33%
ESU	29%	44%	41%	59%	60%
MSU	24%	36%	8%	51%	39%
NSU	31%	43%	4%	51%	18%
NWMS	33%	49%	12%	58%	31%
NWOS	17%	27%	5%	42%	27%
PSC	21%	36%	29%	52%	46%
SMSU	35%	45%	13%	59%	42%
UWRF	37%	52%	12%	62%	56%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)

ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
WSC	\$7,173	\$4,732	\$15,204	\$69,429	\$13,770	\$10,333	\$11,534	55%	● \$19,500
BHSU	\$3,564	\$6,134	\$16,319	\$73,312	\$15,861	\$14,142	\$14,206	45%	\$26,000
CSC	\$8,870	\$5,140	\$16,458	\$57,401	\$14,203	\$12,553	\$11,172	49%	\$19,277
ESU	\$6,469	\$7,372	\$15,898	\$48,327	\$14,319	\$11,624	\$11,964	66%	\$19,590
MSU	\$7,949	\$6,221	\$15,578	\$57,046	\$11,635	\$8,923	\$8,187	40%	\$19,000
NSU	\$7,859	\$5,770	\$20,561	\$101,641	\$15,575	\$13,133	\$12,861	29%	\$22,616
NWMS	\$4,861	\$7,285	\$13,241	\$54,558	\$12,765	\$9,990	\$9,863	57%	\$22,500
NWOS	\$4,611	\$4,967	\$12,950	\$52,750	\$9,660	\$7,491	\$7,767	42%	\$15,229
PSC	\$6,123	\$3,883	\$13,624	\$52,599	\$13,902	\$12,005	\$12,946	42%	\$22,750
SMSU	\$5,820	\$3,826	\$13,245	\$67,010	\$14,658	\$10,801	\$11,410	20%	\$21,500
UWRF	\$3,354	\$5,881	\$14,952	\$61,746	\$13,530	\$8,366	\$10,124	58%	\$21,000

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, four-year graduation rates, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Central Community College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
CCC	Central Community College	NE	6,354	25%
BHC	Black Hawk College	IL	4,333	29%
CCCC	Central Carolina Community College	NC	5,190	28%
EAC	Eastern Arizona College	AZ	6,040	18%
HCC	Hutchinson Community College	KS	5,574	26%
IHCC	Indian Hills Community College	IA	3,918	33%
ICCC	Iowa Central Community College	IA	5,390	34%
JC	Jackson College	MI	5,083	48%
LCCC	Laramie County Community College	WY	4,097	23%
PJC	Paris Junior College	TX	4,959	32%
SC	Shasta College	CA	9,105	34%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
CCC	2%	3%	22%	1%	0%	0%	73%
BHC	3%	11%	14%	0%	0%	4%	68%
CCCC	2%	17%	20%	1%	1%	3%	57%
EAC	1%	3%	20%	6%	1%	2%	67%
HCC	1%	6%	12%	1%	1%	3%	76%
IHCC	2%	5%	7%	0%	3%	3%	80%
ICCC	2%	11%	10%	1%	2%	2%	71%
JC	2%	10%	6%	0%	0%	5%	77%
LCCC	1%	2%	16%	1%	1%	4%	76%
PJC	1%	11%	19%	1%	1%	2%	65%
SC	4%	2%	18%	2%	0%	6%	67%

Remedial Student Course Taking and Success (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% of Cohort with Developmental Need in Subject			% Who Needed Developmental Education Who Progressed to Successfully Complete a College-Level Course in the Subject	
		Math	English	Reading	Math	English
CCC	1,090	27%	28%	27%	42%	54%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Two (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2017)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
CCC	1,154	33%	16%	46%	95%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Six (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
CCC	1,090	54%	29%	1%	83%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2016 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
CCC	60%	0%	30%	20%	0%	39%	35%	34%
BHC	67%	12%	29%	0%	11%	36%	33%	25%
CCCC	80%	36%	40%	33%	44%	39%	39%	32%
EAC	64%	29%	43%	25%	33%	43%	40%	20%
HCC	43%	27%	27%	33%	36%	46%	42%	35%
IHCC	14%	33%	26%	50%	25%	41%	38%	33%
ICCC	54%	12%	26%	8%	27%	39%	33%	29%
JC	60%	5%	14%	33%	16%	19%	17%	14%
LCCC	50%	63%	26%	40%	13%	28%	28%	25%
PJC	63%	27%	34%	38%	25%	35%	34%	32%
SC	29%	7%	16%	17%	23%	27%	25%	21%

Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)				
	First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
CCC	● 42%	● 20%	● 64%	● 46%
BHC	26%	12%	29%	10%
CCCC	32%	23%	40%	24%
EAC	40%	11%	44%	31%
HCC	32%	10%	40%	22%
IHCC	35%	15%	55%	23%
ICCC	37%	15%	51%	45%
JC	20%	7%	13%	15%
LCCC	30%	6%	36%	19%
PJC	24%	16%	22%	7%
SC	31%	16%	42%	22%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
CCC	\$14,209	\$2,022	\$21,148	\$31,483	\$8,408	\$6,332	\$7,241	17%	● \$6,860
BHC	\$12,617	\$2,663	\$15,566	\$71,553	\$6,206	\$3,234	\$4,827	10%	\$7,500
CCCC	\$9,687	\$1,246	\$14,965	\$39,744	\$6,429	\$5,373	\$5,117	0%	Privacy Suppressed
EAC	\$6,618	\$862	\$9,972	\$21,977	\$6,299	\$5,912	\$6,117	0%	Privacy Suppressed
HCC	\$7,457	\$1,881	\$12,719	\$41,503	\$8,168	\$6,159	\$6,606	18%	\$9,750
IHCC	\$7,972	\$4,530	\$17,200	\$53,221	\$7,057	\$5,644	\$5,646	36%	\$11,375
ICCC	\$7,222	\$4,195	\$13,752	\$44,366	\$10,239	\$7,979	\$8,734	35%	\$11,000
JC	\$5,079	\$3,701	\$12,149	\$48,324	\$9,004	\$7,145	\$8,697	33%	\$13,402
LCCC	\$13,380	\$3,796	\$18,576	\$59,834	\$5,647	\$3,879	\$4,601	28%	\$10,500
PJC	\$3,401	\$2,134	\$7,262	\$25,920	\$7,066	\$6,487	\$6,248	0%	\$4,750
SC	\$7,870	\$660	\$12,798	\$45,131	\$6,518	\$3,669	\$0	5%	\$10,000

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); Voluntary Framework of Accountability (remedial student course taking and success, persistence/attainment by end of year two, persistence/attainment by end of year six); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Metropolitan Community College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
MCC	Metropolitan Community College	NE	14,913	26%
CCAC	Community College of Allegheny County	PA	16,086	32%
DMCC	Des Moines Area Community College	IA	23,474	18%
ERIE	Erie Community College	NY	10,529	41%
GTC	Greenville Technical College	SC	10,864	38%
GTCC	Guilford Technical Community College	NC	10,520	49%
JJC	Joliet Junior College	IL	14,726	21%
MESA	Mesa Community College	AZ	20,387	26%
SJCC	San Jacinto Community College	TX	32,137	23%
TCC	Tulsa Community College	OK	16,475	37%
WTCC	Wake Technical Community College	NC	21,872	31%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
MCC	4%	12%	15%	1%	1%	4%	63%
CCAC	4%	20%	4%	1%	0%	3%	69%
DMCC	5%	7%	9%	0%	1%	2%	76%
ERIE	5%	18%	5%	1%	1%	4%	66%
GTC	2%	20%	11%	0%	1%	4%	62%
GTCC	5%	38%	10%	1%	1%	2%	42%
JJC	3%	9%	28%	0%	0%	4%	55%
MESA	4%	6%	31%	4%	2%	4%	49%
SJCC	5%	9%	60%	0%	1%	2%	22%
TCC	5%	8%	11%	7%	2%	12%	55%
WTCC	5%	24%	13%	0%	3%	3%	51%

Remedial Student Course Taking and Success (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% of Cohort with Developmental Need in Subject			% Who Needed Developmental Education Who Progressed to Successfully Complete a College-Level Course in the Subject	
		Math	English	Reading	Math	English
MCC	1,793	45%	19%	17%	57%	77%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Two (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2017)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
MCC	1,674	10%	16%	61%	86%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Six (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
MCC	1,793	27%	27%	7%	61%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2016 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
MCC	29%	14%	18%	7%	2%	23%	◆ 19%	◆ 17%
CCAC	11%	8%	16%	10%	4%	20%	18%	14%
DMCC	32%	11%	27%	14%	25%	34%	31%	26%
ERIE	30%	11%	18%	7%	14%	31%	25%	22%
GTC	28%	6%	13%	25%	2%	13%	11%	8%
GTCC	27%	14%	24%	0%	15%	27%	22%	19%
JJC	20%	6%	13%	0%	12%	23%	17%	14%
MESA	13%	12%	16%	15%	13%	23%	18%	15%
SJCC	28%	30%	33%	33%	34%	31%	32%	32%
TCC	32%	13%	19%	18%	16%	22%	20%	18%
WTCC	33%	13%	27%	0%	27%	29%	25%	22%

Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)				
	First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
MCC	◆ 16%	◆ 8%	◆ 20%	◆ 12%
CCAC	20%	15%	23%	15%
DMCC	25%	6%	44%	18%
ERIE	27%	13%	39%	27%
GTC	21%	12%	28%	23%
GTCC	20%	16%	24%	18%
JJC	22%	14%	29%	14%
MESA	25%	6%	28%	8%
SJCC	30%	18%	31%	14%
TCC	21%	11%	26%	21%
WTCC	26%	18%	27%	21%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
MCC	\$7,679	\$2,089	\$13,704	\$60,190	\$4,196	\$2,894	\$2,963	13%	● \$7,657
CCAC	\$5,977	\$3,094	\$10,887	\$48,829	\$8,493	\$7,776	\$8,380	22%	\$12,000
DMCC	\$5,052	\$2,911	\$10,243	\$38,818	\$9,481	\$7,776	\$8,543	20%	\$11,000
ERIE	\$6,379	\$4,611	\$16,058	\$56,141	\$4,733	\$3,146	\$4,973	30%	\$9,021
GTC	\$4,270	\$3,165	\$11,644	\$39,732	\$6,992	\$6,575	\$6,468	27%	\$17,006
GTCC	\$8,160	\$1,055	\$12,707	\$35,873	\$9,674	\$7,748	\$8,318	33%	\$15,750
JJC	\$6,847	\$3,409	\$16,815	\$56,842	\$4,558	\$4,699	\$4,134	6%	\$8,977
MESA	\$6,480	\$2,336	\$10,311	\$26,835	\$9,797	\$8,791	\$9,317	13%	\$8,725
SJCC	\$10,797	\$3,331	\$17,442	\$32,305	\$8,858	\$8,232	\$8,502	4%	\$9,500
TCC	\$7,249	\$1,428	\$10,453	\$37,016	\$5,788	\$4,835	\$5,092	22%	\$14,000
WTCC	\$7,212	\$2,200	\$12,476	\$26,016	\$5,758	\$4,607	\$5,307	24%	\$15,100

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); Voluntary Framework of Accountability (remedial student course taking and success, persistence/attainment by end of year two, persistence/attainment by end of year six); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: cpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Mid-Plains Community College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
MPCC	Mid-Plains Community College	NE	2,216	22%
CARL	Carl Sandburg College	IL	1,860	48%
CLOU	Cloud County Community College	KS	1,839	27%
COA	College of the Albemarle	NC	2,557	23%
FVCC	Flathead Valley Community College	MT	2,351	23%
HIGH	Highland Community College	KS	3,109	31%
ILCC	Iowa Lakes Community College	IA	2,051	24%
LMC	Lake Michigan College	MI	3,202	31%
SECC	Southeastern Community College	IA	2,548	31%
SMC	Southwestern Michigan College	MI	2,130	36%
WNCC	Western Nebraska Community College	NE	1,825	27%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
MPCC	1%	2%	8%	1%	2%	2%	85%
CARL	1%	6%	8%	0%	0%	5%	79%
CLOU	1%	5%	8%	0%	6%	4%	76%
COA	2%	13%	5%	0%	3%	3%	74%
FVCC	1%	0%	1%	3%	1%	4%	90%
HIGH	1%	10%	5%	3%	0%	6%	75%
ILCC	1%	5%	5%	0%	3%	0%	85%
LMC	2%	14%	11%	1%	0%	4%	68%
SECC	3%	11%	9%	4%	4%	3%	65%
SMC	2%	11%	5%	1%	0%	3%	77%
WNCC	2%	2%	23%	1%	4%	0%	67%

Remedial Student Course Taking and Success (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% of Cohort with Developmental Need in Subject			% Who Needed Developmental Education Who Progressed to Successfully Complete a College-Level Course in the Subject	
		Math	English	Reading	Math	English
MPCC	482	44%	34%	26%	40%	50%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Two (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2017)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
MPCC	354	46%	13%	27%	86%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Six (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
MPCC	482	47%	23%	2%	72%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2016 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
MPCC	50%	24%	26%	40%	44%	42%	41%	32%
CARL	NA	45%	44%	NA	21%	45%	42%	33%
CLOU	33%	33%	26%	0%	45%	53%	47%	45%
COA	67%	33%	30%	NA	33%	36%	35%	33%
FVCC	20%	0%	33%	20%	30%	30%	29%	30%
HIGH	25%	36%	41%	18%	34%	38%	37%	33%
ILCC	33%	42%	30%	0%	0%	57%	52%	60%
LMC	0%	11%	12%	0%	46%	27%	22%	16%
SECC	0%	35%	0%	20%	0%	38%	31%	21%
SMC	17%	16%	17%	20%	29%	33%	29%	26%
WNCC	50%	31%	26%	0%	NA	31%	30%	26%

Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)				
	First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
MPCC	● 36%	◆ 7%	● 47%	● 26%
CARL	31%	14%	64%	46%
CLOU	33%	10%	48%	31%
COA	38%	15%	51%	19%
FVCC	32%	14%	37%	32%
HIGH	31%	19%	34%	20%
ILCC	57%	15%	35%	24%
LMC	20%	10%	21%	14%
SECC	43%	22%	41%	15%
SMC	26%	10%	22%	21%
WNCC	30%	6%	46%	21%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
MPCC	\$14,535	\$2,120	\$15,422	\$47,968	\$7,380	\$4,795	\$5,061	18%	● \$9,105
CARL	\$9,804	\$4,159	\$20,074	\$43,001	\$2,918	\$1,986	\$1,963	19%	\$3,500
CLOU	\$6,335	\$2,558	\$12,507	\$30,865	\$9,944	\$8,600	\$9,185	20%	\$8,093
COA	\$9,036	\$1,198	\$12,750	\$37,538	\$5,021	\$4,385	\$4,700	0%	Privacy Suppressed
FVCC	\$10,943	\$4,587	\$18,008	\$72,634	\$9,092	\$8,021	\$8,323	17%	\$10,500
HIGH	\$3,130	\$1,408	\$9,959	\$27,535	\$7,099	\$6,680	\$7,478	25%	\$8,247
ILCC	\$13,062	\$3,971	\$20,881	\$87,526	\$9,947	\$8,411	\$6,939	30%	\$10,957
LMC	\$15,803	\$4,024	\$19,118	\$73,515	\$8,918	\$7,182	\$7,885	14%	\$12,500
SECC	\$7,571	\$3,426	\$18,621	\$50,463	\$6,936	\$4,925	\$6,527	41%	\$10,500
SMC	\$9,421	\$4,604	\$17,174	\$71,206	\$8,638	\$6,646	\$8,650	24%	\$12,000
WNCC	\$20,791	\$1,941	\$28,194	\$102,625	\$6,083	\$4,428	\$3,767	16%	\$6,960

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); Voluntary Framework of Accountability (remedial student course taking and success, persistence/attainment by end of year two, persistence/attainment by end of year six); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Northeast Community College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
NECC	Northeast Community College	NE	5,016	23%
CC	Casper College	WY	3,650	21%
CCC	Central Community College	NE	6,354	25%
CROW	Crowder College	MO	4,521	44%
EAC	Eastern Arizona College	AZ	6,040	18%
GC	Grayson College	TX	4,372	32%
HCC	Hutchinson Community College	KS	5,574	26%
IVCC	Illinois Valley Community College	IL	2,958	29%
LBCC	Linn-Benton Community College	OR	5,559	27%
SFCC	State Fair Community College	MO	4,731	41%
WITC	Western Iowa Tech Community College	IA	5,674	27%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
NECC	1%	1%	10%	1%	2%	1%	84%
CC	1%	1%	8%	1%	1%	2%	87%
CCC	2%	3%	22%	1%	0%	0%	73%
CROW	2%	1%	10%	2%	1%	5%	79%
EAC	1%	3%	20%	6%	1%	2%	67%
GC	2%	8%	10%	5%	1%	2%	72%
HCC	1%	6%	12%	1%	1%	3%	76%
IVCC	1%	2%	15%	0%	0%	0%	81%
LBCC	3%	1%	13%	1%	3%	5%	73%
SFCC	1%	4%	7%	1%	0%	3%	84%
WITC	2%	4%	19%	1%	4%	5%	65%

Remedial Student Course Taking and Success (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% of Cohort with Developmental Need in Subject			% Who Needed Developmental Education Who Progressed to Successfully Complete a College-Level Course in the Subject	
		Math	English	Reading	Math	English
NECC	885	23%	19%	15%	37%	76%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Two (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2017)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
NECC	985	46%	8%	34%	88%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Six (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
NECC	885	63%	16%	1%	80%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2016 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
NECC	20%	45%	40%	0%	41%	54%	51%	45%
CC	40%	20%	34%	0%	25%	39%	39%	29%
CCC	60%	0%	30%	20%	0%	39%	35%	34%
CROW	25%	63%	36%	45%	26%	35%	35%	31%
EAC	64%	29%	43%	25%	33%	43%	40%	20%
GC	0%	9%	16%	33%	10%	19%	18%	27%
HCC	43%	27%	27%	33%	36%	46%	42%	35%
IVCC	0%	10%	14%	NA	0%	36%	30%	23%
LBCC	7%	14%	19%	0%	10%	23%	20%	22%
SFCC	17%	24%	25%	0%	25%	34%	32%	28%
WITC	33%	32%	42%	14%	21%	42%	40%	37%

Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)				
	First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
NECC	● 49%	◆ 19%	● 52%	● 33%
CC	41%	19%	49%	37%
CCC	42%	20%	64%	46%
CROW	33%	11%	35%	22%
EAC	40%	11%	44%	31%
GC	23%	20%	29%	31%
HCC	32%	10%	40%	22%
IVCC	30%	42%	29%	41%
LBCC	17%	11%	32%	17%
SFCC	35%	7%	36%	22%
WITC	41%	38%	62%	35%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
NECC	\$13,298	\$1,982	\$18,231	\$53,252	\$8,447	\$6,726	\$6,473	22%	● \$9,660
CC	\$14,813	\$2,782	\$21,566	\$68,340	\$5,754	\$5,746	\$5,878	18%	\$9,000
CCC	\$14,209	\$2,022	\$21,148	\$31,483	\$8,408	\$6,332	\$7,241	17%	\$6,860
CROW	\$3,260	\$2,937	\$12,926	\$27,760	\$5,111	\$4,145	\$4,967	13%	\$8,955
EAC	\$6,618	\$862	\$9,972	\$21,977	\$6,299	\$5,912	\$6,117	0%	Privacy Suppressed
GC	\$9,993	\$1,708	\$13,596	\$35,950	\$9,518	\$6,639	\$7,336	13%	\$10,117
HCC	\$7,457	\$1,881	\$12,719	\$41,503	\$8,168	\$6,159	\$6,606	18%	\$9,750
IVCC	\$12,945	\$2,853	\$15,431	\$35,203	\$6,209	\$4,715	\$5,682	5%	\$9,000
LBCC	\$6,858	\$4,336	\$17,930	\$82,401	\$8,583	\$7,320	\$7,351	36%	\$12,101
SFCC	\$3,614	\$3,741	\$14,023	\$44,008	\$4,179	\$3,801	\$3,844	18%	\$10,429
WITC	\$4,288	\$3,506	\$15,801	\$24,825	\$7,710	\$5,665	\$5,287	40%	\$9,665

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); Voluntary Framework of Accountability (remedial student course taking and success, persistence/attainment by end of year two, persistence/attainment by end of year six); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Southeast Community College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
SCC	Southeast Community College	NE	9,240	29%
CFCC	Cape Fear Community College	NC	8,378	33%
COCH	Cochise County Community College District	AZ	3,670	37%
CLC	College of Lake County	IL	14,193	19%
DMCC	Des Moines Area Community College	IA	23,474	18%
ECC	Elgin Community College	IL	9,567	26%
GTCC	Guilford Technical Community College	NC	10,520	49%
HIND	Hinds Community College	MS	12,521	47%
JJC	Joliet Junior College	IL	14,726	21%
KCC	Kirkwood Community College	IA	13,906	26%
MATC	Madison Area Technical College	WI	15,202	23%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
SCC	5%	5%	9%	0%	0%	4%	78%
CFCC	2%	12%	9%	1%	0%	3%	74%
COCH	2%	5%	44%	1%	1%	5%	42%
CLC	6%	6%	44%	0%	2%	3%	40%
DMCC	5%	7%	9%	0%	1%	2%	76%
ECC	6%	4%	45%	0%	0%	4%	40%
GTCC	5%	38%	10%	1%	1%	2%	42%
HIND	1%	58%	2%	0%	0%	3%	36%
JJC	3%	9%	28%	0%	0%	4%	55%
KCC	2%	9%	6%	0%	2%	3%	76%
MATC	5%	7%	11%	1%	1%	4%	72%

Remedial Student Course Taking and Success (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% of Cohort with Developmental Need in Subject			% Who Needed Developmental Education Who Progressed to Successfully Complete a College-Level Course in the Subject	
		Math	English	Reading	Math	English
SCC	1,805	27%	19%	9%	54%	75%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Two (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2017)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
SCC	1,602	23%	16%	48%	87%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Six (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
SCC	1,805	44%	24%	4%	72%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2016 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
SCC	14%	17%	14%	0%	13%	37%	33%	28%
CFCC	33%	19%	23%	20%	19%	26%	24%	20%
COCH	43%	10%	26%	0%	11%	26%	25%	24%
CLC	37%	12%	26%	0%	24%	30%	28%	30%
DMCC	32%	11%	27%	14%	25%	34%	31%	26%
ECC	37%	29%	29%	50%	35%	38%	35%	31%
GTCC	27%	14%	24%	0%	15%	27%	22%	19%
HIND	33%	32%	40%	0%	34%	34%	33%	30%
JJC	20%	6%	13%	0%	12%	23%	17%	14%
KCC	34%	10%	17%	18%	17%	37%	32%	25%
MATC	20%	6%	15%	0%	12%	25%	22%	19%

Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)				
	First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
SCC	● 36%	◆ 15%	◆ 33%	◆ 17%
CFCC	33%	16%	46%	28%
COCH	13%	18%	22%	20%
CLC	30%	18%	33%	26%
DMCC	25%	6%	44%	18%
ECC	43%	22%	34%	23%
GTCC	20%	16%	24%	18%
HIND	25%	13%	24%	15%
JJC	22%	14%	29%	14%
KCC	28%	11%	39%	24%
MATC	32%	42%	38%	48%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
SCC	\$10,157	\$2,393	\$15,615	\$66,577	\$7,461	\$6,946	\$7,573	54%	◆ \$11,250
CFCC	\$7,497	\$1,661	\$11,268	\$37,994	\$7,738	\$7,783	\$7,372	15%	\$10,500
COCH	\$5,253	\$961	\$6,013	\$17,626	\$7,240	\$5,856	\$6,543	7%	\$8,239
CLC	\$14,263	\$2,744	\$15,641	\$45,479	\$4,003	\$3,742	\$4,136	4%	\$7,500
DMCC	\$5,052	\$2,911	\$10,243	\$38,818	\$9,481	\$7,776	\$8,543	20%	\$11,000
ECC	\$9,631	\$3,086	\$16,336	\$47,998	\$4,565	\$2,384	\$3,717	6%	\$7,028
GTCC	\$8,160	\$1,055	\$12,707	\$35,873	\$9,674	\$7,748	\$8,318	33%	\$15,750
HIND	-	-	-	-	\$3,775	\$3,109	\$3,556	37%	\$8,500
JJC	\$6,847	\$3,409	\$16,815	\$56,842	\$4,558	\$4,699	\$4,134	6%	\$8,977
KCC	\$7,786	\$4,026	\$15,082	\$55,816	\$9,824	\$8,067	\$8,831	29%	\$12,241
MATC	\$17,283	\$3,722	\$23,803	\$52,861	\$9,138	\$7,258	\$8,584	25%	\$14,188

Note. Finance data for Hinds Community College (HIND) was unavailable at the time of publication.

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); Voluntary Framework of Accountability (remedial student course taking and success, persistence/attainment by end of year two, persistence/attainment by end of year six); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Peer Comparisons: Western Nebraska Community College

Peer Group Listing and Undergraduate Fall Enrollment (2018)

ID	Institution	State	Fall Undergraduate Enrollment	Low-Income (Pell)
WNCC	Western Nebraska Community College	NE	1,825	27%
CWC	Central Wyoming College	WY	1,974	20%
COFF	Coffeyville Community College	KS	1,898	42%
DC3	Dodge City Community College	KS	1,548	38%
FVCC	Flathead Valley Community College	MT	2,351	23%
MPCC	Mid-Plains Community College	NE	2,216	22%
RCC	Rockingham Community College	NC	1,685	39%
SHAW	Shawnee Community College	IL	1,125	47%
SECC	Southeastern Community College	IA	2,548	31%
SIC	Southeastern Illinois College	IL	1,650	27%
SURR	Surry Community College	NC	3,073	27%

Undergraduate Fall Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity (2018)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Nonresident Alien	Two or More Races	White
WNCC	2%	2%	23%	1%	4%	0%	67%
CWC	1%	1%	11%	10%	1%	4%	72%
COFF	1%	17%	5%	4%	2%	11%	60%
DC3	1%	9%	45%	1%	0%	2%	42%
FVCC	1%	0%	1%	3%	1%	4%	90%
MPCC	1%	2%	8%	1%	2%	2%	85%
RCC	1%	15%	9%	0%	1%	3%	71%
SHAW	1%	14%	4%	2%	0%	0%	80%
SECC	3%	11%	9%	4%	4%	3%	65%
SIC	1%	3%	1%	0%	1%	3%	91%
SURR	2%	2%	17%	0%	0%	1%	77%

Remedial Student Course Taking and Success (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% of Cohort with Developmental Need in Subject			% Who Needed Developmental Education Who Progressed to Successfully Complete a College-Level Course in the Subject	
		Math	English	Reading	Math	English
WNCC	404	61%	13%	13%	36%	41%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Two (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2017)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
WNCC	336	30%	2%	37%	69%

Persistence/Attainment Outcomes by End of Year Six (Credential Seeking Cohort, 2013)

ID	Cohort	% Completed	% Transferred	% Still Enrolled	% Completed, Transferred, or Still Enrolled
WNCC	404	41%	20%	2%	63%

Graduation Rates 150% of Normal Time by Race/Ethnicity and Low-Income Status (2016 Cohort)

ID	Asian/Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Two or More Races	White	Total	Low-Income (Pell)
WNCC	50%	31%	26%	0%	NA	31%	◆ 30%	◆ 26%
CWC	0%	25%	34%	17%	14%	43%	38%	5%
COFF	NA	24%	38%	43%	56%	45%	38%	33%
DC3	33%	27%	40%	0%	36%	30%	33%	32%
FVCC	20%	0%	33%	20%	30%	30%	29%	30%
MPCC	50%	24%	26%	40%	44%	42%	41%	32%
RCC	0%	17%	20%	0%	17%	32%	28%	31%
SHAW	NA	39%	25%	NA	NA	38%	38%	33%
SECC	0%	35%	0%	20%	0%	38%	31%	21%
SIC	NA	0%	14%	NA	40%	48%	42%	30%
SURR	100%	0%	35%	NA	27%	32%	31%	28%

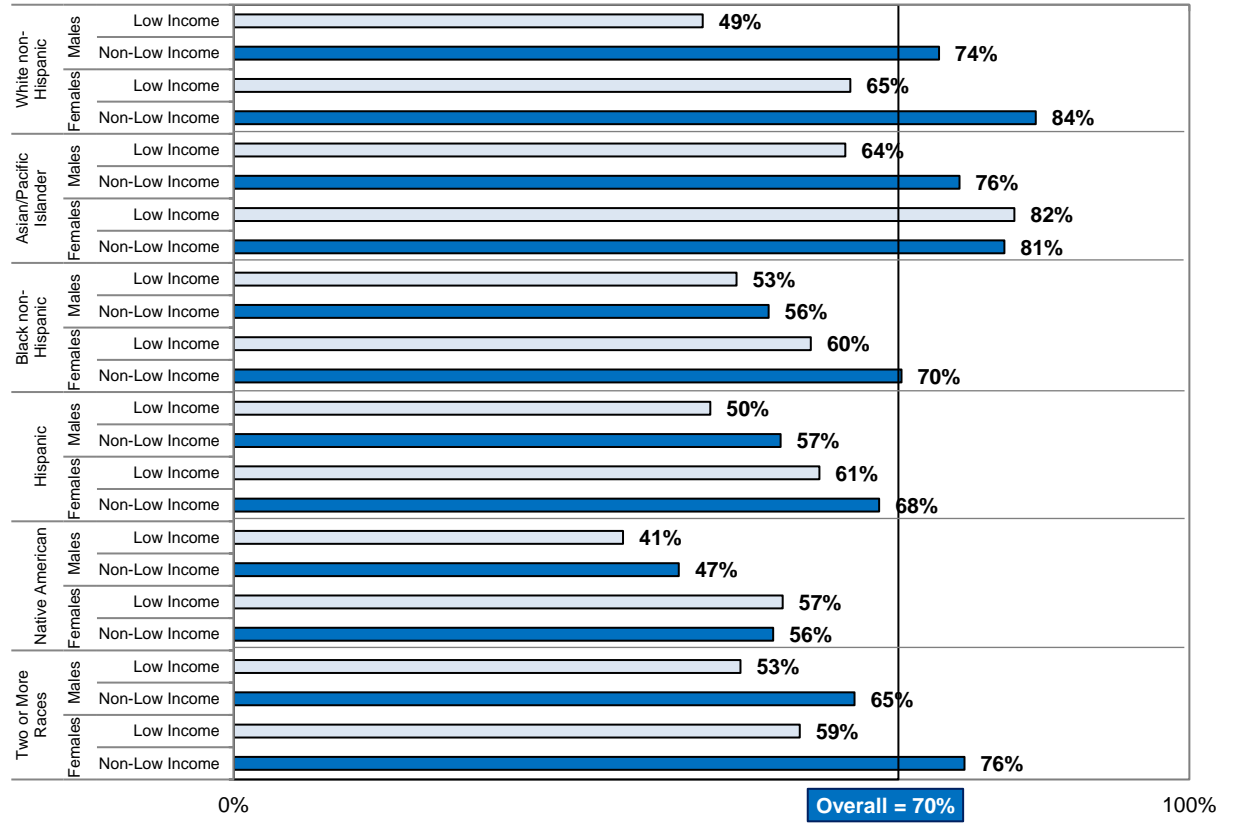
Graduation Status at Six Years (2011-2012 Cohort)				
	First-Time Full-Time	First-Time Part-Time	Non-First-Time Full-Time	Non-First-Time Part-Time
WNCC	◆ 30%	◆ 6%	● 46%	◆ 21%
CWC	30%	7%	60%	34%
COFF	41%	43%	41%	42%
DC3	31%	21%	33%	17%
fvcc	32%	14%	37%	32%
MPCC	36%	7%	47%	26%
RCC	37%	19%	48%	26%
SHAW	29%	21%	15%	13%
SECC	43%	22%	41%	15%
SIC	32%	22%	27%	14%
SURR	31%	19%	21%	16%

Funding and Affordability (2018-2019, Unless Otherwise Noted)									
ID	State and Local Appropriations Per FTE Student	Net Tuition and Fees Per FTE Student	Education and General Spending		Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Grant or Scholarship Aid	Average Net Price of Attendance for Students Receiving Federal Financial Aid (Two Lowest Income Quintiles)		% of Undergrads with Federal Loans (2017-2018)	Median Federal Loan Debt of Graduates (FY2017 & FY2018)
			Per FTE Student	Per Award		\$0 - \$30,000	\$30,001 - \$48,000		
WNCC	\$20,791	\$1,941	\$28,194	\$102,625	\$6,083	\$4,428	\$3,767	16%	● \$6,960
CWC	\$14,673	\$3,377	\$20,898	\$64,687	\$4,571	\$5,402	\$6,791	12%	\$7,784
COFF	\$8,272	\$3,731	\$11,436	\$34,452	\$5,305	\$4,395	\$5,142	24%	\$8,476
DC3	\$13,896	\$2,499	\$21,572	\$106,926	\$4,967	\$3,803	\$3,039	14%	\$7,800
fvcc	\$10,943	\$4,587	\$18,008	\$72,634	\$9,092	\$8,021	\$8,323	17%	\$10,500
MPCC	\$14,535	\$2,120	\$15,422	\$47,968	\$7,380	\$4,795	\$5,061	18%	\$9,105
RCC	\$11,177	\$1,225	\$15,845	\$41,834	\$3,688	\$2,251	\$3,058	0%	Privacy Suppressed
SHAW	\$12,807	\$1,681	\$17,375	\$37,563	\$9,382	\$9,196	\$10,417	0%	Privacy Suppressed
SECC	\$7,571	\$3,426	\$18,621	\$50,463	\$6,936	\$4,925	\$6,527	41%	\$10,500
SIC	\$9,754	\$1,118	\$12,574	\$42,085	\$7,407	\$5,171	\$6,531	0%	Privacy Suppressed
SURR	\$9,195	\$989	\$10,429	\$31,035	\$10,999	\$5,534	\$6,322	0%	Privacy Suppressed

Data sources: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (undergraduate enrollment data, 150% graduation rates, graduation status, state and local appropriations per FTE student, net tuition and fees per FTE student, education and general spending per FTE student and per award, average net price of attendance); Voluntary Framework of Accountability (remedial student course taking and success, persistence/attainment by end of year two, persistence/attainment by end of year six); U.S. Department of Education (percent of undergraduates with federal loans and median federal loan debt of graduates). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Non-Comparative Measures

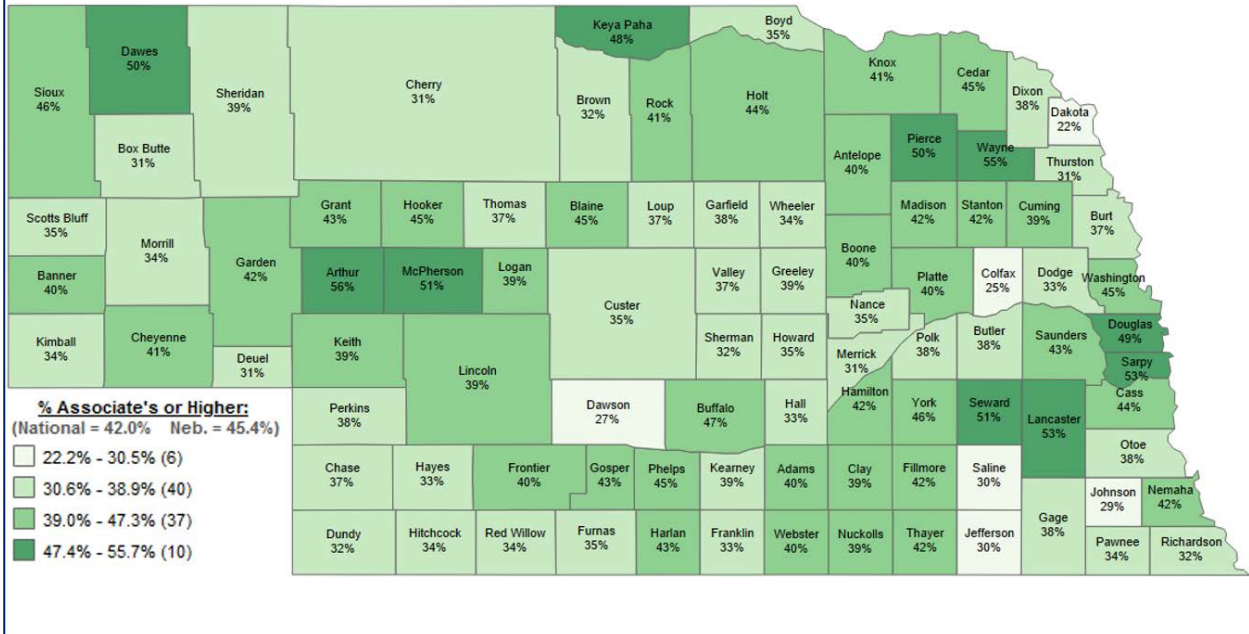
Public High School Graduates Going Directly to College (2018-2019)



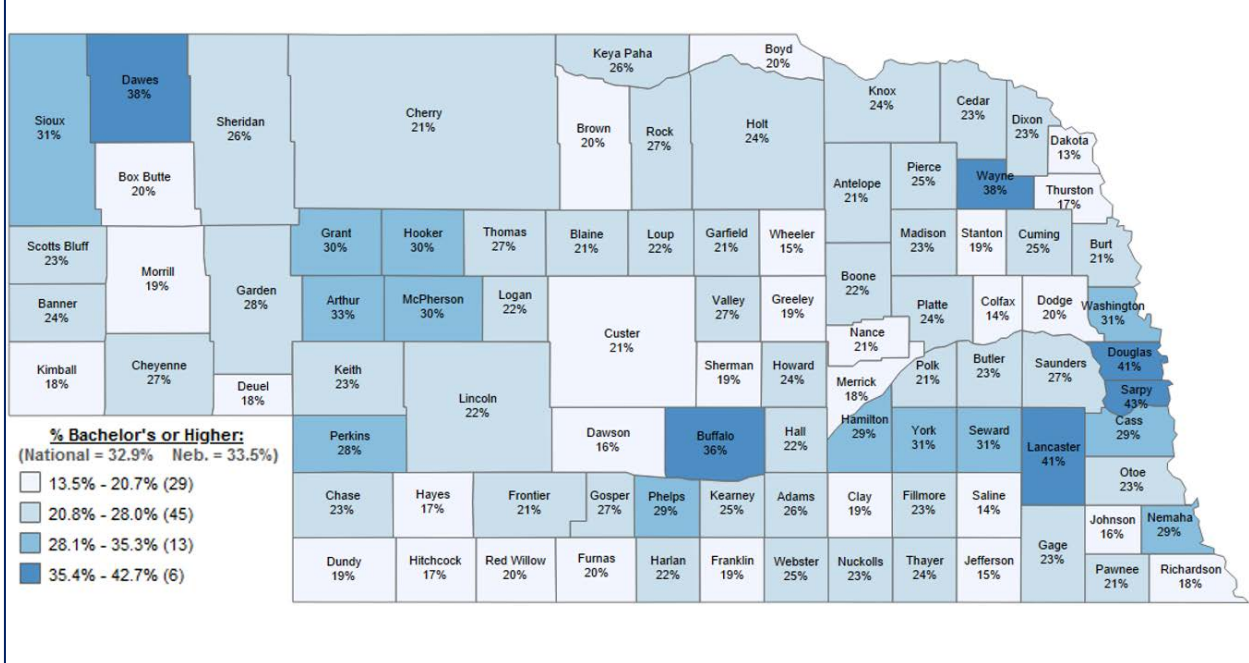
Nebraska's WIOA Measure of Postsecondary Participation by GED Completers (2018)

	Number of GED Completers in Cohort	Number Entering Postsecondary within One Year of Exiting Program	% Entering Postsecondary within One Year of Exiting Program
Nebraska Department of Education	83	27	33%

Percent of Population Age 25 to 64 with an Associate's Degree or Higher by County (2014-2018)



Percent of Population Age 25 to 64 with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher by County (2014-2018)



Data sources: Nebraska's Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education (public high school graduates going directly to college); Nebraska Department of Education (adult basic education and continuing into postsecondary education); U.S. Census Bureau (educational attainment by county). Metrics use the most recently available data, and cohort years differ depending on the data source. Please see the data dictionary for more information: ccpe.nebraska.gov/files/DataDictionary.pdf.

Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education Data Dictionary for *2020 Measuring Accomplishments*

National Comparisons

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND AGE			
Data source:	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (for race/ethnicity: 5-year PUMS file for race/ethnicity; for national rankings: 5-year estimates, Table B15001)		
Academic/cohort year:	2014-2018	Goal(s) measured:	State 1, 2
Variables and calculations:	<p>Race/ethnicity derived from variables RAC1P (recoded detailed race code) and HISP (recoded detailed Hispanic origin):</p> <p>White = White alone and not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino; Black = Black or African American alone and not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino; Other = American Indian alone, Alaska Native alone, American Indian and Alaska Native tribes specified, American Indian or Alaska Native (not specified and no other races), Asian alone, Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander alone, Some other race alone, Two or more races, and Not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino; Hispanic = Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Dominican, Costa Rican, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Panamanian, Salvadoran, Other Central American, Argentinean, Bolivian, Chilean, Colombian, Ecuadorian, Paraguayan, Peruvian, Uruguayan, Venezuelan, Other South American, Spaniard, Other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino</p> <p>Age group derived from variable AGEP (age):</p> <p>25-34 years old = ≥ 25 and ≤ 34; 25-64 years old = ≥ 25 and ≤ 64</p> <p>Educational attainment derived from variable SCHL (educational attainment):</p> <p>Associate's plus = [Associate's degree] + [Bachelor's degree] + [Master's Degree] + [Professional degree beyond a bachelor's degree] + [Doctorate degree]; Bachelor's plus = [Bachelor's degree] + [Master's Degree] + [Professional degree beyond a bachelor's degree] + [Doctorate degree]</p> <p>Educational attainment = [Number of (<u>race/ethnic group</u>) aged (<u>age group</u>) who have completed (<u>education level</u>)] / [Number of (<u>race/ethnic group</u>) aged (<u>age group</u>)]</p>		
Notes:			
PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION RATE			
Data source:	U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, <i>Common Core of Data</i> , school year 2017-18.		
Academic/cohort year:	2017-2018	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1 Partnerships 2
Variables and calculations:	[Number of students who graduate in four years with a regular high school diploma] / [Number of students who form the adjusted cohort for the graduating class]		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Four-year regulatory adjusted cohort. See page 27 of the <i>2020 Progress Report</i> for data on the 2017 graduating class. Data for the 2018 graduating class will be included in the <i>2021 Progress Report</i>. 		
PERCENTAGE OF ACT-TESTED HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES WHO MET OR EXCEEDED ALL FOUR COLLEGE READINESS BENCHMARKS			
Data source:	ACT, <i>The Condition of College & Career Readiness 2020</i>		
Academic/cohort year:	Graduating class of 2020	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1 Partnerships 2

Variables and calculations:	<p>Estimated percent of high school graduates tested = [Number of students in the graduating class who took the ACT] / [Estimated number of students in the graduating class]</p> <p>Benchmark score = the minimum score needed on an ACT subject-matter test to indicate that the student has a 50% chance of earning a B or higher, or a 75% chance of earning a C or higher in corresponding entry-level, credit-bearing courses.</p> <p>Percentage who met or exceeded college readiness benchmarks: English = [Number of students in the graduating class who received a score of 18 or higher] / [Number of students in the graduating class who took the ACT]; Reading = [Number of students in the graduating class who received a score of 22 or higher] / [Number of students in the graduating class who took the ACT]; Mathematics = [Number of students in the graduating class who received a score of 22 or higher] / [Number of students in the graduating class who took the ACT]; Science = [Number of students in the graduating class who received a score of 23 or higher] / [Number of students in the graduating class who took the ACT] All four = [Number of students in the graduating class who met or exceeded all four benchmarks] / [Number of students in the graduating class who took the ACT]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • States are only ranked if their estimated percent tested is 95% or higher. Fifteen states met this threshold. • See page 36 of the <i>2020 Progress Report</i> for data on the 2019 graduating class. Data for the 2020 graduating class will be included in the <i>2021 Progress Report</i>. 		
PERCENTAGE OF HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES GOING DIRECTLY TO COLLEGE			
Data source:	<p>First-time freshmen data from IPEDS Fall Enrollment Survey. High school graduate data (estimate) from the Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE), <i>Knocking at the College Door: Projections of High School Graduates</i>, 2018. Data prepared by the National Center for Higher Education Management Systems (NCHEMS), February 2020.</p>		
Academic/cohort year:	Fall 2018	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1 Partnerships 2
Variables and calculations:	<p>[Number of first-time degree or certificate-seeking undergraduate students with Nebraska residency when first admitted who graduated from high school in the past 12 months] / [Estimated number of Nebraska high school graduates]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See page 46 of the <i>2020 Progress Report</i>. 		
PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION 25-49 YEARS WITHOUT AN ASSOCIATE'S DEGREE OR HIGHER ENROLLED IN COLLEGE			
Data source:	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-Year PUMS file		
Academic/cohort year:	2014-2018	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2 State 2

Variables and calculations:	Age group derived from variable AGEP (age): 25-49 years old = ≥ 25 and ≤ 49		
	Educational attainment derived from variable SCHL (educational attainment): Without an associate's degree or higher = No schooling completed, Nursery school or preschool, Kindergarten, Grades 1-11, 12th grade - no diploma, Regular high school diploma, GED or alternative credential, Some college but less than one year, One or more years of college credit-no degree		
	Enrollment in college derived from variable SCH (school enrollment in last three months): Enrolled in college = Yes (public school or public college, or Yes (private school, private college, or home school)		
	[Number of persons age 25-49 years without an associate's degree or higher that were enrolled in college] / [Number of persons age 25-49 years without an associate's degree or higher]		
Notes:			
FOUR-YEAR COMPLETION RATE FOR FIRST-TIME, FULL-TIME BACCALAUREATE-SEEKING STUDENTS AT PUBLIC FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS WHO COMPLETED A BACHELOR'S DEGREE AT THEIR FIRST CAMPUS			
Data source:	IPEDS Graduation Rate Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	2013 cohort - completed bachelor's degree by end of 2016-2017 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3 State 1
Variables and calculations:	[Bachelor's or equiv subcohort (4-yr institution) Completers of bachelor's or equiv degrees in 4 years or less] / [Bachelor's or equiv subcohort (4-yr institution) adjusted cohort (revised cohort minus exclusions)]		
Notes:			
SIX-YEAR COMPLETION RATE FOR FIRST-TIME STUDENTS WHO STARTED AT PUBLIC FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS AND COMPLETED A CREDENTIAL ANYWHERE			
Data source:	Huie, F., Ryu M., and Shapiro, D. (2020, February). <i>Completing College State Report</i> (Signature Report No. 18a). Herndon, VA: National Student Clearinghouse Research Center.		
Academic/cohort year:	2013 cohort - received any postsecondary credential by May 31, 2019	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3
Variables and calculations:	[Number received any postsecondary credential by May 31, 2019] / [Number of first-time degree-seeking students (enrolled at least one term with an intensity of half-time or higher) who began their postsecondary studies in the fall of 2012 at a public four-year institution] Note. The NSC conducted imputation of data for students with missing outcomes data at institutions that did not participate in DegreeVerify. In addition, the NSC weighted the data by state and institution type. For more information, see the Methodological Notes of the NSC's Signature Report 18, <i>Completing College: 2020 National Report</i> .		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 43 states were ranked by NSC for this measure. • See page 109 of the <i>2020 Progress Report</i> for data on the fall 2012 cohort. Data for the fall 2013 cohort will be included in the <i>2021 Progress Report</i>. 		
SIX-YEAR COMPLETION RATE FOR FIRST-TIME STUDENTS WHO STARTED AT PUBLIC TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS AND COMPLETED A CREDENTIAL ANYWHERE			
Data source:	Huie, F., Ryu M., and Shapiro, D. (2020, February). <i>Completing College State Report</i> (Signature Report No. 18a). Herndon, VA: National Student Clearinghouse Research Center.		
Academic/cohort year:	2013 cohort - received any postsecondary credential by May 31, 2019	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3

Variables and calculations:	[Number received any postsecondary credential by May 31, 2019] / [Number of first-time degree-seeking students (either enrolled full time for at least one term before August 10, 2014, or enrolled three-quarter-time for at least one term before December 31, 2014, or enrolled at least half-time for any two terms before December 31, 2014) who began their postsecondary studies in the fall of 2013 at a public two-year institution]
Notes:	Note. The NSC conducted imputation of data for students with missing outcomes data at institutions that did not participate in DegreeVerify. In addition, the NSC weighted the data by state and institution type. For more information, see the Methodological Notes of the NSC's Signature Report 18, <i>Completing College: 2020 National Report</i> . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 35 states were ranked by NSC for this measure. • See page 109 of the <i>2020 Progress Report</i> for data on the fall 2012 cohort. Data for the fall 2013 cohort will be included in the <i>2021 Progress Report</i>.

STATE AND LOCAL APPROPRIATIONS PER FTE STUDENT

Data source:	State Higher Education Executive Officers Association (SHEEO), <i>State Higher Education Finance (SHEF) Report: FY2019</i>		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2 Institutions 2
Variables and calculations:	<p>Cost of living index = COLI</p> <p>Enrollment mix index = EMI</p> <p>Education appropriations are a measure of state and local support available for public higher education operating expenses, and exclude appropriations for independent institutions, financial aid for students attending independent or out-of-state institutions, research, hospitals, and medical education.</p> <p>Net FTE enrollment excludes medical students.</p> <p>State and local appropriations per FTE student = ([Education appropriations] / [Net FTE enrollment]) / [COLI * EMI]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Further information about COLI and EMI calculations is available at https://shef.sheeo.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/SHEEO_SHEF_FY19_Data_Elements.pdf • Net FTE enrollment is calculated by SHEEO using credit and contact hours submitted via the SHEF survey. 		

NET TUITION REVENUE PER FTE STUDENT

Data source:	State Higher Education Executive Officers Association (SHEEO), <i>State Higher Education Finance (SHEF) Report: FY2019</i>		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2 Institutions 2
Variables and calculations:	<p>Cost of living index = COLI</p> <p>Enrollment mix index = EMI</p> <p>Net tuition revenue is calculated by taking the gross amount of tuition and fees, less state and institutional financial aid, tuition waivers or discounts, and medical student tuition and fees. Net tuition revenue used for capital debt service is included in the net tuition revenue figures.</p> <p>Net FTE enrollment excludes medical students.</p> <p>Net tuition revenue per FTE student = ([Net tuition revenue] / [Net FTE enrollment]) / [COLI * EMI]</p>		

Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Further information about COLI and EMI calculations is available at https://shef.sheeo.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/SHEEO_SHEF_FY19_Data_Elements.pdf Net FTE enrollment is calculated by SHEEO using credit and contact hours submitted via the SHEF survey. 		
STATE NEED-BASED GRANT AID PER FTE STUDENT			
Data source:	FTE data from IPEDS Fall Enrollment Survey. Data prepared by the National Association of State Student Grant and Aid Programs (NASSGAP), presented in the <i>50th Annual Survey Report on State-Sponsored Student Financial Aid, 2018-2019 Academic Year</i> (Table 12).		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2 Institutions 2
Variables and calculations:	[Estimated need-based undergraduate grant dollars] / [Undergraduate FTE]		
Notes:	• Undergraduate FTE is calculated by NASSGAP using IPEDS fall enrollment data.		
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILY INCOME NEEDED TO PAY NET PRICE FOR FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT AT PUBLIC TWO- AND FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS: LOW-INCOME FAMILIES			
Data source:	Net price data from IPEDS Student Financial Aid Survey. Family income data from U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-year PUMS file. Data prepared by the Midwestern Higher Education Compact (MHEC).		
Academic/cohort year:	2017-2018 academic year (net price) 2018 (federal poverty level)	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2
Variables and calculations:	<p>Federal poverty level = \$25,100 for all states.</p> <p>Average net price, income \$0-\$30,000, public 2-year = differs by state. Nebraska = \$6,367; median = \$6,591.</p> <p>Average net price, income \$0-\$30,000, public 4-year = differs by state. Nebraska = \$12,358; median = \$10,663.</p> <p>Public two-year institutions = [Average of SFA1718. Average net price, income \$0-\$30,000, for students receiving Title IV Federal financial aid, 2017-18 public 2-yr] / [Federal poverty level for a family of four, in the past 12 months]</p> <p>Public four-year institutions = [Average of SFA1718. Average net price, income \$0-\$30,000, for students receiving Title IV Federal financial aid, 2017-18 public 4-yr] / [Federal poverty level for a family of four, in the past 12 months]</p>		
Notes:			
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILY INCOME NEEDED TO PAY NET PRICE FOR FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT AT PUBLIC TWO-AND FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS: MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME			
Data source:	Net price data from IPEDS Student Financial Aid Survey. Family income data from U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-year PUMS file. Data prepared by the Midwestern Higher Education Compact (MHEC).		
Academic/cohort year:	2017-2018 academic year (net price) 2018 (family income)	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2

Variables and calculations:	Median family income = differs by state. Nebraska = \$73,900; range = \$52,374 - \$104,496; median = \$73,199.
	Average net price for median family with child income, public 2-year = differs by state. Nebraska = \$8,652; median = \$10,087.
	Average net price for median family with child income, public 4-year = differs by state. Nebraska = \$15,055; median = \$15,542.
	Public two-year institutions = [Average of SFA1718. Average net price, income \$30,001 - \$48,000 OR income \$48,001-\$75,000 OR income \$75,001 - \$110,000, for students receiving Title IV Federal financial aid, 2017-18 public 2-yr] / [Median family income with child in the past 12 months]
	Public four-year institutions = [Average of SFA1718. Average net price, income \$30,001 - \$48,000 OR income \$48,001-\$75,000 OR income \$75,001 - \$110,000, for students receiving Title IV Federal financial aid, 2017-18 public 4-yr] / [Median family income with child in the past 12 months]
Notes:	

Peer Comparisons

ENROLLMENT PERCENTAGES BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND LOW-INCOME STATUS (PELL)			
Data source:	IPEDS Fall Enrollment Survey (2018-19) and Student Financial Aid Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	Fall 2018 (enrollment by race/ethnicity) Undergraduate students enrolled in fall 2018 who received Pell grant at any time during 2018-2019 academic year (low-income status)	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2 State 1 Institutions 1
Variables and calculations:	Asian/Pacific Islander = [Asian] + [Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander] Percent of undergraduate students awarded Pell grants = [Number of undergraduate students awarded Pell grants] / [Total number of undergraduates, financial aid cohort]		
Notes:			
REMEDIAL STUDENT COURSE TAKING AND SUCCESS (CREDENTIAL SEEKING COHORT)			
Data source:	Voluntary Framework of Accountability (VFA), <i>Public Outcomes Report (Data Collection Cycle 2020)</i>		
Academic/cohort year:	6-year cohort Outcomes are for students who first entered college in fall 2013 (or the summer before). Progress is shown through the end of their first six years.	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3 Institutions 1

Variables and calculations:	<p>Credential seeking cohort = fall entering students who are first time at the reporting college and earned 12 credits by the end of year two.</p> <p>Percent of cohort with developmental need in subject = [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort with a developmental need in (<u>subject</u>)] / [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort]</p> <p>Percent who needed developmental education who progressed to successfully complete a college-level course in the subject = [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort with a developmental need in (<u>subject</u>) that completed developmental education in (<u>subject</u>) and progressed to successfully complete a college-level course in (<u>subject</u>) by the end of year six] / [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort]</p>
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comparisons are only available for community colleges. • Data for percent who needed developmental education in reading who progressed to successfully complete a college-level course in reading is not available through the VFA.

PERSISTENCE/ATTAINMENT OUTCOMES BY END OF YEAR TWO (CREDENTIAL SEEKING COHORT)

Data source:	Voluntary Framework of Accountability (VFA), <i>Public Outcomes Report (Data Collection Cycle 2020)</i>		
Academic/cohort year:	2-year cohort	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3 Institutions 1
Variables and calculations:	<p>Credential seeking cohort = fall entering students who are first time at the reporting college and earned 12 credits by the end of year two.</p> <p>Percent completed = [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort who completed a certificate or degree by the end of year two] / [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort]</p> <p>Percent transferred = [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort who transferred to another institution by the end of year two] / [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort]</p> <p>Percent still enrolled = [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort who did not transfer but were still enrolled at the reporting institution at any time during their second academic year] / [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort]</p> <p>Percent completed, transferred, or still enrolled = [Percent completed] + [Percent transferred] + [Percent still enrolled]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comparisons are only available for community colleges. • Outcomes are not exhaustive and will not sum to 100% of the students in the cohort. • Credentials are earned at the reporting college. 		

PERSISTENCE/ATTAINMENT OUTCOMES BY END OF YEAR SIX (CREDENTIAL SEEKING COHORT)

Data source:	Voluntary Framework of Accountability (VFA), <i>Public Outcomes Report (Data Collection Cycle 2020)</i>		
Academic/cohort year:	6-year cohort	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3 Institutions 1
Variables and calculations:	<p>Outcomes are for students who first entered college in fall 2013 (or the summer before). Progress is shown through the end of their first six years.</p>		

Variables and calculations:	<p>Credential seeking cohort = fall entering students who are first time at the reporting college and earned 12 credits by the end of year two.</p> <p>Percent completed = [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort who completed a certificate or degree by the end of year six] / [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort]</p> <p>Percent transferred = [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort who transferred to another institution by the end of year six] / [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort]</p> <p>Percent still enrolled = [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort who did not transfer but were still enrolled at the reporting institution at any time during their sixth academic year] / [Number of students in the credential seeking cohort]</p> <p>Percent completed, transferred, or still enrolled = [Percent completed] + [Percent transferred] + [Percent still enrolled]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comparisons are only available for community colleges. • Outcomes are not exhaustive and will not sum to 100% of the students in the cohort. • Credentials are earned at the reporting college. 		
GRADUATION RATES – 150 PERCENT OF NORMAL TIME BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND LOW-INCOME STATUS (PELL)			
Data source:	IPEDS Graduation Rates Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	<p>2013 cohort completed by end of 2018-2019 academic year;</p> <p>2016 cohort completed by end of 2018-2019 academic year</p>	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3 Institutions 1
Variables and calculations:	<p>Asian/Pacific Islander = [Asian] + [Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander]</p> <p>Adjusted cohort = [Revised cohort] - [Exclusions]</p> <p>4-year institutions: [4-year institutions, Completers within 150% of normal time] / [4-year institutions, Adjusted cohort]</p> <p>2-year institutions: [Degree or certificate-seeking students (2-yr institution), Completers within 150% of normal time total] / [Degree or certificate-seeking students (2-yr institution), Adjusted cohort]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Graduation rates are only reported for degree/certificate-seeking students who enrolled as first-time full-time freshmen. • The University of Nebraska Medical Center does not enroll first-time freshmen; therefore, graduation rates are not available. 		
FOUR-YEAR GRADUATION RATES			
Data source:	IPEDS Graduation Rates Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	2013 cohort - completed by end of 2016-2017 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3 Institutions 1
Variables and calculations:	[Bachelor's or equiv subcohort (4-yr institution) Completers of bachelor's or equiv degrees in 4 years or less] / [Bachelor's or equiv subcohort (4-yr institution) adjusted cohort (revised cohort minus exclusions)]		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Four-year graduation rates are only shown for four-year campuses. • Graduation rates are only reported for degree/certificate-seeking students who enrolled as first-time full-time freshmen. • The University of Nebraska Medical Center does not enroll first-time freshmen; therefore, graduation rates are not available. 		

GRADUATION STATUS AT SIX YEARS

Data source:	IPEDS Outcome Measures Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	2011-2012 cohort: status at six years (August 31, 2017)	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 2, 3 Institutions 1
Variables and calculations:	Percent of completers within six years = [Number of adjusted cohort receiving an award at 6 years] / [Adjusted cohort at 6 years]		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Graduation and enrollment status information are only reported for degree/certificate-seeking students. The University of Nebraska Medical Center does not enroll first-time freshmen; therefore, graduation and enrollment status information is not available for first-time students. 		

STATE AND LOCAL APPROPRIATIONS PER FTE STUDENT

Data source:	IPEDS Finance Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Institutions 1, 2
Variables and calculations:	<p>State and local appropriations = [State appropriations] + [Local appropriations, education district taxes, and similar support]</p> <p>FTE = full-time equivalent = [Estimated FTE undergraduate enrollment] + [Estimated FTE graduate enrollment] + [Reported FTE doctors professional practice]</p> <p>State and local appropriations per FTE student = [State and local appropriations] / [FTE]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Estimated FTE enrollments are calculated by IPEDS using 12-month enrollment data. 		

NET TUITION AND FEES PER FTE STUDENT

Data source:	IPEDS Finance Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2 Institutions 1, 2
Variables and calculations:	<p>Net tuition and fees = [Tuition and fees, after deducting discounts and allowances]</p> <p>FTE = full-time equivalent = [Estimated FTE undergraduate enrollment] + [Estimated FTE graduate enrollment] + [Reported FTE doctors professional practice]</p> <p>Net tuition and fees per FTE student = [Net tuition and fees] / [FTE]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Estimated FTE enrollments are calculated by IPEDS using 12-month enrollment data. 		

EDUCATION AND GENERAL SPENDING PER FTE STUDENT AND PER AWARD

Data source:	IPEDS Finance Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Institutions 1, 2
Variables and calculations:	<p>Education and general spending = [Instruction] + [Research] + [Public service] + [Academic support] + [Student services] + [Institutional support] + [Net scholarships and fellowship expenses]</p> <p><i>Note. O&M is already included in these totals</i></p> <p>FTE = full-time equivalent = [Estimated FTE undergraduate enrollment] + [Estimated FTE graduate enrollment] + [Reported FTE doctors professional practice]</p> <p>Awards = All degrees and certificates classified as first major.</p> <p>Education and general spending per FTE student = [Education and general spending] / [FTE]</p> <p>Education and general spending per award = [Education and general spending] / [Awards]</p>		

Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Estimated FTE enrollments are calculated by IPEDS using 12-month enrollment data. 		
AVERAGE NET PRICE OF ATTENDANCE FOR STUDENTS RECEIVING GRANT OR SCHOLARSHIP AID			
Data source:	IPEDS Student Financial Aid Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2 Institutions 1, 2
Variables and calculations:	[Average net price-students awarded grant or scholarship aid]		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Average net price is for full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates paying the in-state or in-district tuition rate who were awarded grant or scholarship aid from federal, state, or local governments, or the institution. The University of Nebraska Medical Center does not enroll first-time freshmen; therefore, average net price information is not available. 		
AVERAGE NET PRICE OF ATTENDANCE FOR STUDENTS RECEIVING FEDERAL FINANCIAL AID FROM THE TWO LOWEST INCOME QUINTILES			
Data source:	IPEDS Student Financial Aid Survey (2019-20)		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2 Institutions 1, 2
Variables and calculations:	Lowest quintile = [Average net price (income 0-30,000)-students awarded Title IV Federal financial aid] Second lowest quintile = [Average net price (income 30,001-48,000)-students awarded Title IV Federal financial aid]		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Average net price is for full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates paying the in-state or in-district tuition rate who were awarded Title IV federal student aid. Title IV federal student aid includes federal grants or federal student loans. The University of Nebraska Medical Center does not enroll first-time freshmen; therefore, average net price information is not available. 		
PERCENT OF UNDERGRADUATES WITH FEDERAL LOANS AND MEDIAN FEDERAL LOAN DEBT OF GRADUATES			
Data source:	U.S. Department of Education, College Scorecard Data		
Academic/cohort year:	2017-2018 academic year (percent with loans) NSLDS FY2017 and FY2018 pooled cohorts (federal loan debt)	Goal(s) measured:	Students 2 Institutions 1, 2
Variables and calculations:	Percent of undergraduates with federal loans = [PCTFLOAN] Median federal loan debt of graduates = [GRAD_DEBT_MDN]		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For more information, see the College Scorecard's <i>Data Documentation</i>, available at: https://collegescorecard.ed.gov/assets/FullDataDocumentation.pdf 		
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURES (NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION)			
Data source:	National Science Foundation (NSF), Higher Education Research and Development Survey (HERD)		
Academic/cohort year:	2017-2018 academic year	Goal(s) measured:	State 3

Variables and calculations:	<p>Extramural funds = [Federal (01.a)] + [State and local governments (01.b)] + [Business (01.c)] + [Nonprofit organizations (01.d)] + [All other funding sources (01.f)]</p> <p>Institutional funds = (01.e.4)</p> <p>All sources = (01.g) = [Federal] + [State and local governments] + [Businesses] + [Nonprofit organizations] + [Institutional funds] + [All other funding sources]</p> <p>Federally funded research = (01.a)</p> <p>Federally funded health sciences research = (09D03)</p> <p>Federal sources (not including health sciences research) = [Federally funded research] - [Federally funded health sciences research]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NSF research and development expenditures are only shown for the University of Nebraska at Kearney, the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, and the University of Nebraska at Omaha. • The University of Nebraska-Lincoln's extramural funds are not ranked because health sciences are included in extramural funds. • Data for The University of Tennessee-Knoxville includes The University of Tennessee-Knoxville and The University of Tennessee-Knoxville, Institute of Agriculture. 		
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURES (NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH)			
Data source:	Data from the National Institutes of Health. Data prepared by Blue Ridge Institute for Medical Research.		
Academic/cohort year:	2019	Goal(s) measured:	State 3 Institutions 1, 3
Variables and calculations:	Total health sciences research = [Schools of dentistry/oral hygiene] + [Schools of medicine] + [Schools of nursing] + [Schools of pharmacy] + [Schools of public health] + [Hospitals]		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NIH research and development expenditures are only shown for the University of Nebraska Medical Center. • Data for the University of Connecticut includes the University of Connecticut Sch of Med/DNT and the University of Connecticut Storrs. Data for the University of Kansas includes the University of Kansas Lawrence and the University of Kansas Medical Center. Data for The University of Tennessee-Knoxville includes University of Tennessee-Knoxville and University of Tennessee Health Sci Ctr. 		

Non-Comparative Measures

PERCENTAGE OF PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES GOING DIRECTLY TO COLLEGE BY RACE/ETHNICITY, GENDER, AND INCOME			
Data source:	High school graduate data from the Nebraska Department of Education (NDE). College enrollment data from the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC). Data prepared by Nebraska's Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education, presented via the <i>College Continuation Rate Dashboard</i> .		
Academic/cohort year:	2018-2019	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1 Partnerships 2

Variables and calculations:	<p>Asian/Pacific Islander = [Asian] + [Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander]</p> <p>Low-income students = students who are approved to receive free or reduced-price school lunches</p> <p>Non-low-income students = students who are not approved to receive free or reduced-price school lunches</p> <p>College continuation rate = [Number of (race/ethnicity) (gender) (income status) on time public high school graduates who continued on to college] / [Number of (race/ethnicity) (gender) (income status) on time public high school graduates]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data is only available for students who graduated on time (in four years or less) from Nebraska's public schools. • Only graduates who continue onto college at NSC-reporting institutions are included. As a result, college continuation rates are underestimated to some degree. • Results are filtered for students who continued on to college between June 1, 2019, and May 31, 2020. • See page 55 of the <i>2020 Progress Report</i> for data on the 2017-2018 graduating class. Data for the 2018-2019 graduating class will be included in the <i>2021 Progress Report</i>. 		
NEBRASKA'S WIOA MEASURE OF POSTSECONDARY PARTICIPATION BY GED COMPLETERS			
Data source:	<p>Adult education data from the Nebraska Department of Education (NDE). College enrollment data from the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC). Data prepared by the Nebraska Department of Education, Adult Education, for the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) performance measures on exit-based indicators (reported via the National Reporting System Table 5, program year 2020).</p>		
Academic/cohort year:	2018 (exited program between January 1, 2018-December 31, 2018)	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1, 3 State 1, 2, 4 Partnerships 1
Variables and calculations:	<p>Cohort includes students that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Entered the program without their GED; and • Tested into the NRS, National Reporting System, educational functioning levels of ABE level 5 or ABE level 6 (approximately upper middle school through high school grade equivalency) either when they entered or while attending the program; and • Earned at least 12 instructional hours in the program; and • Exited the program between the dates of January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018; and • Earned their GED within a year of exiting the program. <p>[Number of students in the cohort that entered postsecondary within a year of exiting the program / [Number of students in the cohort]</p>		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only those who continue on to college at NSC-reporting institutions are included. As a result, college continuation rates are underestimated to some degree. • Results are filtered for those who continued on to college by December 31, 2019. 		
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY COUNTY			
Data source:	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-year estimates, Table B15001		
Academic/cohort year:	2014-2018	Goal(s) measured:	State 1

Variables and calculations:	<p>25 to 64 years = [25 to 34 years] + [35 to 44 years] + [45 to 64 years]</p> <p>Associate's degree or higher = [Associate's degree] + [Bachelor's degree] + [Graduate or professional degree]</p> <p>Bachelor's degree or higher = [Bachelor's degree] + [Graduate or professional degree]</p> <p>Educational attainment = [Number of people 25 years or older who have completed (education level) in (county)] / [Number of people 25 years or older in (county)]</p>
Notes:	

Measures to be Included in Forthcoming Measuring Accomplishments

DUAL CREDIT, AP, AND OTHER EARLY COLLEGE ENROLLMENTS			
Data source:	Nebraska Department of Education		
Academic/cohort year:	N/A	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1 Partnerships 2
Variables and calculations:	N/A		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data is not currently available/accessible to the Coordinating Commission. • State-level data will be used when the information is made available to the Commission. 		
NUMBER OF RECENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES PLACED INTO REMEDIAL EDUCATION			
Data source:	Nebraska Department of Education		
Academic/cohort year:	N/A	Goal(s) measured:	Students 1 Partnerships 2
Variables and calculations:	N/A		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data is not currently available/accessible to the Coordinating Commission. • State-level data will be used when the information is made available to the Commission. 		
NUMBER OF DEGREES AND CREDENTIALS AWARDED IN IDENTIFIED HIGH-NEED AREAS			
Data source:	Degrees and credentials data from the IPEDS Completions Survey. Workforce data from the Nebraska Department of Labor and/or the Bureau of Labor Statistics.		
Academic/cohort year:	N/A	Goal(s) measured:	Students 4 State 2, 3 Institutions 3
Variables and calculations:	N/A		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State-level data will be used when the information is analyzed by the Commission. 		
ENROLLMENT IN NON-CREDIT, CONTINUING EDUCATION			
Data source:	TBD		
Academic/cohort year:	N/A	Goal(s) measured:	Students 3 State 2 Partnerships 1
Variables and calculations:	N/A		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data is not currently available/accessible to the Coordinating Commission. • Institutional and state-level data will be used when the information is made available to the Commission. 		

EMPLOYMENT OUTCOMES OF COLLEGE GRADUATES

Data source:	College graduate data from the public postsecondary institutions. Employment outcomes data from the Nebraska Department of Labor. Data will either be prepared by the Nebraska Department of Labor (<i>Graduate Outcomes Nebraska</i>) or by the Nebraska Department of Education (@NSWERS).		
Academic/cohort year:	N/A	Goal(s) measured:	Students 4 State 2 Institutions 3
Variables and calculations:	N/A		
Notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Up-to-date data for all of Nebraska’s institutions in not currently available/accessible to the Coordinating Commission. ● Institutional and sector-level data will be used when the information is made available to the Commission. 		

NEBRASKA'S



**COORDINATING COMMISSION
FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION**

2020 BIENNIAL REPORT

Covering Calendar Years 2019 and 2020

APPROVED BY THE COORDINATING COMMISSION

December 3, 2020

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Lincoln, District 1

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This report and others are available at the Coordinating Commission's website:
ccpe.nebraska.gov/reports

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NEBRASKA'S
COORDINATING COMMISSION
FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION

2020 Biennial Report

Provided pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-1412 (9)

In 1990, Nebraskans saw a need for an independent entity to coordinate the state's public higher education institutions from a statewide — rather than an institutional — perspective. To accomplish this, voters amended the state Constitution, creating the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education [Article VIII-14]. The Coordinating Commission is an independent agency with a governing board

of Commissioners who are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Legislature. There are nine employees on the Commission's staff, making it one of the smallest agencies of its kind in the country.

The 2020 Biennial Report provides an overview of the Coordinating Commission's accomplishments during 2019 and 2020.

THE COORDINATING COMMISSION IS RESPONSIBLE FOR:

- Creating and putting into action a comprehensive statewide plan to guide Nebraska's higher education system
- Partnering with Legislators to develop innovative and results-driven higher education policy
- Helping low-income Nebraska students attend college by awarding over \$22 million in need-based financial aid programs and developing state financial aid strategy
- Administering the Community College Gap Assistance Program, which offers financial aid to students who want to work in high-need fields
- Ensuring the efficient use of taxpayer funds by approving or disapproving postsecondary construction projects that rely on tax funds and reviewing institutional biennial budget requests
- Approving or disapproving academic programs based on specific criteria: need, demand, unnecessary duplication, resources, and cost
- Assembling and analyzing statewide data and publishing reports tied to the state's higher education goals. The Coordinating Commission is the only Nebraska entity that does this kind of work on a statewide level
- Administering roughly \$103 million in annual State appropriations to Nebraska's six community colleges
- Authorizing the operation of out-of-state and new Nebraska postsecondary institutions
- Saving Nebraska colleges and universities thousands of dollars through administration of a nationwide distance learning agreement.

What does the Commission do?

**Implements a statewide, comprehensive plan to guide
Nebraska's higher education system, in collaboration
with the state's colleges and universities**

Nebraska's Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education

The Nebraska Constitution gives the Coordinating Commission the authority to adopt, and revise as needed, a comprehensive plan for postsecondary education. The Constitution states that this plan must include: (a) definitions of the role and mission of each public postsecondary educational institution within any general assignments of role and mission as prescribed by the Legislature and (b) plans for facilities which utilize tax funds designated by the Legislature.

The Commission's authority to adopt and revise a comprehensive plan is further elaborated in statute, which states that the purposes of the Commission shall be to: (1) develop an ongoing comprehensive statewide plan for the operation of an educationally and economically sound, vigorous, progressive, and coordinated system of postsecondary education, (2) identify and enact policies to meet the educational, research, and public service needs of the state, and (3) effect the best use of available resources through the elimination of unnecessary duplication of

programs and facilities among Nebraska's public institutions. The same statute dictates that the Commission approach postsecondary education from a statewide perspective. The Legislature also established in statute that the comprehensive plan must include an assessment of the postsecondary educational needs of the state and include a number of policy guidelines.

The current comprehensive plan is the Commission's second. It was adopted in 2000 after the Legislature passed LB 816 in 1999, which called for a review and revision of the Commission's first comprehensive plan approved in June 1992. Throughout 2015 and 2016, the Commission went through the process of updating Chapter One of the plan.

Chapter One includes a vision statement for postsecondary education in Nebraska; an examination of the state's evolving demographic, economic, political, and educational forces and their potential impacts; a series of statewide goals; and, new to the plan, a number of national and institutional comparisons for the state's

public institutions and for state higher education as a whole. The comparisons aim for Nebraska to be among the 10 best states in national rankings – including educational attainment among adults -- and for individual campuses to rank among the five best institutions in peer comparisons. Currently, Nebraska ranks

9th in the percentage of adults aged 25-34 years old with an associate's degree or higher and 13th in the percentage of adults ages 25-64 with an associate's degree or higher.

The full plan is available on the Commission's website, ccpe.nebraska.gov/reports.

VISION FOR NEBRASKA POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION

Nebraskans will reap many benefits from affordable, accessible, and high-quality postsecondary education. Nebraska's people will value and support postsecondary institutions that are vital, vigorous, and visionary. Each postsecondary institution will fulfill its role and mission with distinction by being responsive to changing academic, workforce, societal, economic, cultural, and community development needs. Together, Nebraska's postsecondary institutions will provide access to educational opportunities that meet the diverse needs of students and citizens; create environments that foster student success; position Nebraska to excel in the global economy; and exercise careful, creative, and cooperative stewardship of available resources.

*- Chapter One, Comprehensive Statewide
Plan for Postsecondary Education*

What does the Commission do?

Administers student financial aid programs

Financial Aid

The Commission administers the Nebraska Opportunity Grant (NOG), the Access College Early (ACE) Scholarship Program, and the Community College Gap Assistance Program. The Commission also conducts annual audits of postsecondary institutions in the state that participate in the state financial aid programs.

Nebraska Opportunity Grant

The Nebraska Opportunity Grant, formerly known as the Nebraska State Grant, is awarded to students in consultation with financial aid administrators at Nebraska's postsecondary institutions. These grants are awarded to students who are residents of Nebraska, attend a Nebraska postsecondary institution, and have a minimum Expected Family Contribution (EFC) as determined by completing the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA).

In 2018-19, \$11.4 million of the grant's funding came from State lottery funds and \$6.6 million from the State's general funds. In 2019-20, lottery funding increased to \$12.4 million, while the general funds appropriation stayed the same at \$6.6 million.

Nebraska Opportunity Grant Biennium History:

2018-19

Total awarded: \$17,978,264

- 12,753 students received a grant (37% of eligible students)
 - Public institutions: 9,463 students
 - \$1,470 average award
 - Private, non-profit: 2,985 students
 - \$1,179 average award
 - Proprietary/for-profit: 305 students
 - \$1,785 average award

Average grant awarded: \$1,410

2019-20:

Total awarded: \$18,740,356

- 12,956 students received a grant (42% of eligible students)
 - Public institutions: 10,036 students
 - \$1,470 average award
 - Private, non-profit: 2,674 students
 - \$1,339 average award
 - Proprietary/for-profit: 246 students
 - \$1,643 average award

Average grant awarded: \$1,446

Access College Early Scholarship Program

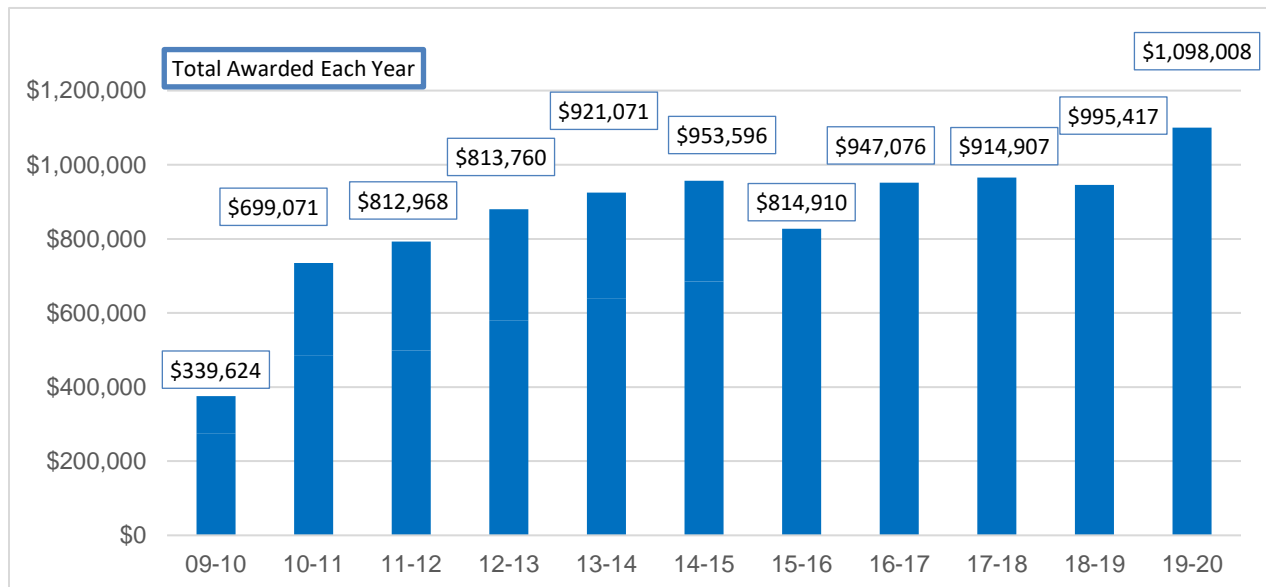
The Access College Early Scholarship Program awards scholarships to high school students from low-income families who enroll in a college course at a participating public or private postsecondary institution while the student is still in high school. The Commission recommended the creation of this program in 2007, funding it through the transfer of funds from a relatively inactive program, the Community Scholarship Foundation Program, to the ACE program. The program is entirely funded from state General Funds now.

Current national research indicates that high school students who take college courses while in high school:

- Increase academic rigor during high school;
- Remain in school and graduate at higher rates;
- Enroll in college at an increased rate;
- Streamline their transitions from high school to college;
- Have a head start on their chosen postsecondary programs;
- Save money once in college; and
- Return for their college sophomore years at higher rates.

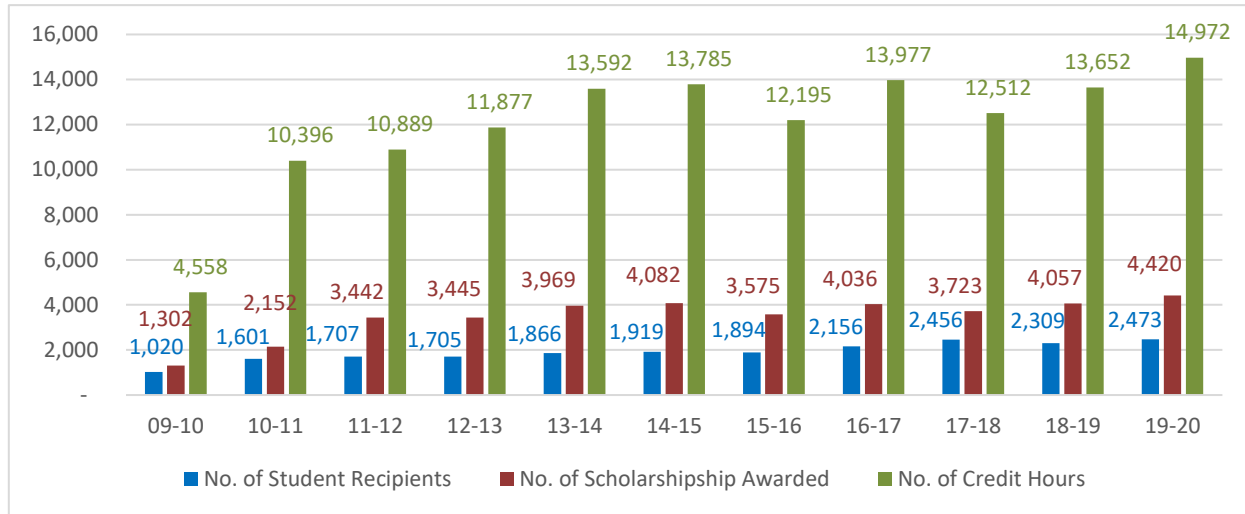
The Commission believes family income should not exclude a student from taking college courses while in high school.

**ACE Scholarship Program Funding and Awards
2009-10 through 2019-20**

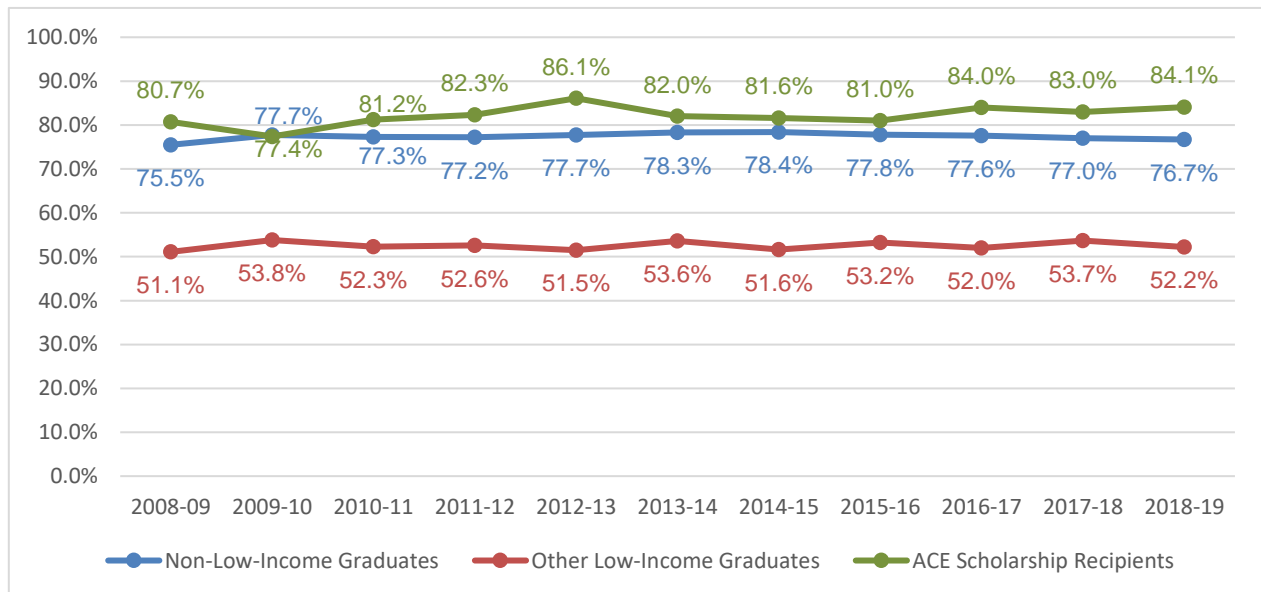


(ACE charts continued on next page)

Growth of ACE Scholarship Program Awards, Recipients and Credit Hours 2009-10 through 2019-20



Nebraska Public High School College Continuation Rates 2008-09 through 2018-19

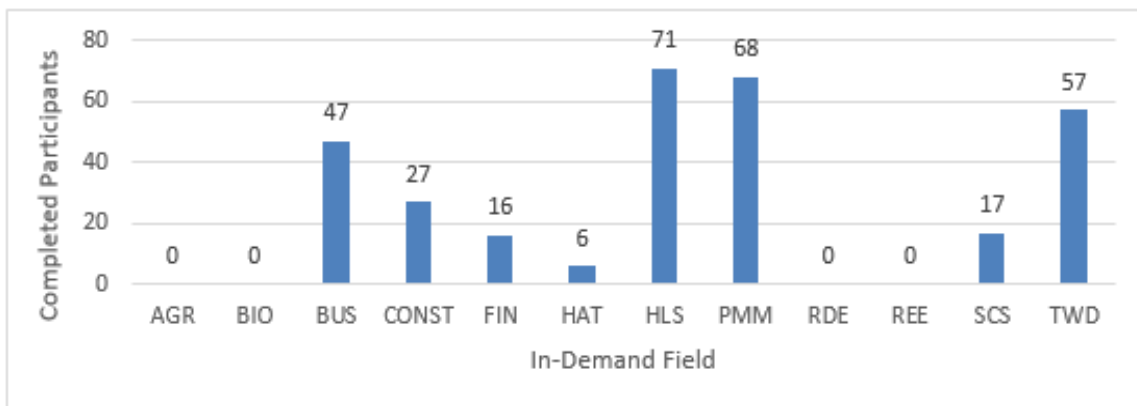


Community College Gap Assistance Program

In 2015 the Legislature gave authority to the Coordinating Commission to administer the Community College Gap Assistance Program, which had a formal start date of July 1, 2016. Through lottery funds, the Gap program receives roughly \$1.4 million annually. These funds are distributed to the state’s six community colleges, which recruit and select eligible low-income students enrolled in short-term non-credit

and for-credit vocational programs to receive grants. Student grants can be used for tuition, direct training costs, required books and equipment, and fees, including those for industry testing services and background check services. Legislation requires that eligible programs be for “in-demand” occupations, such as health services; transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics; agriculture and food processing; precision metals manufacturing; software and computer sciences; education; and hospitality and tourism.

**Gap Assistance Program Completed Participants
In-Demand Programs of Study Completed - 2018-19 and 2019-20**



AGR	Agriculture and food processing	HLS	Health services
BIO	Biosciences	PMM	Precision metals manufacturing
BUS	Business management and administrative services	RDE	Research, development, and engineering services
CONST	Construction	REE	Renewable energy
FIN	Financial services	SCS	Software and computer services
HAT	Hospitality and tourism	TWD	Transportation, warehousing, and distribution logistics

What does the Commission do?

Provides information and advice on higher education to the Legislature and Governor. Conducts research and publishes reports on issues regarding higher education.

Reports and Analysis

The Commission utilizes extensive data to produce a wide array of objective, comprehensive reports. This in-depth research provides an independent — and invaluable — voice within Nebraska’s postsecondary education system. The Coordinating Commission is the only entity in the state that conducts such research.

CCPE research is used by Legislators, the Governor’s office, media, higher education institutions, other state agencies, and the public. Following are descriptions of the Commission-produced reports during the last two years.

All of these reports are available on the Commission’s website at ccpe.nebraska.gov/reports.

Budget and Financial Analyses

Postsecondary Education Operating Budget Recommendations for 2021-2023 *(October 2020)*

This is a statutorily required analysis of public institutional budget requests. It includes information about higher education appropriations, affordability, access and accountability, discussions of statewide funding issues, and recommendations. *(See page 16 of this document for more information.)*

Capital Construction Budget Recommendations and Prioritization for 2021-2023 *(October 2020)*

This statutorily required report includes the Commission’s funding and priority recommendations on capital construction budget requests from the Nebraska State College System, the University of Nebraska, and the Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture at Curtis. *(See page 15 of this document for more information.)*

Tuition, Fees, and College Affordability Report

(September 2020)

This statutorily required report covers public policy issues relating to tuition, fees, and financial aid for students in Nebraska. It shows how Nebraska's public postsecondary institutions rank on these points when compared to their Commission-designated peer institutions.

Among the report's general findings:

- As a result of relatively strong state and local tax support, tuition and fees at Nebraska's postsecondary institutions remain moderate compared to institutions in most states;
- Nevertheless, as tuition and mandatory fees continue to rise, financial aid is a necessity and increasingly important for many students;
- Participation and success rates for students from median-, low-, and very-low-income families would likely increase if additional financial assistance could be provided by the state.

Did you know?

In 2017-18, Nebraska ranked 35th from the top among states in need-based student aid grant dollars per undergraduate full-time equivalent student at \$210. The national average was \$667 per FTE student.

Source: 2020 Tuition, Fees, and Financial Aid Report

Academic Analyses

Delivering Courses Beyond Campus Walls *(2019, 2020)*

Historically, this report has described the types of distance education courses available to Nebraska residents, which public institutions offer distance education, how distance education is delivered, and how many students are taking advantage of distance education. Due to the current ubiquity of distance education opportunities, since 2018 the Commission has collected and reported only data related to dual enrollment college courses offered to Nebraska high school students.

Dashboards

College Continuation Rates *(Last revised July 2020)*

This dashboard provides our estimate of college-going rates for each of Nebraska's public high schools that awarded regular high school diplomas from 2007-2008 through 2018-19. Data users also can download an Excel file of the entire dataset, including our estimate of college-going rates, by county, for the high school graduating class of 2005-06 (includes public and private schools).

Degrees and Other Awards *(Last revised June 2020)*

These dashboards summarize the number of degrees and awards conferred by Nebraska's public colleges and universities, independent colleges and universities, and for-profit/career schools, as reported in the federal IPEDS surveys. The information corresponds to the data presented in the

Commission's *2020 Factual Look at Higher Education in Nebraska: Degrees and Other Awards Conferred 2008-2009 through 2018-2019*.

Enrollment (*Last revised September 2020*)

These dashboards summarize enrollments at Nebraska's public colleges and universities, independent colleges and universities, and for-profit/career schools, as reported in the federal IPEDS surveys. The information corresponds to the data presented in the Commission's *2020 Factual Look at Higher Education in Nebraska: Enrollment (Fall enrollment: 2009 through 2019; 12-month enrollment: 2009-10 through 2018-19)*.

KEY FINDING: The Attainment Gap

A consequence of the disparities in high school graduation rates, college continuation rates, and college graduation rates is that Nebraska's gap in educational attainment between whites and minorities (i.e., not white non-Hispanic) is the third largest in the nation. In Nebraska, 55.6% of 25- to 44-year old, white non-Hispanics have completed an associate's degree or higher. In comparison, only 29.9% of 25- to 44-year-old minorities have completed an associate's degree or higher. The net difference is an attainment gap of 25.7 percentage points. Nationally, 51.2% of 25- to 44-year-old, white non-Hispanics have completed an associate's degree or higher. In comparison, only 35.1% of 25- to 44-year-old minorities have completed an associate's degree or higher.

- *2020 Nebraska Higher Education Progress Report*, pg. S19

Other Analyses, Publications

Nebraska Higher Education Progress Report (*March 2019, 2020*)

This statutorily required annual report provides data to the Nebraska Legislature to monitor and evaluate progress toward achieving three key priorities for Nebraska's postsecondary education system developed by the 2003 LR 174 Higher Education Task Force and incorporated in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 85-1428 (3). They are:

- Increase the number of students who enter postsecondary education;
- Increase the proportion of students who enroll and successfully persist through degree program completion; and
- Reduce, eliminate, and then reverse the net out-migration of Nebraskans with high levels of educational attainment.

Factual Look at Higher Education in

Nebraska (*2019, 2020*) This annual analysis uses data from the federal IPEDS surveys to provide comparative data for Nebraska's higher education institutions. The report is released in two sections: Enrollment and Degrees and Other Awards.

Measuring Accomplishments (*2019, 2020*)

This annual report is a companion piece to the *Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education*. Data from a variety of sources is used to measure Nebraska's progress toward achieving the major statewide goals outlined in the *Comprehensive Plan* through national comparisons and institutional peer comparisons.

What does the Commission do?

Authorizes academic programs

Academic Programs

Existing Programs Review

The Commission is constitutionally required to review, monitor, and approve or disapprove each public institution's existing and proposed new academic programs to provide consistency with the *Comprehensive Plan* and to prevent unnecessary duplication.

During the 2019-2020 biennium, the Commission reviewed 296 existing programs. Of those, 283 were approved to continue and 13 were returned to the institution for further review. The institutions also reported that they had discontinued 42 programs—actions that do not require Commission approval.

The Commission also reviewed 17 program assessments after they were returned to the originating institutions with follow-up questions.

Approval of Proposed New Academic Programs

In the past two years, the Commission reviewed and approved 24 proposals for new academic programs and organizational units at public institutions. One proposal was withdrawn. Another 59

proposed programs were reviewed and determined to be reasonable and moderate extensions of existing programs, thus requiring no action by the Commission.

Consumer Protection

Closed Institutions When four-year institutions close, state statutes require their records to be transferred to the registrar at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln. The Commission facilitates record transfer and assists students in obtaining transcripts, often for several years after closure. Two campuses closed in the 2019-20 biennium: Purdue University Global Omaha campus and National American University Bellevue campus. The Commission staff assisted students from these two institutions as well as students from Wright Career College, ITT Technical Institute, and Grace University, which closed prior to the 2019-20 biennium.

Student Complaints State statutes provide an avenue for students to file a complaint against an institution if it has violated the Postsecondary Institution Act. Few student complaints rise to this level. Nevertheless, Commission staff assist students by answering questions and often walking them through the

complaint process at their institution, explaining financial aid issues, or putting them in touch with the appropriate person at their institution. Documented complaints conservatively average roughly 30 per year. Many others are answered by a phone call and are not formally recorded.

What does the Commission do?

**Considers and approves or disapproves proposals
from new or out-of-state institutions to operate in
Nebraska**

New or out-of-state institutions

Any out-of-state institution seeking to offer courses or programs in Nebraska or any entity wishing to establish a new private institution in the state must receive approval from the Commission. These procedures are described in the Postsecondary Institution Act, passed by the Legislature and signed by the Governor during the 2011

Legislative session. (This was a revision of previous statutes.) Title 281, Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 7, provides the rules and regulations for implementing the Postsecondary Institution Act. These rules received final State approval in November 2014.

New or out-of-state institutions authorized in the 2019-2020 biennium:

North Park Theological Seminary (Chicago, Illinois)

In April 2020 North Park Theological Seminary was authorized to operate in Nebraska, teaching two weeks each year at Carol Joy Holling Camp near Ashland. The instruction is part of the Master of Arts in Christian Formation and Master of Arts in Christian Ministry programs.

CHI Health School of Radiologic Technology (Omaha, Nebraska)

The predecessors of CHI Health School of Radiologic Technology have offered training in radiologic technology since the mid-1950s. In July 2019 the school offered an AAS degree in radiologic technology. At its July 2019 meeting, the Commission approved CHI Health to offer a Bachelor of Science degree in Radiologic Sciences (BSRS).

What does the Commission do?

Approves proposals for facilities

Capital Construction and Facilities

The Commission has two major responsibilities related to capital construction at public postsecondary education institutions.

The first responsibility is to review, monitor, and approve or disapprove capital construction project requests that use more than \$2 million in tax funds to construct, renovate, or acquire facilities, or more than \$95,000 per year in additional tax funds to operate and maintain. Disapproved projects cannot receive state funds for construction or ongoing operating and maintenance costs. From January 2019 through December 2020, the Commission reviewed and approved 6 capital construction project proposals submitted by the institutions.

The second responsibility is to review the biennial capital construction requests of the University of Nebraska, the Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture, and the Nebraska State College System. With its statewide perspective, the Commission provides a unified prioritization of all approved individual capital construction budget requests for higher education. The Commission makes these recommendations to the Governor and Legislature at the same time it makes recommendations on biennial

operating budget requests. The Commission recommends a list, in priority order, of approved individual capital construction budget requests eligible for state funding. Only those requests that were approved by the governing boards and the Commission, or the Task Force on Building Renewal, and are requesting state funding in the biennial budget request are considered. The Commission identified ongoing routine maintenance and addressing deferred repair as two essential areas in need of new State and institutional funding for the 2021-2023 biennium. The Commission prioritized 13 individual capital construction budget requests for the coming biennium, with the highest priorities being:

1. LB 309 Fire & Life Safety – Class I Requests,
2. LB 309 Deferred Repair – Class I Requests,
3. (tie) University-wide Facilities Renewal Program, and
3. (tie) LB 309 Energy Conservation – Class I Requests.

The latest full report, *Capital Construction Budget Recommendations and Prioritization 2021-2023 Biennium*, is available at the Commission's website, ccpe.nebraska.gov/reports.

What does the Commission do?

Reviews the institutions' budget proposals and makes recommendations on those requests to the Governor and Legislature

Budget Review and Recommendations

The Commission has constitutional responsibility to review and modify, if necessary to conform to the Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education, the biennial budget requests of Nebraska's public postsecondary institutions and make recommendations on those requests to the Governor and Legislature.

Through this review, the Commission can assure consistency with the *Comprehensive Plan* and promote effective use of state funds in support of public postsecondary education in Nebraska. The Commission reviews budgets and makes its recommendations in October of every even-numbered year.

In fall 2020, the Commission reviewed 15 requests for additional state funding from the University of Nebraska System, the Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture at Curtis, the Nebraska State College System, and the community colleges.

Of those 15 requests, one was a new and expanded request for which the Commission recommended new general funds

In addition, there were 14 requests that were part of the continuation budget recommendation. The total dollars for institutional continuation costs and new and expanded requests was \$45,090,733 for the biennium.

The full report, *2021-2023 Institutional Operating Budget Recommendations*, is available on the Commission's website, ccpe.nebraska.gov/reports.

Initiatives, Programs, and Updates

State Authorization Reciprocity Agreement

The State Authorization Reciprocity Agreement (SARA) is an agreement among member states, districts, and territories that establishes comparable national standards for interstate offerings of postsecondary distance education courses and programs. It is intended to make it easier for students to take online courses offered by postsecondary institutions based in another state. SARA is overseen by a national council and administered by four regional education compacts. Nebraska was accepted as part of SARA in 2014. The Coordinating Commission is the state's portal agency for the initiative, meaning Nebraska institutions apply to the Commission to participate. As of December 2020, 25 Nebraska colleges and universities had joined SARA. All have renewed their participation annually and continue to be active members.

Multi-State Collaborative on Military Credit

The Coordinating Commission is leading Nebraska's work as part of a 13-state initiative to help military service members, veterans, and their families overcome

barriers to earning postsecondary credentials and entering the workforce. The Multi-State Collaborative on Military Credit (MCMC) aims to, among other things, identify effective policies and best practices that can be shared among participating states. Volunteers from state agencies, university systems, college campuses, and other organizations have been working together as part of the initiative. The Coordinating Commission has served as the MCMC facilitator in Nebraska, with a staff member serving on the MCMC steering committee. A recent focus has been to identify ways that Nebraska institutions might award credit to veterans for education or training received while in the military.

FAFSA Completion Initiative

In 2015, the Coordinating Commission began leading an effort in Nebraska to encourage more high school students to apply for federal financial aid to attend college. As part of the U.S. Department of Education's FAFSA Completion Initiative, the Commission can provide certain designated entities – typically high schools – with limited data about their students'

progress in completing and filing the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA). The FAFSA Initiative enables the designated entities to better target counseling, help with completing the FAFSA, and provide other resources to those students. Identifying such students can promote college access and success by ensuring students, particularly low-income students, have access to financial aid. The Commission received funding from the Legislature in 2015 for the implementation of the initiative's software.

Dual Credit

In 2019, the Coordinating Commission and the State Board of Education undertook a joint dual credit initiative to study ways to increase dual credit course-taking in Nebraska. The initiative was assisted by consultants from the Education Commission of the States and resulted in a report with recommendations directed at increased access, better communications with students and parents, credit transfer, increasing the number of qualified instructors, affordability, and improved data and reporting. The Coordinating Commission has implemented data collection improvements and requested additional funding for the Access College Early Scholarship program. During the 2020 legislative session, the Coordinating Commission worked with the Nebraska Department of Education and the Nebraska Legislature's Education Committee to target new lottery funds to dual credit priority areas in LB 920. That work will continue in 2021.

New to the Commission

Governor Ricketts appointed two new Commissioners during the 2019-2020 biennium. Tim Daniels and Charles Garman, both of Omaha, were appointed in September 2019.

As of November 2020, there were two Commissioner vacancies (Districts 4 and 6).