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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

2002 Tuition, Fee and Financial Aid Report

The Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education conducts a biennial, statutorily required study on the status of tuition, mandatory fees and financial aid at Nebraska's public postsecondary education institutions. The study uses comparisons with peer institutions to examine the state's level of investment in higher education, tuition and fee rates, student payment shares, the availability of financial aid, student borrowing trends, affordability based on family and per capita income, and related national issues and trends.

The following are some of the major findings from the report and the Commission's conclusions and recommendations. The entire report is available to the general public on the Commission's website at www.ccpe.state.ne.us.

Major Findings

- **Nebraska is losing ground in state support for higher education.** Nebraska has slipped from 2nd in the country in 1995-1996 to 28th in the country in 2002 for ten-year funding percentage increases to higher education.
- **Nebraska ranks 6th nationally for operating expenses for higher education, as measured per \$1,000 of personal income, and 5th nationally for State appropriations as measured per capita.**
- **The State appropriation per student in 2001-2002 varied among the sectors and among institutions.** The highest appropriation per student rates were at the University of Nebraska Medical Center (\$32,086) and the University of Nebraska-Lincoln (\$9,955), which reflects their unique role and missions within Nebraska. The lowest appropriation per student rates were at Community Colleges, specifically Northeast Community College (\$2,544), Metropolitan Community Colleges (\$2,311) and Southeast Community College (\$2,111). Community Colleges are funded by property taxes as well as state appropriations and tuition revenue.
- **Students at all Nebraska four-year public institutions except the University of Nebraska-Lincoln pay less than the 2001-2002 national average of \$3,754 for annual undergraduate tuition and mandatory fees.**
- **The State of Nebraska and its taxpayers bear the majority of the cost to educate public postsecondary students.**

- **When the aggregate student payment share is considered for each of the three public sector of higher education, each falls within the student payment share guidelines established in the *Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education*.**
- **The ability of students and families to pay increased tuition and mandatory fees at the University of Nebraska and the State Colleges has decreased in the past five years (1996–2001) making four-year public colleges less affordable for the very low income families in Nebraska than in the past. However, the Community Colleges in the past five years have become more affordable for low income and very low income students and their families within each Community Colleges service area.**
- **A recent study conducted by the Coordinating Commission found that Nebraska postsecondary education students have over \$69 million of unmet financial need.**
- **Nebraska students have, on average, borrowed more money than their national counterparts to attend four-year colleges.** A joint study conducted by the Commission and the Nebraska Student Loan Program estimated the median Nebraska student debt burden in 2000 at \$13,327 while the national median was \$13,000.
- **Nebraska is not providing enough money to meet the unmet financial need of its students seeking to attend postsecondary education institutions.** At the start of the 2000-2001 fiscal year, Nebraska ranked 35th among the states in estimated need-based student aid grant dollars per full-time undergraduate enrollment.
- **Recent decreases to the state grant programs, combined with increases in tuition and fees at Nebraska institutions, will make higher education less accessible to Nebraska student and particularly to low income students, many of whom are from population groups such as Hispanics, Native American and African Americans, who are already under-represented in higher education.**

Commission's Recommendations

The Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education identifies access to postsecondary education as a top priority. The state's policies and practices pertaining to tuition and mandatory fee levels and financial aid for low income students have a direct impact on higher education access. The Commission believes the State of Nebraska can do more to improve affordability and increase access, particularly through its state grant program that serves low income students.

Financial Aid Conclusions and Recommendations

In its report on the State's grant program, Blocked Opportunities, the set the following Statewide Financial Aid goal:

Significantly increase State financial aid for the neediest of students to reduce the existing levels of unmet financial need of Nebraska college students. The goal should be to reach the national average within six years by adding \$2 million each year until \$19 million of State funding is provided.

To accomplish the above goal, the Commission made the following recommendations regarding the structure of the State grant programs:

- 1. Create a new program for students at public institutions**
- 2. Create a State matching program to initially maximize the number of grant participants and add \$2 million of State funds to SAP**
- 3. The state should provide additional funding of \$2 million each year for financially-needy students to reach the goal of \$19 million within six years.**
The state should distribute new funds for state grant programs based on Pell-dollar volume at each institution, a measure of student need.
- 4. Set a benchmark goal regarding the distribution of state financial aid funds between public and private institutions.**
The Commission recommends that the benchmark ration should be that 59 percent of all need-based student aid funds should go to students in the public institutions and 41 percent of the funds should go to students attending independent and private institutions.
- 5. Incorporate the following essential elements:**
 - Set benchmarks to monitor progress.
 - Provide equity among programs.
 - Leverage resources to increase funding for financially-needy students
 - Increase awareness of the state grant programs and support networks to help students succeed.
- 6. Monitor progress in continuing non-state support for financially-needy students and continue to analyze the unmet needs of students.**
- 7. Financial aid for low income families should be increased whenever tuition and mandatory fees are increased.**

Tuition and Fees Conclusions and Recommendations

The Commission is concerned about affordability of higher education for all Nebraska residents including low income residents, many from minority populations who are already under-represented in higher education in Nebraska.

The Commission's findings show that tuition and mandatory fees have increased faster than family incomes in the University and State College sectors resulting in our four-year public college being less affordable than five-years ago. The Community College sector, however, appears to be more affordable than five-years ago for all income levels because it requires less of a percentage of income to pay for increased tuition and fees. An unintended outcome of tuition policy in Nebraska should not be to dictate that students from very low and low income families have only one option for higher education and that is the community colleges. Increased financial aid assistance, as recommended above, would help counter this potential problem.

Additional Commission recommendations related to tuition policy include the following:

- When budgets are cut, the Commission favors a principle of shared responsibility. Students should expect to pay higher—but not excessively higher—tuition. However, colleges and universities should expect to absorb their share of budget shortfalls in the least detrimental way to student accessibility.
- Tuition increases should be moderate, gradual, and predictable, and should take family income into account.
- Institutions are encouraged to consider other means of offsetting state appropriation decreases in addition to increasing tuition, which disproportionately affects low income students, especially at a time when state financial aid for needy students has been reduced.

Introduction

“Policy makers need to know whether colleges’ cost of attendance, student financial aid programs, and admission standards encourage or discourage attendance by students at varying levels of income and preparation. Because it is a responsibility of the states to provide education, state policy makers must assess the extent to which current higher education systems provide access for their residents.”

Equal Opportunity, Lumina Foundation for Education, 2002

The Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education is required by statute to prepare the following report biennially. The report identifies public policy issues relating to student tuition and fees, including the appropriate relative differentials of tuition and fee levels between the sectors of public postsecondary education, consistent with the *Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education*. Since financial aid is an integrally related issue, this report includes information pertaining to Nebraska’s three state grant programs for needy students.

One of the major statewide goals of the Comprehensive Statewide Plan is that Nebraska institutions and policy makers will seek methods to increase participation and success in higher education and to ensure that access to higher education institutions’ programs and services is not restricted by factors such as geographic location, economic status, age, culture, disability, color, national origin or gender.

Strategies to achieve the above-sited goal include 1) increasing state support for the state-administered, need-based financial aid programs to improve Nebraska’s competitive position to above the national average, and 2) continuing the existing state policy of maintaining moderate tuition rates at public postsecondary education institutions to promote success. Tuition rates are to be moderate in comparison to each institution’s

peers and consistent with guidelines within the Comprehensive Plan. The guidelines include the following:

- 1) Tuition and fee rates are set at a level within each sector that is appropriate to that sector's role and mission, with community colleges having the lowest tuition rate of the three public sectors and the University of Nebraska, which has a more comprehensive and differentiated role and mission, having the highest rates.
- 2) The taxpayers of the state continue to bear the majority of the cost of education for students at public postsecondary institutions, on a per student basis.
- 3) Institutions set comparatively low nonresident tuition and fee rates to attract out-of-state students to the state.
- 4) Tuition for graduate-level and professional courses reflects the higher costs of these programs.

Data throughout this report are based largely on information that is self-reported by Nebraska's institutions and their peers. This data, which is presented in the report's appendix, is compiled and analyzed, along with information from national publications and studies on existing and emerging national trends, state-by-state comparisons, and other relevant data, and then used to prepare the final report that is submitted to the Governor and the Appropriations Committee of the Legislature.

The 2002 Tuition, Fee and Financial Aid Report compares tuition and mandatory fees, state appropriation per full-time equivalent students, and student payment share data of Nebraska public institutions to their respective peer groups. It also continues the important discussion of students' reliance on educational loans to pay for college and discussion of the unmet financial need of students even after including loans in the financial picture. Further, the report examines affordability over a four-year period

comparing the percentage of income needed to pay tuition and mandatory fees between 1996 and 2000 (the most recent data available.)

The final chapter of the report provides the Commission's conclusions and recommendations to the Governor and Legislature regarding state policies related to tuition, fees and financial aid. The Commission's recommendations are consistent with the goals of the *Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education*.

It is the Commission's hope that the *2002 Tuition, Fees and Financial Aid Report* can serve as a resource to governing board members and campus administrators, as they make decisions regarding their institutions' tuition and fee rates; and to state policy makers, as they consider the budget requests of the public institutions and the state funding levels for the state's financial aid programs, which assist thousands of Nebraska students to afford access to higher education opportunities. The report is also available to the general public on the Commission's website at www.ccpe.state.ne.us. Printed versions are available upon request.

The State's Investment in Higher Education

“In a world shaped by information technologies and global economies, college opportunity is even more important today than it was a decade ago. Education and training beyond high school is no longer discretionary for those who aspire to full social and economic participation in American life. The public understanding of this concept is reflected in broader college aspirations and increased college attendance.”

Losing Ground, A National Status Report on the Affordability of American Higher Education,
The National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education, 2002

Introduction

The quote above emphasizes the increasing importance of higher education in our changing, highly technical world. Higher education, which was once a luxury for some, is increasingly becoming a necessity for most. Fortunately, most states understand this important concept. In 2001, the states provided funding for higher education, in the aggregate, of well over \$64 billion dollars.¹

Losing Ground, A National Status Report on the Affordability of American Higher Education, published by the National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education, challenges state leaders and policy makers to ask the following important question as they decide their state's public education financing policy: “How much encouragement and incentive does the state wish to give its citizenry and workforce to raise their knowledge and skills beyond the high school level?”

From Nebraska's standpoint, the state has done well in providing state funds to support the operations of the state institutions, as shown in the information that follows.

However, financial aid for needy students still lags behind the national average, as is discussed in Chapter 5 of this publication.

Comparisons with Other States

Despite the growing competition for the State's resources, the Governor and the Legislature have continued to increase appropriations for public postsecondary education. In 2002, Nebraska's appropriation of state tax dollars for operating expenses of higher education was \$525,220,000. This number represents a 5.5 percent annual average increase over a five-year period (1997-2002).² While the 5.5 percent annual increase in funding appears reasonable, it is below the national five-year average of 6.5 percent. The ten-year percentage change in appropriations for Nebraska was 54.4 percent, placing Nebraska 28th in relationship to other states. The national average was 59.1 percent. Even two years ago, Nebraska's ten-year funding percentage change in appropriation was 61.6 percent, ranking Nebraska 14th in the country. In 1995-1996, Nebraska's ten-year funding percentage ranked it 2nd in the country. **The Commission is concerned that Nebraska maybe losing ground in state support for higher education.**

Another measure of a state's investment in higher education is the appropriation per \$1,000 of personal income and the appropriation per capita income. For 2001-2002, Nebraska's appropriation per \$1,000 of personal income was \$10.84, down slightly from the 1999-2000 level of \$10.97. Over the past five years, the appropriation per \$1,000 of personal income has remained fairly stable, increasing and decreasing only slightly each year.³

Nebraska's appropriation for operating expenses for higher education, as measured per \$1,000 of personal income, placed Nebraska 6th in the country, a move up of four positions from the 1999-2000 comparisons.⁴ Additionally, the State's appropriation, as measured per capita, places Nebraska 5th in the country or three places higher than 1999-2000.

Nebraska's high ranking in two measures of its ability to support higher education means that overall postsecondary education funding is keeping pace with other states even though the ten-year funding average has moved Nebraska closer to the midpoint of the rate of funding change for all states. As this report is being written, however, the state is still facing financial problems that may have grave implications for public higher education policy. These fiscal and policy challenges directly influence the affordability of public colleges and universities.

As pointed out in *Losing Ground*, in times of recession, states often disproportionately reduce appropriations to higher education in comparison to other state spending categories to help balance budgets. This has not been the case, so far, in Nebraska, as the state struggles with decreases in projected revenue. On the other hand, *Losing Ground* goes on to state that during periods of economic growth, states often increase their appropriations to higher education.

“These increased appropriations drive up the costs of college for taxpayers, although not always with commensurate improvements in access or educational effectiveness. During these upswings and downswings in the economy, continued public investment in higher education is needed. Even in the best of times, emphases should be placed on expenditures that are cost effective, that improve educational outcomes, and that can be sustained in both high and low water years.”

Within Nebraska's current fiscal picture, it is important for policy makers and those balancing the state's budget to remember the vital role postsecondary education plays in fueling economic growth and individual prosperity to make Nebraska's economy and society work efficiently.

Investment in human potential has a high rate of return according to a study done by the National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges (NASULGC). It is estimated by NASULGC that on average for every \$1 that a state invests in a NASULGC institution, it will yield \$5 back to the state's coffers. The figures for

Nebraska are above this national average, showing that for every \$1 that Nebraska invests in the university system it returns \$9 to the state.⁵

State Appropriation Per Full-Time Equivalent Student

The state appropriation per full-time equivalent student is calculated from data supplied by the state's public institutions and their respective peer groups. The peer groups are composed of those institutions identified as similar by the Commission. For the University of Nebraska sector, the governing board-selected peers and the Commission-selected peers are not identical and, were the governing-board peers to be included in the comparisons, the results might be different.

For the Commission-selected peers, the Commission solicits annual data on the state appropriation, minus any monies appropriated or reappropriated for tuition. Capital appropriations are also excluded. The base state appropriation is then divided by the number of full-time equivalent students at the institutions. Again, these data are self-reported. For the most current year's information (2001-2002), the enrollment figures must be estimates. However, institutions are later asked to confirm the numbers with actual full-time equivalent enrollment data.

Increases in the state appropriation per full-time equivalent can be a product of increased funding for the institution or a decrease in FTE enrollments or a combination of both. For example, if an institution receives a substantial increase in its state funding and enrollments remain constant, the state appropriation per full-time equivalent student will be greater than previous years. If the state appropriation remains constant and enrollment decreases, the appropriation per full-time equivalent student will be greater than the previous year. Conversely, if the appropriation decreases as enrollment increases, the appropriation per full-time equivalent student would be less than the previous year. If appropriations increase and enrollments increase proportionately, the appropriation per full-time equivalent student could remain substantially the same as the previous year.

The first table in Appendix A provides a summary of the state appropriation per full-time equivalent student from 1992-1993 through 2001-2002. The peer group average is also provided for the same 10-year time period. As the table displays, the state appropriation per full-time equivalent student has increased significantly at Nebraska’s public institutions.

For 2001-2002, the state appropriation per full-time equivalent resident undergraduate student varied both among the sectors and among institutions within the sector. The role and mission of an institution may be a significant factor in the state appropriation per full-time equivalent student. Thus, data from similar institutions (peers) provide the most useful means of comparing the state appropriation per full-time equivalent student. The following information summarizes the institution’s state appropriation per FTE student as well as the institution’s peer group mean and median for the same. We begin with the University of Nebraska System:

The University of Nebraska

Chart 2-1	
2001-2002 State Appropriation per FTE	
Resident Undergraduate Student: University of Nebraska System	
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$9,955
Peer Group Mean	\$7,404
Peer Group Median	\$6,877
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$5,118
Peer Group Mean	\$5,216
Peer Group Median	\$5,144
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$5,618
Peer Group Mean	\$5,853
Peer Group Median	\$5,891
University of Nebraska Medical Center	\$32,086
Peer Group Mean	N/A
Peer Group Median	N/A

During the two-year period 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, the state appropriation per full-time equivalent student at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln increased approximately 6.5 percent. The University of Nebraska-Lincoln is above its peer group mean and median: 35 and 45 percent respectively. In prior years, the University of Nebraska-Lincoln maintained a position of 4th or 5th from the top of its peer group. In 2001-2002, however, the University of Nebraska-Lincoln moved to 3rd in appropriations per student. This increase occurred while FTE enrollment increased by 3.2 percent. Consequently the appropriation had to increase substantially to accommodate enrollment increases and still show a significant increase in appropriation per student. The University of Nebraska-Lincoln's state appropriation includes an appropriation for research, service, and land grant responsibilities, similar to its peers.

The University of Nebraska at Omaha's 2001-2002 state appropriation per full-time equivalent student was 2.0 percent less than in 1999-2000. Its peer group's average also decreased by 6.6 percent during the same time period. For 2001-2002, UNO was below the mean of the peer group by 1.9 percent and almost at median of the group. From 1999-2000 to 2000-2001, UNO's FTE enrollment increased by 4.2 percent. For UNO's appropriation per student to decrease by 2 percent would mean that the appropriation to UNO would have been more than prior years but not sufficient to accommodate enrollment increases and still show an increase in or maintenance of prior year's appropriation per student.

At the University of Nebraska at Kearney, the state appropriation per FTE student continued below the mean and median of the peer group—4.0 percent below the mean and 4.6 percent below the median. The University of Nebraska at Kearney had the greatest increase in the state appropriation per FTE student among the University campuses, however. From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, UNK's state appropriation per full-time equivalent student increased 22.6 percent. Its peer group average increased 2.7 percent during the same time period. UNK's increase in appropriation per student is due in some degree to the fact that the college's enrollment decreased by 7 percent during this time period.

The University of Nebraska Medical Center had an 8.3 percent increase in appropriation per student from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002. Because the peer group data is difficult to summarize and compare, we have not included peer comparisons for UNMC.

The State Colleges

Chart 2-2 2001-2002 State Appropriation per FTE Resident Undergraduate Student: State Colleges	
Chadron State College	\$5,620
Peer Group Mean	\$5,869
Peer Group Median	\$5,329
Peru State College	\$4,986
Peer Group Mean	\$3,823
Peer Group Median	\$4,047
Wayne State College	\$5,046
Peer Group Mean	\$5,566
Peer Group Median	\$4,976

At Chadron State College, the state appropriation per FTE student continued below the mean of the peer group by 4.2 percent, but moved to 5.5 percent above the median. From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, Chadron State College's state appropriation per full-time equivalent student increased 14.4 percent while its peer group average increased 5.8 percent. This is a substantial improvement from the *2000 Tuition, Fees and Financial Aid Report for Nebraska's Public Postsecondary Sector* in which Chadron's appropriation per student was 16.0 percent below its peer group mean and 15.0 percent below the median. Chadron's increase in appropriation per FTE student was helped by the almost 4 percent decrease in enrollment from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002.

At Peru State College, the state appropriation per FTE student was above its peer group mean by 24.0 percent and above the peer group median by 18.8 percent. From

1999-2000 to 2001-2002, Peru State College's state appropriation per full-time equivalent student increased 2.6 percent while its peer group average decreased by about one percent. During this time period, Peru State's enrollment increased by almost 9 percent demonstrating that the state appropriation increased significantly for the overall appropriation per student to increase. However, Peru State's appropriation is the lowest of the four-year institutions.

Wayne State College's state appropriation per FTE student was below the mean by 9.3 percent, but almost at the median for its peer group at approximately 1.4 percent above. From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, Wayne State College's state appropriation per full-time equivalent student increased 20.4 percent. Part of the increase can be attributed to an almost 5 percent decrease in Wayne State's enrollment. Its peer group appropriation per student average increased 5.0 percent during the same time period. Despite the percentage increase from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, Wayne State College's state appropriation per full-time equivalent student is less than Chadron State, but more than Peru State, which is now the lowest among the four-year State Colleges in Nebraska.

The Community Colleges

Chart 2-3	
2001-2002 State Appropriation per FTE	
Resident Undergraduate Student: Community Colleges*	
Central Community College	\$3,162
Peer Group Mean	\$2,756
Peer Group Median	\$2,211
Metropolitan Community College	\$2,311
Peer Group Mean	\$3,494
Peer Group Median	\$3,240
Mid-Plains Community College	\$3,885
Peer Group Mean	\$3,451
Peer Group Median	\$3,636
Northeast Community College	\$2,544
Peer Group Mean	\$3,901
Peer Group Median	\$4,059
Southeast Community College	\$2,111
Peer Group Mean	\$3,205
Peer Group Median	\$3,162
Western Nebraska Community College	\$4,848
Peer Group Mean	\$3,478
Peer Group Median	\$3,584

** This chart provides data solely on the State appropriation per FTE student.*

Community Colleges receive only part of their funding from state appropriations. Local property taxes make up a large proportion of their taxpayer support. They also benefit very differently in economies of scale.

The Community Colleges show a decrease in the state appropriation per full-time equivalent student from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002. The Community College funding mechanism changed during the 2001-2002 fiscal year. The State, in an effort to provide greater property tax relief, appropriated \$30 million more for the Community Colleges'

operating budgets for approximately three years. However, the state removed the additional funding in 2001-2002 returning some of the operating burden back to the local taxing authorities. Thus, from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, the state appropriation per full-time equivalent student decreased as follows: 26.3 percent (from \$4,289 to \$3,162) at Central Community College; 33 percent (from \$3,449 to \$2,311) at Metropolitan Community College; 21.1 percent (from \$4,925 to \$3,885) at Mid-Plains Community College; 18.3 percent (from \$3,113 to \$2,544) at Northeast Community College; 28.6 percent (from \$2,958 to \$2,111) at Southeast Community College; and, 23.9 percent (from \$6,374 to \$4,848) at Western Nebraska Community College.

Even with the decrease in state funding, three of the Community Colleges remained above their peer group means and medians: Central Community College at 14.8 percent above the mean and 43.0 percent above the median; Mid-Plains Community College at 12.6 percent above the mean and 6.8 percent above the median; and Western Nebraska Community College at 40.2 percent above the mean and 35.3 percent above the median. The other three Community Colleges were below the peer group means and medians in varying degrees: Metropolitan Community College at 33.9 percent below the mean and 28.7 percent below the median; Northeast Community College was 34.8 percent below the mean and 37.3 percent below the median; and, Southeast Community College was 34.1 percent below the mean and 33.2 percent below the median.

Tuition and Fees and the Student Payment Share

“We’re in danger of pricing higher education out of the reach of young people who need it if they are to be productive citizens.”

David W. Breneman, *Chronicle of Higher Education*,
For Colleges, This is Not Just Another Recession, 2002

Introduction

Today, the mass media, public policy makers, college administrators, and others are giving much more attention to rising costs of attendance and to whether college is becoming unaffordable for most Americans. Many observers have described the present “college affordability” situation in terms of a crisis for students and families, for the nation, or for colleges themselves.

One reason for this concern about increased college prices is the widening gap between the lifetime earnings of those with college degrees and those without them, as presented by Tom Mortenson in *Postsecondary Education Opportunity*⁶ (see Appendix B). The College Board, which has tracked college pricing for over a decade, estimates that over a lifetime, the gap between what a student with a college degree earns versus what a student with a high school diploma earns is \$1 million.⁷ This has given much greater importance to attending college. Now rising college prices have caused many parents to worry that the education they consider vital to their children’s success and well-being could become affordable only to the wealthy. Education and training beyond high school is no longer discretionary for those who aspire to full social and economic participation in American life.

Increases in tuition and mandatory fees may not be as much of a concern, however, if students and their families could readily afford to pay the higher charges. Therefore, to determine whether or not college is more or less affordable, tuition and mandatory fees must be examined in light of family income and financial aid availability. Comparing tuition and mandatory fees to income best captures the reality of what it means to pay for college. Even if tuition and mandatory fees are found to be affordable for middle and high-income families, the data must be examined further to determine if categories of students at different kinds of institutions are showing signs of not being able to afford college. This concept is discussed further in Chapter 4.

This chapter describes the trends in college prices and it examines how the cost of paying for college continues to move toward the student and his or her family and away from the state and federal governments.

The governing boards of the state's public postsecondary institutions have the authority to set tuition and fees for its institutions. However, the Commission was directed by the Legislature to develop guidelines through the *Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education* for rational and equitable tuition and fee levels at the state's public postsecondary institutions.⁸

The Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education recommends tuition and fees that are both comparable to the institutions' peers and consistent with the role and mission of that sector. Specifically, the *Plan* provides, by sector, that:

- Community Colleges will have the lowest tuition of the three sectors, as they will remain the sector with the broadest access.
- The State Colleges, which have a role and mission focusing on undergraduate and limited graduate-degree education, will have a midrange level of tuition and fees . . . which continue to encourage access to the citizens of their regions.

- The University campuses, having more comprehensive and differentiated missions that encompass research, medicine, and extensive graduate-level programming, will have the highest and most differentiated tuition rate of the three sectors, based on each institution's role and mission.

Tuition and Mandatory Fees

The costs of college continue to rise along with the public's concerns that postsecondary education is no longer affordable. This section focuses on the student's or family's investment: tuition and fees. Before reviewing the data, some general comments are in order. **Students at Nebraska four-year public institutions still pay less than the national average for tuition and mandatory fees, which is \$3,754 for undergraduate students** (except for the University of Nebraska-Lincoln which is slightly above the national tuition and mandatory fee average).⁹ All of Nebraska's Community Colleges are below the national community college average of \$1,738 for tuition and mandatory fees.

National averages are only part of the tuition picture, however. Tuition and mandatory fees at the State's public institutions are also compared to their respective peer groups—since the similarities among the peer groups provide a better standard against which to assess tuition and fee rates.

Detailed information on 2001-2002 tuition and mandatory fee rates by institutions is provided in Appendix C. In addition, Appendix C provides an overview of tuition and mandatory fee increases from 1994-2002, along with data that detail increases and decreases in enrollments, based on full-time equivalency.

The Commission recognizes that some increases in tuition and mandatory fees are appropriate. The Commission supports maintaining moderate tuition rates at public postsecondary institutions to promote access. Moderate, in this case, suggests near or below the mean of the peer group selected for each institution.

The University of Nebraska

Chart 3-1 TUITION & MANDATORY FEES – 2001-2002 UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA				
	Resident Undergraduate	Non-Resident Undergraduate	Resident Graduate	Non-Resident Graduate
UNL	\$3,760	\$9,362	\$3,908	\$8,990
Peer Group Mean*	\$3,472	\$11,307	\$3,776	\$11,522
Peer Group Median*	\$3,399	\$11,045	\$3,786	\$11,645
UNO	\$3,225	\$8,272	\$3,184	\$7,384
Peer Group Mean*	\$3,991	\$10,416	\$4,994	\$10,727
Peer Group Median*	\$3,923	\$9,635	\$5,116	\$10,542
UNK	\$3,113	\$5,468	\$3,014	\$5,402
Peer Group Mean*	\$3,738	\$9,826	\$4,289	\$10,033
Peer Group Median*	\$3,510	\$7,192	\$4,052	\$8,352
UNMC**	\$3,298	\$8,900	\$3,476	\$8,558
Peer Group Mean**	NA	NA	NA	NA
Peer Group Median**	NA	NA	NA	NA

* Excluding data for the Nebraska public institutions and non-responding institutions.
 ** UNMC tuition and mandatory fees do not include the differentiated tuition for the professional fields of study. See discussion below for specific tuition and mandatory fees.

The University of Nebraska-Lincoln

From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, tuition and mandatory fees for undergraduate residents at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln increased 14.7 percent. The average of UNL's peer group increased by 12.3 percent.

In 2001-2002, the University of Nebraska-Lincoln's tuition and mandatory fee costs continue to be above the mean and midpoint of its peers for undergraduate resident tuition and mandatory fees by 8.3 percent and 10.6 percent, respectively.

For graduate resident rates, UNL was closer to the mean and median of the peer group. For all nonresident categories, UNL was below the mean and the median of the peer group, which is a pattern common to all of the Nebraska's public institutions. The

state's public institutions use lower nonresident rates as a recruiting tool to attract out-of-state students. The Coordinating Commission has supported this approach not only as a recruiting tool but also as a means of providing diversity among the student body, which in turn can provide invaluable cultural and societal experiences for Nebraska's resident students. Data from a Coordinating Commission report, *Graduating into Debt*, show that, among student loan borrowers, the State retained 36 percent of nonresidents after graduation.¹⁰ In a time when Nebraska needs an increasingly educated workforce, attracting nonresidents also provides an economic benefit for the state.

The University of Nebraska at Omaha

From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, tuition and mandatory fees for undergraduate residents at the University of Nebraska at Omaha increased 13.6 percent. The peer group average increased by over 15 percent, resulting in UNO being approximately 19.2 percent below its peer group average, which was greater than the 1999-2000 percentage.

In 2001-2002, the University of Nebraska at Omaha was below its peer group mean and median for undergraduate resident/nonresident and graduate resident/nonresident tuition and mandatory fees.

The University of Nebraska at Kearney

From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, tuition and mandatory fees for undergraduate residents at the University of Nebraska at Kearney increased 14.1 percent.

Despite the increases, in 2001-2002, the University of Nebraska at Kearney was below its peer group mean and median for resident undergraduate and graduate tuition and mandatory fees and well below the peer group mean and median for nonresident categories. The University of Nebraska at Kearney was 16.7 percent below the peer group average for resident undergraduate tuition and mandatory fee costs. This

percentage below the mean of the peer group increased from 1999-2000 because of almost a 20 percent average increase for the peer group.

The University of Nebraska Medical Center

For the University of Nebraska Medical Center, Chart 3-1 displays the tuition and mandatory fee charges for undergraduate and graduate, resident and nonresident tuition and mandatory fee charges. Chart 3-2 summarizes UNMC’s tuition and mandatory fees for medicine, dentistry, and pharmacy as well as nursing and allied health:

Chart 3-2		
University of Nebraska Medical Center		
2001-2002 Tuition and Mandatory Fees		
	Resident	Nonresident
Undergraduate (Nursing & Allied Health)	\$3,298	\$8,900
Graduate	\$3,476	\$8,558
Medicine	\$14,130	\$29,765
Pharmacy	\$6,615	\$16,263
Dentistry	\$12,522	\$30,404

Resident undergraduate tuition and fees which is mainly nursing and allied health fields increased 16.2 percent from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002. Pharmacy tuition and fees for residents also increased about 16 percent during the same time period. Medicine tuition and fees for resident students increased 10.4 percent while nonresident students experienced a 21.3 percent increase. The largest increase in tuition and fees from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002 was felt by the dentistry students. Resident dentistry students saw a 39 percent increase while nonresidents students experienced a 50 percent increase in tuition and fees.

The State Colleges

Chart 3-3 TUITION & MANDATORY FEES – 2001-2002 STATE COLLEGES				
	Resident Undergraduate	Non-Resident Undergraduate	Resident Graduate	Non-Resident Graduate
Chadron State College	\$2,481	\$4,573	\$2,440	\$4,546
Peer Group Mean*	\$2,527	\$6,371	\$2,996	\$6,645
Peer Group Median*	\$2,462	\$7,346	\$2,865	\$7,228
Peru State College	\$2,526	\$4,618	\$2,482	\$4,588
Peer Group Mean*	\$2,880	\$6,277	\$2,295	\$4,506
Peer Group Median*	\$3,175	\$6,914	\$3,321	\$5,441
Wayne State College	\$2,825	\$4,917	\$2,802	\$4,908
Peer Group Mean*	\$2,850	\$7,248	\$3,419	\$7,632
Peer Group Median*	\$2,554	\$7,622	\$2,974	\$7,884

* Excluding data for the Nebraska public institutions and non-responding institutions.

Chadron State College

From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, tuition and mandatory fees for undergraduate residents at Chadron State College increased 9.6 percent.

In 2001-2002, Chadron State College was 1.8 percent below the peer group mean for undergraduate resident tuition and mandatory fees and just slightly above the median for the group. Graduate resident tuition and mandatory fees were 18.6 percent below the mean of the group. Undergraduate and graduate nonresident tuition and mandatory fees were well below the peer group mean and median.

In 1999-2000, Chadron State's resident undergraduate tuition and mandatory fees were 11.5 percent below the group mean whereas it is now 1.8 percent below the mean. Although Chadron did not increase tuition at a significant rate, the peers increased tuition at a slower rate.

Peru State College

From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, tuition and mandatory fees increased 12.2 percent at Peru State College.

In 2001-2002, Peru State College was nearly 12.0 percent below the peer group mean and 20.0 percent below the median for undergraduate resident tuition and mandatory fees. Graduate resident tuition and mandatory fees for Peru State College are now above the peer group mean by 8.0 percent, but still below the median. Undergraduate nonresident tuition and mandatory fees were well below the peer group mean and median but graduate nonresident was almost at the mean while below the median.

Wayne State College

From 1999-2000 to 2001-2002, tuition and mandatory fees for undergraduate residents at Wayne State College increased 24.4 percent.

In 2001-2002, Wayne State College was less than 1.0 percent below its peer group mean and 9.6 percent above the median for resident undergraduate tuition and fees. Graduate resident tuition and mandatory fees were somewhat below the group mean and median. However, the undergraduate and graduate nonresident tuition and mandatory fee rates were well below the peer group mean and median.

The Community Colleges

Chart 3-4 2001-2002 TUITION & MANDATORY FEES COMMUNITY COLLEGES		
	Resident Undergraduate	Non-Resident Undergraduate
Central Community College	\$1,500	\$2,190
Peer Group Mean*	\$1,813	\$6,129
Peer Group Median*	\$1,494	\$2,838
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,463	\$1,800
Peer Group Mean*	\$1,534	\$4,060
Peer Group Median*	\$1,573	\$4,590
Mid-Plains Community College	\$1,440	\$1,420
Peer Group Mean*	\$1,469	\$3,410
Peer Group Median*	\$1,410	\$3,020
Northeast Community College	\$1,538	\$1,875
Peer Group Mean*	\$1,430	\$3,493
Peer Group Median*	\$1,407	\$3,876
Southeast Community College	\$1,434	\$1,659
Peer Group Mean*	\$1,736	\$2,979
Peer Group Median*	\$1,500	\$2,190
Western Nebraska Community College	\$1,515	\$1,695
Peer Group Mean*	\$1,499	\$1,998
Peer Group Median*	\$1,536	\$1,848

* Excluding data for the Nebraska public institutions and non-responding institutions.

The Community Colleges provide broad access to postsecondary education. Lower tuition and fees assist in this goal. In 2001-2002, tuition and mandatory fee rates at all Community Colleges were very comparable. Some Community College governing boards increased tuition and fees significantly from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002. For example, Metropolitan Community College's resident tuition and mandatory fees increased 14.0 percent and yet its tuition and fee rates are comparable to the other Nebraska Community Colleges. Conversely, Southeast Community College raised its resident tuition and fees only 4.9 percent. However, Southeast's resident tuition and fees are only slightly below the tuition and fees at the other Community Colleges within the

state. The chart on this page details the percentage increases in tuition and mandatory fees for residents at each Community College from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002.

Community College	% Increase from 1999-2000
Central Community College	8.7%
Metropolitan Community College	14.0%
Mid-Plains Community College	7.9%
Northeast Community College	9.1%
Southeast Community College	4.9%
Western Nebraska Community College	11.0%

The net effect, however, is that all six charge about the same. The Community Colleges, like the other public institutions in the state, consistently rank below their respective peer groups, whether mean or median, in nonresident tuition and mandatory fee rates.

For resident tuition and mandatory fee rates, Central Community College was 17.3 percent below its peer group for 2001-2002. This is greater than the difference reported in the *2000 Tuition, Fee and Financial Aid Report for Nebraska's Public Postsecondary Sector*.

Metropolitan Community College was only five percent below its peer group average and Mid-Plains Community College was less than two percent below its peer group average. Both of these percentages are almost the same as the prior biennial report.

Southeast Community College is more than 17 percent below its peer group average. The gap between Southeast and its peer group average has widened substantially from the previous report where Southeast was only eight percent below the peer average. However, the number of peers reporting in 2002 decreased to only 5 peers so the data may not be comparatively valid.

Two community colleges are above their peer group averages. Western Nebraska Community College was a little over one percent above its peer group mean, while

Northeast Community College was 7.5 percent above its peer group average for resident tuition and mandatory fee rates. In the previous biennial report, Western Nebraska Community College was six percent below its peer group average and Northeast Community College was four percent above its group average.

Student Payment Share

The State of Nebraska and its taxpayers bear the majority of the cost to educate public postsecondary students. Students, however, pay a percentage of the cost through tuition and fees. The “student payment share,” as defined by national research analysts, determines the student share of the cost of education by dividing the aggregate tuition and mandatory fee revenue in any given year by the public institution’s state appropriation plus the tuition and mandatory fee revenue. Detailed charts of the student payment share are found in Appendix D. Table 1 of Appendix D summarizes the student payment share for each institution, the peer group average, and the aggregate for the sector from 1992-2002.

The Coordinating Commission has recommended guidelines for the appropriate student share of education costs in *The Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education*. These guidelines are mindful of the role and mission of each sector. Specifically:

- At the Community Colleges, the student payment share should be the lowest of the three public sectors.
- At the State Colleges, the student payment share should be greater than the student’s share at the Community College, but less than at the University of Nebraska campuses.
- The student payment share at the University of Nebraska should be greater than either the State Colleges or Community Colleges.

When the aggregate student payment share is considered for each sector as apposed to individual institutions, student payment shares fall within the guidelines listed above.

The University of Nebraska

Chart 3-5 2001-2002 Percent Contributed by Students	
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	32.90%
Peer Mean	42.75%
Peer Median	42.29%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	42.69%
Peer Mean	45.50%
Peer Median	49.72%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	37.11%
Peer Mean	39.08%
Peer Median	38.53%
University of Nebraska Medical Center	16.25%
Peer Mean	NA
Peer Median	NA

Although the aggregate student payment share follows the Commission’s guidelines, it is equally important to consider the student payment share at each institution. The student payment share at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln is 32.9 percent compared to 42.8 percent for its peer group average. In the last report (1999-2000), UNL’s student payment share was 30.6 percent and almost seven percent less than the current year.

Students at the University of Nebraska at Omaha paid the highest percentage within the University system, 42.7 percent, up nearly four percent from 1999-2000. UNO’s peer group also experienced an increase in the student payment share, from 42.7 percent to 45.5 percent.

The University of Nebraska at Kearney has a 37.1 percent student payment share, which is a decrease from 1999-2000. For the UNK peer group, the average student payment share was 39.1 percent, up from the 37.2 percent share in 1999-2000.

The University of Nebraska Medical Center’s student payment share is 16.3 percent, which is over two percent higher than in 1999-2000 when it was 14.0 percent.

The State Colleges

Chart 3-6 2001-2002 Percent Contributed by Students	
Chadron State College	30.85%
Peer Mean	30.26%
Peer Median	35.26%
Peru State College	31.70%
Peer Mean	46.79%
Peer Median	44.68%
Wayne State College	34.94%
Peer Mean	34.61%
Peer Median	35.08%

In 2001-2002, the aggregated average for the State College’s student payment share was 32.5 percent, which is a decrease of approximately 1.2 percent since 1999-2000. The student payment share decreased at Chadron State College and Wayne State College, but increased slightly at Peru State College.

The State College’s aggregate average continues slightly lower than the peer group aggregate average. In keeping with the *Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education’s* guidelines, the student payment share was more at each of the State Colleges than at the Community Colleges.

Chadron State College’s student payment share was 30.9 percent, which is a decrease from 1999-2000, when the student payment share was 32.8 percent. The peer group average also decreased from 31.2 percent to 30.3 percent. Peru State College’s student payment share remained almost the same from 1999-2000 to 2001-2002: 31.2 percent to 31.7 percent, respectively. Peru’s peer group average increased from 44.8 percent to 46.8 percent in the same time period. Wayne State College’s student payment share continues

to be the highest of the State Colleges at 34.9 percent. Wayne State’s student payment share decreased slightly, however, from the 35.1 percent of 1999-2000 to 34.94 percent in 2001-2002. While Wayne State College’s student payment share decreased, its peer average increased from 33.5 percent in 1999-2000 to 34.6 percent in 2001-2002.

The Community Colleges

Chart 3-7 2001-2002 Percent Contributed by Students	
Central Community College	18.64%
Peer Mean	21.44%
Peer Median	20.20%
Metropolitan Community College	25.77%
Peer Mean	28.32%
Peer Median	25.11%
Mid-Plains Community College	21.45%
Peer Mean	22.78%
Peer Median	20.05%
Northeast Community College	28.33%
Peer Mean	22.39%
Peer Median	20.20%
Southeast Community College	26.58%
Peer Mean*	25.86%
Peer Median*	22.42%
Western Nebraska Community College	17.41%
Peer Mean	23.49%
Peer Median	21.45%
* low response rate may not reflect actual peer averages.	

For the Community College sector, which relies on a combination of local and state support, the 2001-2002 aggregate average for the student payment share was 23.0 percent. The Community Colleges as a group are moving toward the funding goal for tuition and mandatory fee revenue set by the Legislature.¹¹ The Legislature’s intent is

to fund 40 percent of the Community Colleges' overall appropriations from the state, forty percent from local tax revenue, and 20 percent from tuition and fee revenue.

In 2001-2002, Central Community College's student payment share was 18.6 percent, almost the same as the percentage in 1999-2000, but below the peer group mean of 21.4 percent. Metropolitan Community College's student payment share was 25.8 percent, up from the 1999-2000 figure of 23.9 percent. Metro's student payment share is below the peer group mean of 28.3 percent, but almost at the median of the peers.

Mid-Plains Community College showed an increase in its student payment share, from 17.8 percent in 1999-2000 to 21.5 percent in 2001-2002. Mid-Plains is still lower than its peer group mean (22.8 percent) for the student payment share. Western Nebraska Community College's student payment share of 17.4 also was an increase from 1999-2000, when the student payment share was 14.0 percent. Western is, however, still below its peer group average of 23.5 percent and has the lowest student payment share among the Community Colleges.

Northeast Community College's student payment share was 28.3 percent, up from 27.1 percent in 1999-2000, with the 2001-2002 peer mean at 22.4 percent. Southeast Community College, with a 26.6 percent student payment share was above its peer mean of 25.9 percent. Both Northeast Community College and Southeast Community College have student payment shares that were higher than their peer group average.

Affordability

“If college costs continue to rise faster than student ability to pay them from family or financial aid resources, the crisis will become pervasive.”

Jerry Davis, USA Group Foundations.
Volume 3. Number 1. November 2000.

Introduction

Over the past ten years the Commission has examined the increase in tuition and

mandatory fees as compared to the increase in inflation, per capita income and disposable income. Since 1991-1992, the Commission also has evaluated the percentage of disposable income per capita required to pay tuition and mandatory fees. The Commission believes that if tuition and mandatory fees increased less than per capita or disposable income, and if inflation remains lower than increases in per capita or disposable income, then parents and students should either maintain or increase their ability to pay tuition and fees.

Several recent national studies have assessed the affordability of a college education by comparing tuition and other costs to family income. One such study was *Losing Ground* by the National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education. According to the study, tuition to income comparisons best capture the reality of what it means to pay for college. *Losing Ground* found that most families today, compared to those 20 years ago, must devote a larger share of their income to pay for college. The report drew a very

important conclusion: “Just as college opportunity has become indispensable, it also has become less affordable.”

The Commission has always used the income figures of per capita income and disposable income because they are very good measures of affordability. This year, it seemed reasonable to modify the measures of income to more closely resemble those used by national studies, if those income figures could be identified by county and then compiled into institutional service areas. National studies have compared college tuition to family income by income quintile. Unfortunately, the Commission was not able to access family income data by quintile for Nebraska counties. The Commission was able to secure data on median family income by county and will be using that income measure in place of disposable income.

The household or median family income is only a measure of central tendency, however, and does not take into account the extra burden a family might have with more than one child attending college or the burden that might be imposed on lower income families. The Commission will continue to use the per capita income measure by county because it more accurately portrays available trends and is still a widely used standard measure. An important addition to this year’s analysis is the inclusion of two other pieces of available data: average low family income and average very low family income. By adding these two measures, it is possible to see if the growth in college charges has had a more detrimental affect on the lowest income student and family than the average or median student and family. Average, low and very low-income values are based on U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low-income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low-income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area.

The Commission will continue to use the per capita income measure by county because it accurately portrays available funds and is still a widely used standard measure.

Per capita income is calculated by adding the total personal income for each specified county in an institution’s service area and dividing by the total population in the service area.

Tuition and Fees, Inflation and Income

The Commission’s report provides five years of data. During this five-year period (1996-1997 through 2000-2001), inflation increased by 10.2 percent. Tuition and mandatory fees increased at all public institutions from a high of 34.3 percent at Wayne State College to a low of 12.7 percent at Southeast Community College during this same time period.

The University of Nebraska

University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL)

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$32,816	8.04%
	2000	\$40,147	8.59%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,696	9.19%
	2000	\$34,675	9.95%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,926	14.72%
	2000	\$21,661	15.93%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$22,028	11.98%
	2000	\$25,199	13.69%

* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.

UNL’s tuition and mandatory fees increased by 30.8 percent from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001, up from the previous five-year (1993-1994 to 1998-1999) report period of 27.6 percent. As mentioned earlier, inflation during this time period was 10.2 percent. **In 1996, it took 8.04 percent of the average median family income to pay for tuition and fees. In 2000,**

the percentage needed to pay tuition and mandatory fees was slightly higher at

8.59 percent. Tuition and fees accounted for slightly more of the low family income group from 1996 to 2000 than for the median family income group. The very low family income group paid the highest percentage of family income for tuition and fees in both 1996 and 2000. The increase of income needed from 1996 to 2000 was over one percent. Tuition and mandatory fees as a percent of per capita income increased nearly two percent from 1996 to 2000.

University of Nebraska at Omaha (UNO)

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$44,125	5.12%
	2000	\$55,525	5.35%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$34,800	6.49%
	2000	\$42,238	7.03%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$21,763	10.38%
	2000	\$26,400	11.25%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$26,885	8.40%
	2000	\$32,698	9.08%

* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.

Students at UNO saw a 31.5 percent increase in tuition and mandatory fees from 1996-1997 through 2000-2001. This was significantly higher than the previous five-year (1993-1994 to 1998-1999) report period where tuition and mandatory fees increased by 27.7 percent. Tuition and mandatory fees accounted for 5.12 percent of average

median family income in 1996 and 5.35 percent in 2000. Although it required a higher percentage of low family income and very low family income to pay for tuition and fees in 2000, the increase was well below one percent for either group. The increased percentage for tuition and mandatory fees of per capita income was a little over one-half of one percent from 1996 through 2000.

University of Nebraska at Kearney (UNK)

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$33,874	6.33%
	2000	\$40,979	7.01%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,379	7.56%
	2000	\$34,276	8.38%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,728	12.10%
	2000	\$21,410	13.42%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$21,481	9.99%
	2000	\$23,747	12.10%

* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.

UNK's tuition and mandatory fees increased by 34 percent from 1996-1997 through 2000-2001 which was a larger increase than the prior five-year report period of 31 percent. Although the percent of median family income required to pay tuition and mandatory fees increased from 1996 through 2000, the increase was only slightly over

one-half of one percent. For the very low family income group, the percentage needed in 2000 was 1.3 percent more than in 1996. The percentage of very low family income needed to pay tuition and fees was almost double the percentage of median family income. However, tuition and fees required over two percent more of per capita income in 2000 than in 1996.

The State Colleges

Chadron State College (CSC)

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$31,217	6.21%
	2000	\$37,527	6.29%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,115	6.89%
	2000	\$34,100	6.92%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,560	11.04%
	2000	\$21,300	11.08%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$19,420	9.98%
	2000	\$22,731	10.39%
*The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.			

From 1996-1997 to 2000-2001, Chadron State College's tuition and mandatory fees increased at a slower rate than during the previous five-year reporting period of 1993-1994 through 1998-1999. Tuition and fees increased by 21.8 percent in the past five years, compared to 23.5 percent in the 1993-1994 through 1998-1999 time period.

The percentage of median family income, low family income, and very low family income required to pay tuition and fees in 2000 was almost the same as it was in 1996. Tuition and mandatory fees required less than one half of one percent more of per capita income in 2000 than in 1996 in Chadron's service area.

Peru State College (PSC)

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$38,321	5.05%
	2000	\$47,295	5.03%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$30,558	6.34%
	2000	\$36,737	6.48%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$19,097	10.14%
	2000	\$22,953	10.36%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$25,483	7.60%
	2000	\$30,388	7.83%

* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.

PSC's tuition and mandatory fees increased at a slower rate (22.9%) than the prior five-year report period (24.3%). Although the percentage of median family income required to pay tuition and mandatory fees in 2000 was almost the same as the percentage in 1996, the percentage of low family income and very low family

income required to pay tuition and fees increased slightly but less than one half of one percent. The percentage of per capita need to pay tuition and fees increased, also, but again less than one half of one percent.

Wayne State College (WSC)

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$33,413	5.80%
	2000	\$40,967	6.35%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,614	6.77%
	2000	\$34,572	7.53%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,876	10.84%
	2000	\$21,596	12.05%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$21,514	9.01%
	2000	\$23,663	11.00%

* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.

Unlike the other two State Colleges, Wayne State’s tuition and mandatory fees increased considerably more from 1996-1997 through 2000-2001 (34.3%) than in the prior five-year report period (1993-1994 to 1998-1999) where tuition and mandatory fees increased 22.6 percent. This significant increase in tuition and fees has lead to an increased burden for

low and very low income students and their families in Wayne State’s service area. While the increase in percentage of median family income required to pay increased tuition and fees was about one half of one percent, the increased percentage for low family income was about three fourths of one percent and for very low family income, it was almost one and a quarter percent higher. The percentage of very low family income needed to pay tuition and fees was almost double the percentage required of median family income. The percent of per capita income required to pay tuition and fees in 2000 was two percent higher than it was in 1996.

The Community Colleges

Central Community College

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$34,264	3.59%
	2000	\$41,684	3.53%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,430	4.33%
	2000	\$34,340	4.28%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,760	6.93%
	2000	\$21,450	6.85%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$21,474	5.73%
	2000	\$23,622	6.22%
* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.			

Central Community College's rate of increase in tuition and mandatory fees has slowed slightly (19.5%) from the prior five-year report period (1993-1994 to 1998-1999) (22.7%). This has resulted in the affordability for all three-income categories remaining almost the same in 2000 as it was in 1996. In fact, the percentage required to pay tuition and fees for low and

very low family income groups decreased slightly which is encouraging in Central's service region. The percentage of per capita income required to pay increased tuition and mandatory fees was higher than the other three income groups, but only about one-half of one percent more.

Metropolitan Community College

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$45,900	2.60%
	2000	\$58,600	2.30%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$36,700	3.25%
	2000	\$44,950	3.00%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$22,950	5.20%
	2000	\$28,100	4.80%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$27,036	4.41%
	2000	\$32,894	4.10%
* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.			

For Metropolitan Community College, its rate of tuition increases has slowed remarkably (13.2%) in comparison to the prior five-year report period (1993-1994 to 1998-1999) (24%). This slowing of tuition increases plus the 22 percent increase in low and very low family incomes between 1996 and 2000 has resulted in tuition and mandatory fees requiring

less of a percentage of income in all four categories of income analyzed by the Commission for 2000 than in 1996.

Mid-Plains Community College

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$30,706	3.89%
	2000	\$37,472	3.60%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,108	4.24%
	2000	\$34,100	3.96%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,556	6.80%
	2000	\$21,300	6.34%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$19,967	5.97%
	2000	\$22,586	5.98%
* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.			

Mid-Plains's tuition and fees increase from 1996-1997 through 2000-2001 was 27.3 percent, almost the same percentage for the prior five-year report period (27%). However, the percent of income required to pay the tuition and mandatory fees is less in 2000 than in 1996 for median family income, low family income, and

particularly very low family income where the percentage decreased almost one half of one percent. The percentage of per capita income required to pay tuition and fees was relatively unchanged.

Northeast Community College

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$31,410	3.80%
	2000	\$38,715	3.49%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,373	4.20%
	2000	\$34,320	3.93%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,723	6.73%
	2000	\$21,438	6.30%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$21,215	5.62%
	2000	\$22,464	6.01%
* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.			

Northeast's tuition increase from 1996 to 2000-2001 was 24.7 percent, down from 30 percent in the prior five-year report period (1993-1994 to 1998-1999). The percentage of family income required to pay tuition and mandatory fees has decreased slightly (less than one half of one percent) for all income

categories except per capital income where the percentage increased slightly.

Southeast Community College

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$36,773	3.24%
	2000	\$45,100	2.99%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$29,427	4.05%
	2000	\$35,270	3.83%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$18,387	6.49%
	2000	\$22,033	6.13%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$23,375	5.10%
	2000	\$26,888	5.02%
* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.			

Southeast Community College had the lowest percentage increase in tuition and mandatory fees (12.7%) for the period 1996-1997 to 2000-2001 of all the public two and four-year colleges. This pattern was also true for the prior five-year report period 1993-1994 to 1998-1999. The percent of income required to pay tuition

and mandatory fees in 2000 was slightly less for all income levels than in 1996.

Western Nebraska Community College

		Income Dollars	Tuition as Percentage of Income*
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$31,738	3.76%
	2000	\$37,423	3.61%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,123	4.24%
	2000	\$34,100	3.96%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,565	6.79%
	2000	\$21,300	6.34%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$18,674	6.39%
	2000	\$22,712	5.94%

* The percentage of family income needed to pay tuition.

Western’s tuition and mandatory fees increased 17.1 percent from 1996-1997 through 2000-2001. The increase in the prior five-year report period (1993-1994 to 1998-1999) was slightly more at 18.9 percent. The percentage of income required to pay tuition and fees in Western’s service region was less at all income levels in 2000 than it

was in 1996. There was almost one half of one percent decrease in the percentage of income required to pay tuition and fees for the very low family income category and per capita income.

Findings and Trends

- Tuition and mandatory fees increased at all Nebraska public postsecondary institutions from 1996-2001, but for most at a slower rate than the prior five-year period. The exception was the University of Nebraska campuses where tuition and mandatory fees increased at a faster rate than the prior five-years.
 - Nationally college prices increased at most postsecondary institutions, but at a slower rate than in the early 1990’s.¹²
- **The percentage of family incomes required to pay increased tuition and mandatory fees in 2000 was more at all income levels than in 1996 for all Nebraska four-year colleges and universities. The community colleges were an exception where payment of increased tuition and fees required less percentage of income at almost all income levels in 2000 than in 1996.**

- Nationally college prices grew faster than family incomes in the 1990's and they absorbed greater shares of earnings at all income levels.¹³
- The percent of median family income required to pay for tuition and mandatory fees in 2000 was the highest at UNL (8.59%) and UNK (7.01%), each of those campuses were over seven percent of median family income.
 - In 1998 (latest year available), the national midpoint for tuition and fees as a percent of median family income, was almost 7 percent with a high of 23 percent and a low of 3 percent for four-year institutions.¹⁴ States below the seven percent were: Minnesota, Kansas, North Dakota, Wisconsin, and Illinois. Several slightly above the seven percent were: Colorado, Iowa, Oklahoma, and Missouri.
- All of Nebraska's community colleges were at or below the national average of percent of median family income required to pay tuition and fees except Western Nebraska Community College.
 - The national average of median family income needed to pay tuition and fees for community colleges (two-year) was 3.6 percent. Some states at or below the 3.6 percent were Missouri, South Carolina, Colorado, Wyoming, and Illinois while some states above the average were Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Oklahoma, and Minnesota.¹⁵
- **The ability of students and families to pay increased tuition and mandatory fees has decreased or college has become less affordable for the very low family income group in the University and State College service areas. Community Colleges have become more affordable in their service areas for low income and very low income students and families.**

- Nationally, the “gap” between earnings of lower income and more affluent families has grown significantly, increasing the relative disadvantages lower-income students face in trying to pay for college from their own resources. College prices absorbed greater dollar shares of family earnings at most income levels.¹⁶

Financial Aid for Low Income Students

“The current generation of low income young Americans face diminished educational and economic opportunity as a result of lack of access to a college education.”

*Access Denied, A Report of the Advisory Committee on Student Financial Aid,
February 2001.*

Introduction

The issue of financial aid is of particular importance to our state and its students at this time. As the state’s revenues have fallen, appropriations for financial aid have been cut while, at the same time, the institutions have raised tuition to help cover reduced state appropriations. Thus, in a double blow, needy students have become even more financially disadvantaged and our higher education institutions have become less accessible.

At the start of the 2000-2001 fiscal year, Nebraska ranked 35th among the states in estimated need-based student aid grant dollars per full-time undergraduate enrollment. After a significant 20 percent increase in appropriations for need-based aid in the spring of 2001 for the 2001-03 biennium, the bottom fell out of the state budget due to seriously lagging revenues. During a special budget cutting session in the fall of 2001, need-based aid suffered a three percent cut for 2002-03. Then, during the 2002 regular session of the Legislature, the Governor and Legislature reduced 2002-03 appropriations another ten percent for a cumulative loss of 12.7 percent. The overall result is \$902,530 fewer state dollars available to help low income students attend a Nebraska postsecondary education institution.

After several years of steady gains in funding for financial aid, these latest reductions have Nebraska heading in the wrong direction. Consider the following facts:

- A recent survey by the Commission found that there is over \$69 million of unmet financial need for Nebraska postsecondary education students.
- Current state grant programs serve about one third of the Pell Grant recipients in Nebraska.
- In the national higher education report card, *Measuring Up 2000*, Nebraska received a grade of “C” for affordability of postsecondary education to low income students.
- Nebraska students have, on average, borrowed more money than their national counterparts to attend four-year colleges.¹⁷
- Nebraska’s national ranking for participation in higher education has dropped in recent years.¹⁸

The Coordinating Commission has been a consistent advocate for increased state aid for low income students, based on its belief that providing access to higher education is among the best investments a state can make. Educated citizens help expand a state’s economic strength and broaden its tax base. As stated in Chapter 2, it is estimated by the National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges (NASULGC) that on average for every \$1 that a state invests in a NASULGC institution, it will yield \$5 back to the state’s coffers. The figures for Nebraska are above this national average, showing that for every \$1 that Nebraska invests in the university system, it returns \$9 to the state.¹⁹

One major goal of the Commission’s *Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education* is to increase participation and success in higher education and to ensure that access to higher education programs and services is not restricted by factors such as economic status. Among the strategies to achieve this goal is to increase state support for state-administered need-based financial aid to improve Nebraska’s competitive position among the states to above the national average.

What is Financial Aid?

To understand issues related to financial aid, one must begin with the following definitions:

Cost of attendance includes books, supplies, room and board, tuition and fees, and other miscellaneous costs, including travel.

Expected family contribution (EFC) is based on the dollar amount that the student and family are expected to contribute toward the costs of college. The federal government has a formula that determines how much the family is expected to contribute, based on income and savings information provided by the student and family.

Financial need is the difference between the cost of attendance and the ability of the family to contribute toward college costs. A student's financial need determines his or her financial aid package. For example, if the cost of attendance is \$8,000 and the family can contribute \$1,000, the student's need is \$7,000. The student's need is funded through a variety of financial aid courses, as defined below.

Federal aid comes in the form of Pell grants, work-study programs, and federally insured student and parent loans. Student loans are an established component of how students pay for college. Subsidized loans, for which the federal government pays the interest while the student is in school, are the primary loan vehicle for students. Some students or parents will also receive a type of financial assistance through federal tax credits and deductions, such as the Hope and Lifetime Learning Tax Credits.

State aid for financially-needy students comes in the form of state grants (see overview of program below) or tuition remissions. Approximately 20% of undergraduate remissions are allocated as solely need-based. Nebraska also provides a College Savings Plan, which typically benefits upper and middle-income families more than low income families.

Institutional aid comes in the form of scholarships, which are typically privately endowed.

Unmet financial need is the difference between the cost of attendance minus the expected family contribution and all federal, state and institutional aid, which includes loans.

Federal Financial Aid and Unmet Financial Need

In 2000-2001, students at Nebraska colleges received over \$45 million in federal Pell grants.²⁰ On the national level, approximately \$7.9 billion was expended on Pell grants during that same period. This represents only a 23 percent increase in constant dollars over a ten-year period. For 2000-2001, the maximum Pell grant award was \$3,300 although the national average award was substantially less: \$2,057.²¹

The yearly increase in the federal Pell Grant appropriations has helped stabilize the overall loan-grant balance in the federal aid system. However, the maximum Pell Grant remains far below the purchasing power it experienced two decades ago. Originally designed as the foundation for student aid packaging, Pell grants paid for over 80 percent of the student's cost to attend a public four-year institution in 1976. The current Pell Grant covers 40 percent of the average fixed costs at a four-year public college and only 15 percent of a private four-year college.²² As is evident, Pell Grants now cover a smaller portion of tuition and related expenses than they did in 1976 and each year thereafter.

State financial aid to needy students varies by state with some states such as Alaska and South Dakota providing no aid to states such as California, Illinois, Minnesota and New York that provide considerable financial aid. A good measure of state responsibility is identified in *Losing Ground*, the report by the National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education. The report points out how well states are doing in providing state need-based financial aid to students as compared to the amount the federal government

provides through the Pell Grant. In Nebraska, state spending on aid to low income students equals 14 percent of federal Pell Grant aid. The chart below illustrates how Nebraska compares to other neighboring states in financial aid to needy students compared to federal Pell Grant funding.

State	State spending on financial aid as percent of Pell Grant aid - 1999
Illinois	136%
Minnesota	116%
Iowa	66%
Colorado	47%
Kansas	18%
Missouri	18%
Nebraska	14%
South Dakota	0

According to recent data provided by the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, the maximum Pell grant paid for just over 30 percent of UNL’s educational costs. In 1979-1980, the full Pell Grant funded nearly 55 percent of the student’s costs.²³ While student loan borrowing will account for some of the shortfall, even the estimated \$140 million borrowed by students at Nebraska’s public colleges during 2001-2002 will not make up the difference between the student’s resources for college and the actual costs.²⁴ There still exists a substantial unmet financial need for students.

The Commission requested information from all of Nebraska’s postsecondary education institutions regarding the amount of unmet need (as defined above) for Pell grant students who were residents of Nebraska for 2001-2002. All of the public institutions reported the unmet financial need at their institutions. A little over half of the Independent Colleges and Universities and the Private Career Schools reported their students’ unmet need.

The table on the next page shows the amount of unmet financial need reported by each sector.

Institution	Amount of Unmet Need (2001-02)
University of Nebraska system	\$17,566,262
State College system	\$446,262
Community College system	\$27,543,757
Independent Colleges & Universities	\$17,942,793
Private Career Schools	\$6,072,968
Total Unmet Financial Need	\$69,572,042

This unmet need of over \$69 million represents only the unmet financial requirements of the most needy students – those receiving Pell grants. As reported by many of the college financial aid directors, there is also a significant unmet financial need among students who do not qualify for Pell grant assistance, but whose families do not have the extra financial resources to contribute to the cost of education.

How do students meet this gap in funding? According to *Losing Ground, A National Status Report on the Affordability of American Higher Education*,

“Students and families have been coping with higher college tuition and the increased demands on family income in a variety of ways. Some students work more hours; some reduce their course loads, lengthening time to graduation; and others attend less expensive colleges and universities. The most widespread response to increases in the cost of higher education involves debt—more students are borrowing more money than ever before.”

Losing Ground goes on to report that since 1980, federal financial aid has changed from a system based on need-based grants to one based on loans. In 1981, loans accounted for 45 percent and grants 52 percent of federal student financial aid. In 2000, loans represented 58 percent of federal student financial aid and grants represented 41 percent.²⁵ The loan figures for Nebraska’s students are presented in Chapter 7 of this report.

An Overview of Nebraska's State Grant Programs

The state of Nebraska provides three statutory need-based grant programs for Nebraska's financially-needy students.

The State Scholarship Award Program (SSAP) was established in 1978 and the Scholarship Assistance Program (SAP) was created in 1989. Both are for financially-needy students attending Nebraska postsecondary education institutions, including public institutions, independent colleges and universities, and private career schools. The SSAP provides grants for resident and non-resident students while the SAP is limited to Nebraska resident students. The third program, the Postsecondary Education Award Program (PEAP), created in 1991, is restricted to Nebraska students attending independent colleges and universities.

All three programs are administered by the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education and are mandated to serve the neediest of students. For students to receive aid from any of these three programs, they must show substantial financial need. The Commission rules currently define "substantial need" as the amount of financial need required for to be Pell grant eligible. A representative sampling of grant recipients in 2000 showed that 63 percent of the students and their families earned less than \$20,000 annually. To retain eligibility for the scholarships, students must be making satisfactory academic progress, as defined by the institutions.

The Governor and the Legislature allocate funds for the scholarship programs to the Coordinating Commission. The Commission distributes the funds to the institutions based on formulas set in statute. The institutions' financial aid officers serve as "agents" of the Commission and package the grants with other student financial aid to help students attend their institutions. The Commission conducts biennial audits of the institutions to determine compliance with the rules and regulations of each scholarship program.

The chart on page 54 provides an overview of the structure and funding of Nebraska's need-based grant programs in 2001-2002.

Current State Funding for Financially Needy Students

The Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education has historically regarded student financial aid for needy students as one of the state's top priorities. Consistent with this belief, the Commission has requested substantial increases from the Governor and the Legislature each biennium for the past ten years for state need-based grant programs that benefit college students. In response, the Legislature had steadily increased funding for the state grant programs that serve financially needy students. In fact, the state increased appropriations for student financial aid in excess of 20 percent for the 2001-2003 biennium.

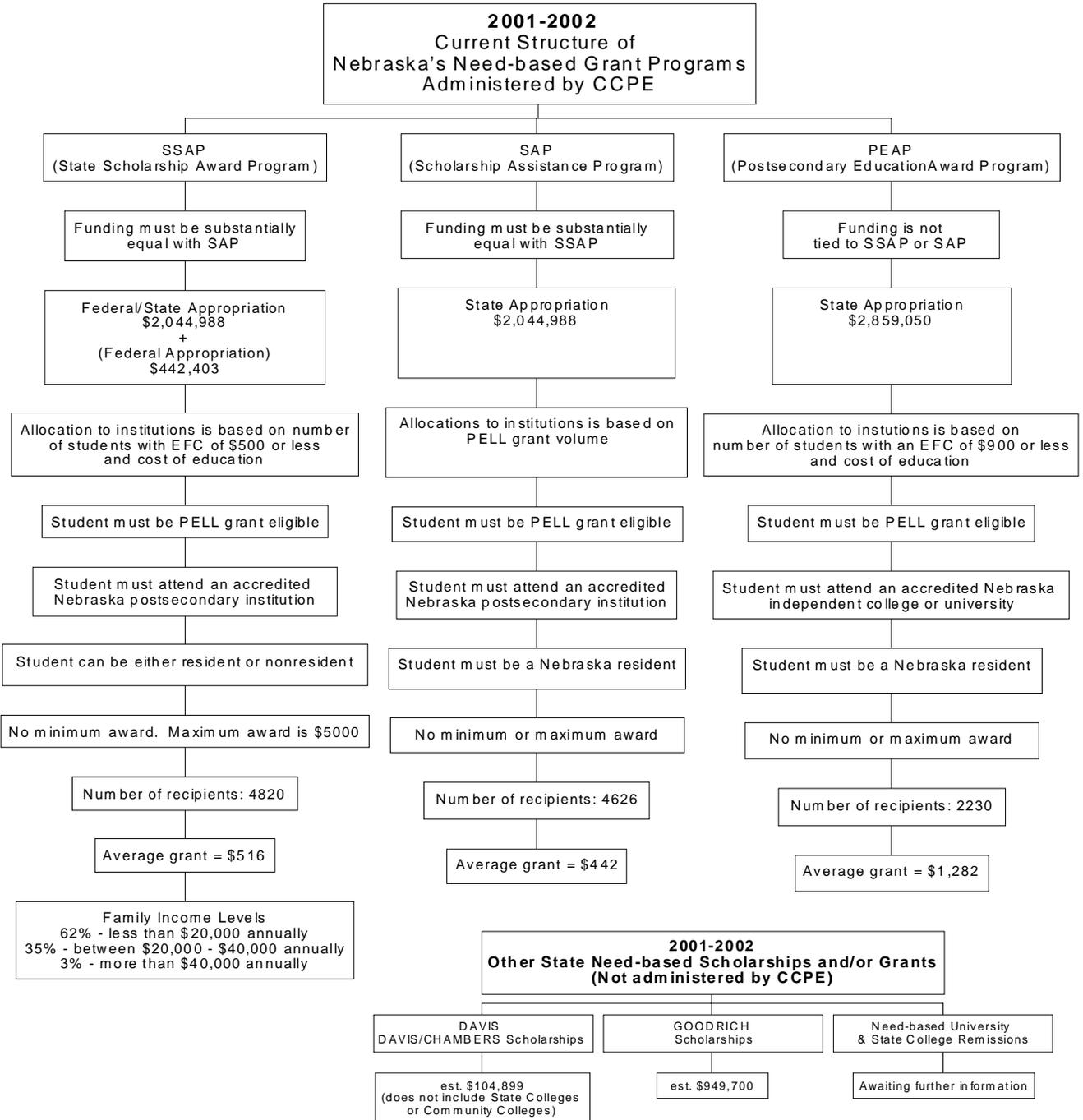
Unfortunately, reductions due to revenue shortages in the past year have resulted in a cumulative loss of nearly \$903,000 in state assistance to needy students from what originally had been budgeted in spring of 2001. The total state funding for the three programs for FY 2002-2003 is now \$6,203,996, compared to \$7,106,526 for the original 2002-2003 appropriation and compared to \$6,949,026 at the start of FY 2001-2002. In addition to state funding, the SSAP program receives some federal funding as well. This federal funding totaled \$442,403 in 2001-2002 and is expected to increase slightly for 2002-2003, which will offset a small portion of the losses of state assistance.

The amount of state funding for each grant program is as follows:

	<u>2001-2002</u>	<u>2002-2003</u>
SAP	\$2,044,988	\$1,870,413
SSAP	\$2,044,988	\$1,870,413
PEAP	\$2,859,050	\$2,463,170

The chart on the following page displays the characteristics of the three State grant programs.

Tuition, Fees and Financial Aid Report



**CCPE Report to the Governor and Legislature:
*Blocked Opportunities: Meeting the Financial Aid
 Needs of Low Income Students***

The structure of Nebraska’s state grant programs for financially-needy students became a focus of debate in Nebraska’s 2001 regular and special Legislative sessions. Much of the discussion and debate focused on the percentage of state funds for financial aid that was being distributed to students enrolled at Independent Colleges and Universities and Private Careers Schools. In 2000-2001, 8,377 students received awards from the three state grant programs. Of these, sixty-five percent of the funds went to students at the private institutions, who comprised 21 percent of the total students enrolled in higher education in fall, 2000. (See table below.) The average grant ranged from an average of \$330 at the community colleges to an average of \$1,269 at the independent colleges and universities.

Sector	% of Total Fall 2000 Headcount Enrollment	2001-2002 State Grant Appropriation	2001-2002 % of Funds Appropriated	2001-02 Estimated # of State Grants Recipients	2001-02 # of Pell Grant Recipients
University of Nebraska	40%	\$1,095,725	16%	1,683	7,906
State Colleges	7%	\$348,376	5%	917	2,358
Community Colleges	32%	\$982,401	14%	2,977	8,261
Private Career Schools	2%	\$620,493	9%	1,261	2,039
Independent Colleges & Universities	19%	\$3,902,031	56%	3,025	4,905
Total	100%	\$6,949,026	100%	9,913	25,469

As a result of the debate on the structure of the programs and the allocation of its funds between public and private institutions, an interim study on financial aid was conducted. As part of that study, the Chair of the Legislature’s Education Committee asked the Commission to provide its analysis and recommendations to the Legislature regarding the state grant programs. The Commission, with input from a task force comprised of sector representatives and legislative staff members, compiled and analyzed

data, explored various options, and made recommendations in a final report titled, *Blocked Opportunities, Meeting the Financial Aid Needs of Low income Students*.

Study Findings

As the Commission considered revisions to the state grant programs, its first priority was to identify how more students could be served, where the most unmet financial need exists, and how the state can best serve the neediest of students.

After reviewing and analyzing data compiled during the study, including comparisons with other states and information from national studies such as *Measuring Up 2000* and *Access Denied*, the Commission came to the conclusion that need-based financial aid should be the highest priority for higher education financing in the state because of its impact on both access to higher education and completion of degree programs.

The two over-arching findings from the Commission's report are:

- Nebraska is not providing nearly enough money to meet the unmet financial need of its students seeking to attend postsecondary education institutions, and,
- The problem is not that too much money is going to students at private institutions, but that not enough money is going to students at public institutions.

Additional findings from the report include the following:

1. The amount of state grant aid to Nebraska students is inadequate to meet students' financial needs.

- As of October 2001, it is estimated that approximately \$32 million of unmet student need exists for postsecondary education students in Nebraska. *(Since the time of the report, the estimated amount of unmet need has been increased to more than \$69 million based on additional institutional reports.)*

- Nebraska's current state grant programs reach only about 1/3 of Pell Grant recipients, who are the lowest income students.
- In *Measuring Up 2000: The State-by-State Report Card for Higher Education*, Nebraska was graded a C" among the for affordability of postsecondary education because of low levels of state grants to low income students.
- Nationally, in 1999-2000, Nebraska ranked 34th in estimated need-based student aid dollars per resident population and 35th in estimated need-based student aid grant dollars per full-time undergraduate enrollment.²⁶

2. The current structure of the state's need-based grant programs provides only 35 percent of the state grant program funds to students attending public colleges and universities in comparison to 80 percent of the total student enrollment. This funding proportion has created obstacles to addressing the needs of students.

- In 1999-2000, Nebraska was 41st in the percent of state grant dollars to public institutions among 49 states that provide need-based financial aid. Nebraska was 6th in the percent of state grant dollars to private institutions among the same group of 49 states.
- Controversy in recent Legislative debates over the distribution ratio of state dollars to public and private institutions has diminished appropriations for funding student aid in all sectors.
- In comparison to 12 states that are similar to Nebraska in headcount enrollment at private institutions, Nebraska was fourth highest in the percent of funds going to students at private institutions.

3. **Comparisons to other States:**

- **Nebraska distributes a smaller proportion of state funds for financially-needy students at public institutions as compared to private institutions than most other states.**
 - 34 of 50 states provide more need-based financial aid funding to public institutions than to private institutions.
 - There are four states in which public need-based grant funding is close to the amount of private need-based funding: Illinois, Minnesota, New York, and Pennsylvania.
 - There are 11 states, including Nebraska, that provide more need-based grant funding to private institutions than to public institutions.
 - There are 3 states that do not provide need-based funding: Alaska, Georgia, and South Dakota.

- **Nebraska’s national ranking for participation in higher education has dropped.**

Overall participation in higher education in Nebraska has dropped in recent years. In 1990, Nebraska ranked #2 in the country in the category of “Chance to attend postsecondary education by age 19” with 56.8 percent of high school graduates enrolled in college by age 19. The latest data for this category, 1998, shows Nebraska has dropped to 5th in the nation.²⁷

- **Nebraska students have, on average, borrowed slightly more money than their national counterparts to attend four-year colleges.**

A joint study of the Commission and the Nebraska Student Loan Program estimated the average student debt burden at \$13,327.

Statewide Financial Aid Goal

Essential to the discussion of financial aid options is an agreed upon financial aid goal for the state. The Commission identified the following statewide financial aid goal:

Significantly increase state financial aid for the neediest of students to reduce the existing levels of unmet financial need of Nebraska college students. The goal should be to reach the national average within six years by adding \$2 million each year until \$19 million of state funding is provided.

The recent cuts made to the financial aid programs, totaling over \$900,000, have set the state back even further in accomplishing this goal. It will now more likely take the state 8 to 10 years to accomplish this goal.

Recommendations

Based on the findings from its study, the Commission made several recommendations regarding changes in the state's policies and grant programs for financially-needy students. The Commission forwarded these recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature for their consideration. The recommendations are found in Chapter Nine of this report under *Conclusions and Recommendations*.

Other Financial Assistance and Options

“Americans have instinctively known the importance of higher education to our nation and its citizens.”

Access Denied, A Report of the Advisory Committee on Student Financial Assistance, February 2001

The traditional forms of student financial aid provide assistance directly to students through grants, loans and work-study. Most of this financial aid is need-based, going to students from low income families who do not have sufficient income and assets to pay for college. Since the enactment of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997, the government has also offered a fundamentally different method of financial assistance that is not need-based. Students and families with incomes too high to qualify for the traditional forms of need-based aid are the primary beneficiaries of these new forms of aid.

College Savings Plans

The College Savings Plan of Nebraska has received national attention and is rated one of the best available plans. In the December 2001 issue of SmartMoney magazine, Nebraska’s plan was rated the number one plan in the country. Money magazine, in May 2002, also highly recommended Nebraska’s plan for residents and for national shoppers since Nebraska’s plan is not restricted to Nebraska residents. In the September 2001 issue of Kiplinger’s Personal Finance magazine, Nebraska’s plan was rated one of the top four plans nationwide. Many others, such as the Wall Street Journal, Investor’s Business Daily, and the SavingforCollege.com website also have cited the plan as one of the best in the country.

Some of the features of Nebraska's College Savings Plan are:

- There is no minimum annual contribution.
- You can contribute a maximum of \$11,000 per year per beneficiary and up to \$55,000 in one year without incurring federal gift taxes.
- Over the life of the account you can contribute \$250,000.
- Contributions can be by check, automatic account withdrawal or automatic payroll deduction.
- Withdrawals from the account can be used at eligible schools in Nebraska and out-of-state.
- Almost all college-related expenses are covered.
- Withdrawals for qualified college expenses are tax-free.

Currently, Nebraska's College Savings Plan has 21,056 accounts with a total of almost \$118 million invested as of June 2002. Nebraska has a very flexible and affordable plan that appears to be encouraging families to save for future higher education expenses.

Although all Nebraska families may now contribute to the state's tuition savings plan, numerous reports and statistical analyses suggest that middle and upper income families mainly benefit from this type of program. Low income families are much less likely to have sufficient disposable income to take advantage of this new savings incentive.

Hope Scholarship and Lifetime Learning Tax Credits

The Hope Scholarship credit and the Lifetime Learning tax credit took effect in 1998 as part of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997. It is estimated that the two programs will cost the federal government \$12 to \$15 billion in lost revenue annually by the year 2002.²⁸

The table to the right details the difference between the two tax credits. The Hope Scholarship tax credit permits families to claim up to

Hope Scholarship Credit	Lifetime Learning Credit
Up to \$1,500 credit per <u>eligible student</u>	Up to \$1,000 credit per <u>return</u>
Available ONLY for the first two years of postsecondary education	Available for all years of postsecondary education
Available ONLY for two years per eligible student	Available for an unlimited number of years
Student must be pursuing a degree or other recognized educational credential	Student does not need to be pursuing a degree or other recognized educational credential
Student must be enrolled at least half time for at least one academic period beginning during the year	Available for one or more courses
No felony drug conviction allowed on student's record.	Felony drug conviction rule does not apply
Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service Publication 970	

\$1,500 for **each** eligible student during the student's first two years of college. An unlimited number of students from the same household can claim this credit. Students must be enrolled at least half-time in a program which leads to a degree, certificate or other recognized educational credential. Students with any state or federal conviction for possessing or distributing a controlled substance are not eligible to receive the Hope Scholarship tax credit.

The Lifetime Learning tax credit is available to any vocational, college, graduate or professional student, including adults who are upgrading their job skills. The student does not need to be pursuing a degree or other recognized credential in order to take advantage of the Lifetime Learning tax credit. Families can claim a maximum credit of \$1,000 or 20% of the first \$5,000 paid in qualified tuition and fees. Families can claim only one Lifetime Learning credit per tax year but the credit can be claimed over an unlimited number of years.

Some limitations apply to both the Hope Scholarship and Lifetime Learning tax credits. Families cannot use both the Lifetime Learning and Hope Scholarship tax credits for the same student. Families with a modified gross income of \$50,000 or more for

single filers or \$100,000 or more for joint filers cannot take either tax credit. Additionally, both tax credits are gradually reduced (or “phased out”) for single filers with incomes between \$40,000 and \$50,000 (or between \$80,000 and \$100,000 for joint return filers). The value of credits available under both programs may also be reduced if the student receives certain types of tax-free educational assistance (e.g. Pell grants or veteran’s educational assistance) or received a tax-free withdrawal from a Coverdell Educational Savings Account or an Educational IRA, as both must be deducted from qualified tuition and fees before either tax credit is calculated.

The benefits which accrue to low income students and students at low-cost institutions under the Hope Scholarship and Lifetime Learning tax credit programs may be limited. Students or families who do not earn enough to owe federal income taxes cannot benefit from the credit, as the tax credits are non-refundable and therefore only offset any income taxes owed. Additionally, students at low-cost institutions may find that receiving a grant or scholarship disqualifies them from taking an education tax credit or reduces the size of the credit they can take, as the amount of tax-free educational assistance received by the student may exceed qualified tuition and fees at many low-cost institutions.

Student Loan Interest Deduction

Individuals who paid interest on a student loan during the tax year may be able to deduct the interest from their gross income. Initially, taxpayers were only allowed to take this deduction for the first 60 months that interest payments were required under the terms of the educational loan. Beginning with the 2002 tax year, however, the 60 month limit on the deduction will be eliminated. In 2001, the maximum student loan interest deduction allowed was \$2,500. Like the Hope Scholarship and Lifetime Learning credits, available student loan interest deductions are gradually phased out as an individual’s income increases. For 2002, the deduction will be phased out for single filers with incomes between \$50,000 and \$65,000 (or between \$100,000 and \$130,000 for joint return filers) and the deduction will be unavailable to taxpayers with incomes of \$65,000 or more (\$130,000 for joint return filers).

New Deduction for Higher Education Expenses

The Tax Relief Act of 2001 will allow taxpayers to claim a federal income tax deduction for tuition and fees they pay for their own education or for the education of their spouse or dependent children beginning with the 2002 tax year. In 2002 and 2003, a maximum deduction of \$3,000 is available to single tax filers whose adjusted gross income does not exceed \$65,000 and to joint tax filers whose adjusted gross income does not exceed \$130,000. Taxpayers are not allowed to claim the income tax deduction and a Hope or Lifetime Learning tax credit in the same year for the same student. This tax deduction is scheduled to lapse in 2006.

Tax Relief Data

The College Board points out several difficulties with collecting data on tuition tax benefits in the publication *Trends in Student Aid 2001*. As *Trends in Student Aid* indicates, tuition tax benefits “constitute tax relief, not student aid and the relief generally comes during tax season, not when tuition bills are due. Secondly, data on the use of the tax provisions are not likely to be timely or easily accessible....the IRS may not be able to provide data on use of tax breaks until two or three years after a given tax year—if at all” (p. 3). If and when the data on tuition tax benefits is available, the Commission will include the latest data in its report.

Military²⁹

All branches of the military place a high value on education and will pay service men and women to advance their education. There are a number of financial assistance programs available depending on the branch of service. All of the branches utilize the Montgomery GI Bill program, which provides up to \$23,400 tax-free towards a college degree or technical education at any college or technical school approved by the Veteran’s Administration. The service man or woman must contribute \$100 per month for 12 months. Upon completion of at least two years of service, the participant may draw

up to \$650 a month for 36 months while enrolled as a full-time student. The military participant has ten years to initiate the program.

Each branch of the service also has some type of college fund that combines with the Montgomery GI Bill to bring total college benefits to \$50,000. After completing two years of active duty, the participant may begin using the college benefits. The college funds are limited to high school graduates who are academically qualified for college.

For active duty personnel in all branches of the military who wish to pursue higher education in their off-duty hours, the military will pay 75 percent of tuition costs at state supported institutions.

The military branches, as a group, have a worldwide network of over 1,250 colleges from which military personnel can earn associate or bachelor degrees. Credits can be transferred directly among participating schools. A new educational offering is the electronic access to college courses. The Army calls its program eArmyU.com and the Navy refers to its program as Program for Afloat College Education (PACE). Each branch of the service provides a laptop computer, printer, and access to computer interactive programs. The tuition, fees, computer and printer are free to the service person if they remain in active service.

Student Borrowing

“The proportion of federal aid that is awarded on the bases of need has been declining since the mid 1980’s, primarily because of the growth in unsubsidized, non-need-based borrowing.”

Trends in Student Aid, The College Board, 2001.

The most prominent trend in student aid has been the growing reliance on borrowing for higher education. Since the early 1980’s, federal financial aid programs have encouraged this trend by transforming a system based mainly on need-based grants to one dominated by loans. In 1981 according to the report *Losing Ground*, loans accounted for 45 percent and need-based grants accounted for 52 percent of federal financial aid. In 2001, loans were 58 percent of federal student financial aid of \$74.4 billion and grants were 41 percent.³⁰

Most states are relying on increased tuition to cover college costs and have ignored the argument for increased need-based student aid to keep all doors of college open to students from low income families. As we continue to shift the burden of paying for higher education from the general taxpayer to students and their families, the issue of student debt and how far it can be pushed must be addressed. The general argument, up to now, has been that debt levels for most graduates are manageable.

According to *Losing Ground*, college seniors from low income families accumulated an average debt of \$12,888 in 1999, compared to \$7,629 in 1989, as measured in constant dollars. The real danger here is that we may price higher education out of the reach of young people who need the education to be productive citizens but who may back away from the amount of borrowing required. This is particularly true for low income students who do not have family resources to help them repay their loans.

Student use of the unsubsidized loan option, introduced in 1992-1993 and available to students regardless of need, continues to grow, while borrowing in the subsidized loan program has leveled off. Subsidized loans are loans where the government pays the interest while borrowers are enrolled in college. Unsubsidized loans are loans where the interest accrues while the student is in school and is added to the borrower’s total loan cost. Both subsidized and unsubsidized loans are insured by the federal government.

Unsubsidized borrowing, by students (Stafford unsubsidized) as well as parents (Plus), now accounts for more than \$18 billion, almost half of federal education loan volume.³¹ Following is a chart explaining the different federal loan programs.

Federal Loan Programs			
<u>Program</u>	<u>Loan Limit</u>	<u>Type of Student</u>	<u>Cumulative Limit</u>
Federal Perkins Loan Program	\$4,000 annually	Undergraduate	\$15,000
	\$6,000 annually	Graduate	
			\$40,000 for undergraduate and graduate combined
Federal Stafford Loan Program			
Subsidized	1 st year - \$2,625	Undergraduate	* see below unsubsidized
	2 nd year - \$3,500	Undergraduate	
	3 rd to 5 th year - \$5,500 per year	Undergraduate	
	\$8,500 annually	Graduate	
Unsubsidized		Dependent Undergraduate	\$23,000 for subsidized and unsubsidized combined
		Independent Undergraduate	\$46,000 for subsidized and unsubsidized combined
		Graduate and Professional	\$138,000 undergraduate and graduate combined
Note: In the Stafford Loan Program, dependent students cannot exceed the limits for combined undergraduate and graduate loans. Independent students are eligible for additional unsubsidized loans of \$4,000 in 1 st and 2 nd years of college and \$5,000 for the 3 rd to 5 th years. Graduate students are eligible for \$10,000 of additional loans. All additional are subject or limited to the aggregate totals.			

Another form of borrowing that grew in the 1980’s was the non-federally sponsored “alternative” college loan programs. Private and state loan programs for students and parents began to grow in the 1980’s as college prices outpaced inflation and federal aid. After Congress raised federal guaranteed loan borrowing limits in 1992, the growth in demand for non-federal loans seems to have leveled off, but as college prices begin to dramatically escalate again there may be another surge in the market for alternative loans.

According to Trends in Student Aid, non-federal loan volume exceeded \$4.5 billion in 2000-2001.³² Alternative student loans remain a small fraction of federal student loan volume, but the demand for alternative sources of credit financing is clearly growing and will likely continue to grow as tuition, fees and other college expenses increase substantially in the next few years and Congress keeps a lid on federal borrowing ceilings.

The non-federal volume estimates do not include credit card financing, conventional consumer loans, or home equity lines of credit. Many families and students use these forms of credit, and news articles have spotlighted the growing student use of credit card financing. However according to national sources, there is no way to even roughly estimate the extent of such additional borrowing.

Nebraska Student Borrowing

Nebraska's loan volume for public institutions has increased from \$138 million in 1999-2000 to over \$141 million in 2001-2002. This represents a 2.2 percent increase for the two years. However from 1990-1991 to 1999-2000, the student loan volume increased by 215 percent.

The Coordinating Commission, in conjunction with the National Student Loan Program (NSLP), conducted a study of student loan borrowing among Nebraska students. The report, *Graduating Into Debt: Results of the Nebraska Student Loan Survey*, was released in August, 2000. Respondents to the survey had a median debt, including both undergraduate and graduate, of \$13,327.³³

Nebraska students have a higher median debt than the national average even though 80 percent of Nebraska students worked while in college. Both the percentage of students working and the level of debt are above the national averages.³⁴

The number of students at Nebraska public institutions who borrowed under subsidized loan programs increased 37 percent in numbers of students and almost 90 percent in dollar volume from 1990-1991 to 2000-2001.³⁵ The largest increase in both number and loan volume was in unsubsidized loan programs. From 1992-1993 (the first full year of the program) to 2000-2001 the number of participants in the unsubsidized loan program increased 389 percent while the dollar volume increased 590 percent. Even with these large increases in the number of participants and dollars for unsubsidized loans, the largest programs at public institutions in Nebraska are still the subsidized loan programs. Federal Subsidized Stafford, Perkins, PLUS and SLS loans accounted for a total of 29,966 loan recipients with a total loan volume of \$90,547,137 as compared to 13,561 unsubsidized loan recipients with a loan volume of \$49,148,797.³⁶

Data is available from the United States Department of Education Office of Postsecondary Education for all qualified Nebraska postsecondary institutions. For fiscal year 2000, a total of \$135,190,850 was distributed in subsidized student loan funds to 41,023 loan recipients. In contrast, there were 31,116 unsubsidized borrowers who received a total of \$124,912,652. PLUS loans accounted for an additional 3,277 borrowers and \$15,780,661 in loan volume.³⁷

State Budget Crises and Higher Education

“Many states are facing financial problems that have grave implications for public policy; these fiscal and policy challenges directly influence the affordability of public colleges and universities.”

Losing Ground, A National Status Report on the Affordability of American Higher Education. The National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education, 2002

State Budget Deficits Lead to Cuts in College Funding

As the Commission compiles the data on tuition and fees and further analyzes the state appropriations, it appears many states, including Nebraska, are still focusing on financial problems. Most states are facing the worst state budget crunch in a decade.

State revenue growth is expected to lag any economic recovery. More often than not, income tax receipts lag behind income gains by as much as six months. Corporate taxes and capital gains tax receipts regularly lag at least six months to more than a year. Overall, state tax receipts typically lag an economic recovery by 12 to 18 months, according to the National Association of State Budget Officers.

The National Conference of State Legislatures reports that, in addition to more than forty states experiencing deficits in 2002, thirty-seven states and the District of Columbia are projecting deficits in their 2003 fiscal budgets. As of the end of March 2002, twenty-four states were failing to meet even projections that have been revised downward.³⁸

According to a Congressional report titled *Slamming Shut the Doors to College*, states are facing a total deficit that is greater than \$40 billion.³⁹ The National Conference of State Legislatures reports revenue shortfalls in 45 states and the District of Columbia. Nearly every state is legally required to balance its budget. Consequently, education, which comprises between 20 to 35 percent of state budgets, is inevitably going to experience budget cuts, some of which may be major. As stated by state analysts, state policy makers believe the public colleges can offset revenue losses more easily than K-12 school districts by raising tuition and fees.⁴⁰

According to the above report, states have already cut or proposed to cut \$5.5 billion in state higher education funding (see Table 1 and 2). For the current year, thirty states have rescinded a total of \$1.5 billion in higher education funding. For next year, pending budget cuts are approximately \$4 billion and rising.⁴¹

Past Recession Have Led to Higher Tuitions

College Tuition Increases Nearly Twice as Fast During Recessions. Across sectors of higher education, tuition grew by double-digit percentages in three of the last four recession years (see Table 3). Over the last 20 years, on average:

- Tuition at four-year public colleges rose by 11.5 percent during recessions and only 6.5 percent in other years;
- Tuition at four-year private colleges rose by 11.3 percent during recessions and only 6.7 percent in other years; and
- Tuition at two-year public colleges rose by 10.9 percent during recessions and only 6.4 percent in other years.⁴²

Slamming Shut the Doors to College states that such an increase (11% or more) could make public college unaffordable for an estimated 110,000 students graduating from high school this year.

Thomas Kane reports in his book, *The Price of Admission* (p.114) that economists estimate that each \$1,000 increase in tuition will reduce the college enrollment by five percent. Tuition increases may push college costs out of reach for more Americans.

President Bush is proposing to cut federal aid at the same time that states are proposing and might actually cut higher education funding by \$5.5 billion. Institutions, consequently, are increasing tuition by double digit figures. According to the *Slamming Shut the Doors to College*, under the Bush budget, the maximum Pell grant would be cut to \$3,900. With the unprecedented number of students applying for Pell grants and the federal dollars not increasing, it is estimated that 101,000 low income college students will not receive federal student financial aid.⁴³

If the trend continues where student debt skyrockets as college tuition rises, the Bush Administration proposed increase in interest rates on refinanced student loans may be another blow to college affordability. The Bush Administration plan would require a student with a \$25,000 loan to pay more than \$6,000 in additional interest over the 15-year term of the loan.⁴⁴

What is Happening in Specific States and the Effect on Higher Education?

The Commission performed a survey of the State Higher Education Finance Officers (SHEFO) to determine the current fiscal crisis in each state and how those crises are affecting the higher education institutions and their students. Of the 26 states that responded there is a general theme of budget cuts and double-digit tuition increases.

Effects on Higher Education June 2002

States	Budget Picture	Tuition & Fees
Alabama	The 2000-2001 budget was cut by 6.2%. In 2001-2002, some funding was restored. For 2002-2003, the higher education budgets are still not to the level prior to the 2000-2001 cut.	Tuition increases have average 8.5% a year for the past several years.
Arizona	In 2001-2002, state appropriations were cut 5.8%. For 2002-2003, another 2.5% cut was taken.	Tuition increases were 7.3% for non-resident students for 2002-2003. Resident students experienced a 4% increase in tuition.
California	State Budget deficit of \$24 billion for 2002-2003 fiscal year. More cuts or revenue increases are likely.	No increases in fees, yet.
Colorado	State support of higher education was decreased by 3.7% in 2001-2002. For 2002-2003, the Governor has ordered a 4% restriction on general funds.	Proposed increase in tuition is 7.7%. Governor vetoed that proposal and requested something closer to inflation or about 4.7%. No decisions yet on tuition increases.
Florida	Not available	For 2002-2003, tuition increases of 3 to 5%.
Hawaii	State appropriations for higher education were reduced by 1% for 2001-2002 and 2% for the 2002-2003 fiscal year.	No tuition increases as a result of the budget cuts.
Idaho	State funds for 2001-2002 were reduced by 3%. It appears the 2002-2003 funding will be cut by 10% (no money for salary increases).	Tuition will increase by 12% for 2002-2003.
Illinois	For fiscal year 2003, appropriations to public colleges and universities are down \$91.2 million or 6.1%.	Tuition rates for 2002-2003 have not been finalized, but it is expected the rates will increase by 13%.
Indiana	For the 2001-2003 biennium, higher education cuts totaled \$233 million or about 7.8% for the biennium.	Tuition increases for 2002-2003 will be 12 to 14%.
Iowa	Higher education has experienced three waves of budget cuts during the 2001-2002 budget year. The 2002-2003 budget will be cut further including state supported financial aid.	For 2002-2003, tuition will increase by 18%. This is on top of a prior two-year increase of 31%.
Kansas	Budget cuts have been small. However, there is likely to be additional reductions although the amount and timing are uncertain.	Tuition increases between 6 and 25% are being contemplated. Nothing final until mid-July.
Massachusetts	Higher education budgets have been cut 7 to 8% for 2001-2002 and additional cuts for 2002-2003 are expected.	Tuition increases range from 13 to 24%.
Minnesota		In 2001-2002, tuition increased 13% and will increase 17% in 2002-2003.
Montana	No budget cuts in 2001-2002, but the Governor just ordered a 3.5% reduction in state funds for the University system for 2002-2003.	Prior to the recession, tuition increased by 12%. The recession may lead to an additional tuition surcharge.

Tuition, Fees and Financial Aid Report

States	Budget Picture	Tuition & Fees
North Dakota	No budget cuts anticipated for 2002-2003.	Tuition increases for 2002-2003 range from 3 to 7.5%. Projections for 2003-2004 and 2004-2005 tuition increases are 6 to 12%.
Ohio	The state budget gap is nearly \$725 million. For 2001-2002, the Governor implemented a 6% across-the-board budget reduction. Additional cuts are expected in the 2002-2003 budgets.	A 9% tuition increase for 2001-2002 and another 9% increase for 2002-2003. New incoming freshman will pay an 18% increase. The average tuition increase for all institutions is about 9.5%
Oregon	Higher education budget reductions of 5.2%	Tuition increases were those already budgeted of 3% in 2002-2003. Institutions are seeking authority to raise tuition.
Pennsylvania	Fiscal year 2001-2002 appropriations were reduced by 3%. For 2002-2003, the higher education funding will be reduced another 2 to 3%.	Penn State is looking at tuition increases of 14% for 2002-2003. Tuition increases have yet to be determined for all public institutions, but projections are 10 to 14%.
South Carolina	Higher education budgets were cut 8.6% for 2001-2002. The reduction was carried forward for 2002-2003.	Tuition increases will average about 15% for 2002-2003.
South Dakota	No budget cuts in 2001-2002 or in 2002-2003. Actually had a 5% increase in funding for 2002-2003.	Tuition increase for 2002-2003 was 8%.
Tennessee	Looking at budget reforms and increasing revenue. General assembly still in session. Without generation of new revenue, K-12 faces a \$400 million reduction and higher education about \$100 million.	Tuition increased by 15% in 2001-2002 and the current projections are that tuition will need to increase by 10 to 20% in 2002-2003.
Utah	State Colleges and Universities received a 3.4% one-time reduction for 2001-2002. For 2002-2003, the base will be reduced another 2.3%. A special Legislative session has been scheduled next week to consider additional base reductions for 2002-2003.	Tuition increases for 2002-2003 average 9%.
Vermont	Currently has an increase of 3.25% in state appropriations and has been notified there will be a recession in early 2002-2003 but the amount is not know at this time.	Tuition has increased by 3.5%.
West Virginia	There were no budget cuts in 2001-2002. For 2002-2003, institutions must absorb increased costs of medical insurance and salaries plus a budget cut of 1.5% in appropriations. Community colleges were exempt from budget cuts.	Tuition increased 9% at four-year public colleges. The Community Colleges had small increases and in some colleges no increase in tuition.
Wisconsin	In 2001-2002, higher education budgets were cut \$20 million. The 2002-2003 budget will be cut somewhere between \$20 and \$40 million.	Tuition increases are projected to be 8 to 10% for 2002-2003.
Wyoming	No budget cuts.	Only modest tuition increases.

Tuition, Fees and Financial Aid Report

Table 1. In 2002, \$1.5 Billion in Mid-Year Cuts to State Higher Education
(Dollars in Millions)

<u>State</u>	<u>2002 Public Enrollment</u>	<u>Original Enacted 2002 Budget</u>	<u>Mid-Year Cuts</u>
Alabama	207,820	\$117.6	\$2.5
Alaska	27,074	\$555.1	\$0.0
Arizona	291,186	Not Available	Not Available
Arkansas	108,906	\$867.3	\$14.0
California	1,784,008	\$10,042.0	Not Available
Colorado	231,286	\$764.7	\$10.6
Connecticut	102,063	\$579.8	\$11.3
Delaware	38,887	\$200.9	\$3.6
Florida	570,179	\$1,828.1	\$111.6
Georgia	250,231	\$1,753.7	\$4.0
Hawaii	48,989	\$428.8	\$2.9
Idaho	55,456	\$357.5	\$11.0
Illinois	562,332	\$2,667.0	\$105.0
Indiana	243,274	\$1,472.0	\$115.0
Iowa	140,976	\$701.6	\$28.3
Kansas	165,571	\$706.9	\$0.0
Kentucky	154,472	\$1,166.9	\$17.3
Louisiana	198,756	\$934.5	\$0.0
Maine	42,528	\$224.7	\$0.0
Maryland	232,733	\$1,295.9	\$13.3
Massachusetts	191,316	\$1,011.0	\$6.8
Michigan	486,764	\$2,242.5	\$25.0
Minnesota	218,678	\$1,380.0	Pending
Mississippi	127,923	\$765.8	\$32.1
Missouri	210,087	\$1,150.5	\$95.0
Montana	40,406	\$138.8	\$0.0
Nebraska	93,159	\$525.2	\$8.8
Nevada	89,875	\$381.6	\$0.8
New Hampshire	36,813	\$103.8	\$0.2
New Jersey	277,995	\$1,285.5	\$64.3
New Mexico	108,694	\$605.2	\$0.0
New York	596,887	\$4,312.0	\$425.0
North Carolina	338,662	\$1,802.0	\$66.0
North Dakota	37,881	\$176.0	\$0.0
Ohio	433,764	\$2,565.1	\$121.0
Oklahoma	163,750	\$860.5	\$21.6
Oregon	156,179	Not Available	Not Available
Pennsylvania	355,124	\$1,826.0	\$34.6
Rhode Island	40,737	\$174.9	\$0.4
South Carolina	161,785	\$894.7	\$36.6
South Dakota	36,044	\$131.7	\$0.3
Tennessee	204,103	\$1,083.7	\$12.0
Texas	908,834	Not Available	Not Available
Utah	127,068	\$606.9	\$20.7
Vermont	21,691	\$71.8	\$1.8
Virginia	328,359	\$1,573.4	\$28.5
Washington	277,639	\$1,362.6	\$0.0
West Virginia	80,923	\$437.1	\$0.0
Wisconsin	263,087	\$1,258.3	\$0.0
Wyoming	29,453	\$359.8	\$0.0
Total	11,900,404	\$56,751.3	\$1,452.1

Source: *Slamming Shut the Doors to Higher Education: The State Budget Crisis and Higher Education* (2002)

NOTES: Enrollment figures from the Chronicle of Higher Education. Budget figures from congressional staff survey of state budget offices. California figures were not available at press time. Oregon operates on a biennial budget; for FY 02-03 the higher education budget is \$808 million. Texas operates on a biennial budget; for FY 02-03 the higher education budget is \$15.5 billion.

Tuition, Fees and Financial Aid Report

Table 2. In 2003, \$4 Billion in Cuts to State Higher Education
(Dollars in Millions)

<u>State</u>	<u>2003 Enrollment</u>	<u>2003 Current Services</u>	<u>2003 Governor's Proposal</u>	<u>Shortfall</u>
Alabama	211,369	\$1,191	\$1,146	\$45
Alaska	27,536	\$592	\$621	\$29
Arizona	296,159	\$972	\$888	\$84
Arkansas	110,765	\$925	\$867	\$57
California	1,814,475	\$10,705	\$10,222	\$483
Colorado	235,235	\$815	\$789	\$26
Connecticut	103,806	\$618	\$594	\$24
Delaware	39,551	\$214	\$201	\$13
Florida	579,917	\$1,949	\$1,859	\$89
Georgia	254,505	\$1,869	\$1,678	\$191
Hawaii	49,825	\$457	\$438	\$19
Idaho	56,403	\$381	\$317	\$64
Illinois	571,936	\$2,843	\$2,641	\$202
Indiana	247,428	\$1,569	\$1,458	\$111
Iowa	143,383	\$748	\$664	\$84
Kansas	168,398	\$754	\$706	\$47
Kentucky	157,110	\$1,244	\$1,159	\$85
Louisiana	202,150	\$996	\$936	\$60
Maine	43,254	\$240	\$232	\$7
Maryland	236,707	\$1,381	\$1,351	\$31
Massachusetts	194,583	\$1,078	\$997	\$81
Michigan	495,076	\$2,391	\$2,243	\$148
Minnesota	222,412	\$1,471	\$1,464	\$7
Mississippi	130,108	\$816	\$618	\$198
Missouri	213,675	\$1,226	\$1,081	\$145
Montana	41,096	\$148	\$147	\$1
Nebraska	94,750	\$560	\$546	\$14
Nevada	91,409	\$407	\$456	\$50
New Hampshire	37,442	\$111	\$107	\$4
New Jersey	282,742	\$1,370	\$1,221	\$149
New Mexico	110,550	\$645	\$597	\$48
New York	607,080	\$4,597	\$3,882	\$715
North Carolina	344,445	\$1,921	\$1,797	\$124
North Dakota	38,528	\$188	\$182	\$6
Ohio	441,172	\$2,734	\$2,589	\$145
Oklahoma	166,547	\$917	\$858	\$60
Oregon	158,846	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Pennsylvania	361,189	\$1,946	\$1,808	\$138
Rhode Island	41,433	\$186	\$181	\$5
South Carolina	164,548	\$954	\$896	\$58
South Dakota	36,659	\$140	\$138	\$2
Tennessee	207,589	\$1,155	\$1,218	\$63
Texas	924,355	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Utah	129,238	\$647	\$634	\$13
Vermont	22,062	\$77	\$73	\$3
Virginia	333,967	\$1,677	\$1,470	\$207
Washington	282,381	\$1,452	\$1,379	\$74
West Virginia	82,305	\$466	\$424	\$42
Wisconsin	267,580	\$1,341	\$1,287	\$55
Wyoming	29,956	\$384	\$364	\$20
Total	12,103,637	\$61,469	\$57,428	\$4,042

Source: *Slamming Shut the Doors to Higher Education: The State Budget Crisis and Higher Education* (2002)

NOTES: Based upon a congressional survey of state budget officers. Total enrollment based on data from the Chronicle of Higher Education. Adjusted for enrollment growth and higher education inflation as per the Higher Education Price Index published by Research Associates of Washington. The Governor's recommendation for Mississippi for 2003 does not include \$40 million in additional Medicaid revenue to the state University Medical Center. Oregon operates on a biennial budget; for FY02-03 the higher education budget is \$808 million.

Table 3. Recessions Lead to Larger Tuition Increases

(Recession Years Shaded)

<u>Academic Year</u>	<u>Public Four-Year Tuition</u>	<u>% Change</u>	<u>Public Two-Year Tuition</u>	<u>% Change</u>	<u>Private Four-Year Tuition</u>	<u>% Change</u>
1976-77	\$617	N/A	\$283	15.51%	\$3,977	N/A
1977-78	\$655	6.16%	\$306	8.13%	\$4,240	6.61%
1978-79	\$688	5.04%	\$327	6.86%	\$4,609	8.70%
1979-80	\$738	7.27%	\$355	8.56%	\$5,013	8.77%
1980-81	\$804	8.94%	\$391	10.14%	\$5,594	0.59%
1981-82	\$909	13.06%	\$434	11.00%	\$6,330	13.16%
1982-83	\$1,031	13.42%	\$473	8.99%	\$7,126	12.58%
1983-84	\$1,148	11.35%	\$528	11.63%	\$7,759	8.88%
1984-85	\$1,228	6.97%	\$584	10.61%	\$8,451	8.92%
1985-86	\$1,318	7.33%	\$641	9.76%	\$9,228	9.19%
1986-87	\$1,414	7.28%	\$660	2.96%	\$10,039	8.79%
1987-88	\$1,537	8.70%	\$706	6.97%	\$10,659	6.18%
1988-89	\$1,646	7.09%	\$730	3.40%	\$11,474	7.65%
1989-90	\$1,780	8.14%	\$756	3.56%	\$12,284	7.06%
1990-91	\$1,888	6.07%	\$824	8.99%	\$13,237	7.76%
1991-92	\$2,117	12.13%	\$936	13.59%	\$14,258	7.71%
1992-93	\$2,349	10.96%	\$1,025	9.51%	\$15,009	5.27%
1993-94	\$2,537	8.00%	\$1,125	9.76%	\$15,904	5.96%
1994-95	\$2,687	5.91%	\$1,192	5.96%	\$16,602	4.39%
1995-96	\$2,848	5.99%	\$1,239	3.94%	\$17,612	6.08%
1996-97	\$2,987	4.88%	\$1,276	2.99%	\$18,442	4.71%
1997-98	\$3,110	4.12%	\$1,314	2.98%	\$19,070	3.41%
1998-99	\$3,229	3.83%	\$1,327	0.99%	\$19,929	4.50%
1999-2000	\$3,349	3.72%	\$1,338	0.83%	\$20,706	3.90%
2000-01	\$3,506	4.69%	\$1,359	1.57%	\$21,907	5.80%
Recession Average		11.52%		10.93%		11.26%
Non-Recession Average		6.45%		6.67%		6.43%

Source: *Slamming Shut the Doors to Higher Education: The State Budget Crisis and Higher Education* (2002)

NOTES: Data from the U.S. Department of Education, Digest of Education Statistics 2001, Table 316. Data for four-year colleges not available before 1976-77. Data represent the average annual undergraduate tuition and required fees charges to in-state students for public colleges and all students for private colleges, weighted by enrollment. Tuition is not adjusted for inflation. An academic year was treated as a "recession year" if a recession occurred in the months prior to the beginning of that year, when policymakers generally set tuition. The recessions in the time period under analysis, as determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research, are the "double dip" recession of January 1980 until July 1980 and July 1981 until November 1982 (treated here, as elsewhere, as a single recession) and from July 1990 until March 1991. The Congressional Research Service helped collect and analyze this data.

COMMISSION *CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS*

“Nebraska institutions and policy makers will seek methods to increase participation and success in higher education and to ensure that access to higher education institutions’ programs and services is not restricted by factors such as geographic location, economic status, age, culture, disability, color, national origin or gender.”

Nebraska’s Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education, 2000

Overview

The *Comprehensive Statewide Plan for Postsecondary Education* identifies access to postsecondary education as a top priority. Success in providing access to low income students and enhancing their ability to stay in school is critical to the future of Nebraska.

Perhaps most important in considering issues pertaining to tuition and fees and, in particular, financial aid is the question, “Are we providing access to higher education in Nebraska to the students of the state, including low income students?” The Commission believes, generally, we are not and that there are opportunities to do more to improve financial access. Although the state has increased need-based financial aid in the past five years, only 29 percent of the state’s eligible students receive state need-based grants.

Conclusions on Financial Aid

Following its study of the states grant programs for financially needy students, the Commission made a series of recommendations to the Governor and Legislature. In

making its recommendations, the Commission strived to make revisions to the state grant programs to mirror as many of the attributes of a good financial aid programs as possible. These include the following:

1. A successful program will help assure that family income does not determine whether an individual has access to postsecondary education.
2. A successful program will increase the number of the most needy Pell-eligible students who receive state grants.
3. A successful program will assure that some assistance is available to the neediest students in all sectors of postsecondary education and will maximize the number of students receiving state assistance overall.
4. A successful program provides an allocation mechanism and formulae that are stable and predictable.
5. A successful program fairly allocates funds between programs, perhaps under one umbrella program or comprehensive funding goal, based on the principle of serving the greatest number of the most needy students, regardless of the sector.
6. A successful program is targeted at meeting diverse student needs, including adult and part-time learners and those from populations that have been historically under-served, such as African Americans, Hispanics, and Native Americans.
7. A successful program not only helps students to enroll in postsecondary education, but also to remain in college and graduate.
8. A successful program is decentralized, built largely upon existing student aid staff at the campuses, and does not require much additional overhead for administration.
9. A successful state program works in partnership and harmony with federal student assistance.
10. In a successful program, responsibility for paying for postsecondary education is shared among the family, the student, the state and other sources.

The proportion of state funds being distributed to students attending public colleges and universities as compared to the funds going to students enrolled at private institutions was a significant issue in the Commission's report on the state grant programs. The Commission came to the conclusion that the problem facing our State was not that too much money was going to students at the Independent Colleges and Universities and the Private Career schools, but that the state was not providing enough money for the financially-needy students enrolled in the public postsecondary education institutions. Having said that, the Commission believes the first priority of the state must be to develop a state grant system that provides more financial aid to needy students who are attending the state's public institutions.

With that priority in mind, the Commission set the following Statewide Financial Aid goal:

Significantly increase State financial aid for the neediest of students to reduce the existing levels of unmet financial need of Nebraska college students. The goal should be to reach the national average within six years by adding \$2 million each year until \$19 million of State funding is provided.

To accomplish the above goal, the Commission made the following recommendations regarding the structure of the State grant programs:

CCPE Recommendations for Financial Aid

The following represent the Commission's recommendations in their report for changes to Nebraska's State Grant programs and the sequencing of their implementation.

1. Create a new program for students at public institutions

Convert the existing Scholarship Assistance Program (SAP) into a public-only program after moving existing SAP funds for Independent Colleges and Universities and Private Career Schools into the Postsecondary Education Award Program.

2. Create a State matching program to initially maximize the number of grant participants and add \$2 million of State funds to SAP

Since many financially-needy students take advantage of lower tuition at public institution, establish similar funding levels between SAP and PEAP. This requires the first \$2 million of new funds be directed to SAP, the fund supporting students at the public sector. This will bring the state closer to a 50/50 split between the two programs.

To receive the \$2 million for the SAP funding base in the first year, the Legislature would require the public sector to generate \$1 million in annual income from private endowment or other new non-state funds to be used for financial aid for Pell-eligible students. The matching component would not be a required element after the first \$2 million of state funds are appropriated. The goal of the matching program is to provide an initial jumpstart to serve more students and provide a continuing source of private funds in support of low income students.

The combination of state and private funds, which would total \$3 million, would serve more than 6,000 new students. This action would create an immediate 71 percent increase over the current 8,400 students served.

This increase in funds for students at the public colleges and universities is not intended to preclude, but instead to encourage the private college sector to create initiatives serving the same number of students as the public university and colleges' matching programs.

3. The state should provide additional funding of \$2 million each year for financially-needy students.

After taking the action above (#2), to equalize funding between the public and private sector, the State would provide additional funding of \$2 million a year for

needy students. An increase of \$2 million each year in need-based aid is required to reach the goal of \$19 million funding level within six years. That goal would enable Nebraska to make significant progress toward reaching the national average by 2008.

Recommended Distribution Method:

The Commission recommends that, after the initial \$2 million jumpstart (See #2), the state distribute new funds for state grant programs based on Pell-dollar volume at each institution, a measure of student need. This means that 72 percent of new funds should go to the SAP program for students at public institutions and 28 percent should go into PEAP for students attending private institutions. This distribution policy method should be continued until students at public institutions are receiving an agreed upon ration of the funds. See #4 below for the Commission's recommendation for the distribution of all new funding based on a national benchmark.

4. Set a benchmark goal regarding the distribution of state financial aid funds between public and private institutions.

The Commission recommends that the benchmark ration should be that 59 percent of all need-based student aid funds should go to students in the public institutions and 41 percent of the funds should go to students attending independent and private institutions. This goal would serve as a benchmark but would not preclude any sector from seeking additional funds, which could be premised on demonstration of progress toward mutually agreed upon performance indicators. The Commission's recommended benchmark was derived by identifying the midpoint of three variables in states similar to Nebraska.

5. Incorporate Essential Elements

Four following essential elements of a State Financial Aid program should be incorporated into the State grant programs:

- Set benchmarks to monitor progress.
- Provide equity among programs so more students have access to public postsecondary education institutions.
- Leverage resources to increase funding for financially-needy students
- Increase awareness of the state grant programs and provide support networks to help students succeed.

6. Monitor Progress

Monitor progress in continuing non-state support for financially-needy students.

The Legislature is strongly encouraged to request that the Commission collaborate with the sectors to study the feasibility of setting up a report system to gather and review the level of funding income from endowment, donations and non-state funds used for need-based student aid. This information would be used for coordinating and planning purposes with the participating institutions.

Continue to analyze the unmet needs of students.

The Commission should continue to analyze the statewide, unmet student financial need which blocks enrollment in postsecondary education institutions and harms retention and graduate rates. The Commission may make additional recommendations to the Governor and Legislature for further improvements in the state's need-based grant programs that serve the students of the state, meet workforce needs, and contribute to the development and prosperity of the state.

In addition to the above recommendations, the findings of this Tuition, Fees and Financial Aid Report, lead the Commission to also recommend the following:

- Financial aid for low income families should be increased whenever tuition and mandatory fees are increased.

Conclusions for Tuition and Fees

- Tuition and mandatory fees have increased faster than family incomes in the University and State College sectors resulting in college being less affordable than five-years ago.
- The Community College sector appears to be more affordable than five-years ago for all income levels because it requires less of a percentage of income to pay for increased tuition and fees.
- When budgets are cut, the Commission favors a principle of shared responsibility. Students should expect to pay higher—but not excessively higher—tuition. Colleges and universities should expect to absorb their share of budget shortfalls in the least detrimental way to student accessibility.

Recommendations on Tuition and Fees

- Tuition increases should be moderate, gradual, and predictable, and should take family income into account.
- Institutions are encouraged to consider alternative means of offsetting state appropriation decreases other than substantially increasing tuition which disproportionately affects low income students, especially at this time when state financial aid for needy students has been reduced.

¹ *Losing Ground A National Status Report on the Affordability of American Higher Education*. National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education. (2002).

² Hines, Edward (2002) Grapevine. Bloomington, Illinois. Survey conducted of the State Higher Education Finance Officers.

³ Ibid

⁴ Ibid

⁵ *Shaping the Future*. (2000) National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges. Washington, D. C. (pubs@nasulgc.org)

⁶ 1998 data provided by Dr. Thomas G. Mortenson, Higher Education Policy Analyst.

⁷ *Trends in College Pricing*. The College Board, September 2001.

⁸ *Neb. Rev. Stat.* § 85-1413 (6)(d) (Reissue 1999).

⁹ *Trends in College Pricing*. The College Board, September 2001.

¹⁰ *Graduating into Debt: Results of the Nebraska Student Loan Survey*. The Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education and the National Student Loan Program. August 2000.

¹¹ *Neb. Rev. Stat.* § 85-1536 *et. seq.* (Reissue 1999).

¹² *College Affordability: Overlooked Long-Term Trends and Recent 50 State Patterns*. USA Group Foundation—New Agenda Series. Volume 3, Number 1. November 2000.

¹³ Ibid

¹⁴ *State Profiles: Financing Public Higher Education 1998 Rankings*. Research Associates of Washington. September 1998.

¹⁵ Ibid

¹⁶ *College Affordability: Overlooked Long-Term Trends and Recent 50 State Patterns*. USA Group Foundation—New Agenda Series. Volume 3, Number 1. November 2000.

¹⁷ *Graduating Into Debt*, Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education and Nebraska Student Loan Program, August 2000.

¹⁸ *Postsecondary Education OPPORTUNITY*, Mortenson, 2000.

¹⁹ *Shaping the Future: The Economic Impact of Public Universities*. National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges (2001), pp. 42.

²⁰ Reported to the Coordinating Commission as part of the institutional application for state grant programs. All data on file in the Coordinating Commission's office. Pell Grant awards for 1998-1999 totaled \$42,418,573.

²¹ *Trends in Student Aid: 1990-1991 to 2000-2001*. The College Board, 2001.

²² *Trends in Student Aid: 1990-1991 to 2000-2001*. The College Board, 2001.

²³ Data from UNL's Office of Scholarships and Financial Aid. "Comparisons of Maximum Pell + 20 Hours Per Work Week with Total Estimated Undergraduate Student Costs, 1980-1981 through 2000-2001.

²⁴ Department of Administrative Services, Supplemental Budget Forms, October 2001.

²⁵ *Losing Ground, A National Status Report on the Affordability of American Higher Education*, the National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education, 2002, pg. 7

²⁶ National Association of State Student Grant & Aid Programs – NASSGAP, *31st Annual Survey Report*, 2000.

²⁷ *Postsecondary Education OPPORTUNITY*, Mortenson, 2000.

²⁸ *Trends in Student Aid*. The College Board. 2001.

²⁹ U.S. Military recruitment materials.

³⁰ *Losing Ground, A National Status Report on the Affordability of American Higher Education*, the National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education, 2002.

³¹ *Trends in Student Aid*. The College Board. 2001

³² Ibid

³³ *Graduating into Debt: Results of the Nebraska Student Loan Survey*. The Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education and the National Student Loan Program. August 2000.

³⁴ Ibid

³⁵ Supplemental Forms, Nebraska Department of Administrative Services 1990-1991 to 2000-2001.

³⁶ Count for total loan recipients is a duplicated headcount.

³⁷ U.S. Department of Education, Office of Postsecondary Education, FY2000.

³⁸ *Slamming Shut the Doors to College: The State Budget Crises & Higher Education*. Congressional Report by Democratic Staff of Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions; Senate Committee on Appropriations; House Committee on Education and the Workplace; and the House Committee on Appropriations.

³⁹ Ibid

⁴⁰ Ibid

⁴¹ Ibid

⁴² Ibid

⁴³ Ibid

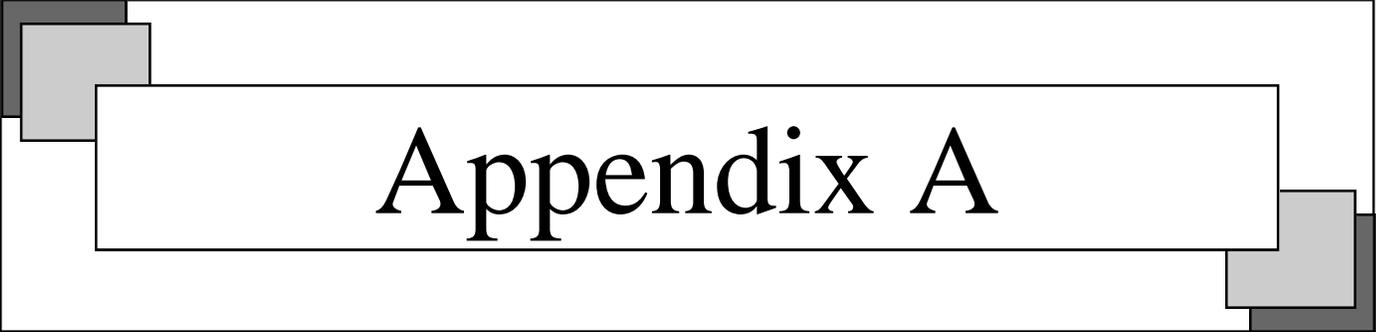
⁴⁴ Ibid

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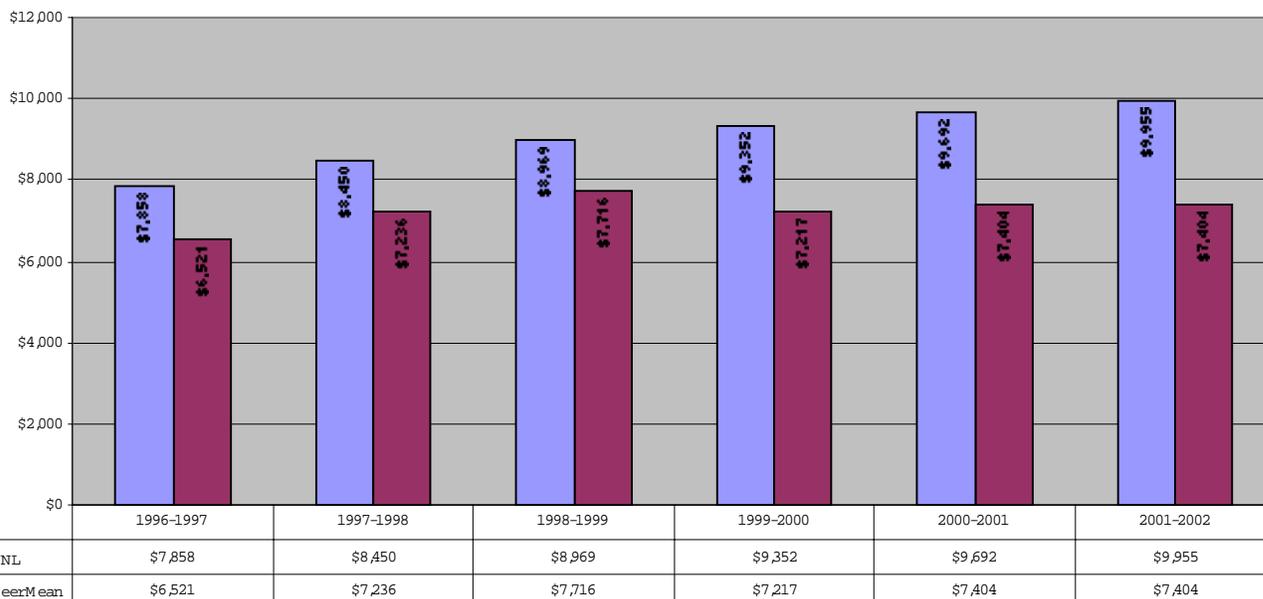
Appendix A

**Public Institution State Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean and Median
1992-1993 to 2001-2002**

	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
UNL	\$6,862	\$6,886	\$7,277	\$7,503	\$7,858	\$8,450	\$8,969	\$9,352	\$9,692	\$9,955
Peer Mean	\$5,528	\$5,838	\$6,246	\$6,465	\$6,521	\$7,236	\$7,716	\$7,217	\$7,404	\$7,404
Peer Median	\$5,510	\$5,669	\$6,037	\$5,590	\$5,826	\$6,119	\$6,513	\$6,474	\$6,626	\$6,877
UNO	\$3,411	\$3,398	\$3,709	\$4,059	\$4,316	\$4,614	\$4,781	\$5,222	\$5,173	\$5,118
Peer Mean	\$4,254	\$4,351	\$4,610	\$4,790	\$4,647	\$5,091	\$5,094	\$5,581	\$5,752	\$5,216
Peer Median	\$4,504	\$4,199	\$4,498	\$4,500	\$4,464	\$4,765	\$4,605	\$5,286	\$5,642	\$5,144
UNK	\$2,935	\$3,093	\$3,583	\$3,583	\$3,877	\$4,057	\$4,298	\$4,584	\$4,982	\$5,618
Peer Mean	\$4,160	\$4,190	\$4,626	\$4,699	\$4,699	\$5,384	\$5,711	\$5,700	\$5,971	\$5,853
Peer Median	\$3,843	\$3,840	\$4,642	\$5,077	\$5,077	\$5,394	\$5,641	\$5,394	\$5,619	\$5,891
Chadron	\$3,686	\$3,625	\$3,625	\$3,822	\$3,938	\$4,257	\$4,485	\$4,912	\$5,266	\$5,620
Peer Mean	\$4,151	\$4,098	\$4,526	\$4,324	\$4,966	\$5,180	\$5,533	\$5,889	\$5,891	\$5,869
Peer Median	\$3,846	\$3,438	\$4,195	\$4,212	\$4,515	\$5,610	\$5,784	\$5,539	\$5,511	\$5,329
Peru	\$3,991	\$3,739	\$3,897	\$4,180	\$3,965	\$4,138	\$4,418	\$4,861	\$4,914	\$4,986
Peer Mean	\$3,867	\$4,402	\$3,788	\$3,936	\$4,049	\$4,222	\$4,345	\$3,848	\$4,029	\$3,823
Peer Median	\$3,100	\$3,788	\$3,700	\$3,933	\$4,003	\$4,647	\$4,608	\$4,020	\$4,699	\$4,047
Wayne	\$2,996	\$3,056	\$3,099	\$3,298	\$3,467	\$3,523	\$3,804	\$4,191	\$4,441	\$5,046
Peer Mean	\$3,872	\$3,963	\$4,582	\$4,100	\$4,386	\$4,390	\$4,789	\$5,299	\$5,483	\$5,566
Peer Median	\$3,952	\$3,830	\$4,533	\$3,938	\$4,381	\$4,313	\$4,698	\$5,088	\$5,164	\$4,976
Central	\$4,786	\$4,799	\$5,363	\$5,460	\$5,745	\$5,705	\$5,466	\$4,289	\$4,781	\$3,162
Peer Mean	\$3,417	\$3,868	\$4,579	\$4,680	\$4,822	\$5,172	\$6,312	\$2,971	\$3,097	\$2,756
Peer Median	\$3,367	\$4,106	\$3,686	\$3,813	\$4,049	\$4,643	\$5,787	\$2,966	\$3,161	\$2,211
Metro	\$3,392	\$3,526	\$3,652	\$3,793	\$4,049	\$3,882	\$4,180	\$3,449	\$3,743	\$2,311
Peer Mean	\$2,970	\$3,549	\$3,651	\$4,295	\$4,011	\$3,969	\$4,011	\$3,753	\$3,892	\$3,494
Peer Median	\$2,912	\$3,647	\$3,686	\$3,956	\$3,612	\$3,379	\$3,791	\$3,270	\$3,276	\$3,240
Mid-Plains	\$4,592	\$4,565	\$5,025	\$5,222	\$5,361	\$5,726	\$5,787	\$4,925	\$5,210	\$3,885
Peer Mean	\$3,219	\$3,703	\$3,978	\$4,165	\$4,249	\$4,240	\$4,496	\$3,303	\$3,511	\$3,451
Peer Median	\$2,628	\$3,241	\$3,425	\$3,351	\$3,401	\$3,571	\$3,839	\$3,204	\$3,486	\$3,636
Northeast	\$3,750	\$3,575	\$3,726	\$3,578	\$3,976	\$3,927	\$4,091	\$3,113	\$3,451	\$2,544
Peer Mean	\$4,012	\$3,985	\$4,285	\$4,459	\$4,638	\$4,407	\$5,195	\$3,718	\$3,866	\$3,901
Peer Median	\$4,193	\$4,366	\$4,660	\$4,419	\$5,121	\$4,252	\$5,101	\$3,876	\$3,994	\$4,059
Southeast	\$3,341	\$3,647	\$3,686	\$3,813	\$3,612	\$3,389	\$3,818	\$2,958	\$3,127	\$2,111
Peer Mean	\$3,138	\$4,249	\$4,683	\$4,828	\$3,855	\$4,536	\$5,177	\$3,305	\$3,572	\$3,205
Peer Median	\$3,076	\$4,135	\$4,343	\$3,875	\$3,738	\$4,210	\$4,782	\$3,449	\$3,743	\$3,162
Western	\$5,463	\$5,754	\$6,156	\$6,323	\$6,580	\$5,661	\$6,646	\$6,374	\$6,601	\$4,848
Peer Mean	\$3,091	\$3,758	\$4,087	\$4,027	\$3,934	\$4,169	\$4,602	\$3,362	\$3,497	\$3,458
Peer Median	\$3,174	\$3,986	\$4,425	\$4,206	\$3,541	\$3,989	\$4,374	\$3,518	\$3,611	\$3,584

University of Nebraska-Lincoln Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

**University of Nebraska-Lincoln Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$10,847
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$10,039
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$9,955
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	\$9,829
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$9,690
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$9,147
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	\$7,319
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$6,435
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$6,320
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$6,061
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,964
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,905
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	\$3,284
Mean		\$7,404
Median		\$6,877

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$11,088
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$10,750
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	\$9,953
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$9,712
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$9,692
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$9,257
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	\$6,802
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$6,450
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$6,305
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$5,834
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,374
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,889
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	\$3,433
Mean		\$7,404
Median		\$6,626

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$11,075
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$10,525
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	\$9,736
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$9,352
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$9,300
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$8,491
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	\$6,768
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$6,181
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$6,130
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$5,802
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,356
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,907
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	\$3,334
Mean		\$7,217
Median		\$6,474

Institution	Location	1998-1999
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$15,259
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$12,108
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	\$9,613
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$8,969
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$8,921
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$8,272
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	\$6,644
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$6,382
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$5,644
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,584
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$5,544
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$5,419
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	\$3,200
Mean		\$7,716
Median		\$6,513

University of Nebraska-Lincoln Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1997-1998
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$13,813
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$11,641
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	\$9,175
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$8,584
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$8,450
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	\$6,960
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$6,345
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,892
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$5,625
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$5,321
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$5,273
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$5,162
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	\$3,035
	Mean	\$7,236
	Median	\$6,119

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$11,174
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$8,423
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	\$8,285
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$7,858
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	\$7,036
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,889
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$5,762
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$5,721
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$4,918
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$4,901
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	\$3,101
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	Not provided
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
	Mean	\$6,521
	Median	\$5,826

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$10,761
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	\$8,946
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$7,704
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$7,692
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$7,503
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	\$7,017
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,767
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$5,412
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$5,353
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$4,859
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$4,653
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	\$2,946
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
	Mean	\$6,465
	Median	\$5,590

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$10,115
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	\$8,600
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$8,436
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$7,414
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$7,277
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	\$6,842
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$6,037
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,657
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$5,158
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$4,559
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,104
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	\$2,783
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
	Mean	\$6,246
	Median	\$6,037

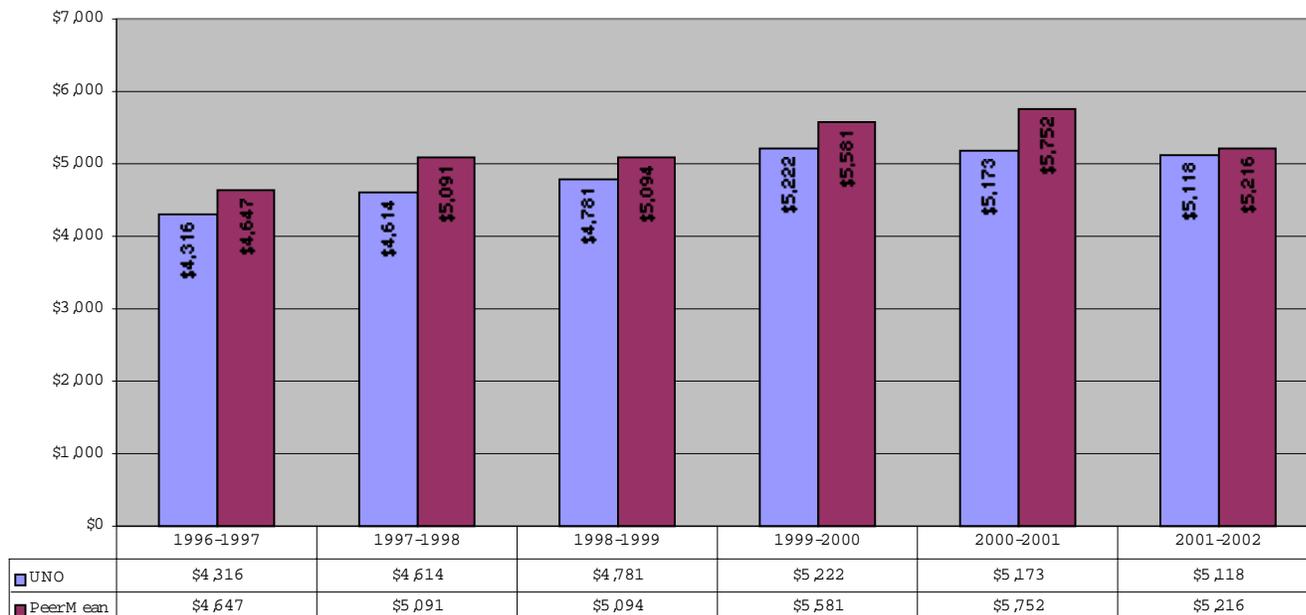
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$9,398
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	\$8,079
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$7,370
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$6,956
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$6,886
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$5,932
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,405
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$5,130
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$4,336
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,081
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	\$2,696
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	Not provided
	Mean	\$5,838
	Median	\$5,669

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$8,183
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	\$7,405
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	\$7,164
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$6,862
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$6,226
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$6,108
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$5,510
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$5,343
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$5,097
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$4,216
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,005
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	\$2,550
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
	Mean	\$5,528
	Median	\$5,510

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for the University of Nebraska-Lincoln and non-responding institutions.

University of Nebraska at Omaha Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

**University of Nebraska at Omaha Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$7,070
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$6,672
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	\$5,906
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	\$5,619
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$5,178
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$5,118
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$5,110
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$4,524
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,519
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$4,199
	Mean	\$5,216
	Median	\$5,144

Institution	Location	2000-2001
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$8,335
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$6,689
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	\$6,035
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	\$5,675
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$5,642
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$5,320
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$5,173
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$4,749
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,662
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$4,661
	Mean	\$5,752
	Median	\$5,642

Institution	Location	1999-2000
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$8,274
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$6,554
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	\$5,760
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	\$5,496
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$5,286
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$5,228
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$5,222
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$4,654
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$4,531
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,448
	Mean	\$5,581
	Median	\$5,286

Institution	Location	1998-1999
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$6,900
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$6,625
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	\$5,103
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$4,781
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$4,701
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$4,508
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,341
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$4,321
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$4,255
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	Not provided
	Mean	\$5,094
	Median	\$4,605

University of Nebraska at Omaha Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1997-1998
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$6,656
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$6,307
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$5,496
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	\$4,844
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$4,685
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$4,614
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$4,348
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,221
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$4,171
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	Not provided
	Mean	\$5,091
	Median	\$4,765

Institution	Location	1996-1997
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$6,966
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$6,041
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	\$5,108
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	\$4,677
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$4,316
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$4,250
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,213
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$4,036
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$1,881
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,647
	Median	\$4,464

Institution	Location	1995-1996
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$6,461
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$5,297
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	\$4,830
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$4,169
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$4,059
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,017
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$3,965
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	Not provided
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	Not provided
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,790
	Median	\$4,500

Institution	Location	1994-1995
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$6,101
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$4,982
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$4,799
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$4,498
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	\$4,194
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$3,930
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$3,769
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$3,709
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	Not provided
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,610
	Median	\$4,498

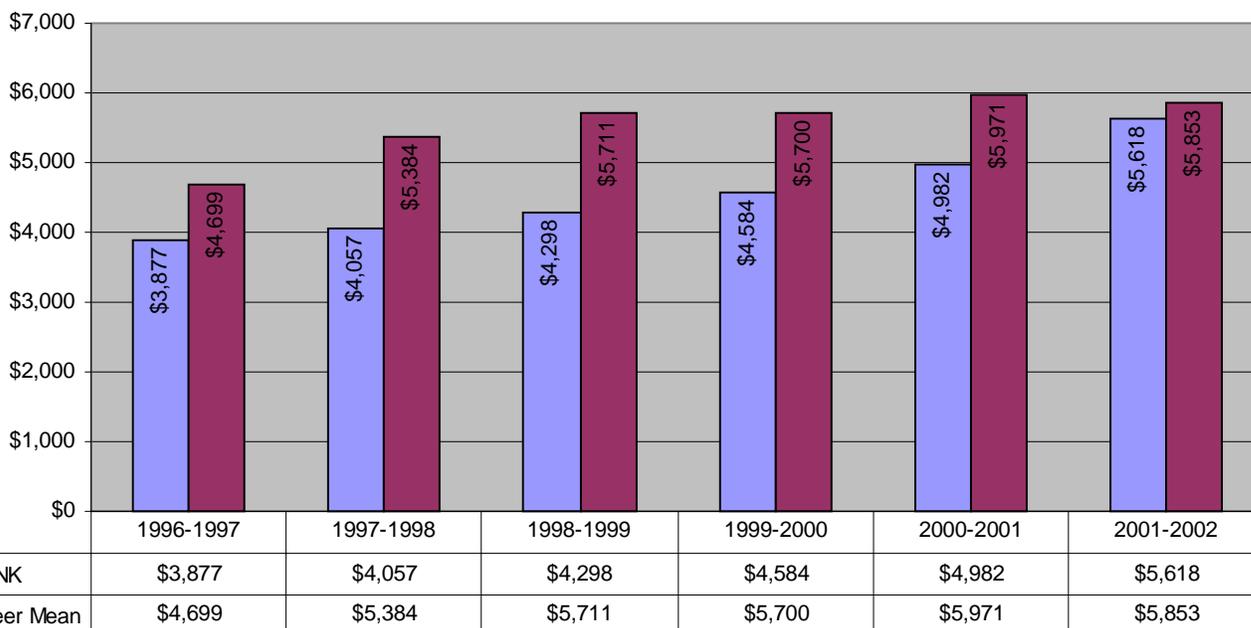
Institution	Location	1993-1994
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$5,872
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$4,886
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$4,653
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$4,199
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	\$3,986
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$3,489
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$3,398
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$3,374
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	Not provided
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,351
	Median	\$4,199

Institution	Location	1992-1993
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$5,619
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	\$4,805
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	\$4,613
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$4,528
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$4,504
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$4,425
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$3,769
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$3,411
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$3,317
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$2,706
	Mean	\$4,254
	Median	\$4,504

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for the University of Nebraska at Omaha and non-responding institutions.

University of Nebraska at Kearney Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

**University of Nebraska at Kearney Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$9,282
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$6,677
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$6,624
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$6,039
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$5,891
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$5,618
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$4,828
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$4,601
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$4,426
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,309
	Mean	\$5,853
	Median	\$5,891

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$9,355
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$7,474
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$7,029
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$5,911
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$5,619
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$4,982
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$4,827
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,546
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$4,528
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$4,447
	Mean	\$5,971
	Median	\$5,619

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$9,083
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$7,214
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$6,888
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$5,596
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$5,394
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$4,584
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,385
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$4,357
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$4,335
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$4,049
	Mean	\$5,700
	Median	\$5,394

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$8,766
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$7,003
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$6,270
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$6,179
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$5,641
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$5,259
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$4,646
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,311
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$4,298
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$3,323
	Mean	\$5,711
	Median	\$5,641

University of Nebraska at Kearney Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$7,788
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$6,568
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$6,100
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$5,605
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$5,394
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$5,244
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$4,392
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,158
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$4,057
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$3,205
	Mean	\$5,384
	Median	\$5,394

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$5,727
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$5,517
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$5,277
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$5,077
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$4,138
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,096
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$3,877
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$3,061
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	Not provided
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,699
	Median	\$5,077

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$7,191
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$5,217
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$5,200
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$4,858
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$4,642
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,122
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$3,870
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$3,734
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$3,583
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$2,804
	Mean	\$4,699
	Median	\$5,077

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$7,191
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$5,217
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$5,200
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$4,858
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$4,642
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$4,122
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$3,870
University of Wisconsin-White Water	White Water, WI	\$3,734
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$3,583
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$2,804
	Mean	\$4,626
	Median	\$4,642

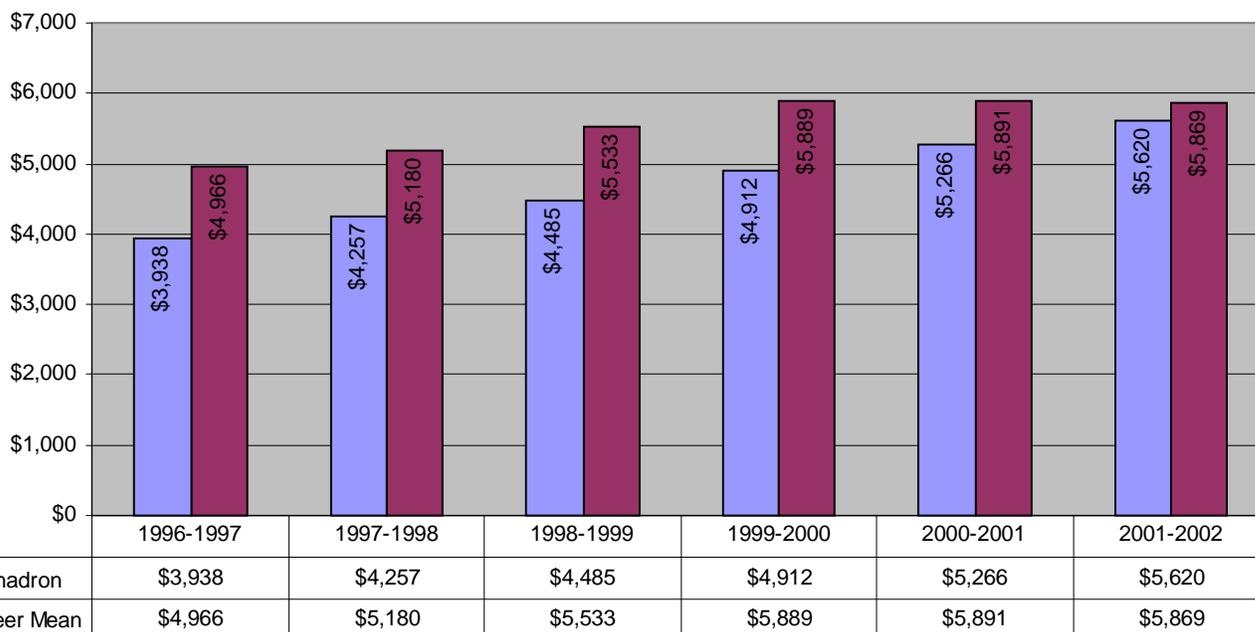
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$7,119
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$4,608
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$4,175
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$4,088
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$3,840
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$3,819
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$3,784
University of Wisconsin-White Water	White Water, WI	\$3,554
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$3,093
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$2,722
	Mean	\$4,190
	Median	\$3,840

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$6,372
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$5,649
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$4,317
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$3,918
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$3,893
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	\$3,689
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$3,436
University of Wisconsin-White Water	White Water, WI	\$3,124
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$3,045
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$2,935
	Mean	\$4,160
	Median	\$3,893

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for the University of Nebraska at Kearney and non-responding institutions.

Chadron State College Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

**Chadron State College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$8,061
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	\$8,057
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,754
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$5,620
North Georgia College & State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$5,376
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$5,282
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$4,715
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$4,559
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$4,150
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	Not provided
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	\$5,869
	Median	\$5,329

Institution	Location	2000-2001
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	\$8,909
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,686
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,633
North Georgia College & State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$5,858
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$5,266
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$5,164
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,097
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$4,086
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,694
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$3,234
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	\$5,891
	Median	\$5,511

Institution	Location	1999-2000
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	\$9,509
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,541
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,282
North Georgia College & State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$5,623
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$5,456
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,168
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$4,912
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$4,102
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,427
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,821
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	\$5,889
	Median	\$5,539

Institution	Location	1998-1999
University of North Carolina	Pembroke, NC	\$9,092
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,458
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,217
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$6,168
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,399
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$4,485
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$4,026
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,687
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,214
North Georgia College & University	Dahlonega, GA	Not provided
	Mean	\$5,533
	Median	\$5,784

Chadron State College

Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1997-1998
University of North Carolina	Pembroke, NC	\$8,411
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,257
Northwestern Oklahoma State	Alva, OK	\$5,986
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$5,723
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,610
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$4,257
North Georgia College & University	Dahlonega, GA	\$4,036
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$3,856
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,695
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,044
	Mean	\$5,180
	Median	\$5,610

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$6,713
University of North Carolina	Pembroke, NC	\$6,467
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,852
Fort Hays State University	Fort Hays, KS	\$4,515
North Georgia College & State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$4,188
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	\$3,585
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$3,938
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,444
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	Not provided
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,966
	Median	\$4,515

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$6,135
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,705
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$5,597
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,552
North Georgia College & State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$4,212
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$3,822
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$3,711
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	\$3,489
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,177
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,335
University of North Carolina	Pembroke, NC	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,324
	Median	\$4,212

Institution	Location	1994-1995
University of North Carolina	Pembroke, NC	\$7,218
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$6,724
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$6,123
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$5,309
North Georgia College & State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$4,606
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	\$3,784
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$3,625
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$3,533
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$2,939
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$2,821
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,206
	Mean	\$4,526
	Median	\$4,195

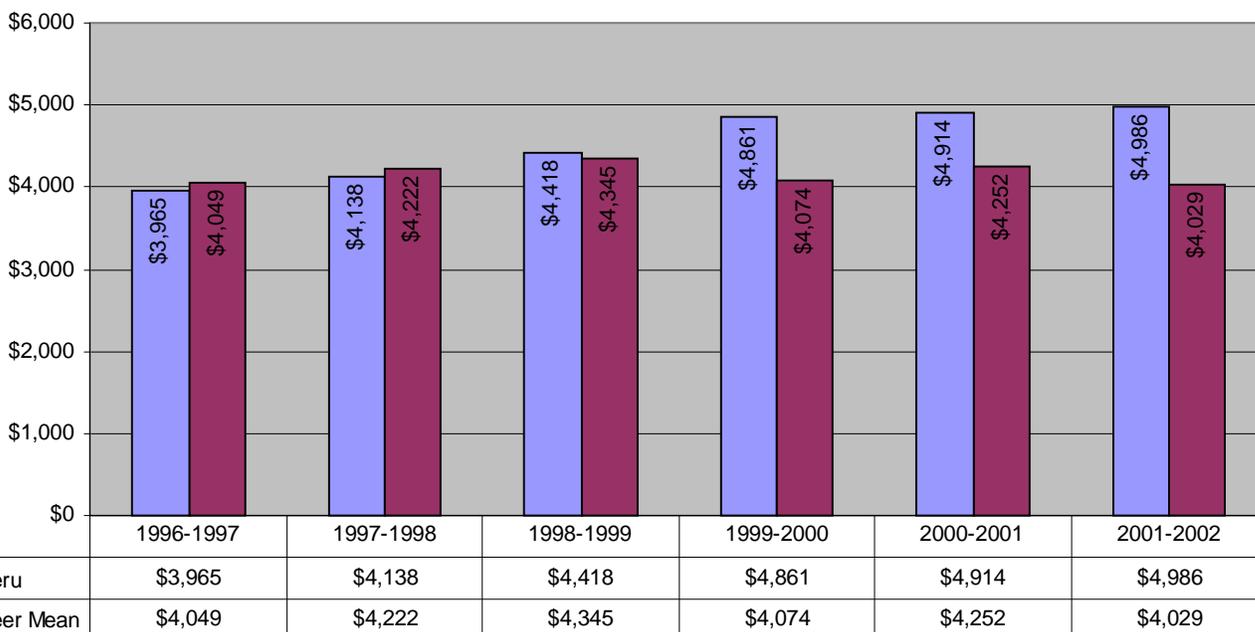
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Pembroke State University	Pembroke, NC	\$7,218
Eastern Oregon State College	La Grande, OR	\$6,724
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$6,123
North Georgia College & State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$5,309
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$4,606
Adams State College	Alamosa, CO	\$3,784
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$3,625
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$3,533
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$2,939
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,821
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$2,206
	Mean	\$4,098
	Median	\$3,438

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Pembroke State University	Pembroke, NC	\$6,394
Eastern Oregon State College	La Grande, OR	\$6,328
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$5,084
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$4,244
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$3,952
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$3,740
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$3,686
Adams State College	Alamosa, CO	\$3,438
North Georgia College & State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$3,258
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$3,080
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$1,989
	Mean	\$4,151
	Median	\$3,846

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Chadron State College and non-responding institutions.

Peru State College Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

**Peru State College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	\$5,310
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$4,986
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	\$4,879
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$4,715
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	\$4,288
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$4,047
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$3,858
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,518
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	\$3,060
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$2,584
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,029
	Median	\$4,047

Institution	Location	2000-2001
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	\$5,586
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,097
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	\$4,933
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$4,914
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$4,782
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	\$4,699
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$4,147
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,448
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	\$3,076
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$2,502
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,252
	Median	\$4,699

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,168
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	\$5,105
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$4,861
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	\$4,710
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	\$4,673
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$4,222
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$4,020
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,292
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	\$2,984
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$2,494
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,074
	Median	\$4,222

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$6,168
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,399
University of Arkansas	Monticello, AR	\$5,295
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	\$4,910
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$4,728
University of South Carolina	Aiken, SC	\$4,487
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$4,418
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$4,172
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,190
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,726
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$2,372
	Mean	\$4,345
	Median	\$4,608

Peru State College Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$5,986
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,610
University of Arkansas	Monticello, AR	\$4,898
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$4,768
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	\$4,751
University of South Carolina	Aiken, SC	\$4,542
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$4,138
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$3,758
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,004
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,690
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$2,210
	Mean	\$4,222
	Median	\$4,647

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,852
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	\$4,608
University of South Carolina	Aiken, SC	\$4,019
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$4,003
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$3,965
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$3,920
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,342
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,598
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	Not provided
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
University of Arkansas - Monticello	Monticello, Ar	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,049
	Median	\$4,003

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$5,705
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$4,684
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$4,415
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	\$4,346
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$4,180
University of Arkansas	Monticello, AR	\$4,058
University of South Carolina	Aiken, SC	\$3,807
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$3,711
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,459
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$2,596
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,580
	Mean	\$3,936
	Median	\$3,933

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$6,123
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$4,516
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$4,241
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$3,897
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	\$3,867
University of Arkansas	Monticello, AR	\$3,772
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$3,533
University of South Carolina	Aiken, SC	\$3,479
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,298
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,708
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$2,340
	Mean	\$3,788
	Median	\$3,700

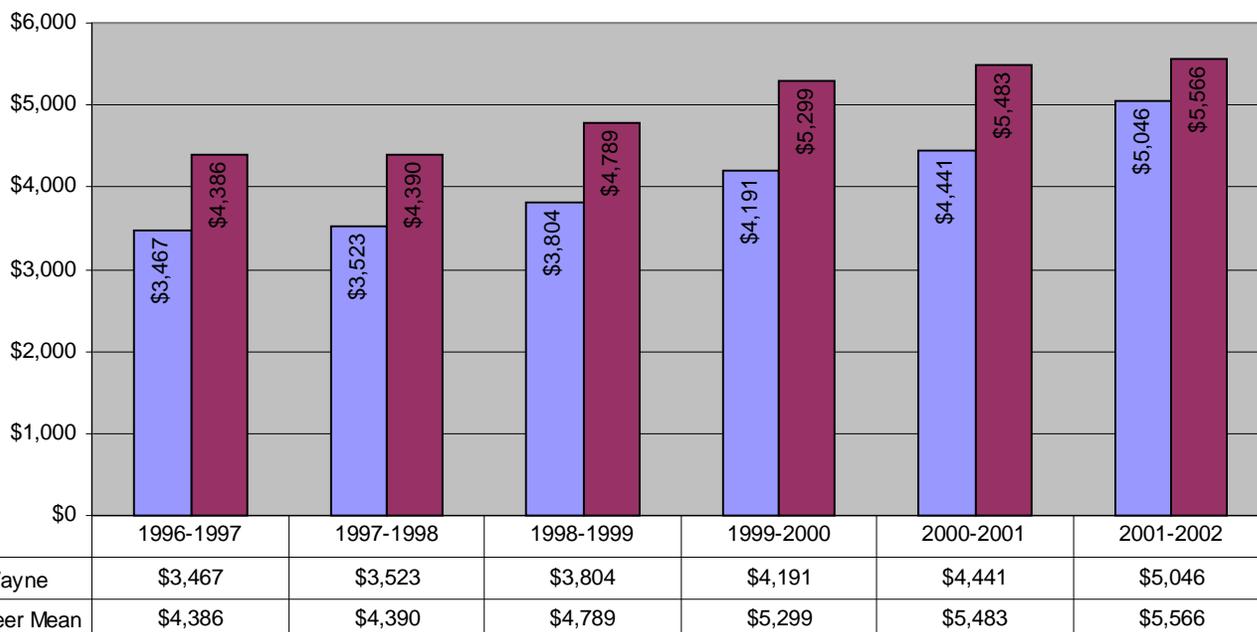
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Clinch Valley College	Wise, VA	\$7,156
Eastern Oregon State College	La Grande, OR	\$5,914
Mayville State University	Mayville, ND	\$4,194
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$3,739
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$3,381
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$3,039
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$2,730
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
Valley City State University	Valley City, ND	Not provided
Livingston University	Livingston, AL	Not provided
Oklahoma Panhandle State Univ.	Goodwell, OK	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,402
	Median	\$3,788

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Clinch Valley College	Wise, VA	\$8,327
Eastern Oregon State College	La Grande, OR	\$6,328
Valley City State University	Valley City, ND	\$5,082
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$3,991
Livingston University	Livingston, AL	\$3,387
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$3,119
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	\$3,080
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$2,733
Mayville State University	Mayville, ND	\$2,386
Oklahoma Panhandle State Univ.	Goodwell, OK	\$2,247
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$1,989
	Mean	\$3,867
	Median	\$3,100

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Peru State College and non-responding institutions.

Wayne State College Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

**Wayne State College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$8,061
Georgia Southwestern State Univ.	Americas, GA	\$7,037
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,754
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$5,282
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$5,046
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$4,976
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$4,865
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$4,559
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$4,405
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$4,150
	Mean	\$5,566
	Median	\$4,976

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,686
Georgia Southwestern State Univ.	Americas, GA	\$6,807
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,633
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$5,203
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$5,164
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$5,062
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$5,007
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$4,441
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$4,086
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,694
	Mean	\$5,483
	Median	\$5,164

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,541
Georgia Southwestern State Univ.	Americas, GA	\$6,764
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,282
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$5,456
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$5,088
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$4,593
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$4,441
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$4,191
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$4,102
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,427
	Mean	\$5,299
	Median	\$5,088

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,458
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,217
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$5,487
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$4,791
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,698
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$4,372
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$4,026
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$3,804
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,687
Georgia Southwestern State Univ.	Americas, GA	\$2,361
	Mean	\$4,789
	Median	\$4,698

Wayne State College Peer Group Comparisons of State Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,257
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$5,723
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,639
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$4,482
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$4,313
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$4,032
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$3,856
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,695
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$3,523
Georgia Southwestern State Univ.	Americas, GA	\$1,513
	Mean	\$4,390
	Median	\$4,313

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$6,713
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$6,595
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$4,515
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$4,381
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	\$3,585
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$3,467
Northern State University	Aberdeen, DS	\$3,444
Georgia Southwestern State Univ.	Americas, GA	\$1,469
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	Not provided
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,386
	Median	\$4,381

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$6,847
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$5,597
Mansfield University of Pennsylvania	Mansfield, PA	\$5,412
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,552
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$3,323
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$3,298
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,580
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,335
Plymouth State College	Plymouth, NH	\$2,150
Pembroke State University	Pembroke, NC	Not provided
Southern Utah University	Cedar City, UT	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,100
	Median	\$3,938

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Pembroke State University	Pembroke, NC	\$7,218
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$6,724
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$5,309
Mansfield University of Pennsylvania	Mansfield, PA	\$5,245
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,553
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$3,215
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$3,099
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,708
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,206
Plymouth State College	Plymouth, NH	\$2,188
Southern Utah University	Cedar City, UT	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,582
	Median	\$4,533

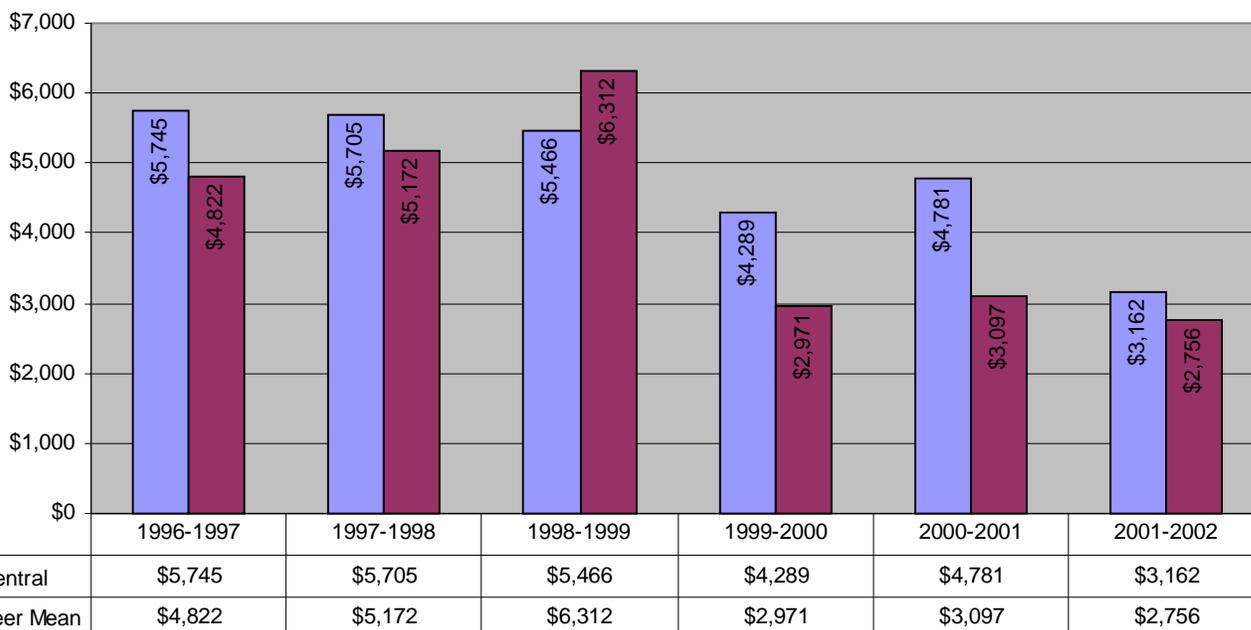
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Pembroke State University	Pembroke, NC	\$6,446
Eastern New Mexico State University	Portales, NM	\$5,776
Mansfield University of Pennsylvania	Mansfield, PA	\$4,720
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$4,583
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$3,077
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$3,056
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,861
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$2,168
Plymouth State College	Plymouth, NH	\$2,072
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
Southern Utah University	Cedar City, UT	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,963
	Median	\$3,830

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Pembroke State University	Pembroke, NC	\$6,394
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$5,084
Mansfield University of Pennsylvania	Mansfield, PA	\$4,810
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$4,540
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$3,952
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$3,740
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$2,996
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	\$2,462
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$1,989
Plymouth State College	Plymouth, NH	\$1,875
Southern Utah University	Cedar City, UT	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,872
	Median	\$3,952

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Peru State College and non-responding institutions.

Central Community College Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

**Central Community College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)	
		State	State & Local
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$5,310	\$6,842
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$3,885	\$5,597
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,440	\$3,688
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$3,162	\$5,959
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$2,311	\$4,515
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$2,111	\$3,986
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	\$2,050	\$7,617
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,502	\$7,510
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,439	\$1,902
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,756	\$5,207
	Median	\$2,211	\$5,056

Institution	Location	2000-2001	
		State	State & Local
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$5,210	\$6,311
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$4,781	\$6,003
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$4,204	\$5,617
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$3,743	\$4,490
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,194	\$3,405
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$3,127	\$3,851
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	\$2,266	\$7,741
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,618	\$7,737
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,410	\$1,863
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,097	\$5,127
	Median	\$3,161	\$5,053

Central Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1999-2000 State	1999-2000 State & Local
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$4,925	\$6,726
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$4,289	\$5,605
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$4,265	\$5,542
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$3,449	\$4,443
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$2,974	\$3,168
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$2,958	\$3,806
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	\$2,183	\$7,611
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,527	\$7,288
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,487	\$1,934
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,971	\$5,065
	Median	\$2,966	\$4,993

Institution	Location	1998-1999 State	1998-1999 State & Local
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$3,981	\$5,163
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$3,057	\$5,787
Northcentral Community College	Wausau, WI	\$2,275	\$8,749
Fox Valley Community College	Appleton, WI	\$2,232	\$8,847
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$2,178	\$5,466
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,866	\$3,818
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,820	\$4,180
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,604	\$7,641
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$4,471	\$6,312
	Median	\$2,232	\$5,787

Institution	Location	1997-1998 State	1997-1998 State & Local
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$4,265	\$5,403
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,289	\$3,502
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,936	\$3,186
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,617	\$5,726
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$2,510	\$3,180
Northcentral Community College	Wausau, WI	\$2,282	\$8,165
Fox Valley Community College	Appleton, WI	\$2,028	\$8,128
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,910	\$5,705
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,553	\$7,158
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,457	\$3,882
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,409	\$3,389
	Mean	\$2,435	\$5,172
	Median	\$2,396	\$4,643

Institution	Location	1996-1997 State	1996-1997 State & Local
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$4,271	\$5,225
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,215	\$3,427
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,890	\$3,144
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,514	\$5,361
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$2,411	\$3,093
Fox Valley Community College	Appleton, WI	\$1,976	\$7,994
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,924	\$7,491
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,839	\$5,745
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,517	\$4,049
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,425	\$3,612
Northcentral Community College	Wausau, WI	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,460	\$4,822
	Median	\$2,411	\$4,049

Central Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1995-1996 State	1995-1996 State & Local
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,110	\$3,319
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,918	\$3,351
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,515	\$5,222
Fox Valley Community College	Appleton, WI	\$2,079	\$7,238
Northcentral Community College	Wausau, WI	\$2,062	\$6,114
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,958	\$7,432
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,793	\$5,460
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,598	\$1,841
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,524	\$3,813
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,489	\$3,793
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,139	\$4,680
	Median	\$2,062	\$3,813

Institution	Location	1994-1995 State	1994-1995 State & Local
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,208	\$3,425
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,835	\$3,331
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,358	\$5,025
Fox Valley Community College	Appleton, WI	\$2,123	\$6,971
Northcentral Community College	Wausau, WI	\$2,065	\$5,820
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,925	\$7,482
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,821	\$5,363
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,534	\$1,819
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,531	\$3,686
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,468	\$3,652
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,116	\$4,579
	Median	\$2,065	\$3,686

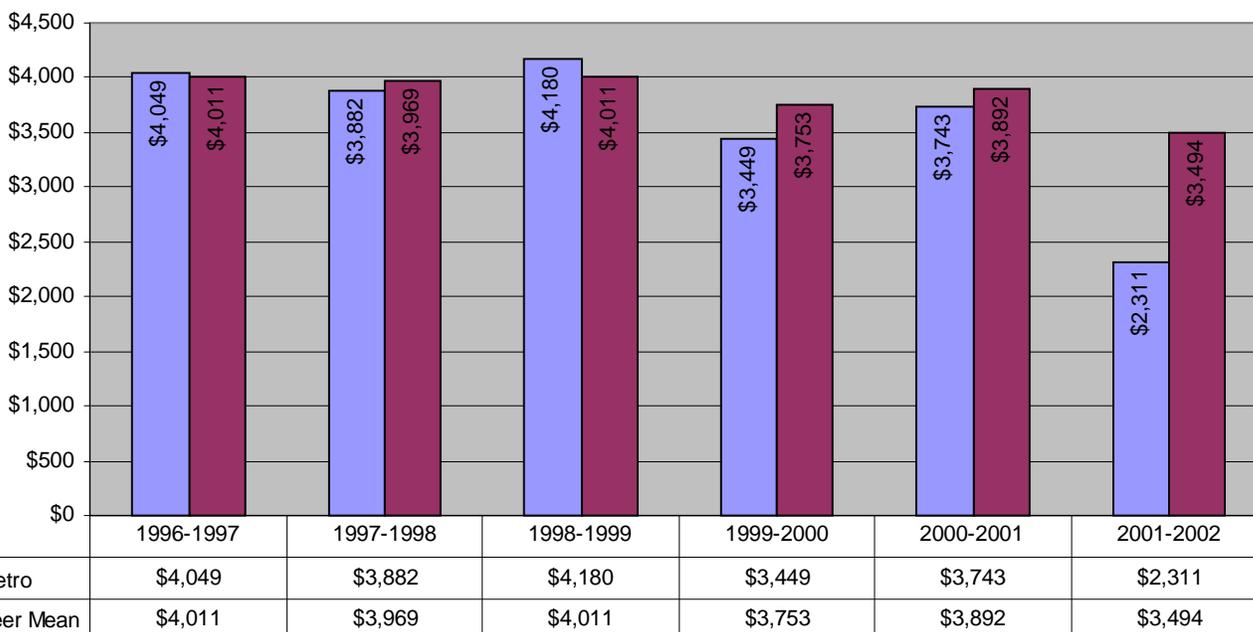
Institution	Location	1993-1994 State	1993-1994 State & Local
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,033	\$3,241
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,535	\$2,999
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,211	\$4,565
Fox Valley Community College	Appleton, WI	\$1,935	\$5,774
Northcentral Community College	Wausau, WI	\$1,913	\$5,407
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,755	\$4,799
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,574	\$1,787
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,558	\$3,647
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,416	\$3,526
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	Not provided	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,022	\$3,868
	Median	\$1,924	\$4,106

Institution	Location	1992-1993 State	1992-1993 State & Local
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,246	\$4,592
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,225	\$2,530
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,870	\$4,786
Fox Valley Community College	Appleton, WI	\$1,777	\$5,289
Northcentral Community College	Wausau, WI	\$1,768	\$4,696
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,576	\$1,773
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,558	\$3,341
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,524	\$1,928
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$1,447	\$1,550
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,419	\$3,392
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$1,201	\$5,083
	Mean	\$1,674	\$3,417
	Median	\$1,567	\$3,367

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Central Community College and non-responding institutions.

Metropolitan Community College Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

**Metro Community College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)	
		State	State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$5,673	\$6,668
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$4,272	\$5,305
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$3,319	\$3,319
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$3,162	\$5,959
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$2,426	\$3,110
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$2,311	\$4,515
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$2,111	\$3,986
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	Not provided	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided	Not provided
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,494	\$4,724
	Median	\$3,240	\$4,645

Institution	Location	2000-2001	
		State	State & Local
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$5,853	\$5,853
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$4,781	\$6,003
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,730	\$5,489
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$3,743	\$4,490
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$3,276	\$4,094
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$3,147	\$3,147
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$3,127	\$3,851
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$2,329	\$3,007
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided	Not provided
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,892	\$4,492
	Median	\$3,276	\$4,094

Metropolitan Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1999-2000 State	1999-2000 State & Local
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$6,025	\$6,025
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,326	\$4,990
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$4,289	\$5,605
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$3,449	\$4,443
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$3,270	\$4,069
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$3,075	\$3,075
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$2,958	\$3,806
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$2,327	\$2,999
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided	Not provided
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,753	\$4,367
	Median	\$3,270	\$4,069

Institution	Location	1998-1999 State	1998-1999 State & Local
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$6,178	\$6,178
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,129	\$4,782
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$2,991	\$3,791
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$2,785	\$2,785
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$2,490	\$3,202
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$2,310	\$2,611
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$2,178	\$5,466
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	\$1,868	\$3,464
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,866	\$3,818
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,820	\$4,180
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,977	\$4,011
	Median	\$2,490	\$3,791

Institution	Location	1997-1998 State	1997-1998 State & Local
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$6,272	\$6,272
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,018	\$4,597
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$2,692	\$2,692
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$2,654	\$3,368
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$2,342	\$4,916
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$2,323	\$3,000
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$2,160	\$2,435
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,910	\$5,705
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	\$1,799	\$3,318
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,457	\$3,882
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,409	\$3,389
	Mean	\$2,758	\$3,969
	Median	\$2,333	\$3,379

Institution	Location	1996-1997 State	1996-1997 State & Local
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$5,940	\$7,509
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,112	\$4,587
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$3,298	\$3,298
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$2,629	\$5,519
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$2,168	\$2,447
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$2,077	\$2,077
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,839	\$5,745
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,517	\$4,049
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,425	\$3,612
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	\$720	\$1,309
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,690	\$4,011
	Median	\$2,168	\$3,612

Metropolitan Community College Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1995-1996 State	1995-1996 State & Local
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$5,359	\$5,359
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,424	\$4,997
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$2,372	\$2,962
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	\$2,063	\$3,498
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$1,955	\$3,956
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,793	\$5,480
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,524	\$3,813
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,489	\$3,793
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,784	\$4,295
	Median	\$2,063	\$3,956

Institution	Location	1994-1995 State	1994-1995 State & Local
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$4,751	\$4,751
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,120	\$4,713
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$2,244	\$2,815
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	\$2,200	\$3,531
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$1,960	\$3,973
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,821	\$5,363
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$1,819	\$1,819
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,531	\$3,686
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,468	\$3,652
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$1,051	\$2,211
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,389	\$3,651
	Median	\$1,960	\$3,686

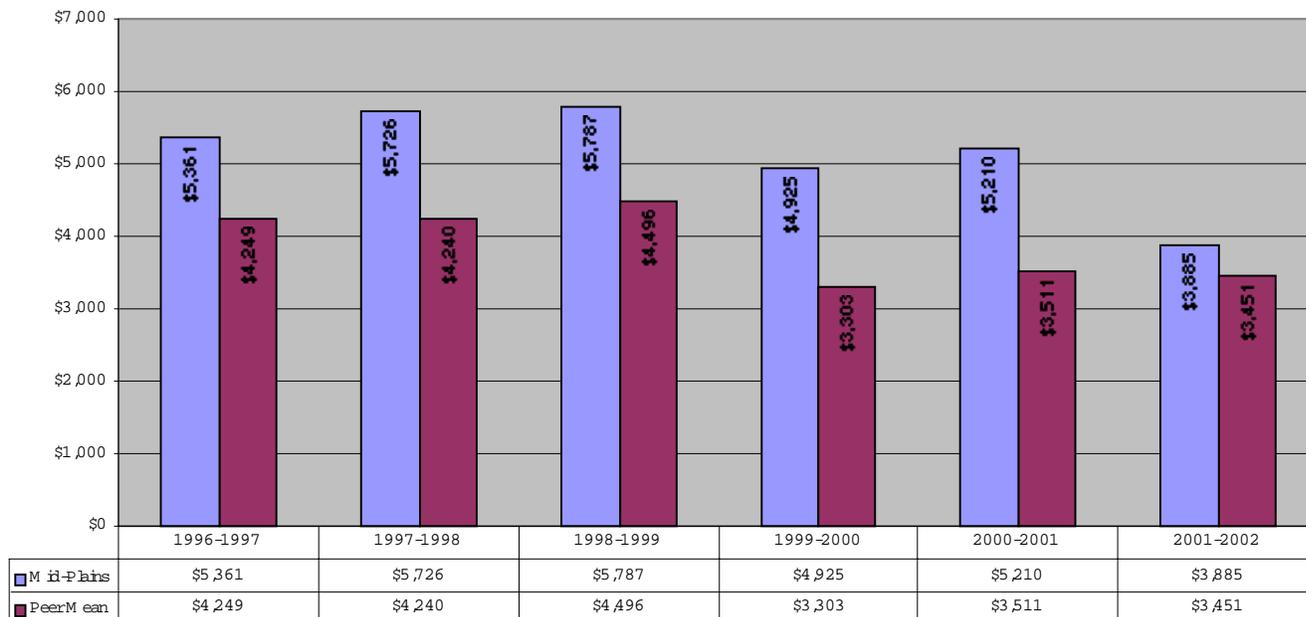
Institution	Location	1993-1994 State	1993-1994 State & Local
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$4,515	\$4,515
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,130	\$4,743
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	\$2,561	\$4,084
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$2,239	\$2,782
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$1,842	\$3,411
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,755	\$4,799
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$1,695	\$1,695
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,558	\$3,647
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,416	\$3,526
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$1,016	\$2,261
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,368	\$3,549
	Median	\$1,842	\$3,647

Institution	Location	1992-1993 State	1992-1993 State & Local
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$5,604	\$5,604
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$2,803	\$3,184
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,870	\$4,786
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$1,778	\$2,007
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$1,559	\$2,968
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,558	\$3,341
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$1,536	\$1,536
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,419	\$3,392
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	\$1,192	\$2,006
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$1,143	\$2,856
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$1,118	\$1,407
	Mean	\$2,016	\$2,970
	Median	\$1,559	\$2,912

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Metro Community College and non-responding institutions.

Mid-Plains Community College Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

**Mid-Plains Community College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)	
		State	State & Local
Western Community College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$4,848	\$6,277
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$4,497	\$6,075
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$4,146	\$4,924
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$3,885	\$5,597
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$3,687	\$6,655
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,584	\$4,498
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,440	\$3,688
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$2,147	\$6,835
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$1,261	\$3,046
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,451	\$5,250
	Median	\$3,636	\$5,499

Institution	Location	2000-2001	
		State	State & Local
Western Community College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$6,601	\$7,648
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$5,210	\$6,311
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,940	\$4,854
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,866	\$5,969
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$3,626	\$4,851
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$3,346	\$7,137
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,194	\$3,405
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,932	\$6,462
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$1,580	\$3,548
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,511	\$5,484
	Median	\$3,486	\$5,412

Mid-Plains Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1999-2000 State	1999-2000 State & Local
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$6,374	\$8,132
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$4,925	\$6,726
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,860	\$4,681
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,556	\$5,624
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$3,364	\$4,561
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$3,044	\$6,289
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$2,974	\$3,168
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$1,627	\$3,556
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,627	\$6,038
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,303	\$5,256
	Median	\$3,204	\$5,153

Institution	Location	1998-1999 State	1998-1999 State & Local
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,985	\$6,145
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$3,771	\$6,646
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$3,057	\$5,787
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,906	\$3,501
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$2,540	\$5,555
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$2,220	\$3,465
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$1,878	\$4,001
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,596	\$5,039
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,699	\$4,496
	Median	\$2,540	\$3,839

Institution	Location	1997-1998 State	1997-1998 State & Local
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,563	\$5,645
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,289	\$3,502
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,982	\$3,571
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,936	\$3,186
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,821	\$5,661
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$2,662	\$5,877
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,617	\$5,726
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$2,076	\$3,316
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$1,696	\$3,566
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,587	\$3,839
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,624	\$4,240
	Median	\$2,821	\$3,571

Institution	Location	1996-1997 State	1996-1997 State & Local
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,215	\$3,427
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$2,920	\$5,121
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,890	\$3,144
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,738	\$6,580
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,668	\$3,334
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$2,624	\$6,312
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,514	\$5,361
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$1,990	\$3,375
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$988	\$2,695
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,504	\$4,249
	Median	\$2,703	\$3,401

Mid-Plains Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1995-1996 State	1995-1996 State & Local
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,110	\$3,319
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,295	\$5,817
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,918	\$3,351
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,730	\$6,323
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,667	\$3,017
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,515	\$5,222
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$2,197	\$5,300
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$1,976	\$3,337
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,379	\$4,419
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$1,040	\$2,602
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,347	\$4,165
	Median	\$2,667	\$3,351

Institution	Location	1994-1995 State	1994-1995 State & Local
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,208	\$3,425
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,026	\$5,602
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,863	\$6,156
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,835	\$3,331
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,705	\$3,161
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,358	\$5,025
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$1,788	\$3,058
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$1,748	\$5,130
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,452	\$4,725
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$603	\$1,216
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,248	\$3,978
	Median	\$2,705	\$3,425

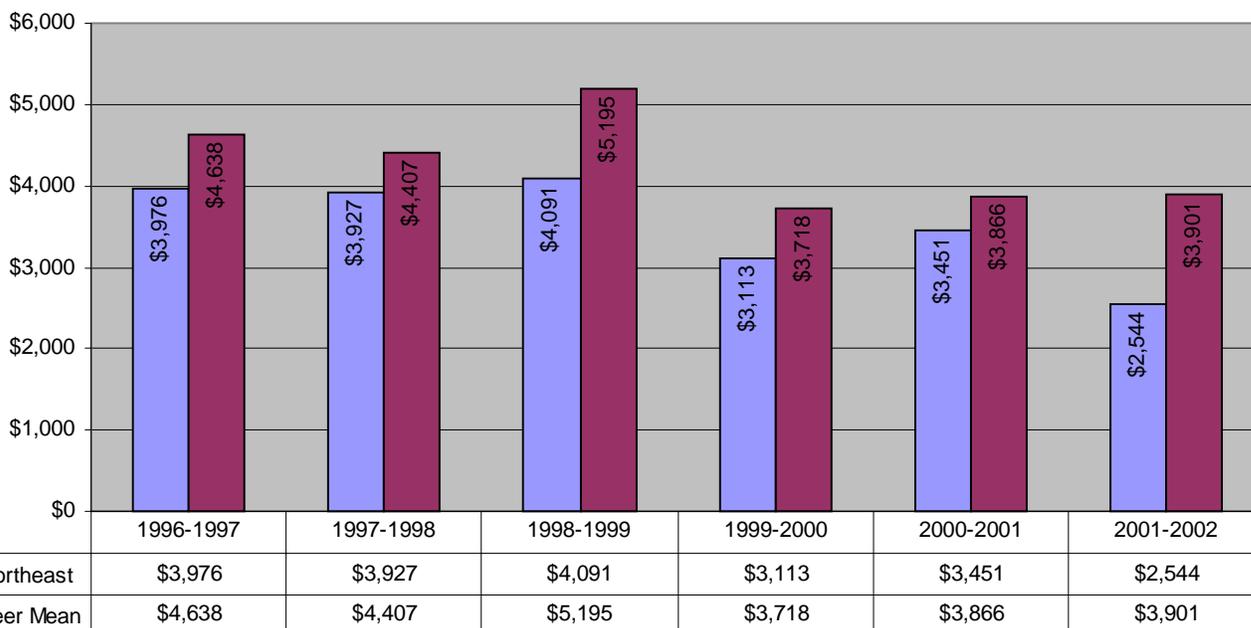
Institution	Location	1993-1994 State	1993-1994 State & Local
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,033	\$3,241
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,768	\$3,092
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,745	\$5,753
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$2,709	\$5,082
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,535	\$2,999
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,211	\$4,565
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$1,648	\$2,726
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,349	\$4,454
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$1,329	\$4,884
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$556	\$1,095
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,075	\$3,703
	Median	\$2,535	\$3,241

Institution	Location	1992-1993 State	1992-1993 State & Local
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$2,940	\$5,183
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,814	\$5,463
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,246	\$4,592
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	\$2,225	\$2,530
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$1,524	\$1,677
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$1,447	\$1,550
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,306	\$4,495
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$1,145	\$4,314
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	\$1,074	\$2,628
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$596	\$1,130
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$1,675	\$3,219
	Median	\$1,447	\$2,628

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Mid-Plains Community College and non-responding institutions.

Northeast Community College Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

**Northeast Community College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)	
		State	State & Local
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$5,310	\$6,842
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$4,497	\$6,075
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$4,249	\$4,804
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$4,233	\$5,290
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$3,885	\$5,597
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,584	\$4,498
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,301	\$4,373
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$2,544	\$4,219
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$2,147	\$6,835
Colorado Northwestern CC	Rangely, CO	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,901	\$5,539
	Median	\$4,059	\$5,444

Institution	Location	2000-2001	
		State	State & Local
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$5,210	\$6,311
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$4,204	\$5,617
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$4,117	\$5,472
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$4,048	\$4,560
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,940	\$4,854
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,866	\$5,969
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,611	\$4,654
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$3,451	\$4,153
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,932	\$6,462
Colorado Northwestern CC	Rangely, CO	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,866	\$5,487
	Median	\$3,994	\$5,545

Northeast Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1999-2000 State	1999-2000 State & Local
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$4,925	\$6,726
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$4,265	\$5,542
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$4,105	\$4,615
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$3,892	\$4,706
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,860	\$4,681
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,556	\$5,624
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,518	\$4,435
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$3,113	\$3,970
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,627	\$6,038
Colorado Northwestern Community	Rangely, CO	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,718	\$5,296
	Median	\$3,876	\$5,124

Institution	Location	1998-1999 State	1998-1999 State & Local
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,985	\$6,145
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$3,981	\$5,163
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,407	\$4,295
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$3,057	\$5,787
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,906	\$3,501
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$2,648	\$3,106
Colorado Northwestern CC	Rangely, CO	\$2,013	\$8,525
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$2,011	\$4,091
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,596	\$5,039
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,949	\$5,195
	Median	\$2,982	\$5,101

Institution	Location	1997-1998 State	1997-1998 State & Local
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$4,265	\$5,403
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,563	\$5,645
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,382	\$4,252
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,982	\$3,571
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$2,684	\$3,346
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,617	\$5,726
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$2,094	\$3,927
Colorado Northwestern CC	Rangely, CO	\$1,667	\$7,877
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,587	\$3,839
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,527	\$4,407
	Median	\$2,684	\$4,252

Institution	Location	1996-1997 State	1996-1997 State & Local
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$4,271	\$5,225
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$2,920	\$5,121
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,668	\$3,334
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,658	\$2,893
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,514	\$5,361
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$2,017	\$3,976
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$1,948	\$2,408
Colorado Northwestern Community	Rangely, CO	\$1,689	\$8,122
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	Not provided	Not provided
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,667	\$4,638
	Median	\$2,658	\$5,121

Northeast Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1995-1996 State	1995-1996 State & Local
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$4,297	\$4,799
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,295	\$5,817
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,667	\$3,017
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,521	\$2,762
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,515	\$5,222
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$2,084	\$4,023
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$1,955	\$3,578
Colorado Northwestern Community	Rangely, CO	\$1,721	\$8,228
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,598	\$1,841
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,379	\$4,419
	Mean	\$2,453	\$4,459
	Median	\$2,515	\$4,419

Institution	Location	1994-1995 State	1994-1995 State & Local
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$4,178	\$4,660
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$3,026	\$5,602
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,705	\$3,161
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,463	\$2,701
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,358	\$5,024
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$1,973	\$3,726
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$1,844	\$2,265
Colorado Northwestern Community	Rangely, CO	\$1,608	\$8,611
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,534	\$1,819
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,452	\$4,725
	Mean	\$2,352	\$4,285
	Median	\$2,358	\$4,660

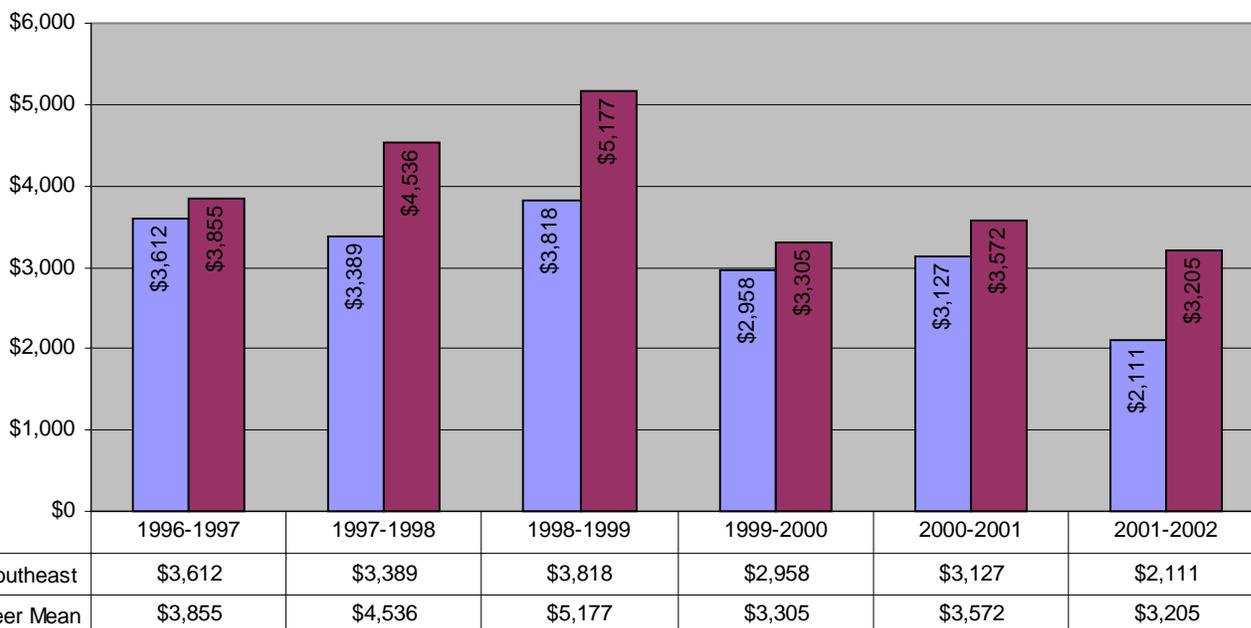
Institution	Location	1993-1994 State	1993-1994 State & Local
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$3,897	\$4,366
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,768	\$3,092
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$2,709	\$5,082
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,401	\$2,630
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,211	\$4,565
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$1,872	\$3,575
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$1,750	\$2,233
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,574	\$1,787
Colorado Northwestern Community	Rangely, CO	\$1,507	\$7,654
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,349	\$4,454
	Mean	\$2,241	\$3,985
	Median	\$2,211	\$4,366

Institution	Location	1992-1993 State	1992-1993 State & Local
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$3,468	\$3,891
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$2,940	\$5,183
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,246	\$4,592
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$2,035	\$3,750
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$1,991	\$2,188
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,576	\$1,773
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$1,524	\$1,677
Colorado Northwestern Community	Rangely, CO	\$1,309	\$8,297
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,306	\$4,495
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,045	\$4,012
	Median	\$1,784	\$4,193

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Northeast Community College and non-responding institutions.

Southeast Community College Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

**Southeast Community College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)	
		State	State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$5,673	\$6,668
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,440	\$3,688
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$3,162	\$5,959
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$2,311	\$4,515
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$2,111	\$3,986
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,439	\$1,902
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,205	\$4,546
	Median	\$3,162	\$4,515

Institution	Location	2000-2001	
		State	State & Local
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$4,781	\$6,003
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,730	\$5,489
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$3,743	\$4,490
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,194	\$3,405
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$3,127	\$3,851
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,410	\$1,863
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,572	\$4,250
	Median	\$3,743	\$4,490

Southeast Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1999-2000 State	1999-2000 State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,326	\$4,990
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$4,289	\$5,605
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$3,449	\$4,443
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$2,974	\$3,168
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$2,958	\$3,806
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,487	\$1,934
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,305	\$4,028
	Median	\$3,449	\$4,443

Institution	Location	1998-1999 State	1998-1999 State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,129	\$4,782
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$2,310	\$2,611
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	\$2,232	\$8,847
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$2,178	\$5,466
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,866	\$3,818
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,820	\$4,180
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided	Not provided
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,534	\$5,177
	Median	\$2,232	\$4,782

Institution	Location	1997-1998 State	1997-1998 State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,018	\$4,597
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,289	\$3,502
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$2,510	\$3,180
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$2,342	\$4,916
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$2,160	\$2,435
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	\$2,028	\$8,128
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,910	\$5,705
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,457	\$3,822
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,409	\$3,389
	Mean	\$2,464	\$4,536
	Median	\$2,251	\$4,210

Institution	Location	1996-1997 State	1996-1997 State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,112	\$4,587
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,215	\$3,427
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$2,629	\$5,519
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$2,411	\$3,093
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$2,168	\$2,447
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	\$1,976	\$1,976
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,839	\$5,745
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,517	\$4,049
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,425	\$3,612
	Mean	\$2,483	\$3,855
	Median	\$2,290	\$3,738

Southeast Community College

Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1995-1996 State	1995-1996 State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,424	\$4,997
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,298	\$3,522
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	\$2,079	\$7,238
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$1,955	\$3,957
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,793	\$5,460
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,524	\$3,813
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,489	\$3,793
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,506	\$4,828
	Median	\$2,017	\$3,875

Institution	Location	1994-1995 State	1994-1995 State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,120	\$4,713
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,208	\$3,425
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	\$2,123	\$6,971
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$1,960	\$3,973
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,821	\$5,363
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,531	\$3,686
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,468	\$3,652
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,450	\$4,683
	Median	\$2,042	\$4,343

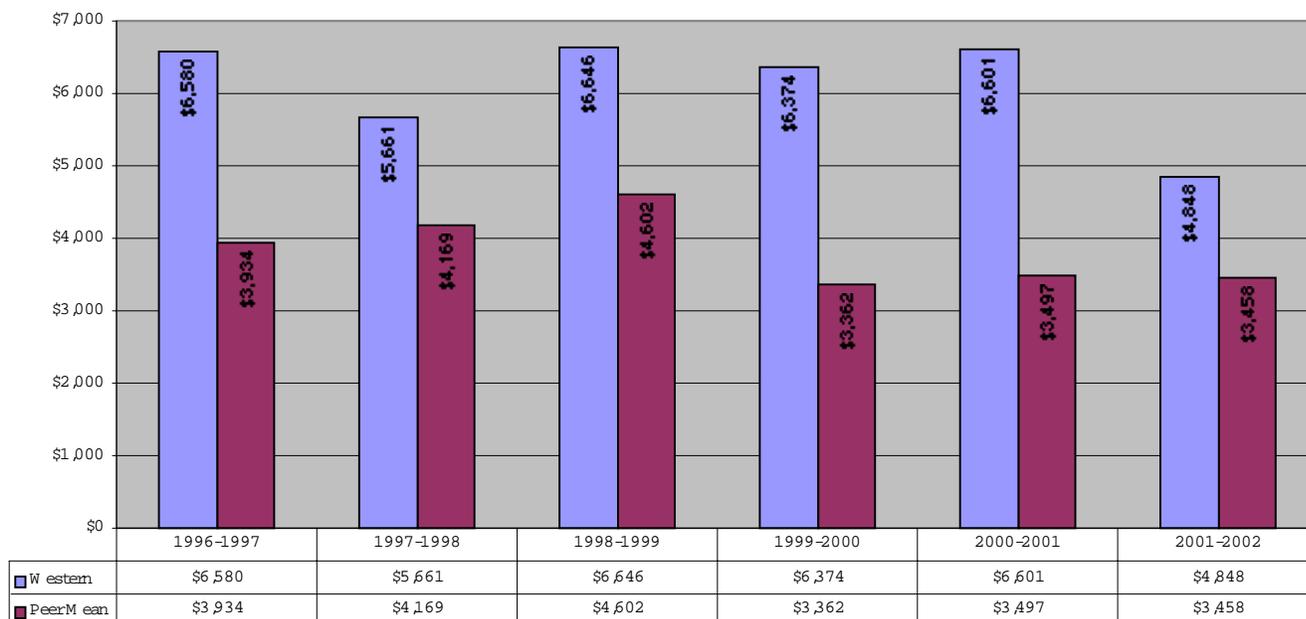
Institution	Location	1993-1994 State	1993-1994 State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,130	\$4,744
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,033	\$3,241
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	\$1,935	\$5,774
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$1,842	\$3,411
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,755	\$4,799
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,558	\$3,647
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,416	\$3,526
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,352	\$4,249
	Median	\$1,889	\$4,135

Institution	Location	1992-1993 State	1992-1993 State & Local
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$2,803	\$3,184
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,870	\$4,786
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	\$1,778	\$2,007
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	\$1,777	\$5,289
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	\$1,559	\$2,968
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,558	\$3,341
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,524	\$1,928
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$1,447	\$1,550
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,419	\$3,392
	Mean	\$1,772	\$3,138
	Median	\$1,668	\$3,076

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Southeast Community College and non-responding institutions.

Western Nebraska Community College Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

**Western Nebraska Community College Appropriation Per FTE Student and Peer Group Mean
1996-1997 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)	
		State	State & Local
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$4,870	\$5,482
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$4,848	\$6,277
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$4,372	\$5,704
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$3,885	\$5,597
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$3,687	\$6,655
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,584	\$4,498
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,301	\$4,373
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	\$2,791	\$3,128
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$2,486	\$6,137
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$2,147	\$6,835
	Mean	\$3,458	\$5,379
	Median	\$3,584	\$5,597

Institution	Location	2000-2001	
		State	State & Local
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$6,601	\$7,648
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$5,210	\$6,311
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$4,141	\$4,688
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$3,967	\$5,057
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,940	\$4,854
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,611	\$4,654
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$3,346	\$7,137
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	\$2,713	\$3,047
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$2,618	\$6,173
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,932	\$6,462
	Mean	\$3,497	\$5,376
	Median	\$3,611	\$5,057

Western Nebraska Community College Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

Institution	Location	1999-2000 State	1999-2000 State & Local
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$6,374	\$8,132
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$4,925	\$6,726
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$4,136	\$5,063
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$3,860	\$4,681
Sheridan College (N. Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$3,805	\$4,297
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,518	\$4,435
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$3,044	\$6,289
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	\$2,676	\$2,999
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$2,667	\$6,519
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,627	\$6,038
	Mean	\$3,362	\$5,228
	Median	\$3,518	\$5,063

Institution	Location	1998-1999 State	1998-1999 State & Local
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$3,771	\$6,646
Sheridan College (N. Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$3,764	\$4,217
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$3,591	\$4,453
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	\$3,547	\$3,971
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,407	\$4,295
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$3,057	\$5,787
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,906	\$3,501
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$2,540	\$5,555
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,596	\$5,039
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$3,051	\$4,602
	Median	\$3,232	\$4,374

Institution	Location	1997-1998 State	1997-1998 State & Local
Sheridan College (N. Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$3,685	\$4,099
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	\$3,449	\$3,878
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$3,382	\$4,252
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,982	\$3,571
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,821	\$5,661
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$2,662	\$5,877
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,617	\$5,726
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$1,739	\$2,110
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,587	\$3,839
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,763	\$4,169
	Median	\$2,822	\$3,989

Institution	Location	1996-1997 State	1996-1997 State & Local
Sheridan College (N. Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$3,382	\$3,748
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,738	\$6,580
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,668	\$3,334
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,658	\$2,893
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$2,624	\$6,312
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,514	\$5,361
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$1,645	\$1,954
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	Not provided	Not provided
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	Not provided	Not provided
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,582	\$3,934
	Median	\$2,641	\$3,541

Western Nebraska Community College
Peer Group Comparisons of State and Local Appropriations Per FTE

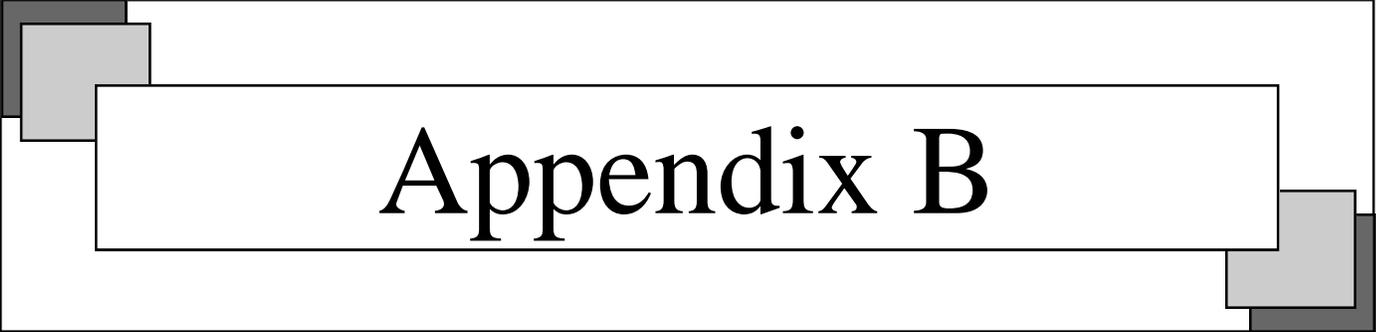
Institution	Location	1995-1996 State	1995-1996 State & Local
N. Wyoming Community College	Sheridan, WY	\$3,656	\$3,992
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,730	\$6,323
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,667	\$3,017
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,521	\$2,762
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,450	\$5,091
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$2,307	\$6,093
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$2,197	\$5,300
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,379	\$4,419
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	\$1,368	\$1,539
Northwest College	Powell, WY	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,318	\$4,027
	Median	\$2,379	\$4,206

Institution	Location	1994-1995 State	1994-1995 State & Local
N. Wyoming Community College	Sheridan, WY	\$3,779	\$4,125
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,863	\$6,156
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,705	\$3,161
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,463	\$2,701
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$2,390	\$6,330
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,358	\$5,025
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$1,748	\$5,130
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,452	\$4,725
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	\$1,318	\$1,496
Northwest College	Powell, WY	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,277	\$4,087
	Median	\$2,374	\$4,425

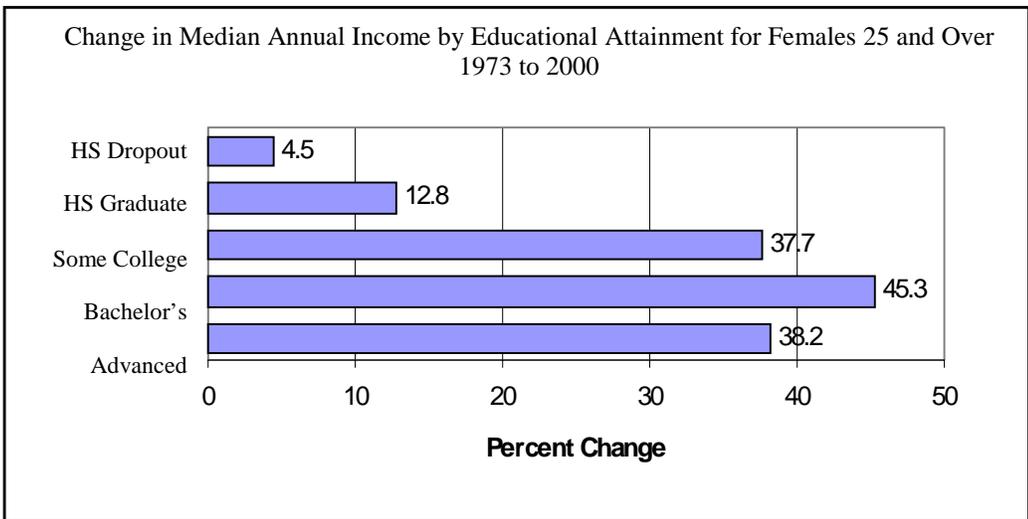
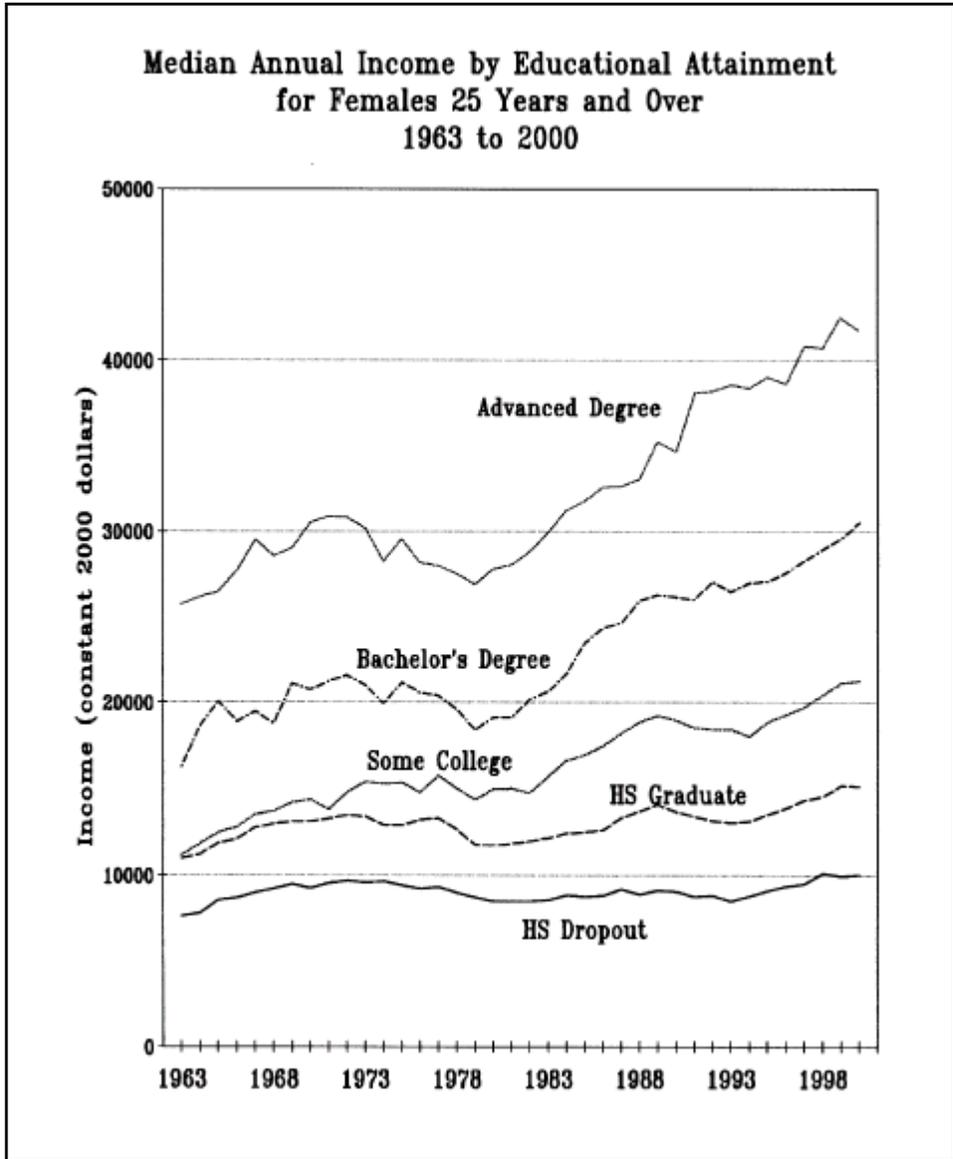
Institution	Location	1993-1994 State	1993-1994 State & Local
N. Wyoming Community College	Sheridan, WY	\$3,273	\$3,518
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$2,768	\$3,092
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,745	\$5,754
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,401	\$2,630
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,211	\$4,565
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$2,037	\$5,278
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	\$1,449	\$1,643
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,349	\$4,454
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$1,328	\$4,884
Northwest College	Powell, WY	Not provided	Not provided
	Mean	\$2,102	\$3,758
	Median	\$2,124	\$3,986

Institution	Location	1992-1993 State	1992-1993 State & Local
N. Wyoming Community College	Sheridan, WY	\$2,972	\$3,174
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$2,814	\$5,463
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$2,246	\$4,592
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$1,991	\$2,188
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$1,744	\$4,508
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$1,524	\$1,677
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$1,457	\$1,848
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,306	\$4,495
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$1,145	\$4,314
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	\$889	\$1,022
	Mean	\$1,697	\$3,091
	Median	\$1,524	\$3,174

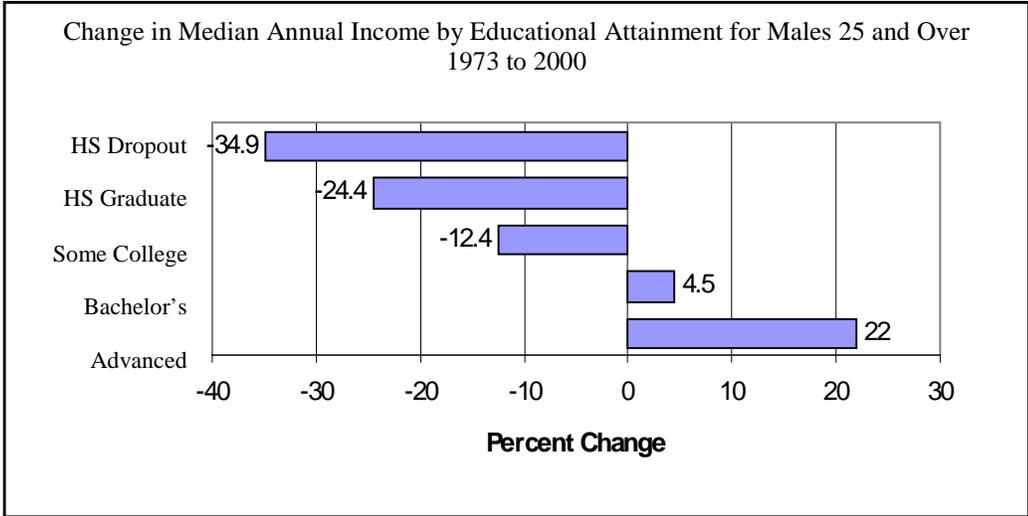
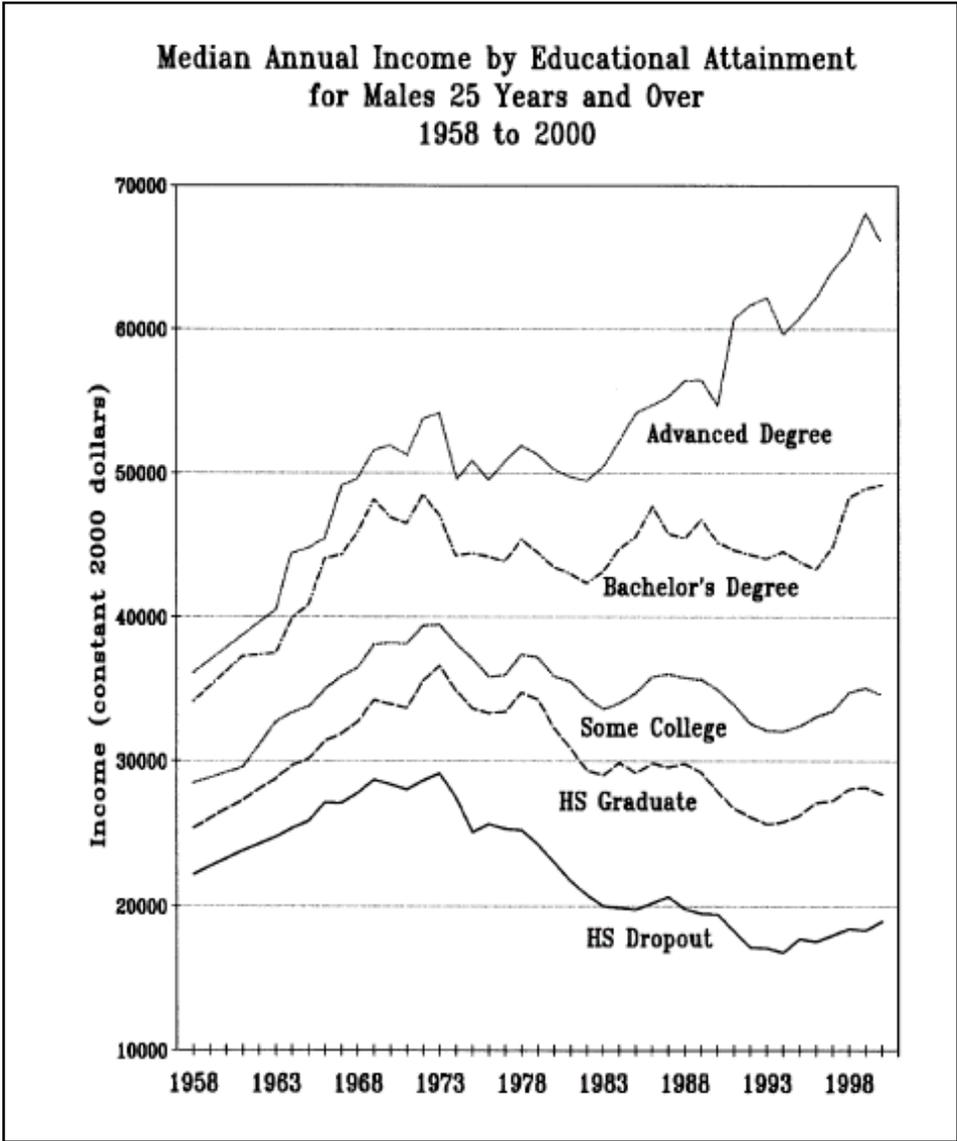
Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Western Nebraska Community College and non-responding institutions.



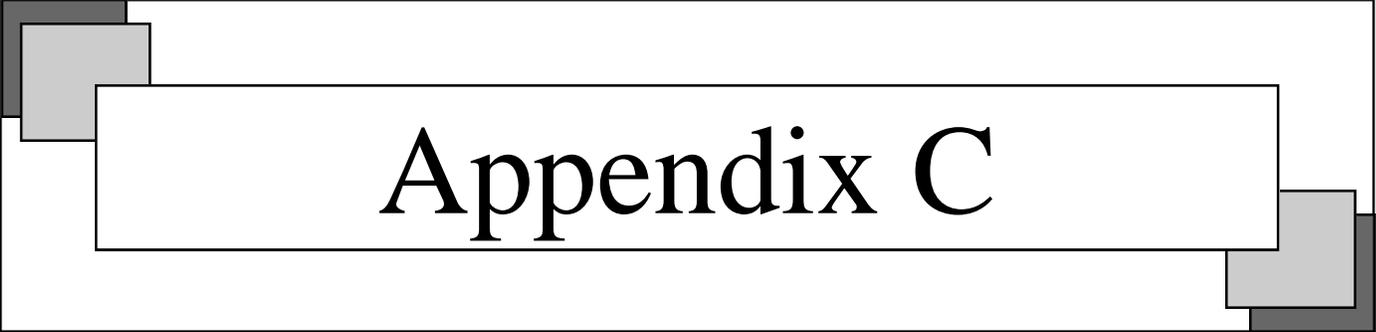
Appendix B



Source: Postsecondary Education OPPORTUNITY (December, 2001)



Source: Postsecondary Education OPPORTUNITY (December, 2001)



Appendix C

University of Nebraska-Lincoln Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	\$4,887
Purdue University	West Lafayette,	\$4,164
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	\$3,784
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$3,760
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$3,468
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$3,442
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$3,418
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$3,380
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	\$3,357
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,252
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$2,884
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$2,835
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$2,794
	Mean	\$3,472
	Median	\$3,399
	Percent above or below the mean	8.28%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	\$17,367
Purdue University	West Lafayette,	\$13,872
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	\$13,332
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$11,694
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	\$11,570
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$11,314
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$10,776
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$9,900
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$9,811
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$9,762
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$9,362
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$8,768
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$7,519
	Mean	\$11,307
	Median	\$11,045
	Percent above or below the mean	-17.20%

Graduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	\$4,887
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	\$4,280
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	\$4,217
Purdue University	West Lafayette,	\$4,164
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$4,000
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$3,942
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$3,908
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,630
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$3,435
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$3,380
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$3,273
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$3,224
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$2,850
	Mean	\$3,774
	Median	\$3,786
	Percent above or below the mean	3.56%

Graduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	\$17,367
Purdue University	West Lafayette,	\$13,872
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	\$13,518
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$13,410
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$12,162
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	\$12,066
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$11,196
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$9,900
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$9,137
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$9,088
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$8,990
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$8,735
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$7,781
	Mean	\$11,519
	Median	\$11,631
	Percent above or below the mean	-21.96%

University of Nebraska at Omaha Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	\$5,116
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,603
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$4,596
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$4,468
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	\$3,923
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$3,720
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$3,440
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$3,225
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$3,194
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$2,858
	Mean	\$3,991
	Median	\$3,923
	Percent above or below the mean	-19.20%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	\$13,561
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$12,828
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$12,230
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$9,666
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$9,635
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	\$9,173
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$9,055
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$8,836
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$8,762
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$8,272
	Mean	\$10,416
	Median	\$9,635
	Percent above or below the mean	-20.59%

Graduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$6,834
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$6,138
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$5,960
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$5,476
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	\$5,116
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	\$4,219
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$4,070
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$4,026
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$3,184
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$3,114
	Mean	\$4,995
	Median	\$5,116
	Percent above or below the mean	-36.25%

Graduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	\$13,747
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$12,319
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$11,613
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$11,360
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$10,542
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$10,156
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$9,446
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$8,874
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	\$8,491
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$7,384
	Mean	\$10,728
	Median	\$10,542
	Percent above or below the mean	-31.17%

University of Nebraska at Kearney Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$6,306
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,992
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$3,971
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$3,525
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$3,510
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$3,385
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$3,367
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$3,113
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$2,338
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$2,242
	Mean	\$3,737
	Median	\$3,510
	Percent above or below the mean	-16.71%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$21,118
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$12,007
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	Bloomsburg, PA	\$11,016
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$9,874
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$7,192
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$6,960
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$6,955
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$6,953
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$6,360
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$5,468
	Mean	\$9,826
	Median	\$7,192
	Percent above or below the mean	-44.35%

Graduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$8,664
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	Bloomsburg, PA	\$5,434
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$4,511
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$4,200
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$4,052
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$3,388
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$3,370
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$3,014
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$2,686
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$2,300
	Mean	\$4,289
	Median	\$4,052
	Percent above or below the mean	-29.74%

Graduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$24,292
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$14,335
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$9,932
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	Bloomsburg, PA	\$8,388
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$8,352
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$6,788
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$6,124
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$6,106
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$5,982
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$5,402
	Mean	\$10,033
	Median	\$8,352
	Percent above or below the mean	-46.16%

University of Nebraska Medical Center Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident			Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002	Institution	Location	2001-2002
Ohio State University	Columbus, OH	\$4,761	Ohio State University	Columbus, OH	\$13,527
University of Iowa	Iowa City, IA	\$3,522	University of Iowa	Iowa City, IA	\$11,950
University of Nebraska Medical Center	Omaha, NE	\$3,298	University of Arizona	Tucson, AZ	\$10,356
University of Kansas Medical Center	Kansas City, KS	\$2,539	University of Florida	Gainesville, FL	\$10,332
University of Arizona	Tucson, AZ	\$2,490	University of Kansas Medical Center	Kansas City, KS	\$9,466
University of Florida	Gainesville, FL	\$2,444	University of Nebraska Medical Center	Omaha, NE	\$8,900
Oregon Health Science University	Portland, OR	No Report	Oregon Health Science University	Portland, OR	No Report
University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, OH	No Report	University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, OH	No Report
University of Colorado Health Science	Denver, CO	No Report	University of Colorado Health Science	Denver, CO	No Report
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	No Report	University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	No Report
University of Oklahoma Health Science	Oklahoma City, OK	No Report	University of Oklahoma Health Science	Oklahoma City, OK	No Report
University of Tennessee	Memphis, TN	No Report	University of Tennessee	Memphis, TN	No Report
University of Utah	Salt Lake City, UT	No Report	University of Utah	Salt Lake City, UT	No Report
	Mean	\$3,151		Mean	\$11,126
	Median	\$2,539		Median	\$10,356
	Percent above or below the mean	4.66%		Percent above or below the mean	-20.01%

Graduate Resident			Graduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002	Institution	Location	2001-2002
Ohio State University	Columbus, OH	\$6,306	Ohio State University	Columbus, OH	\$16,377
University of Iowa	Iowa City, IA	\$4,108	University of Florida	Gainesville, FL	\$13,700
University of Florida	Gainesville, FL	\$3,928	University of Iowa	Iowa City, IA	\$12,330
University of Nebraska Medical Center	Omaha, NE	\$3,476	University of Arizona	Tucson, AZ	\$10,356
University of Kansas Medical Center	Kansas City, KS	\$2,988	University of Kansas Medical Center	Kansas City, KS	\$8,852
University of Arizona	Tucson, AZ	\$2,490	University of Nebraska Medical Center	Omaha, NE	\$8,558
Oregon Health Science University	Portland, OR	No Report	Oregon Health Science University	Portland, OR	No Report
University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, OH	No Report	University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, OH	No Report
University of Colorado Health Science	Denver, CO	No Report	University of Colorado Health Science	Denver, CO	No Report
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	No Report	University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	No Report
University of Oklahoma Health Science	Oklahoma City, OK	No Report	University of Oklahoma Health Science	Oklahoma City, OK	No Report
University of Tennessee	Memphis, TN	No Report	University of Tennessee	Memphis, TN	No Report
University of Utah	Salt Lake City, UT	No Report	University of Utah	Salt Lake City, UT	No Report
	Mean	\$3,964		Mean	\$12,323
	Median	\$3,928		Median	\$12,330
	Percent above or below the mean	-12.31%		Percent above or below the mean	-30.55%

University of Nebraska Medical Center Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Professional Medical Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Ohio State University	Columbus, OH	\$15,168
University of Nebraska Medical Center	Omaha, NE	\$14,130
University of Florida	Gainesville, FL	\$12,399
University of Iowa	Iowa City, IA	\$11,419
University of Kansas Medical Center	Kansas City, KS	\$10,920
University of Arizona	Tucson, AZ	\$9,738
Oregon Health Science University	Portland, OR	No Report
University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, OH	No Report
University of Colorado Health Science	Denver, CO	No Report
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	No Report
University of Oklahoma Health Science	Oklahoma City, OK	No Report
University of Tennessee	Memphis, TN	No Report
University of Utah	Salt Lake City, UT	No Report
	Mean	\$11,929
	Median	\$11,419
	Percent above or below the mean	18.45%

Professional Medical Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Ohio State University	Columbus, OH	\$37,233
University of Florida	Gainesville, FL	\$33,318
University of Iowa	Iowa City, IA	\$29,887
University of Nebraska Medical Center	Omaha, NE	\$29,765
University of Kansas Medical Center	Kansas City, KS	\$25,132
Oregon Health Science University	Portland, OR	No Report
University of Arizona	Tucson, AZ	NA
University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, OH	No Report
University of Colorado Health Science	Denver, CO	No Report
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	No Report
University of Oklahoma Health Science	Oklahoma City, OK	No Report
University of Tennessee	Memphis, TN	No Report
University of Utah	Salt Lake City, UT	No Report
	Mean	\$31,393
	Median	\$31,603
	Percent above or below the mean	-5.18%

Chadron State College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$4,242
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$3,716
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$3,555
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,539
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$2,706
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$2,481
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$2,217
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$2,088
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	\$2,069
North Georgia College and State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$1,185
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	No Report
	Mean	\$2,527
	Median	\$2,462
	Percent above or below the mean	-1.85%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$10,971
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	\$9,991
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$8,610
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,644
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$7,622
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$7,070
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$4,573
North Georgia College and State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$4,083
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,050
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$3,716
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	No Report
	Mean	\$6,371
	Median	\$7,346
	Percent above or below the mean	-28.22%

Graduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$6,111
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$4,650
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$4,294
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,607
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$3,260
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$2,469
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$2,440
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$2,328
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	\$1,904
North Georgia College and State University	Dahlonega, GA	\$1,379
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Alva, OK	No Report
	Mean	\$2,996
	Median	\$2,865
	Percent above or below the mean	-18.55%

Graduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$10,755
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	\$9,972
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$9,474
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$8,036
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,884
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,572
North Georgia College and State University	Dahlonega, GA	\$4,859
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,652
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$4,546
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$4,294
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Alva, OK	No Report
	Mean	\$6,645
	Median	\$7,228
	Percent above or below the mean	-31.59%

Peru State College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$3,774
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	\$3,738
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$3,716
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$3,629
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	\$3,415
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	\$2,935
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$2,724
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$2,526
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$2,463
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	\$2,403
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	No Report
	Mean	\$2,880
	Median	\$3,175
	Percent above or below the mean	-12.30%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	\$8,714
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	\$8,453
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	\$8,264
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$7,857
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$7,712
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$6,116
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	\$6,025
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$5,915
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$4,618
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$3,716
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	No Report
	Mean	\$6,277
	Median	\$6,914
	Percent above or below the mean	-26.43%

Graduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	\$4,534
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$4,294
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$3,796
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$3,679
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	\$3,559
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	\$3,084
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$2,482
Concord College	Athens, WV	NA
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	NA
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	NA
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	No Report
	Mean	\$2,295
	Median	\$3,321
	Percent above or below the mean	8.17%

Graduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	\$9,954
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$8,225
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$8,109
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	\$7,890
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	\$6,588
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$4,588
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$4,294
Concord College	Athens, WV	NA
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	NA
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	NA
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	No Report
	Mean	\$4,506
	Median	\$5,441
	Percent above or below the mean	1.82%

Wayne State College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$4,163
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$3,555
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,539
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$2,825
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$2,706
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$2,554
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	\$2,500
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$2,328
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$2,217
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$2,088
	Mean	\$2,850
	Median	\$2,554
	Percent above or below the mean	-0.89%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$10,971
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	\$8,296
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$8,053
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,644
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$7,622
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$7,070
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$6,301
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$5,221
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$4,917
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,050
	Mean	\$7,248
	Median	\$7,622
	Percent above or below the mean	-32.16%

Graduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$6,111
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$4,869
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$3,607
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$3,274
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$3,260
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	\$2,888
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$2,802
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$2,470
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$2,328
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$2,268
	Mean	\$3,453
	Median	\$3,260
	Percent above or below the mean	-18.85%

Graduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$10,755
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	\$9,848
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$8,533
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$8,036
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$7,884
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$7,293
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$6,573
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	\$5,119
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$4,908
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$4,652
	Mean	\$7,633
	Median	\$7,884
	Percent above or below the mean	-35.70%

Central Community College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,165
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	\$2,355
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$2,225
Laramie County Comm. College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,524
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,500
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,463
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,440
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,434
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$900
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	No Report
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	No Report
	Mean	\$1,813
	Median	\$1,494
	Percent above or below the mean	-17.28%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$17,975
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	\$15,987
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$4,740
Laramie County Comm. College	Cheyenne, WY	\$3,876
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$2,190
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,800
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,659
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,575
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,420
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	No Report
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	No Report
	Mean	\$6,129
	Median	\$2,838
	Percent above or below the mean	-64.27%

Metro Community College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$1,957
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$1,755
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$1,650
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$1,573
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,500
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,463
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,434
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$870
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	No Report
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	No Report
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	No Report
	Mean	\$1,534
	Median	\$1,573
	Percent above or below the mean	-4.64%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$5,821
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$5,767
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$5,670
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,590
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$2,726
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$2,190
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,800
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,659
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	No Report
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	No Report
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	No Report
	Mean	\$4,060
	Median	\$4,590
	Percent above or below the mean	-55.67%

Mid-Plains Community College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,165
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$1,530
Western Community College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$1,515
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,440
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,410
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$1,410
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$1,404
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$960
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$360
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	No Report
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	No Report
	Mean	\$1,469
	Median	\$1,410
	Percent above or below the mean	-1.99%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$7,980
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$4,784
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$4,740
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$3,910
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$2,130
Western Community College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$1,695
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,470
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$1,440
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$600
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	No Report
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	No Report
	Mean	\$3,410
	Median	\$3,020
	Percent above or below the mean	-58.36%

Northeast Community College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,601
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$1,538
Laramie County Comm. College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,524
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,440
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,410
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$1,404
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$1,350
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$960
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$748
Colorado Northwestern Community College	Rangely, CO	No Report
	Mean	\$1,430
	Median	\$1,407
	Percent above or below the mean	7.55%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$5,930
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$4,868
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$4,784
Laramie County Comm. College	Cheyenne, WY	\$3,876
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$2,130
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$1,875
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$1,440
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,420
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	No Report
Colorado Northwestern Community College	Rangely, CO	No Report
	Mean	\$3,493
	Median	\$3,876
	Percent above or below the mean	-46.32%

Southeast Community College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,165
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$1,650
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,500
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,463
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,434
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$900
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	No Report
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	No Report
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	No Report
	Mean	\$1,736
	Median	\$1,500
	Percent above or below the mean	-17.38%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$4,740
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$4,590
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$2,190
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,800
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,659
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$1,575
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	No Report
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	No Report
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	No Report
	Mean	\$2,979
	Median	\$2,190
	Percent above or below the mean	-44.31%

Western Community College Peer Group Annual Tuition and Fees Comparison 2001-2002

Undergraduate Resident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$2,601
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$1,800
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	\$1,728
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$1,660
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$1,536
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$1,515
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,440
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,410
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$960
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$360
	Mean	\$1,499
	Median	\$1,536
	Percent above or below the mean	1.04%

Undergraduate Nonresident		
Institution	Location	2001-2002
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$4,012
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$3,888
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$2,640
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$2,130
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	\$1,848
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$1,695
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$1,440
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,420
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$600
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	\$0
	Mean	\$1,998
	Median	\$1,848
	Percent above or below the mean	-15.14%

University of Nebraska 2001-2002 Nonresident Tuition & Fees as a Percent of Resident Tuition & Fees

University of Nebraska-Lincoln		Undergraduate			Graduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	\$3,380	\$9,900	292.90%	\$3,380	\$9,900	292.90%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	\$3,252	\$11,694	359.56%	\$3,630	\$12,162	335.01%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	\$3,442	\$10,776	313.07%	\$4,000	\$11,196	279.90%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	\$2,835	\$9,762	344.38%	\$3,224	\$9,088	281.92%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	\$3,468	\$8,768	252.83%	\$3,435	\$8,735	254.29%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	\$2,794	\$7,519	269.11%	\$2,850	\$7,781	273.02%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	\$4,164	\$13,872	333.14%	\$4,164	\$13,872	333.14%
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	\$3,357	\$17,367	517.34%	\$4,217	\$17,367	411.83%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	\$3,418	\$11,314	331.01%	\$3,942	\$13,410	340.18%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	\$2,884	\$9,811	340.19%	\$3,273	\$9,137	279.16%
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	\$4,887	\$13,332	272.81%	\$4,887	\$13,518	276.61%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	\$3,760	\$9,362	249.02%	\$3,908	\$8,990	230.04%
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	\$3,784	\$11,570	305.76%	\$4,280	\$12,066	281.92%
			Peer Mean	327.67%		Peer Mean	303.32%
University of Nebraska at Omaha		Undergraduate			Graduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	\$4,596	\$9,055	197.02%	\$6,138	\$12,319	200.70%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	\$4,603	\$12,230	265.73%	\$5,960	\$11,360	190.60%
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	\$3,194	\$9,666	302.63%	\$4,070	\$10,542	259.02%
Portland State University	Portland, OR	\$3,720	\$12,828	344.84%	\$6,834	\$11,613	169.93%
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	\$3,923	\$9,173	233.83%	\$4,219	\$8,491	201.26%
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	\$5,116	\$13,561	265.06%	\$5,116	\$13,747	268.68%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	\$3,225	\$8,272	256.54%	\$3,184	\$7,384	231.91%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	\$3,440	\$8,762	254.71%	\$4,026	\$9,446	234.62%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	\$2,858	\$9,635	337.12%	\$3,114	\$8,874	284.97%
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	\$4,468	\$8,836	197.76%	\$5,476	\$10,156	185.46%
			Peer Mean	266.52%		Peer Mean	221.69%
University of Nebraska at Kearney		Undergraduate			Graduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	Bloomsburg, PA	\$4,992	\$11,016	220.67%	\$5,434	\$8,388	154.36%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	\$3,510	\$6,960	198.29%	\$4,200	\$8,352	198.86%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	\$3,385	\$6,955	205.46%	\$4,052	\$6,124	151.13%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	\$2,338	\$7,192	307.61%	\$2,686	\$6,788	252.72%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	\$3,525	\$6,360	180.43%	\$3,370	\$6,106	181.18%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	\$3,113	\$5,468	175.65%	\$3,014	\$5,402	179.23%
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	\$6,306	\$21,118	334.89%	\$8,664	\$24,292	280.38%
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	\$3,367	\$12,007	356.64%	\$4,511	\$14,335	317.78%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	\$2,242	\$9,874	440.41%	\$2,300	\$9,932	431.83%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	\$3,971	\$6,953	175.09%	\$3,388	\$5,982	176.56%
			Peer Mean	268.83%		Peer Mean	238.31%

Nebraska State Colleges 2001-2002 Nonresident Tuition & Fees as a Percent of Resident Tuition & Fees

Chadron State College		Undergraduate			Graduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	\$2,093	\$4,185	200.00%	\$2,106	\$4,212	200.00%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$1,500	\$7,056	470.40%	\$1,740	\$7,296	419.31%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$1,740	\$6,593	378.91%	\$2,088	\$6,191	296.48%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	\$4,152	\$8,520	205.20%	\$4,560	\$9,384	205.79%
North Georgia College and State Univ.	Dahlonega, GA	\$1,185	\$4,083	344.56%	\$1,379	\$4,859	352.36%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$1,872	\$5,955	318.11%	\$2,274	\$6,703	294.77%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	—	—	—	—	—	—
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$2,496	\$3,840	153.85%	\$3,096	\$4,488	144.96%
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$2,628	\$10,044	382.19%	\$5,184	\$9,828	189.58%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$3,067	\$3,067	100.00%	\$4,183	\$4,183	100.00%
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	\$1,152	\$9,074	787.67%	\$1,216	\$9,284	763.49%
			Peer Mean	348.99%		Peer Mean	307.42%

Peru State College		Undergraduate			Graduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	\$1,872	\$5,955	318.11%	\$2,274	\$6,703	294.78%
Concord College	Athens, WV	\$2,724	\$6,116	224.52%	NA	NA	NA
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	\$1,872	\$5,955	318.11%	\$2,274	\$6,703	294.78%
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	\$2,067	\$5,519	267.01%	NA	NA	NA
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	\$3,221	\$8,520	264.56%	\$3,365	\$7,696	228.71%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peru State College	Peru, NE	\$2,093	\$4,185	200.00%	\$2,106	\$4,212	200.00%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	\$3,067	\$3,067	100.00%	\$4,183	\$4,183	100.00%
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	\$2,370	\$5,460	230.38%	\$2,640	\$6,144	232.73%
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	\$3,638	\$8,164	224.41%	\$4,434	\$9,854	222.24%
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	\$1,622	\$7,672	473.00%	NA	NA	NA
			Peer Mean	268.90%		Peer Mean	228.87%

Wayne State College		Undergraduate			Graduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	\$3,470	\$7,360	212.10%	\$4,176	\$6,600	158.05%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	\$1,500	\$7,056	470.40%	\$1,740	\$7,296	419.31%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	\$1,740	\$6,593	378.91%	\$2,088	\$6,191	296.48%
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	\$1,932	\$7,728	400.00%	\$2,320	\$9,280	400.00%
Minot State University	Minot, ND	\$2,244	\$5,991	266.98%	\$2,964	\$8,224	277.45%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	\$1,872	\$5,955	318.11%	\$2,274	\$6,703	294.77%
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Durant, OK	\$1,589	\$4,482	282.15%	\$1,694	\$4,546	268.27%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	\$2,496	\$3,840	153.85%	\$3,096	\$4,488	144.96%
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	\$2,628	\$10,044	382.19%	\$5,184	\$9,828	189.58%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	\$2,093	\$4,185	200.00%	\$2,106	\$4,212	200.00%
			Peer Mean	318.30%		Peer Mean	272.10%

Nebraska Community Colleges 2001-2002 Nonresident Tuition & Fees as a Percent of Resident Tuition & Fees

Central Community College		Undergraduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,500	\$2,190	146.00%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI			
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,165	\$4,740	149.76%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,524	\$3,876	254.33%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,463	\$1,800	123.03%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,440	\$1,420	98.61%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	\$2,225	\$17,975	807.87%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	\$2,355	\$15,987	678.85%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,434	\$1,659	115.69%
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	—	—	—
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$900	\$1,575	175.00%
			Peer Mean	300.39%

Metropolitan Community College		Undergraduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	—	—	—
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$1,650	\$4,590	278.18%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,500	\$2,190	146.00%
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	\$870	\$2,726	313.33%
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	\$1,957	\$5,767	294.69%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	—	—	—
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	\$1,755	\$5,670	323.05%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,463	\$1,800	123.03%
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	—	—	—
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	\$1,573	\$5,821	370.07%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,434	\$1,659	115.69%
			Peer Mean	263.00%

Mid-Plains Community College		Undergraduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	—	—	—
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	\$1,410	\$3,910	277.30%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,410	\$2,130	151.06%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,165	\$4,740	149.76%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,440	\$1,420	98.61%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$1,404	\$4,784	340.74%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$960	\$1,440	150.00%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$360	\$600	166.67%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	\$1,530	\$7,980	521.57%
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	—	—	—
Western Community College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$1,515	\$1,695	111.88%
			Peer Mean	233.62%

Nebraska Community Colleges 2001-2002 Nonresident Tuition & Fees as a Percent of Resident Tuition & Fees

Northeast Community College		Undergraduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Colorado Northwestern Community	Rangely, CO	—	—	—
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,410	\$2,130	151.06%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	\$748	\$4,868	650.80%
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	—	—	—
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	\$1,524	\$3,876	254.33%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	\$1,440	\$1,470	102.08%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	\$1,404	\$4,784	340.74%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	\$1,538	\$1,875	121.95%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$960	\$1,440	150.00%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	\$1,350	\$5,930	439.29%
			Peer Mean	297.83%

Southeast Community College		Undergraduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	—	—	—
Casper College	Casper, WY	\$1,650	\$4,590	278.18%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,500	\$2,190	146.00%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	—	—	—
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	\$3,165	\$4,740	149.76%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	—	—	—
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	\$1,463	\$1,800	123.03%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	\$1,434	\$1,659	115.69%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	\$900	\$1,575	175.00%
			Peer Mean	174.40%

Western Nebraska Community College		Undergraduate		
Institution	Location	Resident	Non-resident	Nonresident as Percent of Resident
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	\$1,728	\$1,848	106.95%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	\$1,410	\$2,130	151.06%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	\$1,800	\$2,640	146.67%
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	—	—	—
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	\$1,440	\$1,420	98.61%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	\$1,660	\$4,012	241.69%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	\$960	\$1,440	150.00%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	\$360	\$600	166.67%
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	\$1,536	\$3,888	253.13%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	\$1,515	\$1,695	111.88%
			Peer Mean	158.52%

Nebraska Public Institution Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees in Constant and Current Dollars 1991-1992 to 2001-2002

Table 1
Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees
Current Dollars

	1991-1992	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
UNL	\$2,040	\$2,187	\$2,283	\$2,415	\$2,555	\$2,638	\$2,829	\$3,083	\$3,278	\$3,450	\$3,760
UNO	\$1,668	\$1,805	\$1,889	\$2,057	\$2,188	\$2,259	\$2,356	\$2,627	\$2,839	\$2,970	\$3,225
UNK	\$1,572	\$1,720	\$1,810	\$1,914	\$2,061	\$2,145	\$2,268	\$2,508	\$2,728	\$2,873	\$3,113
Chadron	\$1,478	\$1,575	\$1,680	\$1,759	\$1,848	\$1,938	\$2,091	\$2,173	\$2,263	\$2,361	\$2,481
Peru	\$1,502	\$1,579	\$1,682	\$1,739	\$1,848	\$1,936	\$2,079	\$2,161	\$2,251	\$2,379	\$2,526
Wayne	\$1,515	\$1,599	\$1,691	\$1,764	\$1,839	\$1,938	\$2,081	\$2,163	\$2,271	\$2,603	\$2,825
Central	\$960	\$960	\$1,050	\$1,140	\$1,140	\$1,230	\$1,278	\$1,320	\$1,380	\$1,470	\$1,500
Metro	\$878	\$923	\$990	\$1,035	\$1,080	\$1,193	\$1,238	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,350	\$1,463
Mid Plains	\$755	\$845	\$900	\$990	\$990	\$990	\$1,065	\$1,335	\$1,335	\$1,260	\$1,440
Northeast	\$876	\$906	\$966	\$1,026	\$1,086	\$1,185	\$1,280	\$1,335	\$1,410	\$1,478	\$1,538
SCC	\$1,019	\$1,064	\$1,064	\$1,118	\$1,163	\$1,232	\$1,277	\$1,322	\$1,367	\$1,389	\$1,434
Western	\$1,050	\$1,080	\$1,110	\$1,110	\$1,140	\$1,230	\$1,275	\$1,320	\$1,365	\$1,440	\$1,515

Table 2
Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees
Constant Dollars (2001-2002)

	1991-1992	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
UNL	\$2,620	\$2,724	\$2,772	\$2,850	\$2,935	\$2,947	\$3,105	\$3,329	\$3,441	\$3,498	\$3,760
UNO	\$2,113	\$2,218	\$2,262	\$2,395	\$2,480	\$2,489	\$2,551	\$2,798	\$2,940	\$3,011	\$3,225
UNK	\$1,992	\$2,113	\$2,168	\$2,228	\$2,336	\$2,364	\$2,456	\$2,671	\$2,825	\$2,913	\$3,113
Chadron	\$1,873	\$1,935	\$2,012	\$2,048	\$2,094	\$2,136	\$2,264	\$2,314	\$2,343	\$2,394	\$2,481
Peru	\$1,903	\$1,940	\$2,014	\$2,025	\$2,094	\$2,133	\$2,251	\$2,302	\$2,331	\$2,412	\$2,526
Wayne	\$1,920	\$1,965	\$2,025	\$2,054	\$2,084	\$2,136	\$2,253	\$2,304	\$2,352	\$2,639	\$2,825
Central	\$1,216	\$1,180	\$1,258	\$1,327	\$1,292	\$1,355	\$1,384	\$1,406	\$1,429	\$1,490	\$1,500
Metro	\$1,112	\$1,134	\$1,186	\$1,205	\$1,224	\$1,315	\$1,341	\$1,367	\$1,329	\$1,369	\$1,463
Mid Plains	\$957	\$1,038	\$1,078	\$1,153	\$1,122	\$1,091	\$1,153	\$1,422	\$1,382	\$1,277	\$1,440
Northeast	\$1,110	\$1,113	\$1,157	\$1,194	\$1,231	\$1,306	\$1,386	\$1,422	\$1,460	\$1,498	\$1,538
Southeast	\$1,291	\$1,307	\$1,274	\$1,302	\$1,318	\$1,358	\$1,383	\$1,408	\$1,416	\$1,408	\$1,434
Western	\$1,330	\$1,327	\$1,329	\$1,292	\$1,292	\$1,355	\$1,381	\$1,406	\$1,413	\$1,460	\$1,515

Calculating Current Dollars

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services and is maintained by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. More information on the Consumer Price Index is available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics web page located at www.bls.gov/cpi/home.htm.

The Consumer Price Index can be used to adjust tuition and fee prices from past years for inflation so that those prices can be more accurately compared from year to year. Table 1 above displays tuition in actual (or "current") dollars from that tuition year. Table 2 above displays tuition and fee data which have all been converted to 2001-2002 dollar amounts (or "constant dollars") taking into account the effect of inflation. In order to calculate 2001-2002 constant dollars from current dollars, current dollar amounts are simply multiplied by the CPI factor associated with each year. Academic year CPI factors for 1991-1992 to 2001-2002 can be found in the table to the right.

Academic Year CPI (1982-84 = 100)		
Year	CPI	Factor
1991-1992	138.2	1.2843
1992-1993	142.5	1.2454
1993-1994	146.2	1.2140
1994-1995	150.4	1.1801
1995-1996	154.5	1.1489
1996-1997	158.9	1.1170
1997-1998	161.7	1.0974
1998-1999	164.4	1.0797
1999-2000	169.1	1.0497
2000-2001	175.1	1.0138
2001-2002	177.5	1.0000

**Total Undergraduate and Graduate Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment
for University of Nebraska Institutions and Peers 1997-1998 to 2001-2002**

University of Nebraska-Lincoln

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	35,198	36,446	35,547	35,659	35,972
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	27,526	26,360	29,605	29,643	30,448
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	23,307	24,995	26,689	26,957	27,553
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	21,502	21,684	23,680	24,368	25,271
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	22,864	23,097	22,882	23,212	25,026
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	22,237	22,233	22,391	22,849	22,883
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	21,393	22,003	22,435	22,165	22,413
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	20,022	20,346	20,674	21,380	22,129
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	18,910	19,259	19,397	19,938	20,230
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	19,647	19,314	19,258	19,483	19,875
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	19,770	20,097	20,785	18,889	19,794
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	15,855	16,781	17,477	17,739	18,286
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	16,544	16,777	16,819	16,497	17,281

University of Nebraska at Omaha

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	18,039	18,038	18,413	18,524	19,392
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	15,455	15,655	16,173	16,339	17,125
Portland State University	Portland, OR	10,626	10,858	11,691	12,420	13,702
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	11,511	13,109	13,061	12,966	13,552
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	11,996	12,173	11,269	11,626	11,998
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	10,156	10,139	10,248	10,561	10,680
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	9,927	9,957	9,989	9,641	10,485
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	8,999	9,159	9,102	9,347	9,750
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	8,496	8,895
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	8,913	9,007	4,549	4,643	4,907

University of Nebraska at Kearney

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	10,000	10,431	10,744	10,929	11,042
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	Not provided	Not provided	8,999	8,857	8,790
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	8,571	8,752	8,612	8,504	8,499
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	9,082	9,034	8,304	8,515	8,455
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	Bloomsburg, PA	7,332	7,335	7,401	7,363	7,783
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	6,380	6,504	6,470	6,564	6,835
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	5,754	5,823	6,184	6,501	6,688
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	6,307	6,129	6,059	5,813	5,638
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	8,188	8,232	5,524	5,604	5,630
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	5,263	5,355	5,474	5,475	5,555

**Total Undergraduate and Graduate Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment
for Nebraska State Colleges and Peers 1997-1998 to 2001-2002**

Chadron State College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	4,616	4,603	4,665	4,670	4,731
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	4,083	4,088	4,645	4,579	4,612
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	4,637	4,521	4,280	4,269	4,367
North Georgia College and State University	Dahlonega, GA	3,629	Not provided	3,142	3,278	3,575
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	2,420	2,669	3,097	3,374	3,520
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	2,478	2,453	2,452	2,732	3,111
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	2,962	3,024	3,017	2,993	2,993
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	2,457	2,512	2,269	2,443	2,498
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	2,468	2,434	2,333	2,247	2,247
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	2,129	2,112	2,343	2,168	2,104
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Alva, OK	1,379	1,434	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

Peru State College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	2,420	2,669	3,097	3,374	3,520
Concord College	Athens, WV	2,546	2,597	2,597	2,790	2,816
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	2,672	2,789	2,794	2,801	2,776
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	2,094	2,218	2,415	2,464	2,467
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	1,984	2,007	2,066	2,102	2,137
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	2,224	2,198	2,178	2,071	2,079
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	1,449	1,461	1,502	1,548	1,678
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	1,326	1,327	1,471	1,517	1,649
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	Not provided	Not provided	1,335	1,444	1,568
Peru State College	Peru, NE	1,362	1,316	1,258	1,286	1,376
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Alva, OK	1,379	1,434	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

Wayne State College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	4,616	4,603	4,665	4,670	4,731
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	4,083	4,088	4,645	4,579	4,612
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	4,293	4,011	4,159	4,293	4,295
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Durant, OK	3,028	3,012	3,225	3,095	3,282
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	3,408	3,309	3,158	3,094	3,005
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	2,962	3,024	3,017	2,993	2,993
Minot State University	Minot, ND	2,733	2,602	2,558	2,524	2,895
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	2,457	2,512	2,269	2,443	2,498
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	Not provided	Not provided	2,343	2,168	2,104
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	7,641	5,154	1,837	1,883	1,866

* Estimated full-time equivalent enrollment

**Total Undergraduate Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment
for Nebraska Community Colleges and Peers 1997-1998 to 2001-2002**

Central Community College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	6,711	6,756	6,946	7,134	7,367
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	6,657	6,909	6,968	7,074	7,250
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided	6,500	7,054	7,019
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	3,073	3,299	3,510	3,482	3,552
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	4,006	3,963	3,888	3,766	3,260
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	2,651	2,629	2,835	2,934	3,216
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	2,286	2,289	2,351	2,465	2,600
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	2,207	2,183	2,032	2,044	2,144
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	1,639	1,627	1,489	1,510	1,540
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	4,762	4,962	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided				

Metropolitan Community College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	8,479	8,367	7,543	7,430	7,901
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	6,711	6,756	6,946	7,134	7,367
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	6,657	6,909	6,968	7,074	7,250
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	6,024	5,932	6,541	6,742	6,800
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	3,854	4,132	4,342	4,802	5,901
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	6,393	5,900	6,123	6,329	5,032
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	3,073	3,299	3,510	3,482	3,552
Casper College	Casper, WY	2,662	2,580	2,468	2,401	2,355
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided				
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	8,375	8,129	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	15,856	15,865	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

Mid-Plains Community College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	3,068	3,280	3,370	3,661	3,741
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	2,592	3,065	3,362	3,457	3,700
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	4,006	3,963	3,888	3,766	3,260
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	2,700	2,681	2,901	2,995	3,100
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	1,430	1,370	1,610	1,650	1,859
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	2,001	2,141	1,748	1,754	1,810
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	1,639	1,627	1,489	1,510	1,540
Western Community College	Scottsbluff, NE	1,422	1,333	1,240	1,271	1,450
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	2,075	1,407	1,213	1,198	1,198
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided				
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided				

* Estimated full-time equivalent enrollment

**Total Undergraduate Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment
for Nebraska Community Colleges and Peers 1997-1998 to 2001-2002**

Northeast Community College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	Not provided	Not provided	3,042	3,192	3,172
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	2,612	2,783	3,069	3,099	3,139
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	2,700	2,681	2,901	2,995	3,100
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	2,054	2,104	2,038	2,141	2,183
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	2,207	2,183	2,032	2,044	2,144
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	1,890	1,959	1,971	1,903	1,910
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	2,001	2,141	1,748	1,754	1,810
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	1,639	1,627	1,489	1,510	1,540
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	2,075	1,407	1,213	1,198	1,198
Colorado Northwestern Comm. College	Rangely, CO	866	795	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

Southeast Community College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	6,711	6,756	6,946	7,134	7,367
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	6,657	6,909	6,968	7,074	7,250
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided	Not provided	6,500	7,054	7,019
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	3,073	3,299	3,510	3,482	3,552
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	4,006	3,963	3,888	3,766	3,260
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided				
Casper College	Casper, WY	2,662	2,580	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	4,762	4,962	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	8,375	8,129	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

Western Nebraska Community College

Institution	Location	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	3,068	3,280	3,370	3,661	3,741
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	1,885	1,906	2,504	2,534	2,520
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	2,054	2,104	2,038	2,141	2,183
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	1,895	1,801	1,819	1,801	1,813
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	2,001	2,141	1,748	1,754	1,810
Northwest College	Powell, WY	Not provided	Not provided	1,637	1,679	1,685
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	1,639	1,627	1,489	1,510	1,540
Western Nebraska Community College	Scottsbluff, NE	1,422	1,333	1,240	1,271	1,450
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	2,075	1,407	1,213	1,198	1,198
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided	Not provided	874	980	1,000

* Estimated full-time equivalent enrollment

Nebraska Public Postsecondary Institutions Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES										
Institution	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$2,187	\$2,283	\$2,415	\$2,555	\$2,638	\$2,829	\$3,083	\$3,278	\$3,450	\$3,760
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$1,803	\$1,889	\$2,057	\$2,188	\$2,259	\$2,356	\$2,627	\$2,839	\$2,970	\$3,225
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$1,720	\$1,810	\$1,914	\$2,061	\$2,145	\$2,268	\$2,508	\$2,728	\$2,873	\$3,113
Chadron State College	\$1,575	\$1,680	\$1,759	\$1,848	\$1,938	\$2,091	\$2,173	\$2,263	\$2,361	\$2,481
Peru State College	\$1,579	\$1,682	\$1,739	\$1,848	\$1,936	\$2,079	\$2,161	\$2,251	\$2,379	\$2,526
Wayne State College	\$1,599	\$1,691	\$1,764	\$1,839	\$1,938	\$2,081	\$2,163	\$2,271	\$2,603	\$2,825
Central Community College	\$960	\$1,050	\$1,140	\$1,140	\$1,230	\$1,278	\$1,320	\$1,380	\$1,470	\$1,500
Metropolitan Community College	\$923	\$990	\$1,035	\$1,080	\$1,193	\$1,238	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,350	\$1,463
Mid-Plains Community College	\$845	\$900	\$990	\$990	\$990	\$1,065	\$1,335	\$1,335	\$1,260	\$1,440
Northeast Community College	\$906	\$966	\$1,026	\$1,086	\$1,185	\$1,280	\$1,335	\$1,410	\$1,478	\$1,538
Southeast Community College	\$1,064	\$1,064	\$1,118	\$1,163	\$1,232	\$1,277	\$1,322	\$1,367	\$1,389	\$1,434
Western Nebraska Community College	\$1,080	\$1,110	\$1,110	\$1,140	\$1,230	\$1,275	\$1,320	\$1,365	\$1,440	\$1,515
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT										
Institution	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002*
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	16,416	16,246	15,690	16,193	15,607	14,800	14,272	14,040	14,041	14,266
University of Nebraska at Omaha	9,739	9,707	8,817	8,533	8,375	8,022	7,959	7,972	8,124	8,216
University of Nebraska at Kearney	6,186	6,141	5,556	5,451	5,354	5,176	4,947	4,826	4,657	4,461
Chadron State College	1,599	1,852	1,748	1,748	1,794	1,733	1,693	1,618	1,609	1,609
Peru State College	1,087	1,043	1,005	966	1,015	1,024	993	945	988	1,057
Wayne State College	2,286	2,399	2,544	2,510	2,426	2,481	2,521	2,457	2,396	2,332
Central Community College	2,954	2,955	2,895	2,900	3,042	3,023	3,265	3,442	3,395	3,463
Metropolitan Community College	6,079	6,383	5,998	6,064	5,936	6,299	6,539	6,620	6,720	6,888
Mid-Plains Community College	1,783	1,710	1,654	1,640	1,622	1,585	1,583	1,435	1,449	1,478
Northeast Community College	2,134	2,319	2,370	2,477	2,474	2,473	2,612	2,910	2,945	2,983
Southeast Community College	5,277	5,281	5,415	5,415	6,121	6,399	6,447	6,678	6,884	7,110
Western Nebraska Community College	1,233	1,250	1,200	1,250	1,356	1,353	1,282	1,150	1,179	1,346
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES										
Institution	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$5,367	\$5,628	\$5,955	\$6,312	\$6,508	\$6,872	\$7,350	\$7,785	\$8,205	\$9,362
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$4,675	\$4,904	\$5,252	\$5,578	\$5,754	\$6,008	\$6,482	\$6,904	\$7,252	\$8,272
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$2,770	\$3,093	\$3,369	\$3,606	\$3,735	\$3,933	\$4,263	\$4,581	\$4,823	\$5,468
Chadron State College	\$2,670	\$2,828	\$2,959	\$3,273	\$3,588	\$3,823	\$3,958	\$4,138	\$4,333	\$4,573
Peru State College	\$2,674	\$2,829	\$2,939	\$3,239	\$3,586	\$3,811	\$3,946	\$4,126	\$4,351	\$4,618
Wayne State College	\$2,694	\$2,838	\$2,964	\$3,264	\$3,588	\$3,813	\$3,948	\$4,146	\$4,575	\$4,917
Central Community College	\$1,380	\$1,500	\$1,674	\$1,674	\$1,809	\$1,857	\$1,920	\$2,010	\$2,145	\$2,190
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,845	\$1,980	\$2,070	\$1,350	\$1,480	\$1,525	\$1,575	\$1,575	\$1,665	\$1,800
Mid-Plains Community College	\$980	\$1,035	\$1,125	\$1,125	\$1,125	\$1,200	\$1,470	\$1,470	\$1,290	\$1,420
Northeast Community College	\$1,041	\$1,116	\$1,176	\$1,296	\$1,455	\$1,565	\$1,635	\$1,725	\$1,808	\$1,875
Southeast Community College	\$1,334	\$1,334	\$1,343	\$1,365	\$1,457	\$1,502	\$1,547	\$1,592	\$1,614	\$1,659
Western Nebraska Community College	\$1,140	\$1,170	\$1,200	\$1,230	\$1,365	\$1,455	\$1,545	\$1,590	\$1,605	\$1,695
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT										
Institution	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002*
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	1,316	1,319	1,294	1,231	1,802	1,975	2,205	2,246	2,397	2,465
University of Nebraska at Omaha	445	439	488	489	601	647	688	794	901	923
University of Nebraska at Kearney	354	371	379	377	506	514	519	536	494	521
Chadron State College	456	463	506	506	545	521	511	500	422	422
Peru State College	95	101	124	147	173	170	135	128	144	154
Wayne State College	466	445	420	425	406	425	401	329	330	307
Central Community College	32	32	55	50	43	50	34	68	87	89
Metropolitan Community College	148	156	150	151	312	358	370	348	354	362
Mid-Plains Community College	60	65	46	40	53	55	44	54	61	62
Northeast Community College	109	86	104	114	120	139	172	159	154	156
Southeast Community College	237	232	269	269	246	312	309	268	249	257
Western Nebraska Community College	104	100	85	100	66	69	51	89	91	104

*Estimated

Nebraska Public Postsecondary Institutions Graduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

GRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES										
Institution	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$2,298	\$2,400	\$2,538	\$2,682	\$2,770	\$2,952	\$3,204	\$3,402	\$3,582	\$3,908
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$1,801	\$1,889	\$2,054	\$2,185	\$2,256	\$2,353	\$6,482	\$2,834	\$2,932	\$3,184
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$1,596	\$1,722	\$1,866	\$2,002	\$2,088	\$2,212	\$2,422	\$2,638	\$2,778	\$3,014
Chadron State College	\$1,554	\$1,656	\$1,732	\$1,822	\$1,908	\$2,044	\$2,122	\$2,212	\$2,314	\$2,440
Peru State College	\$1,582	\$1,689	\$1,745	\$1,857	\$1,942	\$2,068	\$2,146	\$2,236	\$2,338	\$2,482
Wayne State College	\$1,602	\$1,674	\$1,770	\$1,848	\$1,944	\$2,070	\$2,148	\$2,256	\$2,574	\$2,802
GRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT										
Institution	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002*
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	1,882	1,885	1,843	1,812	1,520	1,738	1,680	1,461	1,472	1,516
University of Nebraska at Omaha	1,228	1,245	1,325	1,356	1,305	1,251	1,230	1,217	1,247	1,226
University of Nebraska at Kearney	606	640	562	539	571	567	616	652	623	619
Chadron State College	298	187	256	256	228	189	199	178	185	185
Peru State College	139	156	169	146	193	162	181	177	146	156
Wayne State College	398	397	349	372	403	385	327	341	337	336
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES										
Institution	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$5,172	\$5,418	\$5,736	\$6,084	\$6,274	\$6,612	\$7,062	\$7,470	\$7,878	\$8,990
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$4,171	\$4,379	\$4,694	\$4,987	\$5,142	\$5,371	\$5,774	\$6,188	\$6,472	\$7,384
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$2,568	\$2,970	\$3,336	\$3,562	\$3,696	\$3,892	\$4,198	\$4,516	\$4,758	\$5,402
Chadron State College	\$2,646	\$3,022	\$2,926	\$3,238	\$3,552	\$3,778	\$3,910	\$4,090	\$4,294	\$4,546
Peru State College	\$2,674	\$2,829	\$2,939	\$3,273	\$3,586	\$3,802	\$3,934	\$3,934	\$4,318	\$4,588
Wayne State College	\$2,694	\$2,814	\$2,964	\$3,264	\$3,588	\$3,804	\$3,936	\$4,134	\$4,554	\$4,908
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT										
Institution	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002*
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	946	934	1,004	942	1,040	1,134	1,157	1,127	1,198	1,229
University of Nebraska at Omaha	153	150	159	170	209	236	262	265	289	315
University of Nebraska at Kearney	24	29	31	32	42	50	47	45	39	37
Chadron State College	46	21	38	38	24	25	31	37	31	31
Peru State College	3	3	4	3	7	6	7	9	8	9
Wayne State College	23	32	26	32	90	117	60	31	31	30
*Estimated										

University of Nebraska-Lincoln
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Missouri-Columbia	\$4,121	\$4,280	\$4,439	\$4,581	\$4,726	\$4,887
Purdue University	\$3,208	\$3,352	\$3,564	\$3,724	\$3,872	\$4,164
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	\$2,600	\$3,056	\$2,744	\$3,104	\$3,362	\$3,784
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$2,638	\$2,829	\$3,083	\$3,278	\$3,450	\$3,760
Louisiana State University	\$2,687	\$2,711	\$2,871	\$2,881	\$3,395	\$3,468
Iowa State University	\$2,666	\$2,766	\$2,874	\$3,004	\$3,132	\$3,442
University of Georgia	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,930	\$3,034	\$3,276	\$3,418
Auburn University	\$2,355	\$2,565	\$2,820	\$2,976	\$3,154	\$3,380
University of Colorado-Boulder	\$2,840	\$2,944	\$3,038	\$3,118	\$3,188	\$3,357
Colorado State University	\$2,847	\$2,925	\$2,987	\$3,054	\$3,133	\$3,252
University of Kansas	\$2,310	\$2,385	\$2,470	\$2,518	\$2,725	\$2,884
Kansas State University	\$2,373	\$2,467	\$2,544	\$2,592	\$2,781	\$2,835
Oklahoma State University	\$2,161	\$2,356	\$2,356	\$2,518	\$2,647	\$2,794
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Colorado-Boulder	\$14,432	\$14,988	\$15,520	\$15,898	\$16,506	\$17,367
Purdue University	\$1,066	\$11,184	\$11,784	\$12,348	\$12,904	\$13,872
University of Missouri-Columbia	\$11,342	\$11,723	\$12,107	\$12,495	\$12,895	\$13,332
Colorado State University	\$9,783	\$10,147	\$10,493	\$10,740	\$11,153	\$11,694
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	\$6,936	\$7,738	\$7,800	\$9,172	\$10,166	\$11,570
University of Georgia	Not provided	Not provided	\$9,860	\$10,276	\$10,794	\$11,314
Iowa State University	\$8,480	\$8,808	\$9,152	\$9,564	\$9,974	\$10,776
Auburn University	\$7,065	\$7,695	\$8,340	\$8,766	\$9,254	\$9,900
University of Kansas	\$8,370	\$8,690	\$8,918	\$9,121	\$9,493	\$9,811
Kansas State University	\$8,433	\$8,772	\$8,992	\$9,195	\$9,549	\$9,762
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$6,508	\$6,872	\$7,350	\$7,785	\$8,205	\$9,362
Louisiana State University	\$5,987	\$6,311	\$6,771	\$7,081	\$8,695	\$8,768
Oklahoma State University	\$5,851	\$6,376	\$6,376	\$6,853	\$6,982	\$7,519
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Louisiana State University	15,872	17,331	19,168	20,468	21,071	21,515
Purdue University	17,387	21,045	21,680	22,018	21,563	21,167
University of Georgia	Not provided	19,169	18,534	20,787	20,774	21,153
University of Kansas	16,322*	16,599*	16,793*	17,021*	17,622*	17,647*
Iowa State University	13,996	14,525	14,793	15,490	15,853	16,355
Colorado State University	13,811	13,850	14,176	14,416	14,370	14,954
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	14,243	14,378	14,711	14,770	14,681	14,925
University of Colorado-Boulder	12,709	13,278	13,316	13,755	13,837	14,712
University of Missouri-Columbia	13,147	13,411	13,705	13,776	14,035	14,348
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	15,607	14,800	14,272	14,040	14,041	14,266
Kansas State University	13,329	13,417	13,653	13,709	13,374	14,022
Oklahoma State University	10,713	10,706	11,381	12,101	12,644	12,916
Auburn University	Not provided	15,269	14,860	12,283	10,953	11,594
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Kansas	16,322*	16,599*	16,793*	17,021*	17,622*	17,647*
Purdue University	10,656	7,616	8,025	8,508	9,015	9,606
University of Colorado-Boulder	6,031	6,244	6,529	6,547	6,869	7,179
Auburn University	Not provided	2,631	3,454	5,636	5,125	5,351
Iowa State University	4,247	4,265	4,251	4,528	4,736	5,172
Colorado State University	3,862	3,798	3,758	3,715	3,673	3,869
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	2,336	2,564	2,762	2,830	2,812	2,777
Oklahoma State University	2,603	2,545	2,639	2,614	2,457	2,664
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	1,802	1,975	2,205	2,246	2,397	2,465
Louisiana State University	2,329	2,467	2,539	2,464	2,285	2,344
University of Missouri-Columbia	2,028	2,085	2,159	2,204	2,282	2,305
University of Georgia	Not provided	2,597	2,281	2,153	2,130	2,251
Kansas State University	1,578	1,562	1,540	1,684	1,480	1,660

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

University of Nebraska-Lincoln
Graduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

GRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Missouri-Columbia	\$4,133	\$4,284	\$4,438	\$4,580	\$4,728	\$4,887
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	\$3,124	\$3,622	\$3,354	\$3,806	\$4,004	\$4,280
University of Colorado-Boulder	\$3,602	\$3,718	\$3,822	\$3,920	\$4,014	\$4,217
Purdue University	\$3,208	\$3,352	\$3,564	\$3,724	\$3,872	\$4,164
Iowa State University	\$3,130	\$3,248	\$3,374	\$3,526	\$3,678	\$4,000
University of Georgia	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,290	\$3,516	\$3,776	\$3,942
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$2,770	\$2,952	\$3,204	\$3,402	\$3,582	\$3,908
Colorado State University	\$3,185	\$3,267	\$3,333	\$3,408	\$3,497	\$3,630
Louisiana State University	\$2,696	\$2,720	\$2,850	\$2,860	\$3,374	\$3,435
Auburn University	\$2,355	\$2,565	\$2,820	\$2,976	\$3,154	\$3,380
University of Kansas	\$2,676	\$2,767	\$2,852	\$2,910	\$3,102	\$3,273
Kansas State University	\$2,739	\$2,849	\$2,926	\$2,984	\$3,158	\$3,224
Oklahoma State University	\$2,224	\$2,408	\$2,408	\$2,588	\$2,694	\$2,850
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Colorado-Boulder	\$14,136	\$14,772	\$15,304	\$15,686	\$16,506	\$17,367
Purdue University	\$10,636	\$11,184	\$11,784	\$12,348	\$12,904	\$13,872
University of Missouri-Columbia	\$11,510	\$11,892	\$12,274	\$12,668	\$13,075	\$13,518
University of Georgia	Not provided	Not provided	\$11,300	\$12,204	\$12,794	\$13,410
Colorado State University	\$10,179	\$10,557	\$10,917	\$11,174	\$11,603	\$12,162
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	\$7,460	\$8,304	\$8,410	\$9,874	\$10,596	\$12,066
Iowa State University	\$8,832	\$9,174	\$9,532	\$9,962	\$10,390	\$11,196
Auburn University	\$7,065	\$7,695	\$8,340	\$8,766	\$9,254	\$9,900
University of Kansas	\$7,836	\$8,132	\$8,342	\$8,532	\$8,864	\$9,137
Kansas State University	\$7,899	\$8,215	\$8,416	\$8,606	\$8,920	\$9,088
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	\$6,274	\$6,612	\$7,062	\$7,470	\$7,878	\$8,990
Louisiana State University	\$5,996	\$6,320	\$6,750	\$7,060	\$8,674	\$8,735
Oklahoma State University	\$6,064	\$6,596	\$6,596	\$7,112	\$7,218	\$7,781
GRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Kansas	5,062*	4,994*	4,808*	5,370*	5,227*	5,236*
Louisiana State University	3,007	2,970	2,795	3,297	3,213	3,265
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	2,561	3,084	3,098	3,307	3,203	3,244
University of Georgia	Not provided	3,015	2,959	2,639	2,660	2,800
University of Missouri-Columbia	1,551	2,365	2,428	2,411	2,537	2,415
University of Colorado-Boulder	1,557	2,451	2,409	1,912	1,854	2,269
Colorado State University	1,346	1,538	1,559	1,556	2,064	2,048
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	1,520	1,738	1,680	1,461	1,472	1,516
Oklahoma State University	1,607	1,592	1,631	1,691	1,533	1,488
Iowa State University	1,061	1,020	989	1,402	1,426	1,463
Auburn University	Not provided	1,140	1,078	1,312	1,264	1,279
Purdue University	5,340	1,824	1,907	956	917	968
Kansas State University	723	712	704	744	750	717
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Kansas	5,062*	4,994*	4,808*	5,370*	5,227*	5,236*
Purdue University	165	4,713	4,834	4,065	4,164	4,231
University of Georgia	Not provided	2,745	2,586	2,468	2,523	2,510
Iowa State University	1,729	1,692	1,651	2,260	2,353	2,281
Auburn University	Not provided	730	705	1,554	1,547	1,570
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	1,463	1,367	1,432	1,528	1,469	1,467
Colorado State University	648	837	853	988	1,273	1,257
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	1,040	1,134	1,157	1,127	1,198	1,229
Oklahoma State University	1,005	1,012	1,130	1,071	1,105	1,218
University of Missouri-Columbia	1,126	1,049	967	1,007	1,084	1,162
Kansas State University	884	852	880	682	895	883
University of Colorado-Boulder	660	891	843	668	652	866
Louisiana State University	611	539	493	460	388	429

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

University of Nebraska at Omaha
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Missouri-St. Louis	\$4,145	\$4,323	\$4,636	\$4,796	\$4,940	\$5,116
Eastern Michigan University	\$3,302	\$3,418	\$3,530	\$3,635	\$3,778	\$4,603
Cleveland State University	\$3,509	\$3,524	\$3,670	\$3,864	\$4,110	\$4,596
Youngstown State University	\$3,366	\$3,558	\$3,762	\$3,762	\$4,320	\$4,468
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	\$2,538	\$2,538	Not provided	\$3,525	\$3,745	\$3,923
Portland State University	\$3,342	\$3,357	\$3,438	\$3,438	\$3,525	\$3,720
University of Northern Iowa	\$2,650	\$2,752	\$2,860	\$2,988	\$3,130	\$3,440
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$2,259	\$2,356	\$2,627	\$2,839	\$2,970	\$3,225
Middle Tennessee State University	\$2,022	\$2,196	\$2,392	\$2,516	\$2,808	\$3,194
Wichita State University	\$2,379	\$2,445	\$2,516	\$2,538	\$2,768	\$2,858
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Missouri-St. Louis	\$11,366	\$11,766	\$12,304	\$12,710	\$13,109	\$13,561
Portland State University	\$10,260	\$10,923	\$11,313	\$11,631	\$12,291	\$12,828
Eastern Michigan University	\$7,840	\$8,150	\$8,420	\$8,540	\$9,380	\$12,230
Middle Tennessee State University	\$6,358	\$6,792	\$7,218	\$7,632	\$8,436	\$9,666
Wichita State University	\$8,303	\$8,606	\$8,817	\$8,991	\$9,384	\$9,635
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	\$6,108	\$6,108	Not provided	\$8,295	\$8,755	\$9,173
Cleveland State University	\$6,951	\$6,980	\$7,270	\$7,608	\$8,076	\$9,055
Youngstown State University	\$7,002	\$7,341	\$7,758	\$7,923	\$8,688	\$8,836
University of Northern Iowa	\$6,868	\$7,136	\$7,415	\$7,748	\$8,094	\$8,762
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$5,754	\$6,008	\$6,482	\$6,904	\$7,252	\$8,272
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Eastern Michigan University	13,756	14,073	14,144	14,635	14,733	15,211
Middle Tennessee State University	13,247	13,303	13,526	13,905	14,029	14,744
University of Northern Iowa	9,793	10,290	10,335	9,968	10,097	10,228
Cleveland State University	23,064	8,650	9,027	8,833	8,681	9,021
Youngstown State University	Not provided	8,530	8,549	8,554	8,163	8,844
Portland State University	6,220	6,527	6,995	7,269	7,833	8,729
University of Nebraska at Omaha	8,375	8,022	7,959	7,972	8,124	8,216
Wichita State University	6,441	6,474	6,638	7,446	7,597	7,906
University of Missouri-St. Louis	7,094	7,000	7,145	7,125	7,223	7,500
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	6,120	6,135	Not provided	Not provided	6,418	6,801
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Portland State University	1,146	1,248	1,051	1,105	1,279	1,414
Middle Tennessee State University	653	1,108	1,119	1,271	1,342	1,405
University of Northern Iowa	473	614	653	512	715	930
University of Nebraska at Omaha	601	647	688	794	901	923
Youngstown State University	Not provided	717	741	772	823	909
Eastern Michigan University	733	370	611	556	590	768
University of Missouri-St. Louis	402	423	439	432	471	500
Cleveland State University	787	316	346	319	334	379
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	367	337	Not provided	Not provided	312	318
Wichita State University	990	852	731	308	298	291

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

University of Nebraska at Omaha
Graduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

GRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Portland State University	\$5,700	\$5,868	\$6,102	\$6,294	\$6,519	\$6,834
Cleveland State University	\$4,576	\$4,716	\$5,313	\$5,590	\$5,484	\$6,138
Eastern Michigan University	\$3,792	\$3,920	\$4,052	\$4,256	\$4,640	\$5,960
Youngstown State University	\$3,636	\$3,828	\$4,053	\$4,341	\$4,714	\$5,476
University of Missouri-St. Louis	\$4,156	\$4,326	\$4,438	\$4,580	\$4,942	\$5,116
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	\$3,396	\$3,396	Not provided	\$4,470	\$4,028	\$4,219
Middle Tennessee State University	\$2,608	\$2,818	\$3,046	\$3,208	\$3,570	\$4,070
University of Northern Iowa	\$3,112	\$3,232	\$3,360	\$3,510	\$3,676	\$4,026
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$2,256	\$2,353	\$2,594	\$2,834	\$2,932	\$3,184
Wichita State University	\$2,617	\$2,698	\$2,771	\$2,808	\$3,020	\$3,114
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Missouri-St. Louis	\$11,533	\$11,934	\$12,274	\$12,668	\$13,289	\$13,747
Cleveland State University	\$9,097	\$9,378	\$10,565	\$11,050	\$10,824	\$12,319
Portland State University	\$9,795	\$10,086	\$10,446	\$10,767	\$11,127	\$11,613
Eastern Michigan University	\$8,256	\$8,576	\$8,864	\$8,888	\$9,680	\$11,360
Middle Tennessee State University	\$6,944	\$7,414	\$7,872	\$8,324	\$9,198	\$10,542
Youngstown State University	\$6,948	\$7,284	\$8,085	\$8,589	\$9,214	\$10,156
University of Northern Iowa	\$7,410	\$7,698	\$7,999	\$8,358	\$8,732	\$9,446
Wichita State University	\$761	\$7,964	\$8,159	\$8,324	\$8,674	\$8,874
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	\$6,948	\$6,948	Not provided	\$9,120	\$8,108	\$8,491
University of Nebraska at Omaha	\$5,142	\$5,371	\$5,774	\$6,188	\$6,472	\$7,384
GRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Cleveland State University	5,030	1,933	3,223	3,406	3,440	3,664
Eastern Michigan University	2,502	2,901	2,904	2,960	2,916	3,050
Portland State University	1,708	1,804	2,042	2,526	2,495	2,625
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	1,007	1,062	Not provided	Not provided	1,737	1,746
Wichita State University	1,022	1,097	1,170	1,463	1,487	1,538
University of Missouri-St. Louis	1,137	1,261	1,236	1,199	1,253	1,300
University of Nebraska at Omaha	1,305	1,251	1,230	1,217	1,247	1,226
Middle Tennessee State University	964	937	920	914	894	918
Youngstown State University	Not provided	584	565	567	551	612
University of Northern Iowa	947	794	874	575	592	610
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Portland State University	902	1,047	770	792	812	935
Cleveland State University	1,297	612	513	503	511	488
University of Missouri-St. Louis	167	315	339	346	400	450
Eastern Michigan University	387	394	378	263	284	364
University of Nebraska at Omaha	209	236	262	265	289	315
University of Northern Iowa	328	298	311	214	222	230
Wichita State University	480	490	468	146	128	142
Youngstown State University	Not provided	98	102	96	103	121
Middle Tennessee State University	81	108	90	83	74	58
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	77	72	Not provided	Not provided	29	30

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

University of Nebraska at Kearney
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	\$2,389	\$2,585	\$2,989	\$3,240	\$5,908	\$6,306
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	\$4,162	\$4,278	\$4,278	\$4,455	\$4,668	\$4,992
Western Illinois University	\$2,810	\$3,037	\$3,185	\$3,836	\$3,741	\$3,971
Southeast Missouri State University	\$2,880	\$3,000	\$3,105	\$3,225	\$3,390	\$3,525
Central Missouri State University	\$2,520	\$2,640	\$2,730	\$2,970	\$3,210	\$3,510
Moorhead State University	\$2,726	\$2,620	\$2,904	\$3,002	\$3,196	\$3,385
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,918	\$3,105	\$3,146	\$3,367
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$2,145	\$2,268	\$2,508	\$2,728	\$2,873	\$3,113
Pittsburg State University	\$938	\$1,008	\$2,100	\$2,142	\$2,260	\$2,338
Western Carolina University	\$1,663	\$1,723	\$1,938	\$2,082	\$2,102	\$2,242
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	\$5,709	\$6,215	\$9,291	\$10,104	\$18,370	\$21,118
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Not provided	Not provided	\$9,200	\$9,969	\$10,674	\$12,007
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	\$9,360	\$9,634	\$9,634	\$9,883	\$10,356	\$11,016
Western Carolina University	\$8,817	\$8,851	\$9,208	\$9,352	\$9,372	\$9,874
Pittsburg State University	\$2,988	\$3,140	\$6,464	\$6,608	\$6,982	\$7,192
Central Missouri State University	\$5,040	\$5,280	\$5,460	\$5,940	\$6,360	\$6,960
Moorhead State University	\$5,631	\$5,641	\$6,016	\$6,180	\$6,532	\$6,955
Western Illinois University	\$6,890	\$7,275	\$7,553	\$6,566	\$6,553	\$6,953
Southeast Missouri State University	\$5,190	\$5,400	\$5,595	\$5,805	\$6,090	\$6,360
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$3,735	\$3,933	\$4,263	\$4,581	\$4,823	\$5,468
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Western Illinois University	8,163	8,264	8,689	8,910	9,113	9,216
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Not provided	8,933	9,017	7,965	7,783	8,228*
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	6,516	6,509	6,634	7,817	7,718	7,737
Central Missouri State University	6,943	7,155	7,159	6,821	7,031	6,953
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	6,085	6,193	6,156	6,234	6,158	6,516
Southeast Missouri State University	6,097*	5,251	5,241	5,112	5,179	5,463
University of Nebraska at Kearney	5,354	5,176	4,947	4,826	4,657	4,461
Western Carolina University	Not provided	4,879	4,636	4,424	4,518	4,400
Moorhead State University	3,495	5,442	5,510	3,439	3,564	3,519
Pittsburg State University	3,975	4,114	4,137	4,214	4,222	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Not provided	78	69	548	570	8,228*
Moorhead State University	1,960	68	70	2,490	2,688	2,879
Southeast Missouri State University	6,097*	830	953	814	888	852
Central Missouri State University	652	751	752	757	767	787
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	697	687	696	672	666	731
Western Illinois University	476	483	513	577	587	552
University of Nebraska at Kearney	506	514	519	536	494	521
Western Carolina University	Not provided	411	385	369	622	444
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	1,490	1,518	1,555	331	322	304
Pittsburg State University	384	386	417	419	417	Not provided

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

University of Nebraska at Kearney
Graduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

GRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	\$3,099	\$3,358	\$3,738	\$4,030	\$8,104	\$8,664
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	\$4,020	\$4,133	\$4,133	\$4,466	\$4,856	\$5,434
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,689	\$3,932	\$4,216	\$4,511
Central Missouri State University	\$3,024	\$3,168	\$3,288	\$3,576	\$3,840	\$4,200
Moorhead State University	\$3,264	\$3,178	\$3,480	\$3,596	\$3,819	\$4,052
Western Illinois University	\$2,918	\$3,150	\$3,305	\$3,306	\$3,423	\$3,388
Southeast Missouri State University	\$2,482	\$2,584	\$2,700	\$2,868	\$3,154	\$3,370
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$2,088	\$2,212	\$2,422	\$2,638	\$2,778	\$3,014
Pittsburg State University	\$1,090	\$1,166	\$2,418	\$2,466	\$2,598	\$2,686
Western Carolina University	\$1,663	\$1,723	\$1,793	\$1,937	\$2,142	\$2,300
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	\$6,847	\$7,458	\$11,382	\$12,388	\$22,236	\$24,292
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Not provided	Not provided	\$11,333	\$12,290	\$13,160	\$14,335
Western Carolina University	\$8,817	\$8,851	\$10,063	\$9,207	\$9,412	\$9,932
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	\$6,706	\$6,901	\$6,901	\$7,296	\$7,726	\$8,388
Central Missouri State University	\$6,048	\$6,336	\$6,576	\$7,152	\$7,632	\$8,352
Pittsburg State University	\$2,834	\$2,980	\$6,130	\$6,268	\$6,614	\$6,788
Moorhead State University	\$4,934	\$4,916	\$5,270	\$5,440	\$5,755	\$6,124
Southeast Missouri State University	\$4,450	\$4,624	\$4,884	\$5,196	\$5,674	\$6,106
Western Illinois University	\$7,214	\$7,614	\$7,913	\$5,682	\$5,871	\$5,982
University of Nebraska at Kearney	\$3,696	\$3,892	\$4,198	\$4,516	\$4,758	\$5,402
GRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Western Illinois University	867	852	837	834	807	845
Western Carolina University	Not provided	603	614	644	375	688
University of Nebraska at Kearney	571	567	616	652	623	619
Central Missouri State University	624	959	915	591	580	582
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Not provided	963	964	413	433	562*
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	401	408	439	441	480	480
Southeast Missouri State University	342*	243	242	482	432	450
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	336	379	415	377	378	375
Moorhead State University	155	241	240	148	142	160
Pittsburg State University	353	458	449	524	512	Not provided
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Not provided	590	582	73	71	562*
Western Illinois University	402	401	392	423	422	429
Central Missouri State University	153	217	208	135	137	133
Moorhead State University	81	3	3	107	107	130
Western Carolina University	Not provided	114	89	87	89	98
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	138	165	148	86	86	84
Southeast Missouri State University	342*	56	68	63	64	69
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania	45	44	45	54	59	56
University of Nebraska at Kearney	42	50	47	45	39	37
Pittsburg State University	229	305	351	317	324	Not provided

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Chadron State College
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Lander University	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,700	\$3,770	\$3,958	\$4,242
Southwest State University	\$2,824	\$2,895	\$3,019	\$3,235	\$3,425	\$3,716
Southern Oregon University	\$3,147	\$3,204	\$3,198	\$3,234	\$3,369	\$3,555
Northern State University	\$2,387	\$2,535	\$2,843	\$3,076	\$3,312	\$3,539
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,052	\$2,232	\$2,484	\$2,706
Chadron State College	\$1,938	\$2,091	\$2,173	\$2,263	\$2,361	\$2,481
Fort Hays State University	\$1,929	\$1,994	\$2,026	\$2,062	\$2,179	\$2,217
Eastern New Mexico University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,944	\$2,088
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	\$1,467	\$1,536	\$1,626	\$1,706	\$1,860	\$2,069
North Georgia College & State Univ.	\$1,956	\$2,052	\$2,122	\$2,210	\$1,139	\$1,185
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,760	\$1,886	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	\$9,096	\$9,153	\$9,402	\$9,897	\$10,515	\$10,971
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	\$8,621	\$8,664	\$8,896	\$8,976	\$9,130	\$9,991
Lander University	Not provided	Not provided	\$6,326	\$6,786	\$7,846	\$8,610
Eastern New Mexico University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	\$7,128	\$7,644
Northern State University	\$5,381	\$6,068	\$6,518	\$6,895	\$7,264	\$7,622
Fort Hays State University	\$6,030	\$6,257	\$6,391	\$6,530	\$6,901	\$7,070
Chadron State College	\$3,588	\$3,823	\$3,958	\$4,138	\$4,333	\$4,573
North Georgia College & State Univ.	\$5,835	\$6,513	\$7,342	\$7,634	\$3,953	\$4,083
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,108	\$3,360	\$3,732	\$4,050
Southwest State University	\$5,756	\$5,915	\$6,130	\$6,532	\$3,425	\$3,716
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,242	\$4,541	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Lander University	Not provided	4,048	3,916	4,043*	4,036*	4,197*
Southern Oregon University	2,665	3,042	2,976	4,077*	3,981*	4,038*
Fort Hays State University	3,888	3,773	3,790	3,804	3,864	3,943
North Georgia College & State Univer-	2,785	3,178	Not provided	2,710	2,795	3,045
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	2,634	2,231	2,201	2,223	2,438	2,746
Southwest State University	2,090	1,948	2,152	2,310	2,278	2,435
Eastern New Mexico University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	2,265	2,223	2,223
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	2,323	2,369	1,666	1,787	1,846
Chadron State College	1,794	1,733	1,693	1,618	1,609	1,609
Northern State University	2,201	1,698	1,650	1,803	1,676	1,588
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	1,094	1,149	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Lander University	Not provided	272	269	4,043*	4,036*	4,197*
Southern Oregon University	576	699	759	4,077*	3,981*	4,038*
Southwest State University	40	36	32	407	587	574
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	2,323	2,369	503	566	559
Eastern New Mexico University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	445	431	431
Chadron State College	545	521	511	500	422	422
Northern State University	2,201	369	397	401	389	398
North Georgia College & State Univer-	93	107	Not provided	123	154	179
Fort Hays State University	320	478	487	208	187	165
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	69	57	64	81	100	127
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	189	198	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Chadron State College
Graduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

GRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	\$4,875	\$4,932	\$5,187	\$5,460	\$5,844	\$6,111
Lander University	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,700	\$3,770	\$3,958	\$4,650
Southwest State University	\$2,513	\$2,588	\$3,580	\$3,820	\$4,046	\$4,294
Northern State University	\$2,615	\$2,700	\$2,972	\$3,186	\$3,400	\$3,607
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,120	\$3,390	\$2,996	\$3,260
Fort Hays State University	\$2,131	\$2,204	\$2,246	\$2,290	\$2,419	\$2,469
Chadron State College	\$1,908	\$2,044	\$2,122	\$2,212	\$2,314	\$2,440
Eastern New Mexico University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,166	\$2,328
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	\$896	\$940	\$1,484	\$1,580	\$1,708	\$1,904
North Georgia College & State Univ.	\$2,034	\$2,223	\$2,392	\$2,572	\$1,327	\$1,379
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,786	\$1,912	Not provided	Not provided
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	\$8,685	\$8,985	\$9,228	\$9,714	\$10,323	\$10,755
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	\$6,262	\$6,286	\$8,754	\$8,850	\$8,978	\$9,972
Lander University	Not provided	Not provided	\$6,326	\$6,786	\$7,846	\$9,474
Northern State University	\$5,951	\$6,534	\$6,961	\$7,330	\$7,689	\$8,036
Eastern New Mexico University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	\$7,344	\$7,884
Fort Hays State University	\$5,618	\$5,833	\$5,958	\$6,092	\$6,436	\$6,572
North Georgia College & State Univ.	\$6,108	\$7,143	\$8,392	\$9,082	\$4,705	\$4,859
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,500	\$4,860	\$4,292	\$4,652
Chadron State College	\$3,552	\$3,778	\$3,910	\$4,090	\$4,294	\$4,546
Southwest State University	\$3,777	\$3,880	\$5,368	\$5,715	\$4,046	\$4,294
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,234	\$4,528	Not provided	Not provided
GRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Fort Hays State University	1,188	289	263	595	572	583
Southern Oregon University	176	279	297	568*	598*	574*
Southwest State University	91	191	208	309	348	348
North Georgia College & State Univ.	400	330	Not provided	298	313	334
Eastern New Mexico University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	255	289	289
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	328	188	185	146	188	230
Chadron State College	228	189	199	178	185	185
Lander University	Not provided	311	328	237*	233*	170*
Northern State University	66	47	50	113	89	103
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	134	143	92	85	86
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	85	78	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southern Oregon University	48	63	569	568*	598*	574*
Lander University	Not provided	6	8	237*	233*	170*
Southwest State University	Not provided	0	2	71	161	163
Eastern New Mexico University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	52	50	50
Fort Hays State University	144	76	63	59	48	40
Chadron State College	24	25	31	37	31	31
North Georgia College & State Univ.	13	14	Not provided	11	16	17
Northern State University	Not provided	15	16	26	14	15
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	3	2	3	2	6	8
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	134	143	8	5	7
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	11	9	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Peru State College
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Dakota State University	\$2,201	\$2,270	\$3,096	\$3,364	\$3,568	\$3,774
University of South Carolina-Aiken	\$2,848	\$3,014	\$3,138	\$3,338	\$3,558	\$3,738
Southwest State University	\$2,824	\$2,895	\$3,019	\$3,235	\$3,425	\$3,716
Black Hills State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,829	\$2,966	\$3,153	\$3,629
Indiana University - East	\$2,728	\$2,849	\$2,987	\$3,104	\$3,206	\$3,415
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,130	\$2,530	\$2,680	\$2,935
Concord College	\$2,218	\$2,310	\$2,388	\$2,538	\$2,620	\$2,724
Peru State College	\$1,936	\$2,079	\$2,161	\$2,251	\$2,379	\$2,526
Dickinson State University	\$1,970	\$2,096	\$2,196	\$2,302	\$2,378	\$2,463
Western State College of Colorado	\$2,076	\$2,142	\$2,160	\$2,208	\$2,270	\$2,403
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,760	\$1,886	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Indiana University - East	\$6,889	\$7,178	\$7,490	\$7,874	\$8,182	\$8,714
Western State College of Colorado	\$7,054	\$7,323	\$7,540	\$7,720	\$8,019	\$8,453
University of South Carolina-Aiken	\$6,910	\$7,324	\$7,664	\$7,864	\$8,084	\$8,264
Dakota State University	\$4,596	\$5,096	\$6,771	\$7,183	\$7,520	\$7,857
Black Hills State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$6,504	\$6,786	\$6,972	\$7,712
Concord College	\$4,798	\$5,000	\$5,250	\$5,580	\$5,762	\$6,116
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,522	\$5,290	\$5,620	\$6,025
Dickinson State University	\$4,776	\$5,030	\$5,256	\$5,485	\$5,688	\$5,915
Peru State College	\$3,586	\$3,811	\$3,946	\$4,126	\$4,351	\$4,618
Southwest State University	\$5,756	\$5,915	\$6,130	\$6,532	\$3,425	\$3,716
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,242	\$4,541	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southwest State University	2,090	1,948	2,152	2,310	2,278	2,435
University of South Carolina-Aiken	1,893	1,777	1,845	2,372*	2,425*	2,428*
Concord College	1,674	2,078	2,119	2,153	2,314	2,346
Black Hills State University	Not provided	2,085	2,211	2,175	2,098	2,095
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Not provided	1,741	1,747	1,816	1,822	1,860
Indiana University - East	1,245	1,259	1,252	1,385	1,440	1,540
Western State College of Colorado	1,522	1,478	1,501	1,499	1,432	1,489
Dickinson State University	1,083	1,042	1,057	1,202	1,238	1,326
Dakota State University	1,053	1,037	1,142	1,095	1,159	1,249
Peru State College	1,015	1,024	993	945	988	1,057
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	1,094	1,149	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
University of South Carolina-Aiken	346	302	349	2,372*	2,425*	2,428*
Black Hills State University	Not provided	528	509	547	597	597
Western State College of Colorado	756	746	697	680	640	590
Southwest State University	40	36	32	407	587	574
Concord College	533	468	478	444	476	470
Dickinson State University	379	407	404	300	310	352
Dakota State University	178	1,037	1,142	218	230	245
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Not provided	163	182	170	185	167
Peru State College	173	170	135	128	144	154
Indiana University - East	49	56	59	64	48	81
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	189	198	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Peru State College
Graduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

GRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of South Carolina-Aiken	\$3,750	\$3,844	\$4,014	\$4,134	\$4,314	\$4,534
Southwest State University	\$2,513	\$2,588	\$3,580	\$3,820	\$4,046	\$4,294
Dakota State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,174	\$3,416	\$3,605	\$3,796
Black Hills State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,961	\$3,099	\$3,248	\$3,679
Indiana University - East	\$2,801	\$2,929	\$3,044	\$3,322	\$3,433	\$3,559
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,256	\$2,688	\$2,856	\$3,084
Peru State College	\$1,942	\$2,068	\$2,146	\$2,236	\$2,338	\$2,482
Concord College**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dickinson State University**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,786	\$1,912	Not provided	Not provided
Western State College of Colorado**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
University of South Carolina-Aiken	\$7,488	\$7,754	\$8,234	\$8,648	\$9,182	\$9,954
Dakota State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$7,163	\$7,560	\$7,894	\$8,225
Black Hills State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$6,950	\$7,243	\$7,392	\$8,109
Indiana University - East	\$6,331	\$6,601	\$6,863	\$7,332	\$7,617	\$7,890
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,968	\$5,808	\$6,192	\$6,588
Peru State College	\$3,586	\$3,802	\$3,934	\$3,934	\$4,318	\$4,588
Southwest State University	\$3,777	\$3,880	\$5,368	\$5,715	\$4,046	\$4,294
Concord College**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dickinson State University**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,234	\$4,528	Not provided	Not provided
Western State College of Colorado**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
GRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southwest State University	91	191	208	309	348	348
Peru State College	193	162	181	177	146	156
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Not provided	76	68	68	84	103
Black Hills State University	Not provided	49	66	65	101	79
Dakota State University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	20	43	53
University of South Carolina-Aiken	11	11	18	43*	39*	39*
Indiana University - East	15	10	14	20	26	26
Concord College**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dickinson State University**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	85	78	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Western State College of Colorado**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southwest State University	91	0	2	71	161	163
University of South Carolina-Aiken	2	4	6	43*	39*	39*
Dakota State University	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	3	12	20
Peru State College	7	6	7	9	8	9
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Not provided	4	10	11	12	7
Black Hills State University	Not provided	10	3	5	5	4
Indiana University - East	1	2	2	3	3	2
Concord College**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dickinson State University**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	11	9	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Western State College of Colorado**	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

**Institution has no graduate programs

Wayne State College
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Bemidji State University	\$2,766	\$2,836	\$3,011	\$3,409	\$3,574	\$4,163
Southern Oregon University	\$3,147	\$3,204	\$3,198	\$3,234	\$3,369	\$3,555
Northern State University	\$2,387	\$2,535	\$2,843	\$3,076	\$3,312	\$3,539
Wayne State College	\$1,938	\$2,081	\$2,163	\$2,271	\$2,603	\$2,825
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,052	\$2,232	\$2,484	\$2,706
Minot State University	\$2,044	\$2,139	\$2,241	\$2,331	\$2,454	\$2,554
Georgia Southwestern State University	\$2,025	\$2,145	\$2,199	\$2,284	\$2,398	\$2,500
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,845	\$1,935	\$2,081	\$2,328
Fort Hays State University	\$1,929	\$1,994	\$2,026	\$2,062	\$2,179	\$2,217
Eastern New Mexico University	\$1,652	\$1,716	\$1,752	\$1,830	\$1,944	\$2,088
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	\$9,096	\$9,153	\$9,402	\$9,897	\$10,515	\$10,971
Georgia Southwestern State University	\$5,904	\$6,606	\$7,419	\$7,708	\$8,028	\$8,296
Bemidji State University	\$5,682	\$5,840	\$5,911	\$6,549	\$6,886	\$8,053
Eastern New Mexico University	\$6,154	\$6,378	\$6,510	\$6,714	\$7,128	\$7,644
Northern State University	\$5,381	\$6,068	\$6,518	\$6,895	\$7,264	\$7,622
Fort Hays State University	\$6,030	\$6,257	\$6,391	\$6,530	\$6,901	\$7,070
Minot State University	\$5,018	\$5,262	\$5,515	\$5,755	\$6,034	\$6,301
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,328	\$4,418	\$4,736	\$5,221
Wayne State College	\$3,588	\$3,813	\$3,948	\$4,146	\$4,575	\$4,917
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,108	\$3,360	\$3,732	\$4,050
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southern Oregon University	2,665	3,042	2,976	4,077*	3,981*	4,038*
Fort Hays State University	3,888	3,773	3,790	3,804	3,864	3,943
Bemidji State University	3,658	3,642	3,370	3,503	3,585	3,593
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	2,258	2,100	2,313	2,282	2,419
Wayne State College	2,426	2,481	2,521	2,457	2,396	2,332
Minot State University	1,936	2,201	2,074	2,039	1,957	2,328
Eastern New Mexico University	2,088	2,165	2,249	2,265	2,223	2,223
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	2,323	2,369	1,666	1,787	1,846
Northern State University	2,201	1,698	1,650	1,803	1,676	1,588
Georgia Southwestern State University	6,105	6,204	4,336	1,508	1,503	1,526
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southern Oregon University	576	699	759	4,077*	3,981*	4,038*
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	533	690	674	641	679
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	2,323	2,369	503	566	559
Bemidji State University	385	411	403	415	461	499
Eastern New Mexico University	463	447	465	445	431	431
Minot State University	516	388	366	360	401	401
Northern State University	2,201	369	397	401	389	398
Wayne State College	406	425	401	329	330	307
Fort Hays State University	320	478	487	208	187	165
Georgia Southwestern State University	6,105	6,204	4,336	84	77	69

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Wayne State College
Graduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

GRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	\$4,875	\$4,932	\$5,187	\$5,460	\$5,844	\$6,111
Bemidji State University	\$3,291	\$3,377	\$3,573	\$3,969	\$4,164	\$4,869
Northern State University	\$2,615	\$2,700	\$2,972	\$3,186	\$3,400	\$3,607
Minot State University	\$2,584	\$2,714	\$2,853	\$2,971	\$3,124	\$3,274
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	Not provided	\$3,120	\$3,390	\$2,996	\$3,260
Georgia Southwestern State University	\$2,103	\$2,316	\$2,469	\$2,646	\$2,774	\$2,888
Wayne State College	\$1,944	\$2,070	\$2,148	\$2,256	\$2,574	\$2,802
Fort Hays State University	\$2,131	\$2,204	\$2,246	\$2,290	\$2,419	\$2,470
Eastern New Mexico University	\$1,850	\$1,920	\$1,956	\$2,040	\$2,166	\$2,328
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,855	\$1,951	\$2,078	\$2,268
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	\$8,685	\$8,985	\$9,228	\$9,714	\$10,323	\$10,755
Georgia Southwestern State University	\$6,177	\$7,236	\$8,469	\$9,156	\$9,532	\$9,848
Minot State University	\$6,458	\$6,797	\$7,149	\$7,463	\$7,823	\$8,533
Northern State University	\$5,951	\$6,534	\$6,961	\$7,330	\$7,689	\$8,036
Eastern New Mexico University	\$6,346	\$6,570	\$6,702	\$6,918	\$7,344	\$7,884
Bemidji State University	\$4,977	\$5,114	\$5,364	\$5,934	\$6,236	\$7,293
Fort Hays State University	\$5,618	\$5,833	\$5,958	\$6,092	\$6,436	\$6,573
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,303	\$4,399	\$4,694	\$5,119
Wayne State College	\$3,588	\$3,804	\$3,936	\$4,134	\$4,554	\$4,908
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,500	\$4,860	\$4,292	\$4,652
GRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Fort Hays State University	1,188	289	263	595	572	583
Southern Oregon University	176	279	297	568*	598*	574*
Wayne State College	403	385	327	341	337	336
Eastern New Mexico University	205	273	239	255	289	289
Georgia Southwestern State University	1,329*	1,437*	818*	225	280	251
Bemidji State University	172	222	219	219	224	178
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	194	161	191	137	146
Minot State University	56	79	89	132	141	141
Northern State University	66*	47	50	113	89	103
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	134	143	92	85	86
GRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southern Oregon University	48	63	56	568*	598*	574*
Eastern New Mexico University	60	77	71	52	50	50
Fort Hays State University	144	76	63	59	48	40
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Not provided	43	61	47	35	38
Wayne State College	90	117	60	31	31	30
Bemidji State University	11	18	19	22	23	25
Minot State University	34	65	73	27	25	25
Georgia Southwestern State University	1,329*	1,437*	818*	21	23	20
Northern State University	66*	15	16	26	14	15
Southern Arkansas University	Not provided	134	143	8	5	7

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Central Community College
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Indian Hills Community College	\$1,500	\$1,650	\$1,880	\$1,880	\$2,850	\$3,165
Northcentral Technical College	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,920	\$1,993	\$2,276	\$2,355
Moraine Park Technical College	\$1,719	\$1,814	\$1,901	\$1,973	\$2,121	\$2,225
Laramie County Community College	\$1,000	\$1,070	\$1,164	\$1,264	\$1,428	\$1,524
Central Community College	\$1,230	\$1,278	\$1,320	\$1,380	\$1,470	\$1,500
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,193	\$1,238	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,350	\$1,463
Mid-Plains Community College	\$990	\$1,065	\$1,335	\$1,335	\$1,260	\$1,440
Southeast Community College	\$1,232	\$1,277	\$1,322	\$1,367	\$1,389	\$1,434
Trinity Valley Community College	\$408	\$528	Not provided	Not provided	\$675	\$900
Fox Valley Technical College	\$1,938	\$2,044	\$1,986	\$2,054	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	\$1,650	\$1,740	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Moraine Park Technical College	\$12,033	\$13,004	\$13,418	\$13,821	\$17,091	\$17,975
Northcentral Technical College	Not provided	Not provided	\$13,437	\$13,841	\$15,403	\$15,987
Indian Hills Community College	\$2,160	\$2,370	\$2,780	\$2,780	\$4,245	\$4,740
Laramie County Community College	\$2,648	\$2,858	\$3,104	\$3,368	\$3,684	\$3,876
Central Community College	\$1,809	\$1,857	\$1,920	\$2,010	\$2,145	\$2,190
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,480	\$1,525	\$1,575	\$1,575	\$1,665	\$1,800
Southeast Community College	\$1,457	\$1,502	\$1,547	\$1,592	\$1,614	\$1,659
Trinity Valley Community College	\$1,908	\$1,968	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,260	\$1,575
Mid-Plains Community College	\$1,125	\$1,200	\$1,470	\$1,470	\$1,290	\$1,420
Fox Valley Technical College	\$10,716	\$11,608	\$13,503	\$13,902	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	\$2,378	\$2,543	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southeast Community College	6,121	6,399	6,447	6,678	6,884	7,110
Metropolitan Community College	5,936	6,299	6,539	6,620	6,720	6,888
Central Community College	3,042	3,023	3,265	3,442	3,395	3,463
Indian Hills Community College	2,858	4,006	3,963	3,888*	3,776*	3,260*
Northcentral Technical College	Not provided	2,286	2,289	2,351	2,465	2,600
Moraine Park Technical College	2,593	2,651	2,629	2,410	2,424	2,436
Laramie County Community College	2,066	2,035	2,000	1,877	1,902	1,982
Mid-Plains Community College	1,622	1,585	1,583	1,435	1,449	1,478
Fox Valley Technical College	4,494*	4,762*	4,962*	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	1,607	1,640	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	3,558	3,753	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Indian Hills Community College	347	4,006	3,963	3,888*	3,776*	3,260*
Moraine Park Technical College	2	0	0	425	510	780
Metropolitan Community College	312	358	370	348	354	362
Southeast Community College	246	312	309	268	249	257
Laramie County Community College	142	171	183	155	143	162
Central Community College	43	50	34	68	87	89
Mid-Plains Community College	53	55	44	54	61	62
Northcentral Technical College	Not provided	0	0	0	0	0
Fox Valley Technical College	4,494*	4,762*	4,962*	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	391	400	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	70	55	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Metropolitan Community College Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Delgado Community College	\$1,136	\$1,136	\$1,356	\$1,356	\$1,892	\$1,957
Linn-Benton Community College	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,665	\$1,665	\$1,665	\$1,755
Casper College	\$472	\$507	\$1,372	\$1,478	\$1,560	\$1,650
Seminole Community College	\$1,241	\$1,241	\$1,330	\$1,387	\$1,556	\$1,573
Central Community College	\$1,230	\$1,278	\$1,320	\$1,380	\$1,470	\$1,500
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,193	\$1,238	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,350	\$1,463
Southeast Community College	\$1,232	\$1,277	\$1,322	\$1,367	\$1,389	\$1,434
Central Texas College	\$828	\$888	\$840	\$840	\$870	\$870
Aims Community College	\$1,125	\$1,260	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	\$1,650	\$1,710	\$1,800	\$1,920	Not provided	Not provided
San Jacinto College	\$470	\$530	\$644	\$644	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Seminole Community College	\$4,359	\$4,359	\$4,953	\$5,163	\$5,634	\$5,821
Delgado Community College	\$3,276	\$3,276	\$3,916	\$4,336	\$5,702	\$5,767
Linn-Benton Community College	Not provided	Not provided	\$5,580	\$5,580	\$5,581	\$5,670
Casper College	\$1,296	\$1,401	\$3,816	\$4,134	\$4,380	\$4,590
Central Texas College	\$2,188	\$2,188	\$1,940	\$1,940	\$2,140	\$2,726
Central Community College	\$1,809	\$1,857	\$1,920	\$2,010	\$2,145	\$2,190
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,480	\$1,525	\$1,575	\$1,575	\$1,665	\$1,800
Southeast Community College	\$1,457	\$1,502	\$1,547	\$1,592	\$1,614	\$1,659
Aims Community College	\$1,890	\$2,025	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	\$3,300	\$3,420	\$3,600	\$3,840	Not provided	Not provided
San Jacinto College	\$1,700	\$1,850	\$1,964	\$1,964	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Delgado Community College	9,417	8,225	8,116	7,315	7,209	7,655
Southeast Community College	6,121	6,399	6,447	6,678	6,884	7,110
Metropolitan Community College	5,936	6,299	6,539	6,620	6,720	6,888
Linn-Benton Community College	Not provided	5,953	5,869	6,453	6,605	6,660
Seminole Community College	5,772	3,854*	4,135*	4,177	4,605	5,613
Central Texas College	2,646	6,393	5,900	5,895	5,924	4,612
Central Community College	3,042	3,023	3,265	3,442	3,395	3,463
Casper College	2,485	2,517	2,410	2,272	2,228	2,209
Aims Community College	2,878*	3,270*	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	7,570	8,030	7,830	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
San Jacinto College	20,275	15,380	15,389	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Central Texas College	81	0	0	228	405	420
Metropolitan Community College	312	358	370	348	354	362
Seminole Community College	568	3,854*	4,135*	165	197	288
Southeast Community College	246	312	309	268	249	257
Delgado Community College	300	254	251	228	221	246
Casper College	129	145	170	196	174	146
Linn-Benton Community College	Not provided	71	63	88	136	140
Central Community College	43	50	34	68	87	89
Aims Community College	2,878*	3,270*	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	387	345	299	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
San Jacinto College	14,169	476	476	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Mid-Plains Community College
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Indian Hills Community College	\$1,500	\$1,650	\$1,880	\$1,880	\$2,850	\$3,165
Sauk Valley Community College	\$1,290	\$1,320	\$1,380	\$1,380	\$1,440	\$1,530
Western Nebraska Community College	\$1,230	\$1,275	\$1,320	\$1,365	\$1,440	\$1,515
Mid-Plains Community College	\$990	\$1,065	\$1,335	\$1,335	\$1,260	\$1,440
College of Southern Idaho	\$1,389	\$1,440	\$1,230	\$1,280	\$1,330	\$1,410
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,260	\$1,380	\$1,380	\$1,410
North Idaho College	\$1,004	\$1,074	\$1,128	\$1,218	\$1,296	\$1,404
Paris Junior College	\$864	\$924	\$960	\$1,020	\$930	\$960
San Juan College	\$490	\$490	\$360	\$360	\$360	\$360
Carl Sandburg College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	\$1,650	\$1,740	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Sauk Valley Community College	4,520	4,999	5,248	6,587	\$7,012	\$7,980
North Idaho College	3,310	3,606	3,884	4,194	\$4,456	\$4,784
Indian Hills Community College	2,160	2,370	2,780	2,780	\$4,245	\$4,740
College of Southern Idaho	2,378	2,543	3,230	3,480	\$3,730	\$3,910
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	Not provided	2,010	2,130	\$2,130	\$2,130
Western Nebraska Community College	1,365	1,455	1,545	1,590	\$1,605	\$1,695
Paris Junior College	1,224	1,314	2,050	2,280	\$1,380	\$1,440
Mid-Plains Community College	1,125	1,200	1,470	\$1,470	\$1,290	\$1,420
San Juan College	810	810	360	360	\$600	\$600
Carl Sandburg College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	2,378	2,543	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
College of Southern Idaho	2,643	2,775	2,881	3,160	3,250	3,478
Indian Hills Community College	2,858	4,006*	3,963*	3,888*	3,766*	3,260*
San Juan College	2,311	2,700	2,886	2,953	3,145	3,175
North Idaho College	2,375	2,462	2,429	2,669	2,777	2,870
Sauk Valley Community College	1,466	1,412	1,360	1,610*	1,650*	1,859*
Mid-Plains Community College	1,622	1,585	1,583	1,435	1,449	1,478
Paris Junior College	1,793	1,941	2,099	1,399	1,402	1,448
Western Nebraska Community College	1,356	1,353	1,282	1,150	1,179	1,346
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	1,843	1,234	1,074	1,071	1,071
Carl Sandburg College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	1,607	1,640	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Indian Hills Community College	347	4,006*	3,963*	3,888*	3,766*	3,260*
Sauk Valley Community College	1,466	18	10	1,610*	1,650*	1,859*
San Juan College	317	368	394	417	516	566
Paris Junior College	94	60	42	349	352	362
North Idaho College	294	238	252	232	218	230
College of Southern Idaho	196	177	184	202	207	222
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	232	173	139	128	128
Western Nebraska Community College	66	69	51	89	91	104
Mid-Plains Community College	53	55	44	54	61	62
Carl Sandburg College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	391	400	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided

*Resident and Nonresident data combined

Northeast Community College
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Iowa Lakes Community College	\$1,993	\$2,083	\$2,152	\$2,152	\$2,271	\$2,601
Northeast Community College	\$1,185	\$1,280	\$1,335	\$1,410	\$1,478	\$1,538
Laramie County Community College	\$1,000	\$1,070	\$1,164	\$1,264	\$1,428	\$1,524
Mid-Plains Community College	\$990	\$1,065	\$1,335	\$1,335	\$1,260	\$1,440
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,260	\$1,380	\$1,380	\$1,410
North Idaho College	\$1,004	\$1,074	\$1,128	\$1,218	\$1,296	\$1,404
Southeastern Illinois College	\$900	\$990	\$1,020	\$1,080	\$1,170	\$1,350
Paris Junior College	\$864	\$924	\$960	\$1,020	\$930	\$960
Eastern Arizona College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	\$748	\$748
Colorado Northwestern Comm. College	\$1,574	\$1,574	\$1,970	\$1,857	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Southeastern Illinois College	\$5,026	\$4,124	\$4,464	\$4,941	\$5,671	\$5,930
Eastern Arizona College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	\$4,868	\$4,868
North Idaho College	\$3,310	\$3,606	\$3,884	\$4,194	\$4,456	\$4,784
Laramie County Community College	\$2,648	\$2,858	\$3,104	\$3,368	\$3,684	\$3,876
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,010	\$2,130	\$2,130	\$2,130
Northeast Community College	\$1,455	\$1,565	\$1,635	\$1,725	\$1,808	\$1,875
Paris Junior College	\$1,224	\$1,314	\$2,050	\$2,280	\$1,380	\$1,440
Mid-Plains Community College	\$1,125	\$1,200	\$1,470	\$1,470	\$1,290	\$1,420
Colorado Northwestern Comm.. College	\$4,660	\$4,660	\$6,290	\$6,578	Not provided	Not provided
Iowa Lakes Community College	\$3,073	\$3,223	\$3,352	\$3,352	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Eastern Arizona College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	3,042	3,192	3,172
Northeast Community College	2,474	2,473	2,612	2,910	2,945	2,983
North Idaho College	2,375	2,462	2,429	2,669	2,777	2,870
Iowa Lakes Community College	2,325	1,905	1,949	1,921	2,011	2,050
Laramie County Community College	2,066	2,035	2,000	1,877	1,902	1,982
Southeastern Illinois College	2,135	1,463	1,541	1,695	1,637	1,650
Mid-Plains Community College	1,622	1,585	1,583	1,435	1,449	1,478
Paris Junior College	1,793	1,941	2,099	1,399	1,402	1,448
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	1,843	1,234	1,074	1,071	1,071
Colorado Northwestern Comm. College	732	768	710	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Eastern Arizona College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	3,042	3,192	3,172
Paris Junior College	94	60	42	349	352	362
Southeastern Illinois College	185	427	418	276	266	260
North Idaho College	294	238	252	232	218	230
Laramie County Community College	142	171	183	155	143	162
Northeast Community College	120	139	172	159	154	156
Iowa Lakes Community College	193	149	156	117	130	133
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	232	173	139	128	128
Mid-Plains Community College	53	55	44	54	61	62
Colorado Northwestern Comm. College	101	98	85	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
*Resident and Nonresident data combined						

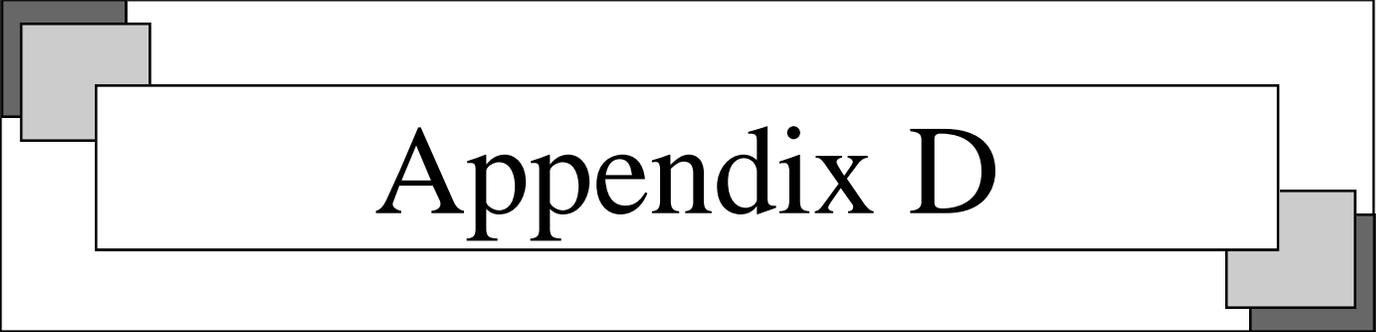
Southeast Community College
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Indian Hills Community College	\$1,500	\$1,650	\$1,880	\$1,880	\$2,850	\$3,165
Casper College	\$472	\$507	\$1,372	\$1,478	\$1,560	\$1,650
Central Community College	\$1,230	\$1,278	\$1,320	\$1,380	\$1,470	\$1,500
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,193	\$1,238	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,350	\$1,463
Southeast Community College	\$1,232	\$1,277	\$1,322	\$1,367	\$1,389	\$1,434
Trinity Valley Community College	\$408	\$528	Not provided	Not provided	\$675	\$900
Aims Community College	\$1,125	\$1,260	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Fox Valley Community College	\$1,938	\$2,044	\$1,986	\$2,054	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	\$1,650	\$1,710	\$1,800	\$1,920	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Indian Hills Community College	\$2,160	\$2,370	\$2,780	\$2,780	\$4,245	\$4,740
Casper College	\$1,296	\$1,401	\$3,816	\$4,134	\$4,380	\$4,590
Central Community College	\$1,809	\$1,857	\$1,920	\$2,010	\$2,145	\$2,190
Metropolitan Community College	\$1,480	\$1,525	\$1,575	\$1,575	\$1,665	\$1,800
Southeast Community College	\$1,457	\$1,502	\$1,547	\$1,592	\$1,614	\$1,659
Trinity Valley Community College	\$1,908	\$1,968	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,260	\$1,575
Aims Community College	\$1,890	\$2,025	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Fox Valley Community College	\$10,716	\$11,608	\$13,503	\$13,902	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	\$3,300	\$3,420	\$3,600	\$3,840	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Southeast Community College	6,121	6,399	6,447	6,678	6,884	7,110
Trinity Valley Community College	3,558	3,753	Not provided	6,500	7,054	7,019
Metropolitan Community College	5,936	6,299	6,539	6,620	6,720	6,888
Indian Hills Community College	2,858	4,006*	3,963*	3,888*	3,766*	3,260*
Central Community College	3,042	3,023	3,265	3,442	3,395	3,463
Casper College	2,485	2,517	2,410	2,272	2,228	2,209
Aims Community College	2,878	3,270	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Fox Valley Community College	4,494	4,762	4,962	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	7,570	8,030	7,830	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
Trinity Valley Community College	70	55	Not provided	6,500	7,054	7,019
Indian Hills Community College	347	4,006*	3,963*	3,888*	3,766*	3,260*
Metropolitan Community College	312	358	370	348	354	362
Southeast Community College	246	312	309	268	249	257
Casper College	129	145	170	196	174	146
Central Community College	43	50	34	68	87	89
Aims Community College	2,878	3,270	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Fox Valley Community College	4,494	4,762	4,962	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	387	345	299	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided
*Resident and Nonresident data combined						

Western Nebraska Community College
Undergraduate Tuition and Fees and Enrollment Trends

UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Iowa Lakes Community College	\$1,993	\$2,083	\$2,152	\$2,152	\$2,271	\$2,601
Glen Oaks Community College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,740	\$1,800
Coastal Bend College	Not provided	Not provided	\$670	\$700	\$1,540	\$1,728
Northwest College	\$1,043	\$1,114	\$1,473	\$1,555	\$1,611	\$1,660
Sheridan College	\$992	\$1,182	\$1,258	\$1,340	\$1,416	\$1,536
Western Nebraska Community College	\$1,230	\$1,275	\$1,320	\$1,365	\$1,440	\$1,515
Mid-Plains Community College	\$990	\$1,065	\$1,335	\$1,335	\$1,260	\$1,440
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,260	\$1,380	\$1,380	\$1,410
Paris Junior College	\$864	\$924	\$960	\$1,020	\$930	\$960
San Juan College	\$490	\$490	\$360	\$360	\$360	\$360
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT TUITION AND MANDATORY FEES						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Northwest College	\$2,691	\$2,902	\$3,413	\$3,935	\$3,867	\$4,012
Sheridan College	\$2,640	\$2,970	\$3,198	\$3,444	\$3,672	\$3,888
Glen Oaks Community College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,550	\$2,640
Iowa Lakes Community College	\$3,073	\$3,223	\$3,352	\$3,352	\$2,271	\$2,601
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	Not provided	\$2,010	\$2,130	\$2,130	\$2,130
Coastal Bend College	Not provided	Not provided	\$1,330	\$1,330	\$1,660	\$1,848
Western Nebraska Community College	\$365	\$1,455	\$1,545	\$1,590	\$1,605	\$1,695
Paris Junior College	\$1,224	\$1,314	\$2,050	\$2,280	\$1,380	\$1,440
Mid-Plains Community College	\$1,125	\$1,200	\$1,470	\$1,470	\$1,290	\$1,420
San Juan College	\$810	\$810	\$360	\$360	\$600	\$600
UNDERGRADUATE RESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
San Juan College	2,311	2,700	2,886	2,953	3,145	3,175
Coastal Bend College	Not provided	1,867	1,885	2,470	2,498	2,486
Iowa Lakes Community College	2,325	1,905	1,949	1,921	2,011	2,050
Sheridan College	1,792	1,703	1,640	1,646	1,673	1,648
Mid-Plains Community College	1,622	1,585	1,583	1,435	1,449	1,478
Paris Junior College	1,793	1,941	2,099	1,399	1,402	1,448
Western Nebraska Community College	1,356	1,353	1,282	1,150	1,179	1,346
Northwest College	3,816	3,570	1,705	1,113	1,141	1,146
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	1,843	1,234	1,074	1,071	1,071
Glen Oaks Community College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	654	719	730
UNDERGRADUATE NONRESIDENT FTE ENROLLMENT						
	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002 (est.)
San Juan College	317	368	394	417	516	566
Northwest College	3,816	3,570	1,705	524	538	539
Paris Junior College	94	60	42	349	352	362
Glen Oaks Community College	Not provided	Not provided	Not provided	220	261	270
Sheridan College	210	192	161	173	128	165
Iowa Lakes Community College	193	149	156	117	130	133
Dodge City Community College	Not provided	232	173	139	128	128
Western Nebraska Community College	66	69	51	89	91	104
Mid-Plains Community College	53	55	44	54	61	62
Coastal Bend College	Not provided	18	21	34	36	34

*Resident and Nonresident data combined



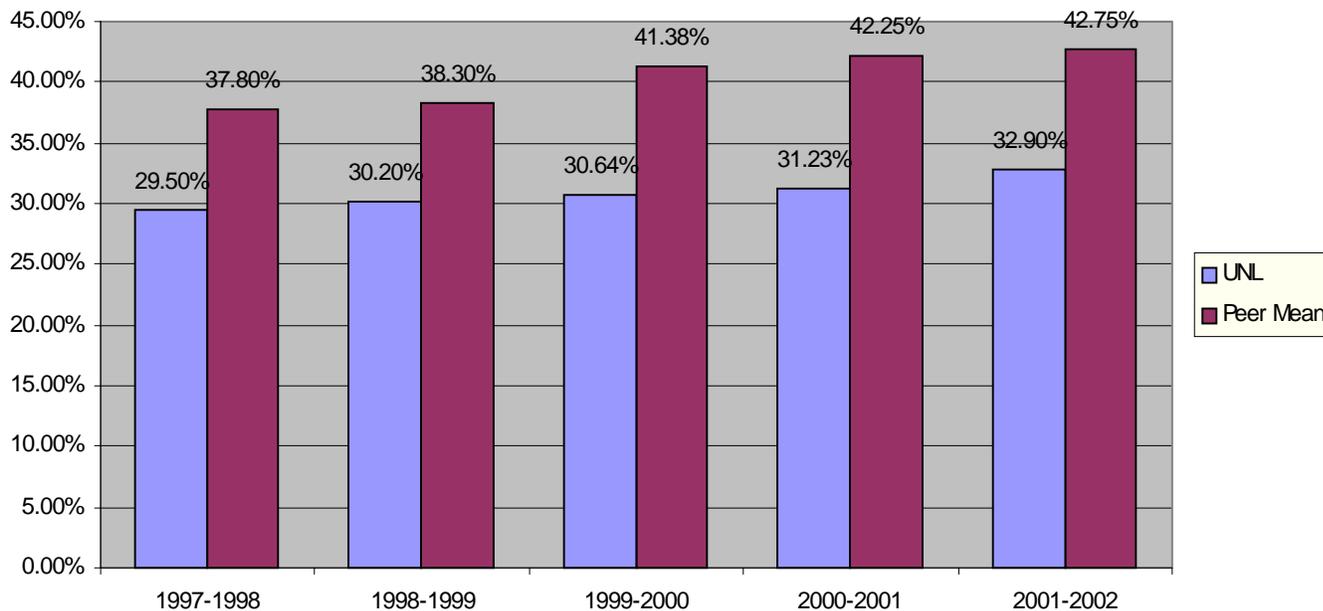
Appendix D

Nebraska Public Postsecondary Institutions Student Payment Share 1992-1993 to 2001-2002

	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
UNL	23.50%	27.90%	27.80%	28.20%	28.90%	29.50%	30.20%	30.64%	31.23%	32.90%
Peer Mean	34.90%	37.50%	37.50%	38.30%	39.70%	37.80%	38.30%	41.38%	42.25%	42.75%
Peer Median	32.20%	36.50%	36.80%	36.40%	38.30%	36.60%	37.20%	41.03%	42.06%	42.29%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
UNO	34.40%	38.20%	38.40%	37.30%	37.40%	37.50%	39.00%	38.79%	40.67%	42.69%
Peer Mean	39.50%	39.80%	40.30%	40.20%	43.30%	44.40%	44.40%	42.72%	43.35%	45.50%
Peer Median	32.20%	36.50%	36.80%	36.40%	45.00%	46.40%	46.70%	46.43%	46.47%	49.72%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
UNK	35.10%	37.10%	36.70%	37.00%	36.40%	37.20%	38.00%	38.43%	37.68%	37.11%
Peer Mean	32.70%	35.70%	35.00%	35.00%	35.10%	35.20%	34.50%	37.24%	37.67%	39.08%
Peer Median	33.40%	37.10%	36.40%	35.40%	34.40%	34.00%	33.10%	35.19%	35.84%	38.53%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Chadron	28.80%	30.00%	30.80%	32.00%	34.60%	34.40%	34.20%	32.76%	31.17%	30.85%
Peer Mean	28.30%	29.20%	29.60%	32.80%	31.70%	33.00%	33.00%	31.16%	31.79%	30.26%
Peer Median	28.00%	27.80%	37.60%	35.90%	29.40%	31.40%	30.80%	35.11%	38.20%	35.26%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Peru	26.40%	28.00%	28.40%	28.00%	30.20%	32.20%	30.80%	31.17%	32.60%	31.70%
Peer Mean	26.90%	31.20%	40.00%	39.60%	36.80%	40.90%	40.60%	44.75%	45.67%	46.79%
Peer Median	28.20%	29.40%	37.40%	35.90%	41.60%	39.10%	38.50%	40.98%	45.37%	44.68%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Wayne	35.80%	36.30%	36.90%	35.70%	36.70%	38.60%	37.90%	35.06%	36.27%	34.94%
Peer Mean	36.60%	38.50%	32.70%	33.60%	34.80%	34.40%	33.90%	33.48%	34.05%	34.61%
Peer Median	29.60%	36.40%	32.20%	32.30%	32.60%	32.60%	32.30%	35.11%	32.92%	35.08%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Central	15.30%	14.60%	15.70%	15.80%	16.50%	17.30%	18.40%	18.84%	18.70%	18.64%
Peer Mean	21.50%	22.80%	22.10%	22.40%	22.80%	22.30%	19.00%	20.54%	21.00%	21.44%
Peer Median	18.30%	19.30%	19.20%	19.50%	19.40%	17.80%	19.50%	19.59%	20.95%	20.20%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Metro	21.20%	21.30%	22.50%	23.40%	24.40%	23.30%	22.30%	23.86%	24.28%	25.77%
Peer Mean	27.10%	25.70%	25.80%	24.10%	26.80%	28.40%	28.50%	28.60%	29.48%	28.32%
Peer Median	24.70%	24.30%	24.30%	23.40%	22.80%	24.60%	25.20%	25.91%	26.26%	25.11%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Mid-Plains	15.40%	15.10%	15.90%	15.40%	15.20%	16.20%	19.50%	17.83%	20.22%	21.45%
Peer Mean	25.40%	23.70%	23.50%	23.90%	25.60%	22.90%	21.10%	21.66%	21.37%	22.78%
Peer Median	25.10%	22.20%	21.90%	23.50%	27.00%	21.90%	18.90%	19.76%	19.19%	20.05%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Northeast	19.10%	20.70%	21.40%	22.80%	23.00%	25.60%	25.60%	27.14%	27.36%	28.33%
Peer Mean	19.30%	20.40%	21.10%	21.50%	24.50%	23.70%	24.30%	22.30%	22.10%	22.39%
Peer Median	17.10%	18.50%	20.90%	21.30%	20.40%	21.90%	21.60%	19.99%	20.95%	20.20%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Southeast	20.70%	20.30%	22.20%	23.50%	24.20%	26.60%	25.20%	25.91%	26.26%	26.58%
Peer Mean	23.60%	22.00%	21.40%	21.80%	24.00%	24.80%	24.80%	24.67%	24.64%	25.86%
Peer Median	19.10%	19.80%	19.30%	20.20%	21.10%	21.60%	20.30%	22.62%	22.65%	22.42%
	1992-1993	1993-1994	1994-1995	1995-1996	1996-1997	1997-1998	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002
Western	13.90%	14.30%	14.40%	15.50%	14.10%	15.50%	14.50%	14.00%	13.36%	17.41%
Peer Mean	21.10%	21.30%	21.70%	21.10%	22.50%	22.90%	23.70%	20.69%	20.55%	20.84%
Peer Median	20.40%	21.60%	21.60%	19.90%	19.70%	21.50%	21.60%	17.56%	18.81%	18.79%

University of Nebraska-Lincoln Student Payment Share

**University of Nebraska-Lincoln Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	69.35%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	53.72%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	51.81%
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	45.83%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	42.89%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	42.59%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	42.29%
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	41.69%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	34.05%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	33.49%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	32.90%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	30.64%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	24.59%
	Mean	42.75%
	Median	42.29%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	69.29%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	52.19%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	51.75%
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	45.76%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	45.32%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	42.45%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	42.06%
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	39.45%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	33.97%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	31.23%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	30.46%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	29.81%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	24.48%
	Mean	42.25%
	Median	42.06%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
University of Colorado-Boulder	Boulder, CO	68.72%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	51.72%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	51.31%
University of Tennessee-Knoxville	Knoxville, TN	43.55%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	42.64%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	41.70%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	41.03%
University of Missouri-Columbia	Columbia, MO	39.20%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	35.38%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	30.64%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	29.43%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	28.75%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	23.10%
	Mean	41.38%
	Median	41.03%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	68.60%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	49.90%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	45.90%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	41.40%
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	38.60%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	37.20%
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	37.10%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	36.40%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	30.80%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	30.20%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	28.10%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	23.40%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	22.20%
	Mean	38.30%
	Median	37.20%

University of Nebraska-Lincoln Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	68.90%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	48.20%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	46.40%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	39.70%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	38.30%
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	37.70%
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	35.40%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	33.50%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	30.70%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	29.50%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	28.20%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	23.70%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	22.40%
	Mean	37.80%
	Median	36.60%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	68.60%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	47.10%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	46.50%
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	40.00%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	39.10%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	37.50%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	34.20%
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	33.00%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	28.90%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	27.90%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	23.40%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	Not provided
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
	Mean	39.70%
	Median	38.30%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	68.80%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	53.70%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	42.00%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	38.20%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	37.30%
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	36.40%
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	33.50%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	30.80%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	29.00%
University of Nebraska - Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	28.20%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	27.70%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	23.90%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
	Mean	38.30%
	Median	36.40%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	69.00%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	53.90%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	40.70%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	38.90%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	37.00%
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	36.80%
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	33.30%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	28.70%
University of Nebraska - Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	27.80%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	26.90%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	23.90%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	23.60%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
	Mean	37.50%
	Median	36.80%

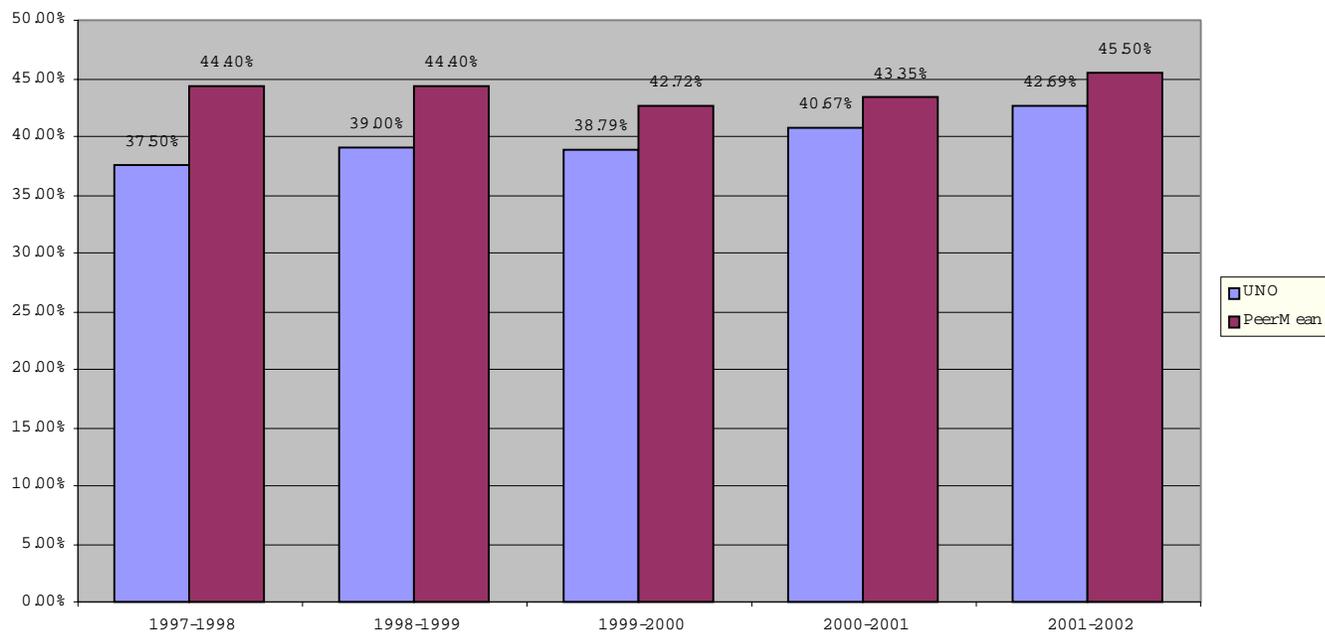
Institution	Location	1993-1994
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	68.30%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	52.50%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	40.30%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	38.00%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	37.00%
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	36.00%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	29.30%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	27.90%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	26.50%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	23.80%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	23.50%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	Not provided
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	Not provided
	Mean	37.50%
	Median	36.50%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
University of Colorado	Boulder, CO	67.80%
Colorado State University	Fort Collins, CO	52.20%
Purdue University	West Lafayette, IN	39.00%
University of Missouri	Columbia, MO	38.40%
Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, LA	35.60%
University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS	35.30%
University of Tennessee	Knoxville, TN	29.00%
Auburn University	Auburn, AL	28.90%
Iowa State University	Ames, IA	28.60%
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	23.50%
Kansas State University	Manhattan, KS	23.30%
Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, OK	21.80%
University of Georgia	Athens, GA	19.20%
	Mean	34.90%
	Median	32.20%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for the University of Nebraska-Lincoln and non-responding institutions.

University of Nebraska at Omaha Student Payment Share

University of Nebraska at Omaha Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Portland State University	Portland, OR	54.08%
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	53.36%
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	52.13%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	50.44%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	49.72%
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	47.10%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	42.69%
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	38.50%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	32.17%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	32.04%
	Mean	45.50%
	Median	49.72%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	52.96%
Portland State University	Portland, OR	52.37%
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	49.79%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	47.92%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	46.47%
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	42.48%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	40.67%
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	36.69%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	30.73%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	30.72%
	Mean	43.35%
	Median	46.47%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
University of Missouri-St. Louis	St. Louis, MO	53.58%
Portland State University	Portland, OR	52.35%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	47.69%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	46.47%
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	46.43%
Middle Tennessee University	Murfreesboro, TN	40.83%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	38.79%
University of Arkansas-Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	37.07%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	30.13%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	29.93%
	Mean	42.72%
	Median	46.43%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	54.20%
Portland State University	Portland, OR	54.10%
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	48.60%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	47.50%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	45.80%
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	39.50%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	39.00%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	34.80%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Rapids, IA	30.80%
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	Not provided
	Mean	44.40%
	Median	46.70%

University of Nebraska at Omaha Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	54.40%
Portland State University	Portland, OR	54.10%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	47.70%
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	47.10%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	45.60%
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	39.60%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	37.50%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	36.20%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Rapids, IA	30.80%
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	Not provided
	Mean	44.40%
	Median	46.40%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Portland State University	Portland, OR	56.80%
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	53.90%
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	46.60%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	46.40%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	45.00%
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	38.80%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	37.40%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	36.90%
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	35.80%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	29.70%
	Mean	43.30%
	Median	45.00%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Portland State University	Portland, OR	53.70%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	49.20%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	44.80%
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	38.80%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	37.30%
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	32.60%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	31.80%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	30.60%
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	Not provided
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	Not provided
	Mean	40.20%
	Median	36.40%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Portland State University	Portland, OR	49.30%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	48.80%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	45.10%
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	42.70%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	38.40%
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	33.10%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	32.20%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	30.80%
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	Not provided
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	Not provided
	Mean	40.30%
	Median	36.80%

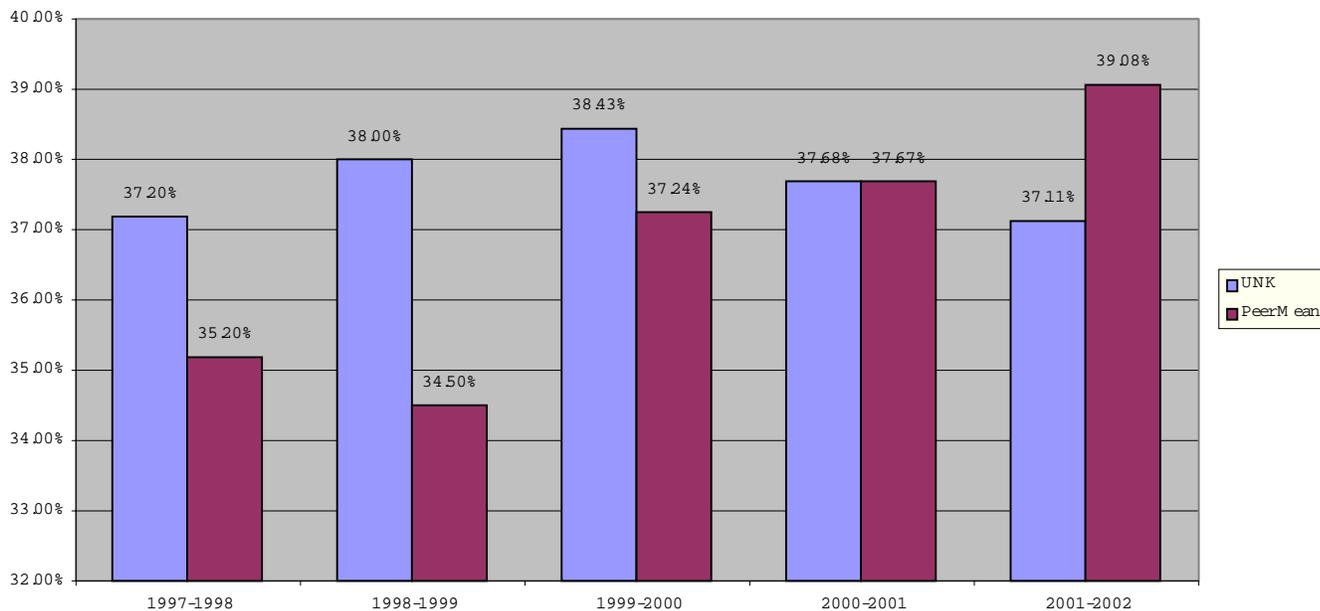
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	49.20%
Portland State University	Portland, OR	47.20%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	46.20%
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	41.20%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	38.20%
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	34.00%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	30.60%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	29.90%
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	Not provided
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	Not provided
	Mean	39.80%
	Median	36.50%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Youngstown State University	Youngstown, OH	48.50%
Cleveland State University	Cleveland, OH	47.50%
Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti, MI	44.40%
Portland State University	Portland, OR	43.30%
University of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	40.90%
University of Arkansas	Little Rock, AR	38.00%
Middle Tennessee State University	Murfreesboro, TN	34.80%
University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha, NE	34.40%
University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls, IA	29.90%
Wichita State University	Wichita, KS	28.20%
	Mean	39.50%
	Median	32.20%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for the University of Nebraska at Omaha and non-responding institutions.

University of Nebraska at Kearney Student Payment Share

**University of Nebraska at Kearney Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	55.82%
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	49.60%
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	46.22%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	38.87%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	38.53%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	37.91%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	37.11%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	32.94%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	31.89%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	19.91%
	Mean	39.08%
	Median	38.53%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	53.16%
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	47.21%
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	45.74%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	37.68%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	37.45%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	35.84%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	35.65%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	32.69%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	32.34%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	18.97%
	Mean	37.67%
	Median	35.84%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	51.85%
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	49.29%
University of Wisconsin-Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	45.17%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	38.43%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	36.82%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	35.19%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	34.55%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	32.03%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	31.17%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	19.08%
	Mean	37.24%
	Median	35.19%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	51.50%
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	48.20%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	38.00%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	37.40%
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	35.10%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	33.10%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	31.20%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	29.50%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	25.60%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	18.70%
	Mean	34.50%
	Median	33.10%

University of Nebraska at Kearney Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	52.30%
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	47.80%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	37.80%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	37.20%
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	36.00%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	34.00%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	33.00%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	29.50%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	25.90%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	20.10%
	Mean	35.20%
	Median	34.00%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	51.10%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	36.40%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	36.10%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	35.70%
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	34.50%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	34.30%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	33.90%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	29.40%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	26.10%
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	Not provided
	Mean	35.10%
	Median	34.40%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	49.00%
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	43.70%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	40.40%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	37.00%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	35.60%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	35.40%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	31.30%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	31.00%
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	27.80%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	21.00%
	Mean	35.00%
	Median	35.40%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	49.00%
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	43.40%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	39.80%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	36.90%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	36.70%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	36.40%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	31.70%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	30.10%
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	27.60%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	20.10%
	Mean	35.00%
	Median	36.40%

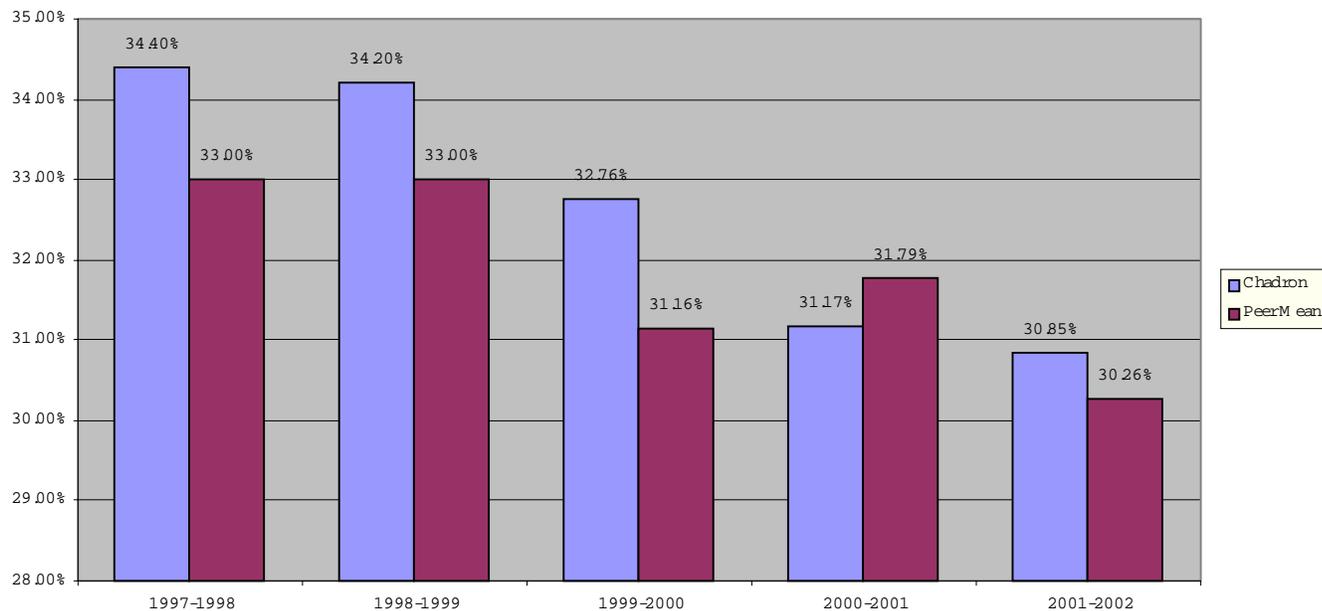
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	49.60%
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	44.70%
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	40.50%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	37.40%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	37.10%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	37.10%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	32.90%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	31.80%
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	27.30%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	19.60%
	Mean	35.70%
	Median	37.10%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Moorhead State University	Moorhead, MN	42.00%
University of Wisconsin - Whitewater	Whitewater, WI	42.00%
Southeast Missouri State University	Cape Girardeau, MO	37.90%
Central Missouri State University	Warrensburg, MO	37.80%
University of Nebraska at Kearney	Kearney, NE	35.10%
Pittsburg State University	Pittsburg, KS	29.30%
University of Wisconsin - La Crosse	La Crosse, WI	27.20%
Western Illinois University	Macomb, IL	25.80%
Western Carolina University	Cullowhee, NC	19.90%
Bloomsburg University of PA	Bloomsburg, PA	Not provided
	Mean	32.70%
	Median	33.40%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for the University of Nebraska at Kearney and non-responding institutions.

Chadron State College Student Payment Share

**Chadron State College Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	47.90%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	40.62%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	39.26%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	38.92%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	31.60%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	30.85%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	22.24%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	21.56%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	Not provided
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	Not provided
	Mean	30.26%
	Median	35.26%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	47.38%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	45.37%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	42.07%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	38.82%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	38.20%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	31.17%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	30.58%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	22.34%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	21.32%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	Not provided
	Mean	31.79%
	Median	38.20%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	45.80%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	44.66%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	44.06%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	37.13%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	35.11%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	32.76%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	30.31%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	22.38%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	20.96%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	Not provided
	Mean	31.16%
	Median	35.11%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	51.20%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	47.10%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	42.70%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	35.80%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	34.20%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	30.80%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	28.60%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	26.50%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	20.60%
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	13.90%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
	Mean	33.00%
	Median	30.80%

Chadron State College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	51.40%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	49.30%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	40.30%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	34.70%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	34.40%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	31.40%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	28.60%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	26.80%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	21.40%
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	13.40%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
	Mean	33.00%
	Median	31.40%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	53.40%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	40.70%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	34.60%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	31.50%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	29.40%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	29.00%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	19.90%
University of North Carolina-	Pembroke, NC	17.80%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	Not provided
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
	Mean	31.70%
	Median	29.40%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	50.10%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	49.80%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	32.50%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	32.30%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	32.00%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	28.60%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	28.10%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	27.80%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	23.90%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	22.30%
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	Not provided
	Mean	32.80%
	Median	35.90%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	49.60%
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	43.30%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	32.20%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	30.80%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	28.60%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	28.30%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	28.10%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	28.00%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	23.10%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	22.10%
University of North Carolina-	Pembroke, NC	12.30%
	Mean	29.60%
	Median	37.60%

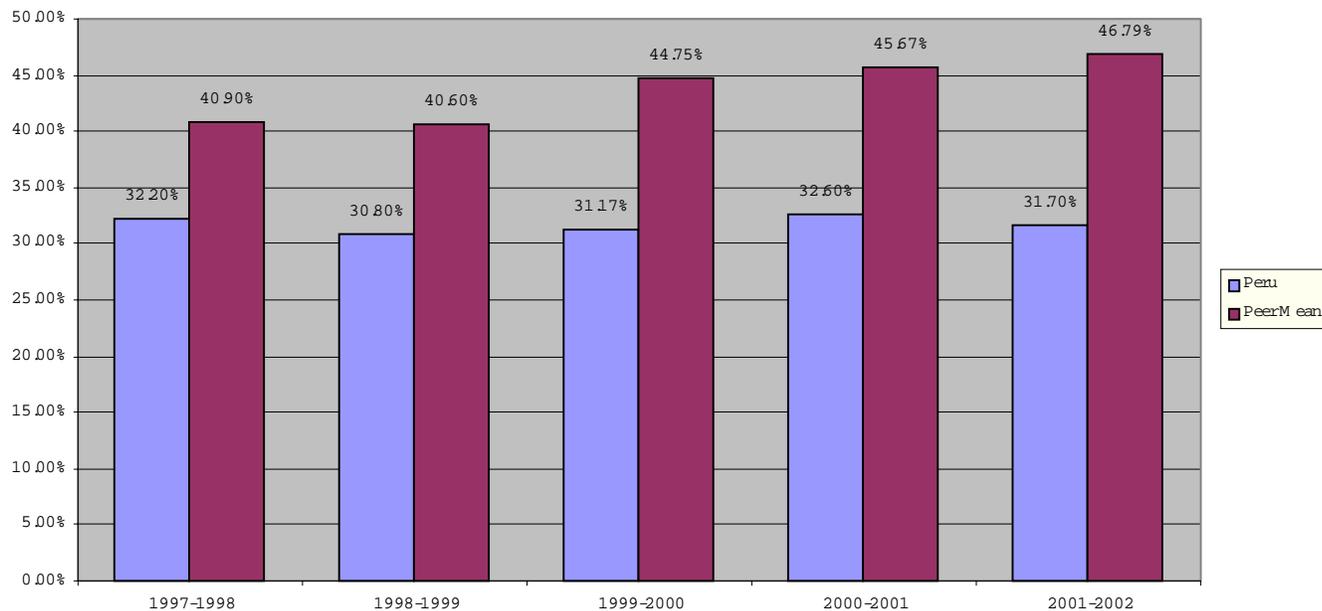
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	50.90%
Adams State College	Alamosa, CO	34.10%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	32.40%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	30.00%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	29.20%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	27.80%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	27.60%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	24.80%
Eastern Oregon State College	La Grande, OR	22.10%
University of North Carolina-Pembroke	Pembroke, NC	13.50%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
	Mean	29.20%
	Median	27.80%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	45.10%
North Georgia College	Dahlonega, GA	34.70%
Adams State College	Alamosa, CO	33.60%
Southeastern Oklahoma State	Durant, OK	29.60%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	29.60%
Chadron State College	Chadron, NE	28.80%
Northwestern Oklahoma State	Alva, OK	26.50%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	24.90%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	23.40%
Eastern Oregon State College	La Grande, OR	22.10%
University of North Carolina-	Pembroke, NC	13.50%
	Mean	28.30%
	Median	28.00%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Chadron State College and non-responding institutions.

Peru State College Student Payment Share

**Peru State College Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	61.73%
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	58.93%
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	49.36%
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	46.94%
Concord College	Athens, WV	44.68%
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	42.33%
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	41.84%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	40.62%
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	34.68%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	31.70%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	46.79%
	Median	44.68%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	61.56%
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	58.86%
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	47.73%
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	47.01%
Concord College	Athens, WV	45.37%
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	41.28%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	38.82%
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	37.72%
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	32.64%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	32.60%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	45.67%
	Median	45.37%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	59.25%
Western State College of Colorado	Gunnison, CO	58.51%
University of South Carolina-Aiken	Aiken, SC	47.37%
Concord College	Athens, WV	46.04%
Indiana University-East	Richmond, IN	40.44%
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	39.97%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	37.13%
University of Arkansas-Monticello	Monticello, AR	33.07%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	31.17%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
	Mean	44.75%
	Median	40.98%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	58.90%
University of South Carolina	Aiken, SC	50.00%
Concord College	Athens, WV	47.70%
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	41.30%
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	38.90%
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	38.00%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	35.80%
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	35.60%
University of Arkansas	Monticello, AR	33.60%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	30.80%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	26.50%
	Mean	40.60%
	Median	38.50%

Peru State College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	60.40%
University of South Carolina	Aiken, SC	49.10%
Concord College	Athens, WV	48.30%
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	41.50%
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	39.40%
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	38.70%
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	36.80%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	34.70%
University of Arkansas	Monticello, AR	33.00%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	32.20%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	26.80%
	Mean	40.90%
	Median	39.10%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	55.10%
University of South Carolina at Aiken	Aiken, SC	45.30%
Concord College	Athens, WV	42.30%
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	41.60%
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	35.30%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	31.50%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	30.20%
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	6.80%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	Not provided
University of Arkansas	Monticello, Ar	Not provided
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	Not provided
	Mean	36.80%
	Median	41.60%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	54.90%
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	51.10%
University of South Carolina at Aiken	Aiken, SC	51.00%
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	39.00%
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	35.90%
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	35.90%
Concord College	Athens, WV	35.10%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	32.50%
University of Arkansas	Monticello, AR	32.50%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	28.00%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	27.80%
	Mean	39.60%
	Median	35.90%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	52.60%
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	52.20%
University of South Carolina at Aiken	Aiken, SC	50.40%
University of Arkansas	Monticello, AR	46.00%
Indiana University - East	Richmond, IN	39.50%
Concord College	Athens, WV	35.20%
Dickinson State University	Dickinson, ND	34.30%
Dakota State University	Madison, SD	33.70%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	28.40%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	28.10%
Southwest State University	Marshall, MN	28.00%
	Mean	40.00%
	Median	37.40%

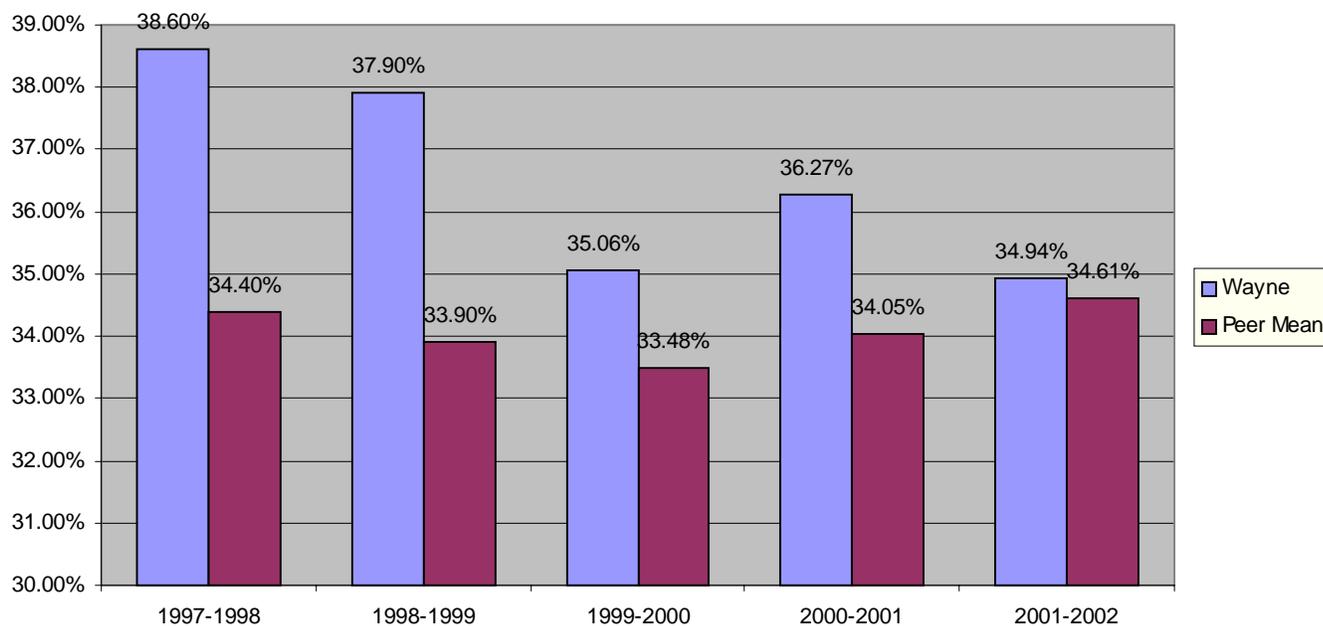
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	46.20%
Concord College	Athens, WV	35.40%
Mayville State University	Mayville, ND	31.10%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	28.00%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	27.80%
Clinch Valley College	Wise, VA	24.50%
Eastern Oregon State College	La Grande, OR	22.10%
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	Goodwell, OK	Not provided
Livingston University	Livingston, AL	Not provided
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
Valley City State University	Valley City, ND	Not provided
	Mean	31.20%
	Median	29.40%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Concord College	Athens, WV	34.70%
Livingston University	Livingston, AL	31.10%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	29.60%
Black Hills State University	Spearfish, SD	28.50%
Mayville State University	Mayville, ND	28.40%
Valley City State University	Valley City, ND	28.00%
Northwestern Oklahoma State Univ.	Alva, OK	26.50%
Peru State College	Peru, NE	26.40%
Clinch Valley College	Wise, VA	22.20%
Eastern Oregon State College	La Grande, OR	22.10%
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	Goodwell, OK	18.10%
	Mean	26.90%
	Median	28.20%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Peru State College and non-responding institutions.

Wayne State College Student Payment Share

**Wayne State College Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	47.90%
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	45.33%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	39.26%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	38.92%
Minot State University	Minot, ND	35.08%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	34.94%
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	33.07%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	28.09%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	22.24%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	21.56%
	Mean	34.61%
	Median	35.08%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	47.38%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	45.37%
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	41.57%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	38.20%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	36.27%
Minot State University	Minot, ND	32.92%
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	32.84%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	24.53%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	22.34%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	21.32%
	Mean	34.05%
	Median	32.92%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	45.80%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	44.66%
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	39.48%
Minot State University	Minot, ND	35.34%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	35.11%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	35.06%
Georgia Southwestern University	Americas, GA	32.42%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	25.15%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	22.38%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	20.96%
	Mean	33.48%
	Median	35.11%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	51.20%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	42.70%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	37.90%
Minot State University	Minot, ND	36.40%
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	35.30%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	32.30%
Georgia Southwestern State University	Americas, GA	31.20%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	28.60%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	26.40%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	20.60%
	Mean	33.90%
	Median	32.30%

Wayne State College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Southern Oregon University	Ashland, OR	51.40%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	40.30%
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	39.70%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	38.60%
Minot State University	Minot, ND	37.30%
Georgia Southwestern State University	Americas, GA	32.60%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	32.00%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	28.60%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	26.70%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	21.40%
	Mean	34.40%
	Median	32.60%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	53.40%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, DS	40.70%
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	38.80%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	36.70%
Georgia Southwestern State University	Americas, GA	32.60%
Minot State University	Minot, ND	29.10%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	29.00%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	19.90%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	Not provided
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
	Mean	34.80%
	Median	32.60%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	50.10%
Minot State University	Minot, ND	41.10%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	40.30%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	35.70%
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	35.30%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	32.30%
Georgia Southwestern State University	Americas, GA	28.70%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	28.00%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	23.90%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	22.30%
	Mean	33.60%
	Median	32.30%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Minot State University	Minot, ND	44.30%
Southern Oregon State College	Ashland, OR	43.30%
Northern State University	Aberdeen, SD	38.70%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	36.90%
Bemidji State University	Bemidji, MN	33.80%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	32.20%
Georgia Southwestern State University	Americas, GA	29.50%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	27.10%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	23.10%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	22.10%
	Mean	32.70%
	Median	32.20%

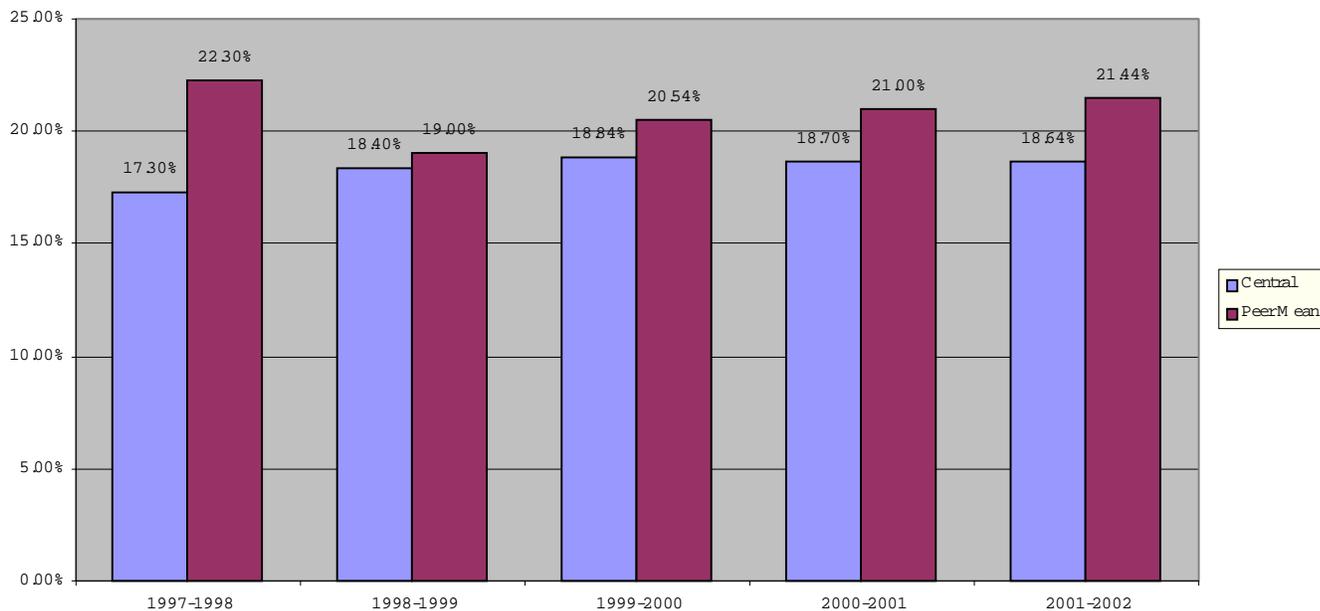
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Plymouth State College	Plymouth, MN	70.70%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	50.90%
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	49.80%
Mansfield University of Pennsylvania	Mansfield, PA	45.10%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	36.30%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	27.60%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	25.20%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	24.80%
University of North Carolina	Pembroke, NC	13.50%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	Not provided
Southern Utah University	Cedar City, UT	Not provided
	Mean	38.50%
	Median	36.40%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Plymouth State College	Plymouth, MN	71.10%
Western State College	Gunnison, CO	49.70%
Lander University	Greenwood, SC	45.10%
Mansfield University of Pennsylvania	Mansfield, PA	43.90%
Wayne State College	Wayne, NE	35.80%
Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ.	Durant, OK	29.60%
Southern Arkansas University	Magnolia, AR	29.60%
Fort Hays State University	Hays, KS	23.60%
Eastern New Mexico University	Portales, NM	23.40%
University of North Carolina	Pembroke, NC	13.50%
Southern Utah University	Cedar City, UT	Not provided
	Mean	36.60%
	Median	29.60%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Wayne State College and non-responding institutions.

Central Community College Student Payment Share

**Central Community College Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	39.96%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.58%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	25.77%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	21.45%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	18.95%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.64%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	18.29%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	17.57%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
	Mean	21.44%
	Median	20.20%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.55%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.26%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	24.28%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	21.68%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	20.22%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.70%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	17.19%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	16.38%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
	Mean	21.00%
	Median	20.95%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.58%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	25.91%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.86%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	21.35%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	17.83%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	17.48%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	16.83%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
	Mean	20.54%
	Median	19.59%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	25.20%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	22.30%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	21.30%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	19.50%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.40%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	15.70%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	14.60%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	14.50%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
	Mean	19.00%
	Median	19.50%

Central Community College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	40.90%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	36.70%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.60%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.30%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	19.40%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	17.30%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	16.20%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	16.00%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	15.20%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	14.70%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	13.60%
	Mean	22.30%
	Median	17.80%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	44.10%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.70%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	24.40%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	24.20%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	19.40%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	16.50%
Fox Valley Community College	Appleton, WI	15.90%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	15.50%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.20%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	12.00%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	Not provided
	Mean	22.80%
	Median	19.40%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	37.30%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	33.80%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	23.50%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.40%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	19.50%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	16.90%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	16.20%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.80%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.40%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	15.20%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
	Mean	22.40%
	Median	19.50%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	37.00%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	33.60%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	22.50%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	22.20%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	19.20%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	17.30%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	16.10%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.90%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.70%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	14.90%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
	Mean	22.10%
	Median	19.20%

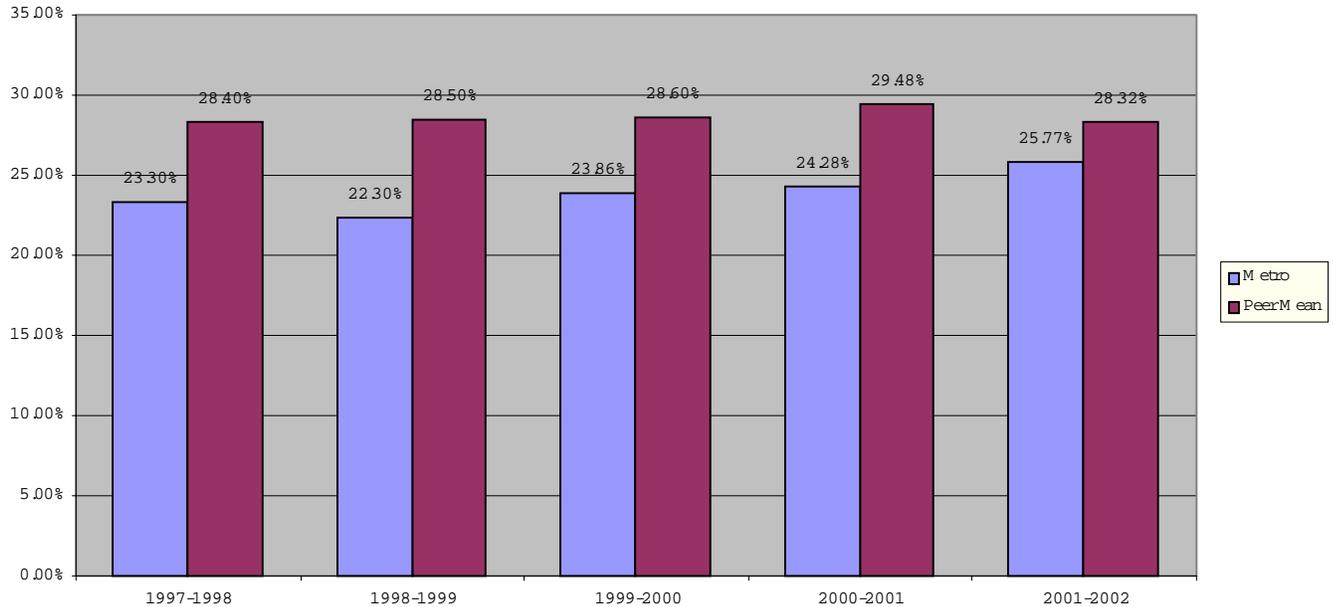
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	37.70%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.20%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	21.30%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	20.30%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	18.30%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	18.00%
Laramie County Community	Cheyenne, WY	17.60%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.10%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	14.60%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	Not provided
	Mean	22.80%
	Median	19.30%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	36.10%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	35.40%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	21.20%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	20.70%
Northcentral Technical College	Wausau, WI	19.60%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	17.00%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	16.70%
Moraine Park Technical College	Fond Du Lac, WI	16.40%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	16.20%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.40%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.30%
	Mean	21.50%
	Median	18.30%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Central Community College and non-responding institutions.

Metropolitan Community College Student Payment Share

**Metro Community College Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	42.02%
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	39.96%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.58%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	25.77%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	23.63%
Casper College	Casper, WY	19.07%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.64%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	Not provided
	Mean	28.32%
	Median	25.11%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	43.12%
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	42.44%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	31.41%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.26%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	24.28%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	23.42%
Casper College	Casper, WY	21.01%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.70%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	Not provided
	Mean	29.48%
	Median	26.26%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	43.49%
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	38.99%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	28.69%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	25.91%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.86%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	22.90%
Casper College	Casper, WY	21.38%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.84%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	Not provided
	Mean	28.60%
	Median	25.91%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	48.60%
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	38.90%
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	31.90%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	28.00%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	25.20%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	23.20%
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	22.40%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	22.30%
Casper College	Casper, WY	20.30%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.40%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided
	Mean	28.50%
	Median	25.20%

Metropolitan Community College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	48.90%
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	40.50%
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	35.10%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.60%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	25.20%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	23.90%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	23.40%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.30%
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	23.10%
Casper College	Casper, WY	19.80%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	17.30%
	Mean	28.40%
	Median	24.60%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	48.00%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	46.30%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	24.40%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	24.20%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	23.40%
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	22.80%
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	21.80%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	19.50%
Casper College	Casper, WY	18.80%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	16.50%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	Not provided
	Mean	26.80%
	Median	22.80%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	35.70%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	33.30%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	24.60%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	23.50%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.40%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	23.20%
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	19.80%
Casper College	Casper, WY	17.00%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.80%
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
	Mean	24.10%
	Median	23.40%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	46.60%
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	35.00%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	30.40%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	24.50%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	24.30%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	22.50%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	22.20%
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	17.20%
Casper College	Casper, WY	16.10%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.70%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
	Mean	25.80%
	Median	24.30%

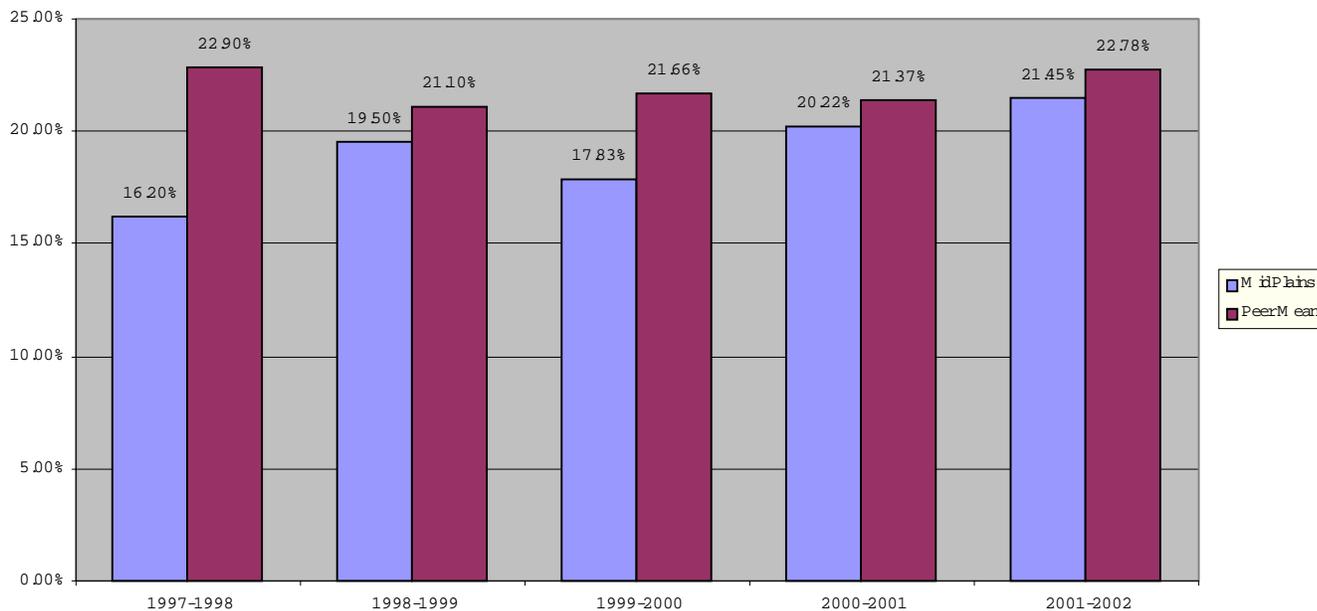
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	45.90%
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	35.50%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	29.40%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	27.30%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	24.30%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	21.30%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	20.30%
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	17.40%
Casper College	Casper, WY	16.30%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	14.60%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
	Mean	25.70%
	Median	24.30%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Central Texas College	Killeen, TX	53.40%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	41.70%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	27.30%
Linn-Benton Community College	Linn-Benton, OR	25.60%
Seminole Community College	Sanford, FL	24.70%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	21.20%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	20.70%
San Jacinto College	Pasadena, TX	20.60%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.30%
Casper College	Casper, WY	15.00%
Delgado Community College	Delgado, LA	Not provided
	Mean	27.10%
	Median	24.70%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Metro Community College and non-responding institutions.

Mid-Plains Community College Student Payment Share

**Mid-Plains Community College Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	39.96%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	31.15%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	29.77%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	22.68%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	21.45%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	17.41%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	16.11%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	14.60%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	10.53%
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided
	Mean	22.78%
	Median	20.05%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.55%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	32.28%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	28.10%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.75%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	20.22%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	16.64%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	15.35%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	13.36%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	8.90%
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided
	Mean	21.37%
	Median	19.19%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.58%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	31.97%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	26.93%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.83%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	17.83%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	17.70%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	16.53%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.00%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	9.78%
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided
	Mean	21.66%
	Median	19.76%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	35.20%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	27.10%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.90%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	19.50%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	18.90%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	18.80%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.50%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	11.00%
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
	Mean	21.10%
	Median	18.90%

Mid-Plains Community College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	36.70%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	33.00%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	28.40%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.90%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, TX	21.80%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	18.40%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	16.20%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	15.50%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	7.80%
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	Not provided
	Mean	22.90%
	Median	21.90%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	44.10%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.70%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	34.50%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	33.60%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	20.40%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	17.40%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.20%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.10%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	6.30%
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	Not provided
	Mean	25.60%
	Median	27.00%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	37.30%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	33.80%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	28.90%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	27.10%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	23.50%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.30%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	17.40%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	15.50%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.40%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	10.20%
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	n/a
	Mean	23.90%
	Median	23.50%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	37.00%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	33.60%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	29.10%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	24.90%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	21.90%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	20.90%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	18.10%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.90%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.40%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	11.20%
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided
	Mean	23.50%
	Median	21.90%

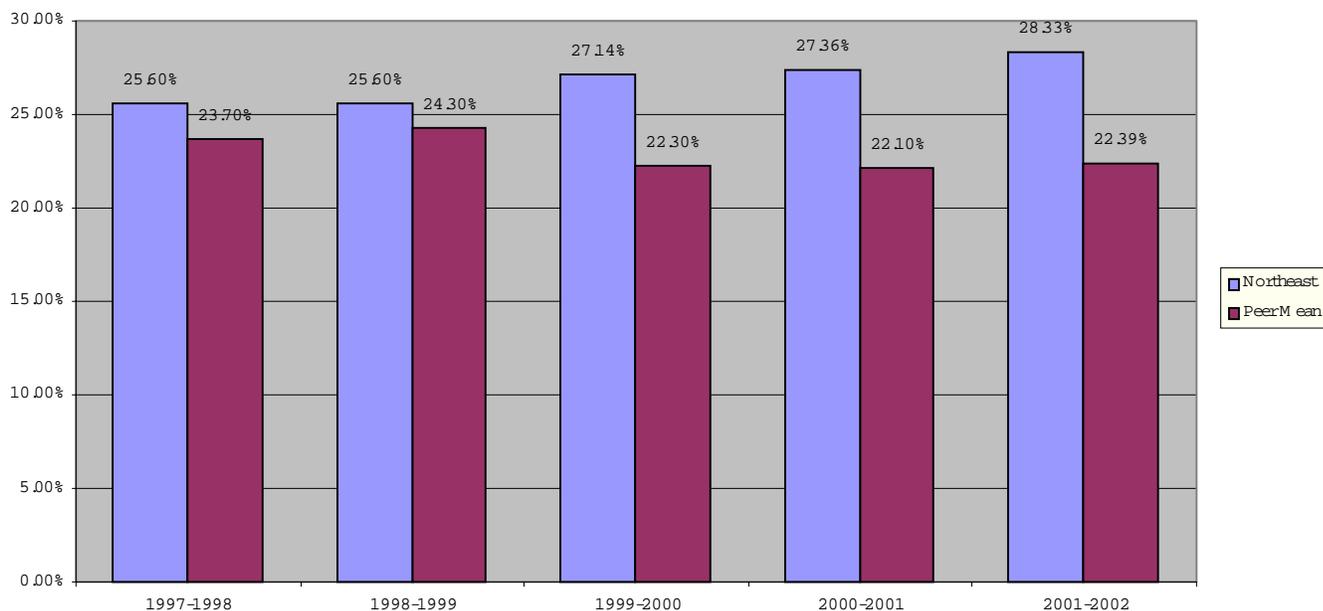
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	37.70%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.20%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	30.50%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	26.90%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	22.20%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	18.50%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	18.30%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.10%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.30%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	10.90%
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	Not provided
	Mean	23.70%
	Median	22.20%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Southeastern Community College	West Burlington, IA	36.10%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	35.40%
Carl Sandburg College	Galesburg, IL	33.20%
Sauk Valley Community College	Dixon, IL	32.20%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	25.10%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	20.40%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	17.50%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.40%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	15.00%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	13.90%
College of Southern Idaho	Twin Falls, ID	Not provided
	Mean	25.40%
	Median	25.10%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Mid-Plains Community College and non-responding institutions.

Northeast Community College Student Payment Share

**Northeast Community College Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	39.40%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	31.15%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	28.33%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	22.68%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	21.45%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	18.95%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	18.55%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	14.60%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	12.31%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	Not provided
	Mean	22.39%
	Median	20.20%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	36.18%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	32.28%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	27.36%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.75%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	21.68%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	20.22%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	16.89%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	15.35%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	12.40%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	Not provided
	Mean	22.10%
	Median	20.95%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	37.46%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	31.97%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	27.14%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.83%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	21.35%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	18.62%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	17.83%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	16.53%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Thatcher, AZ	12.81%
	Rangely, CO	Not provided
	Mean	22.30%
	Median	19.99%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	38.50%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	35.20%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	25.60%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	23.40%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.90%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	21.30%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	19.50%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	18.80%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	15.50%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	Not provided
	Mean	24.30%
	Median	21.60%

Northeast Community College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	38.30%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	33.00%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	25.60%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	23.90%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.90%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	21.80%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	19.40%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	16.20%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	14.70%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	Not provided
	Mean	23.70%
	Median	21.90%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	44.10%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	39.80%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	26.50%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	23.00%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	20.40%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	19.40%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	15.90%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.20%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	Not provided
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	Not provided
	Mean	24.50%
	Median	20.40%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	36.90%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	27.10%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	23.50%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	22.80%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	21.80%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	21.30%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	19.50%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.40%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	14.30%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	13.90%
	Mean	21.50%
	Median	21.30%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	34.70%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	24.90%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	24.20%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	21.90%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	21.40%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	20.90%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	19.20%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.90%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	14.80%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	13.10%
	Mean	21.10%
	Median	20.90%

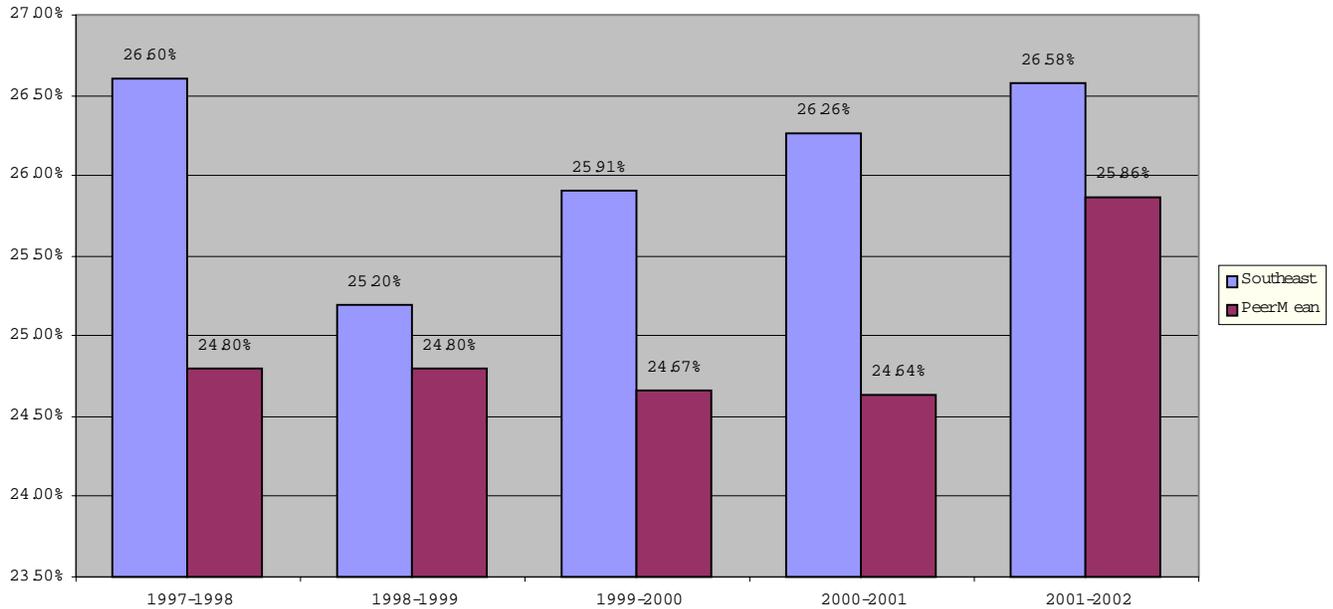
Institution	Location	1993-1994
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	32.10%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	26.90%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	23.10%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	22.20%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	20.70%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	18.50%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	17.60%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.10%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	14.10%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	13.80%
	Mean	20.40%
	Median	18.50%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	32.70%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	25.10%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	20.40%
Northeast Community College	Norfolk, NE	19.10%
North Idaho College	Coeur D'Alene, ID	17.50%
Laramie County Community College	Cheyenne, WY	16.70%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.40%
Eastern Arizona College	Thatcher, AZ	13.70%
Colorado Northwestern Comm. Coll.	Rangely, CO	12.50%
Southeastern Illinois College	Harrisburg, IL	Not provided
	Mean	19.30%
	Median	17.10%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Northeast Community College and non-responding institutions.

Southeast Community College Student Payment Share

**Southeast Community College Student Payment Share and Peer Group Mean Payment Share
1997-1998 to 2001-2002**



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	39.96%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.58%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	25.77%
Casper College	Casper, WY	19.07%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.64%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided
	Mean	25.86%
	Median	22.42%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.55%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.26%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	24.28%
Casper College	Casper, WY	21.01%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.70%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided
	Mean	24.64%
	Median	22.65%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.58%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	25.91%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.86%
Casper College	Casper, WY	21.38%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.84%
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided
	Mean	24.67%
	Median	22.62%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	48.60%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	25.20%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	22.30%
Casper College	Casper, WY	20.30%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	18.40%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	14.60%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	Not provided
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	Not provided
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
	Mean	24.80%
	Median	20.30%

Southeast Community College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	48.90%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	36.70%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	26.60%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	23.40%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.30%
Casper College	Casper, WY	19.80%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	17.30%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	15.20%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	13.60%
	Mean	24.80%
	Median	21.60%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	46.30%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.70%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	24.40%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	24.20%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	23.40%
Casper College	Casper, WY	18.80%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	16.50%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	15.90%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	12.00%
	Mean	24.00%
	Median	21.10%

Institution	Location	1995-1996
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	33.80%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	24.60%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	23.50%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	23.40%
Casper College	Casper, WY	17.00%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	16.20%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.80%
Trinity Valley Comm. College	Athens, TX	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
	Mean	21.80%
	Median	20.20%

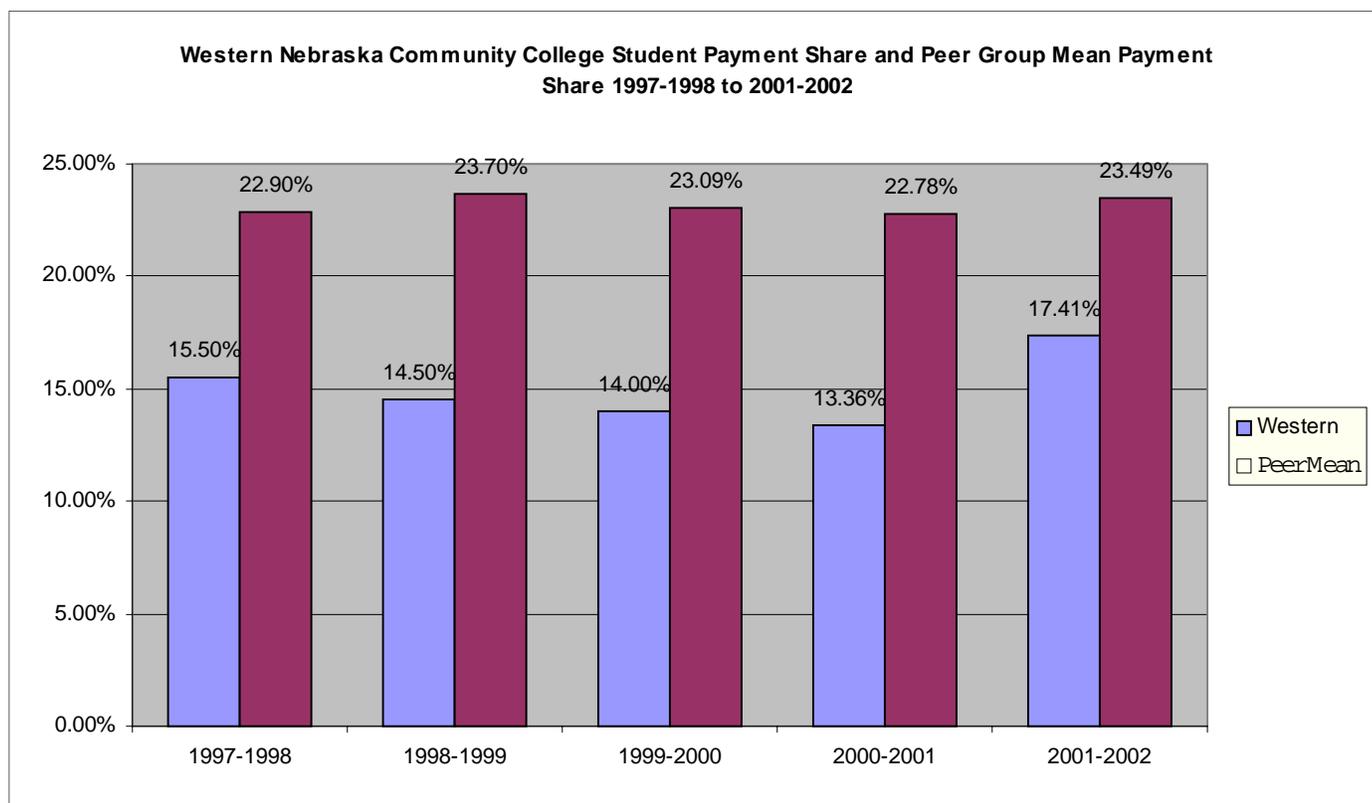
Institution	Location	1994-1995
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	33.60%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	24.50%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	22.50%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	22.20%
Casper College	Casper, WY	16.10%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	16.10%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.70%
Trinity Valley Comm. College	Athens, TX	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
	Mean	21.40%
	Median	19.30%

Institution	Location	1993-1994
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	34.20%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	27.30%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	21.30%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	20.30%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	18.30%
Casper College	Casper, WY	16.30%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	14.60%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	Not provided
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	Not provided
	Mean	22.00%
	Median	19.80%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Kirkwood Community College	Cedar Rapids, IA	41.70%
Indian Hills Community College	Ottumwa, IA	35.40%
Aims Community College	Greeley, CO	27.30%
Metropolitan Community College	Omaha, NE	21.20%
Southeast Community College	Lincoln, NE	20.70%
Fox Valley Technical College	Appleton, WI	17.00%
Trinity Valley Community College	Athens, TX	16.20%
Central Community College	Grand Island, NE	15.30%
Casper College	Casper, WY	15.00%
	Mean	23.60%
	Median	19.10%

Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Northeast Community College and non-responding institutions.

Western Nebraska Community College Student Payment Share



Institution	Location	2001-2002 (est.)
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	39.40%
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	31.20%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	31.15%
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	21.45%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	17.41%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	16.12%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	14.60%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	10.53%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	Not provided
	Mean	23.49%
	Median	21.45%

Institution	Location	2000-2001
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	36.18%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	32.28%
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	29.13%
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	20.22%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	17.39%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	15.35%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	13.36%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	8.90%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	Not provided
	Mean	22.78%
	Median	20.22%

Institution	Location	1999-2000
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	37.46%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	31.97%
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	30.76%
Mid-Plains Community College	Grand Island, NE	17.83%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	17.28%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	16.53%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.00%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	9.78%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	Not provided
	Mean	23.09%
	Median	17.83%

Institution	Location	1998-1999
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	38.50%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	35.20%
Coastal Bend College	Beeville, TX	23.80%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	22.50%
Sheridan College	Sheridan, WY	20.60%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	19.50%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	18.80%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.50%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	11.00%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided
	Mean	23.70%
	Median	21.60%

Western Nebraska Community College Student Payment Share

Institution	Location	1997-1998
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	38.30%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	33.00%
Coastal Bend College (Bee County)	Beeville, TX	24.50%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	21.80%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	21.10%
Sheridan College (Northern Wyoming)	Sheridan, WY	20.70%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	16.20%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	15.50%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	7.80%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided
	Mean	22.90%
	Median	21.50%

Institution	Location	1996-1997
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	39.80%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	34.50%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	20.50%
Northern Wyoming Comm. College	Sheridan, WY	18.90%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.20%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.10%
San Juan College	Centerville, MI	6.30%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	Not provided
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	Not provided
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	Not provided
	Mean	22.50%
	Median	19.70%

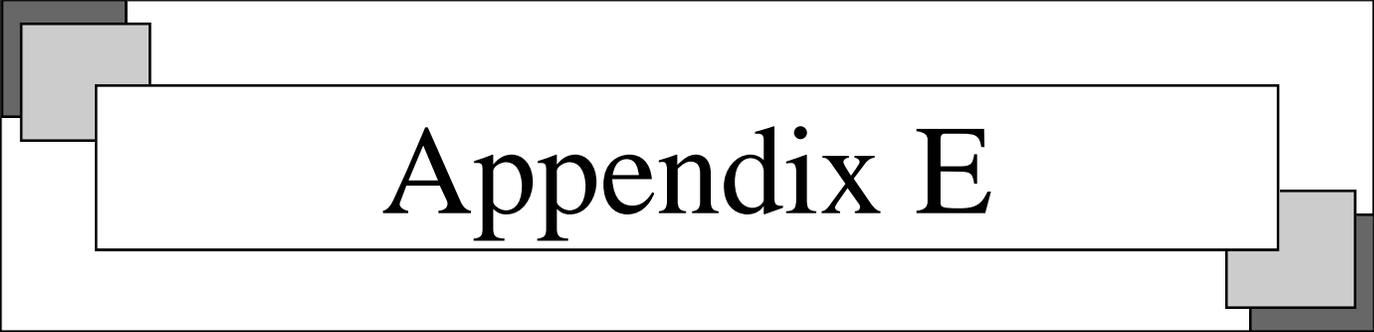
Institution	Location	1995-1996
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	36.90%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	27.10%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	23.50%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	21.60%
Northern Wyoming Comm. College	Sheridan, WY	18.20%
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	15.90%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	15.50%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.40%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	10.20%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	Not provided
	Mean	21.10%
	Median	19.90%

Institution	Location	1994-1995
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	34.70%
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	26.40%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	24.90%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	21.90%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	21.20%
Northern Wyoming Comm. College	Sheridan, WY	17.10%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.90%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.40%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	11.20%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	Not provided
	Mean	21.70%
	Median	21.60%

Institution	Location	1993-1994
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	32.10%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	26.90%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	22.20%
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	22.00%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	21.20%
Northern Wyoming Comm. College	Sheridan, WY	20.30%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.10%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	14.30%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	10.90%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	Not provided
	Mean	21.30%
	Median	21.60%

Institution	Location	1992-1993
Iowa Lakes Community College	Estherville, IA	32.70%
Paris Junior College	Paris, TX	25.10%
Glen Oaks Community College	Centerville, MI	24.60%
Bee County College	Beeville, TX	21.40%
Dodge City Community College	Dodge City, KS	20.40%
Northern Wyoming Comm. College	Sheridan, WY	19.50%
Northwest College	Powell, WY	15.70%
Mid-Plains Community College	North Platte, NE	15.40%
San Juan College	Farmington, NM	15.00%
Western Nebraska Comm. College	Scottsbluff, NE	13.90%
	Mean	21.10%
	Median	20.40%

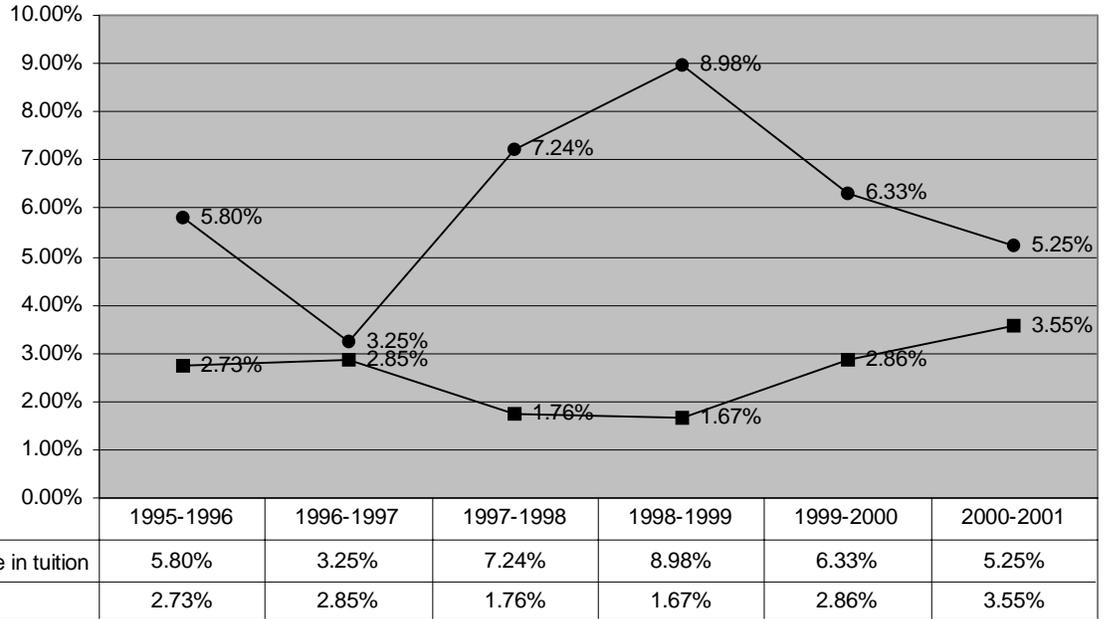
Data notes: Peer group mean and median are computed excluding data for Western Nebraska Community College and non-responding institutions.



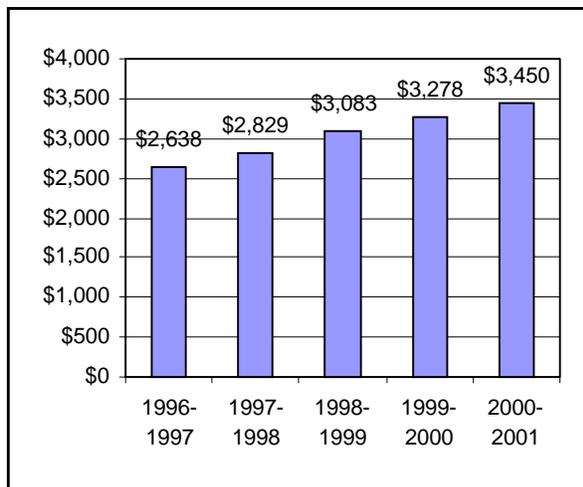
Appendix E

University of Nebraska-Lincoln Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

University of Nebraska-Lincoln Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation¹
1995-1996 to 2000-2001



What Were University of Nebraska-Lincoln Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



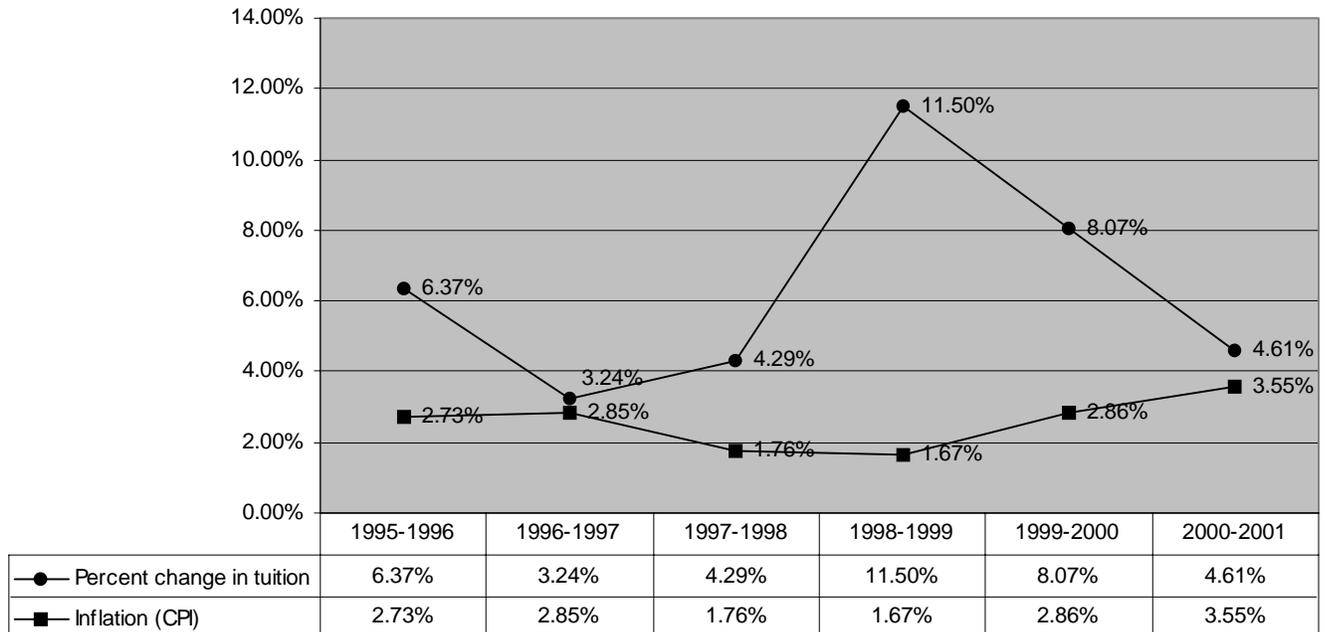
What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$32,816	8.04%
	2000	\$40,147	8.59%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,696	9.19%
	2000	\$34,675	9.95%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,926	14.72%
	2000	\$21,661	15.93%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$22,028	11.98%
	2000	\$25,199	13.69%

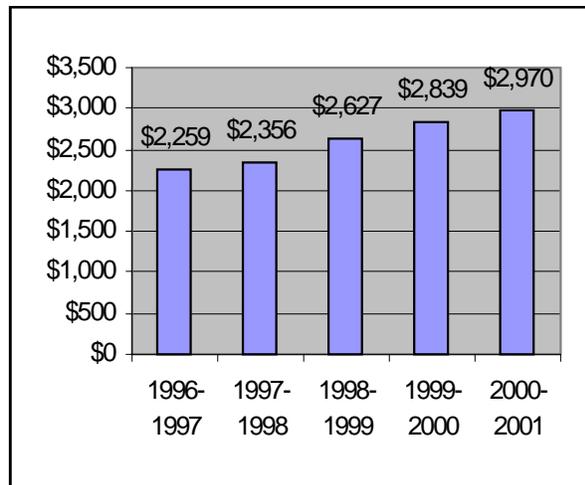
Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

University of Nebraska at Omaha Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

**University of Nebraska at Omaha Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation¹
1995-1996 to 2000-2001**



What Were University of Nebraska at Omaha Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



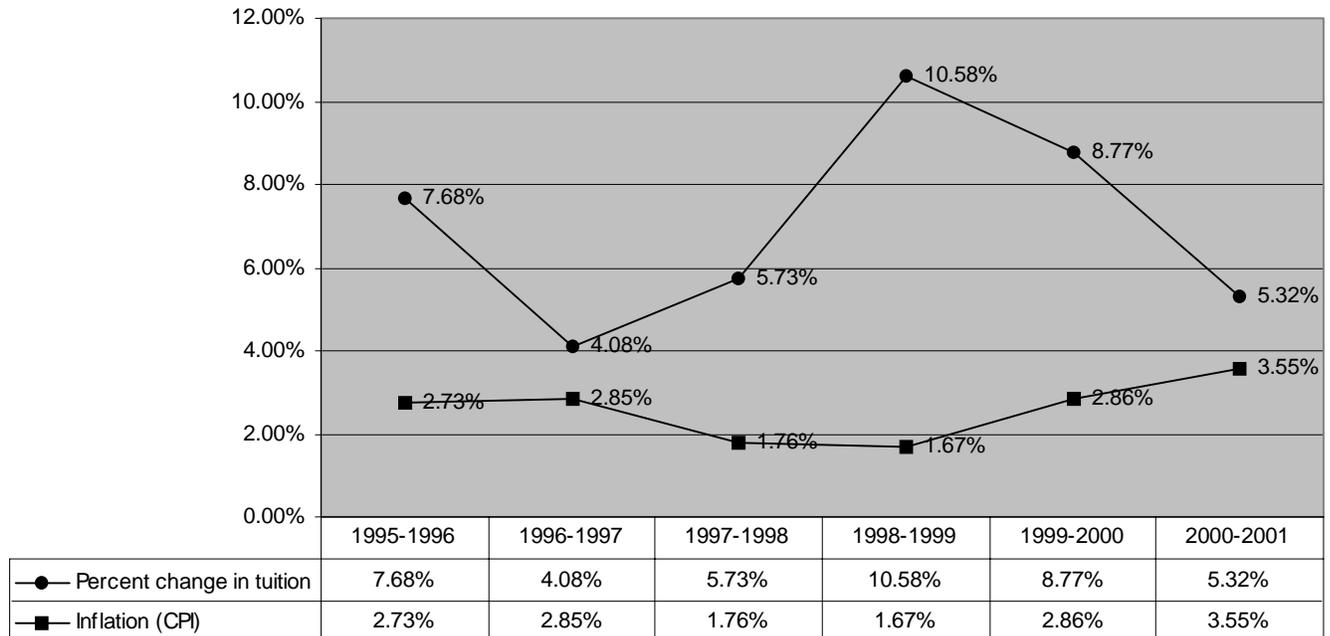
What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at the University of Nebraska at Omaha from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$44,125	5.12%
	2000	\$55,525	5.35%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$34,800	6.49%
	2000	\$42,238	7.03%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$21,763	10.38%
	2000	\$26,400	11.25%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$26,885	8.40%
	2000	\$32,698	9.08%

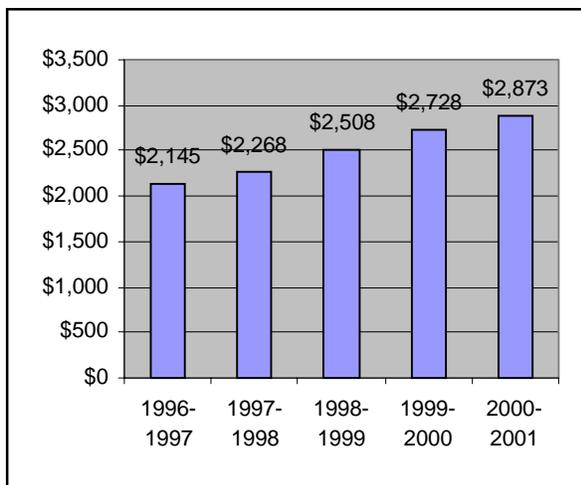
Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

University of Nebraska at Kearney Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

**University of Nebraska at Kearney Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation¹
1995-1996 to 2000-2001**



What Were University of Nebraska at Kearney Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



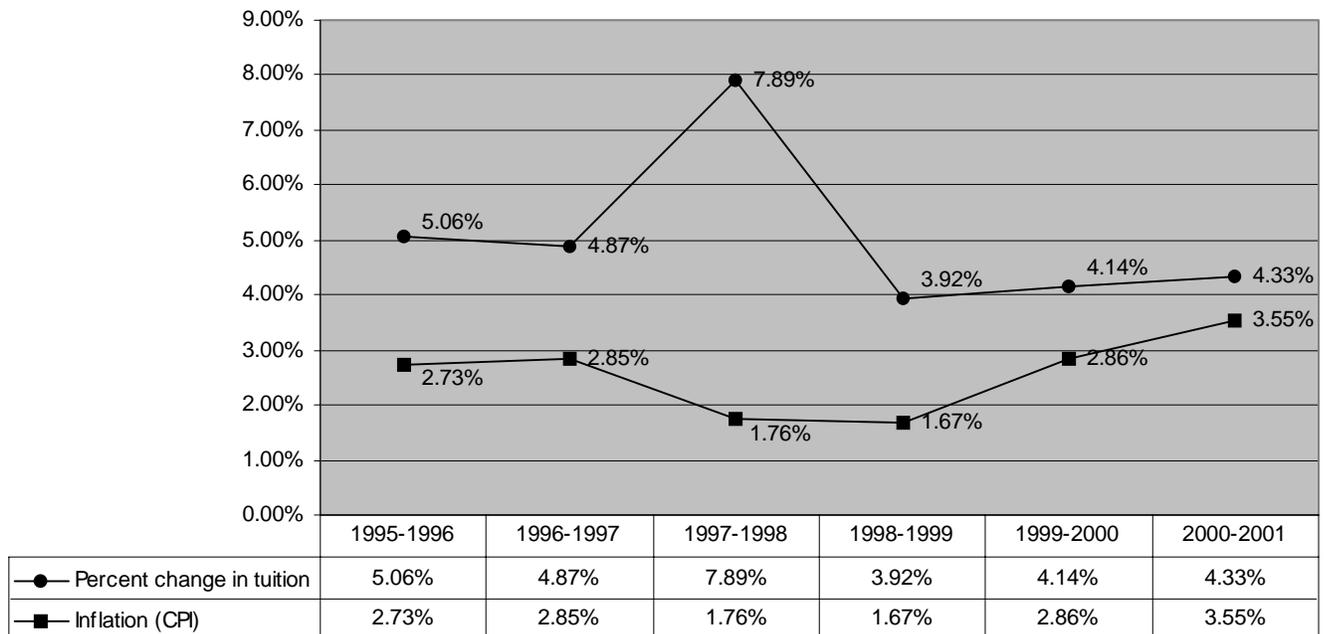
What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at the University of Nebraska at Kearney from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$33,874	6.33%
	2000	\$40,979	7.01%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,379	7.56%
	2000	\$34,276	8.38%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,728	12.10%
	2000	\$21,410	13.42%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$21,481	9.99%
	2000	\$23,747	12.10%

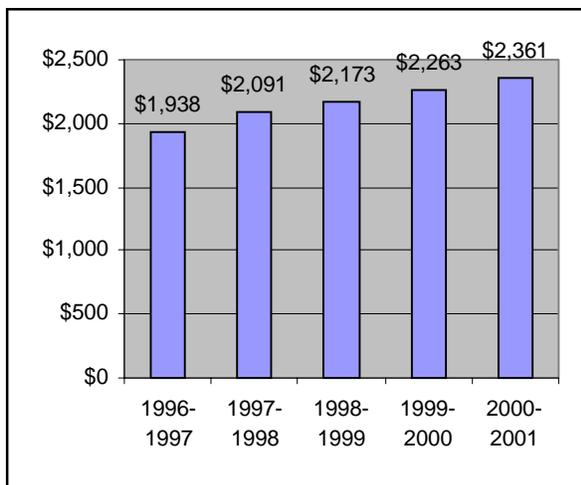
Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

Chadron State College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

**Chadron State College Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation¹
1996-1996 to 2000-2001**



What Were Chadron State College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?

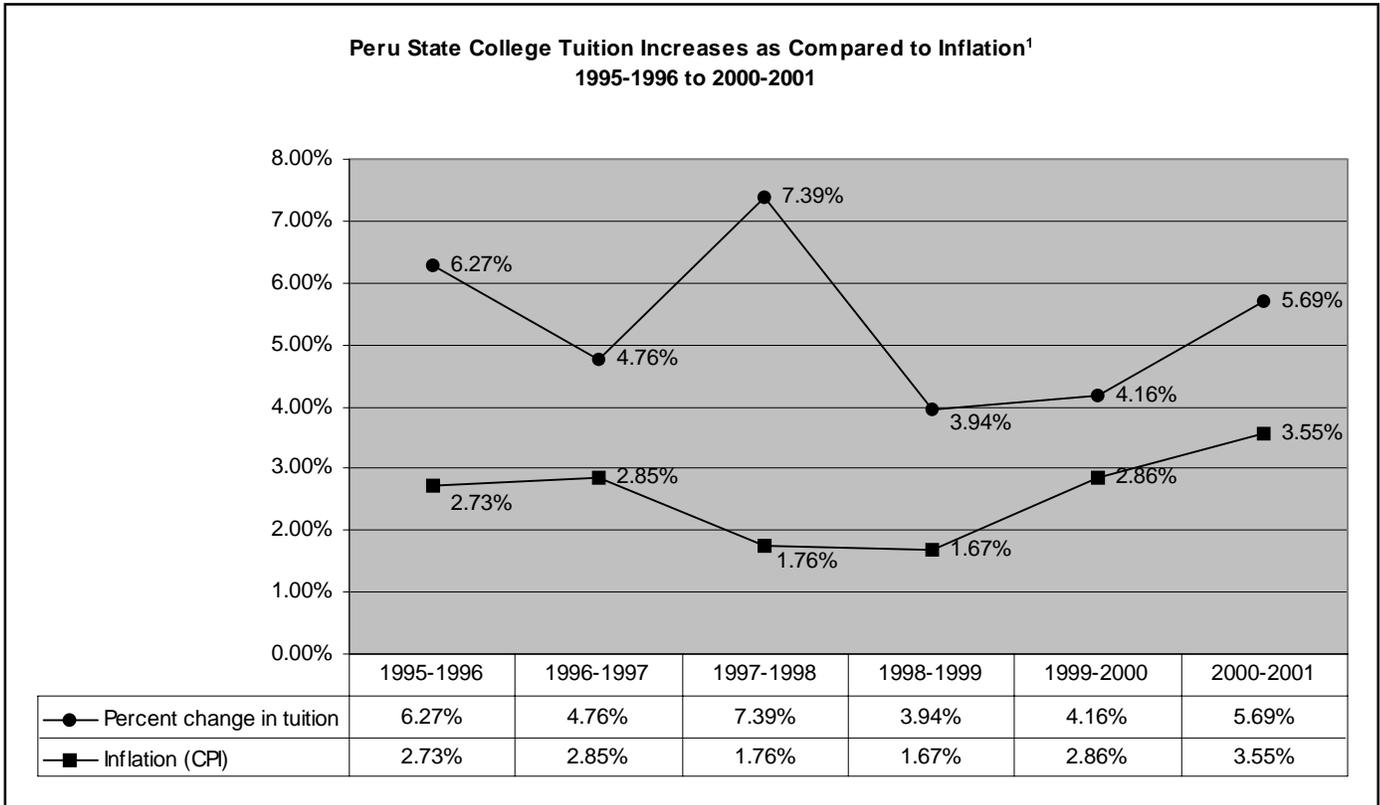


What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Chadron State College from 1996-2000?²

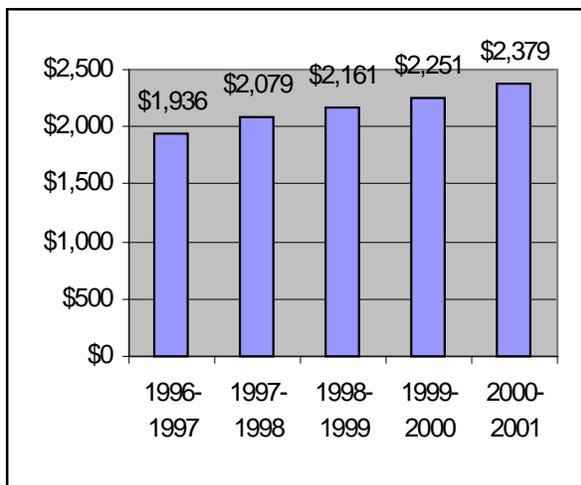
		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$31,217	6.21%
	2000	\$37,527	6.29%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,115	6.89%
	2000	\$34,100	6.92%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,560	11.04%
	2000	\$21,300	11.08%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$19,420	9.98%
	2000	\$22,731	10.39%

Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

Peru State College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income



What Were Peru State College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



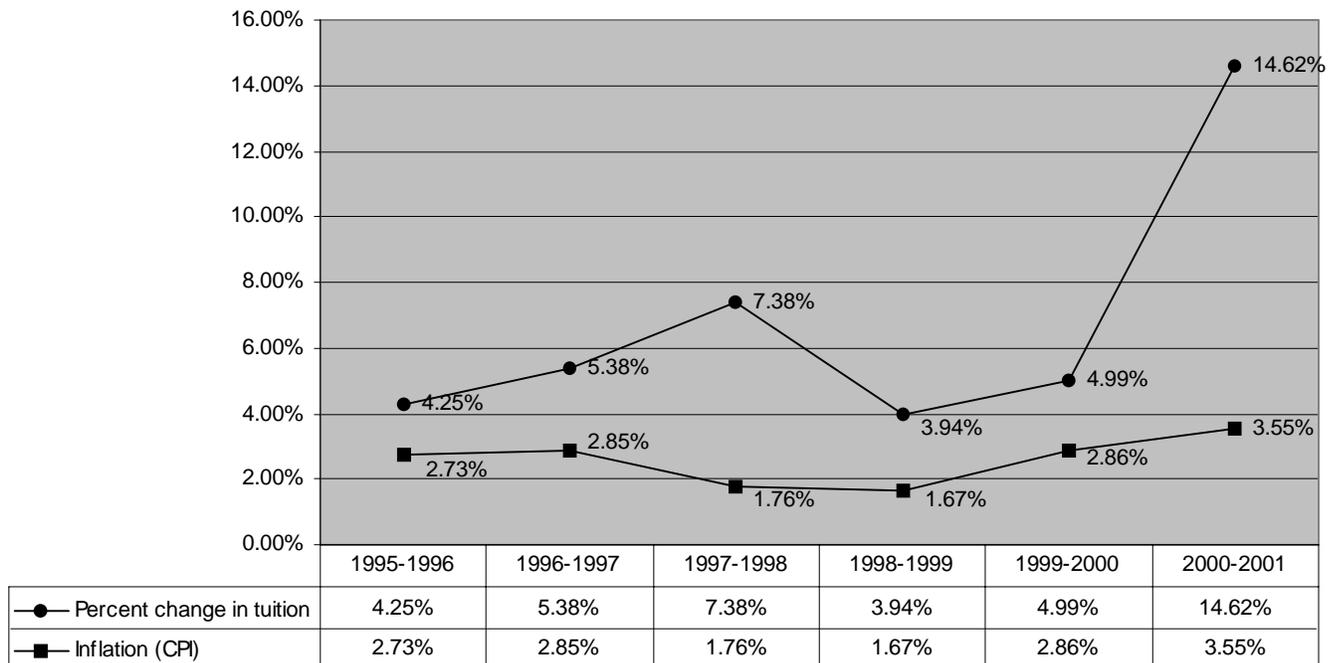
What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Peru State College from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$38,321	5.05%
	2000	\$47,295	5.03%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$30,558	6.34%
	2000	\$36,737	6.48%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$19,097	10.14%
	2000	\$22,953	10.36%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$25,483	7.60%
	2000	\$30,388	7.83%

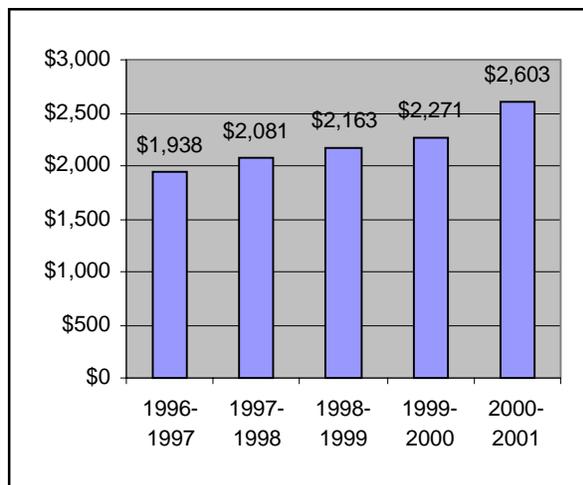
Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

Wayne State College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

Wayne State College Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation 1995-1996 to 2000-2001



What Were Wayne State College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?

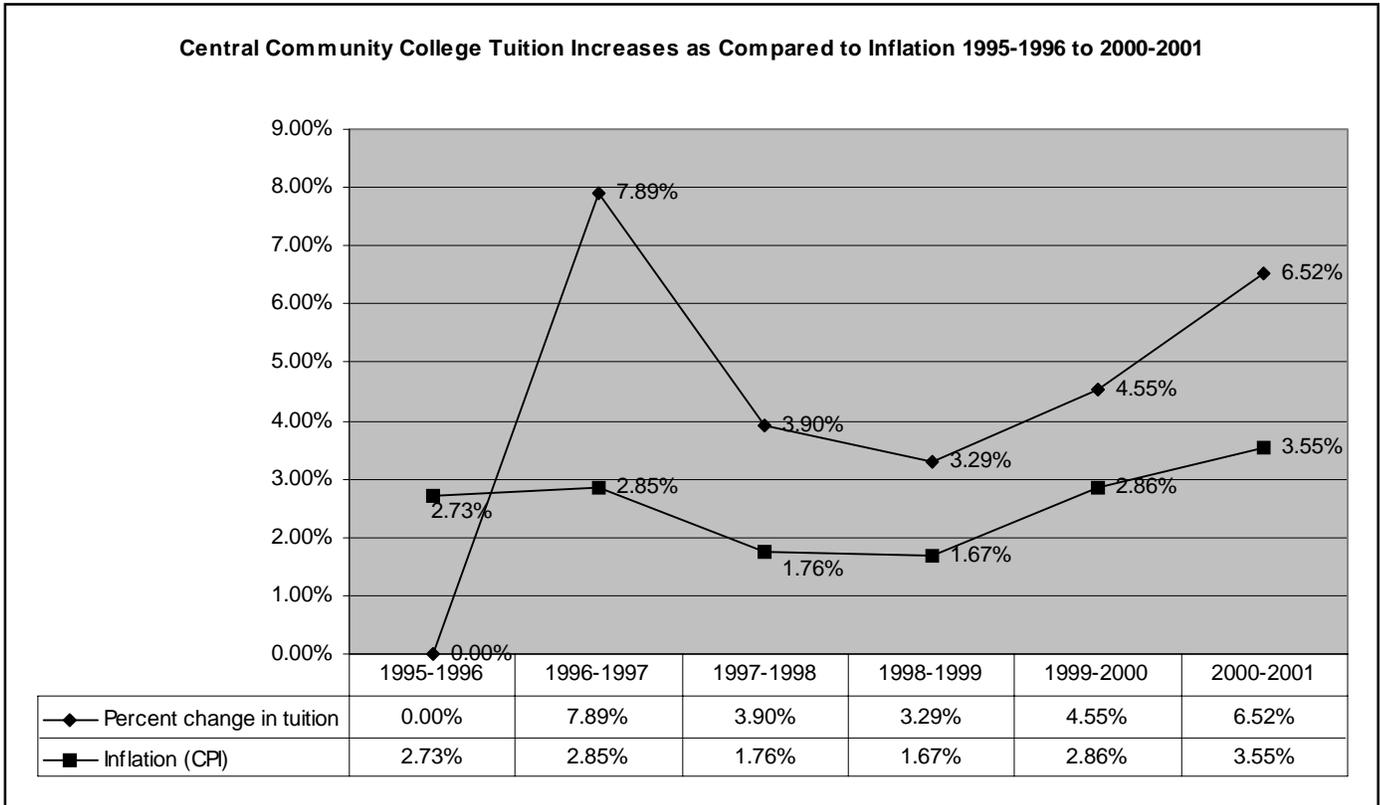


What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Wayne State College from 1996-2000?²

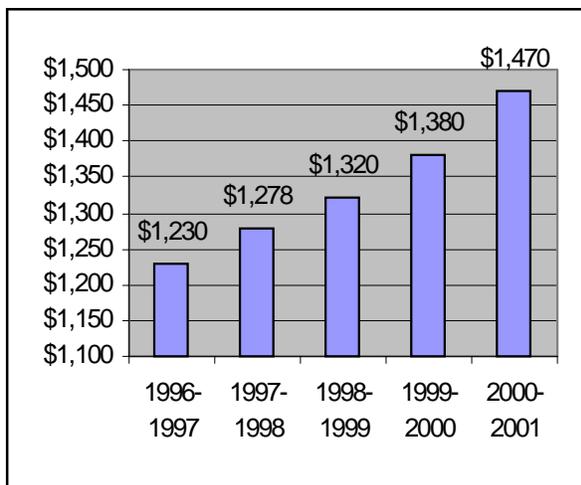
		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$33,413	5.80%
	2000	\$40,967	6.35%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,614	6.77%
	2000	\$34,572	7.53%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,876	10.84%
	2000	\$21,596	12.05%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$21,514	9.01%
	2000	\$23,663	11.00%

Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

Central Community College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income



What Were Central Community College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



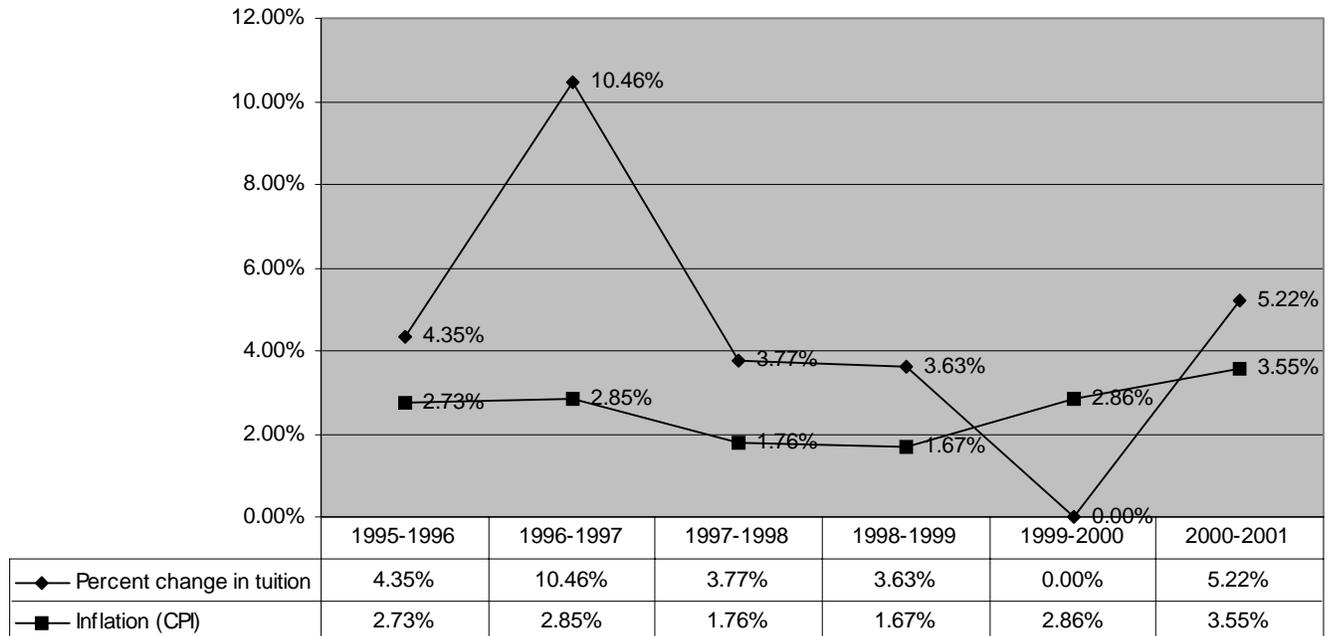
What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Central Community College from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$34,264	3.59%
	2000	\$41,684	3.53%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,430	4.33%
	2000	\$34,340	4.28%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,760	6.93%
	2000	\$21,450	6.85%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$21,474	5.73%
	2000	\$23,622	6.22%

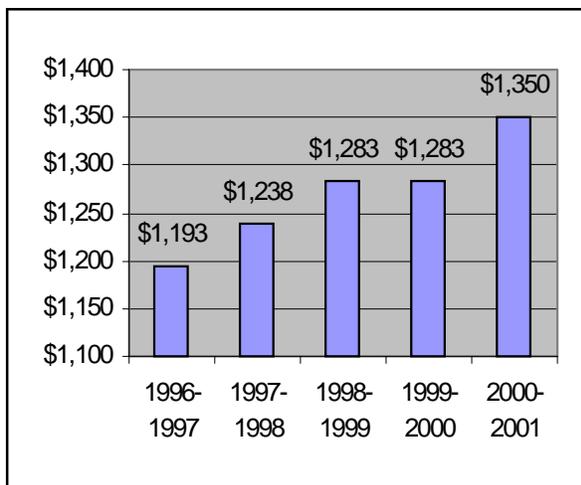
Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low-income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

Metro Community College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

**Metro Community College Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation¹
1995-1996 to 2000-2001**



What Were Metro Community College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



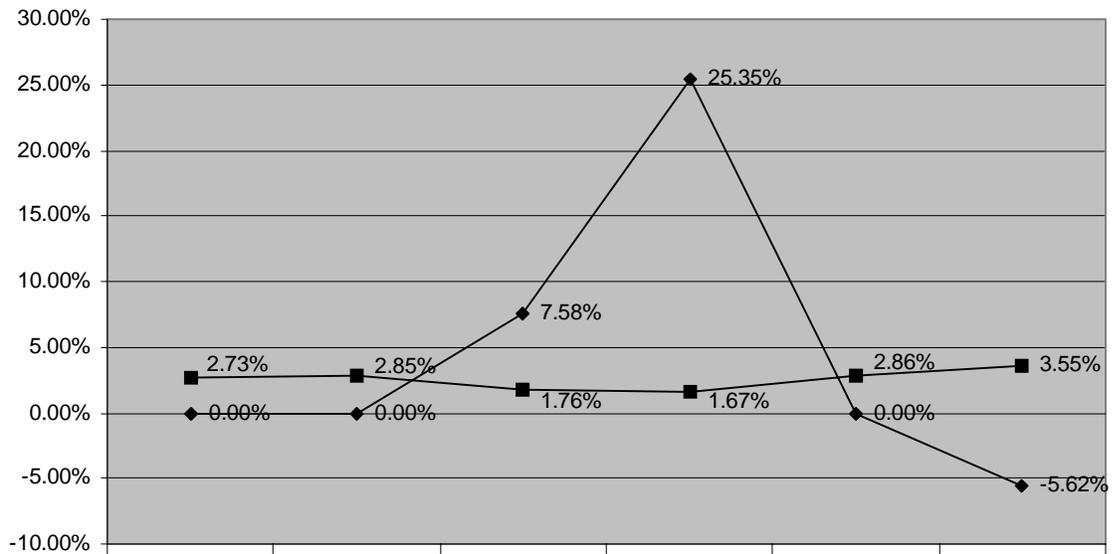
What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Metro Community College from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$45,900	2.60%
	2000	\$58,600	2.30%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$36,700	3.25%
	2000	\$44,950	3.00%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$22,950	5.20%
	2000	\$28,100	4.80%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$27,036	4.41%
	2000	\$32,894	4.10%

Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

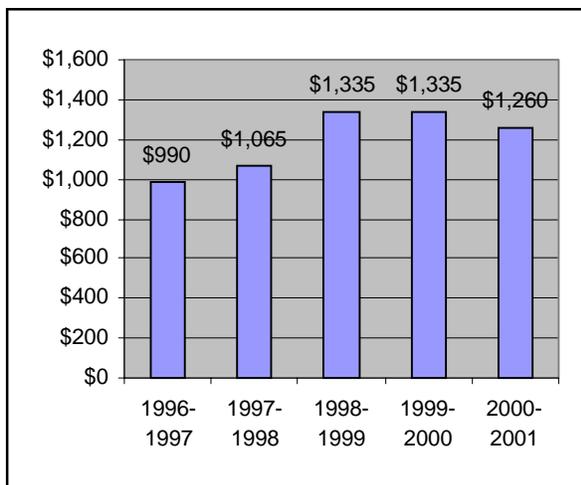
Mid-Plains Community College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

Mid-Plains Community College Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation 1995-1996 to 2000-2001



◆ Percent change in tuition	0.00%	0.00%	7.58%	25.35%	0.00%	-5.62%
■ Inflation (CPI)	2.73%	2.85%	1.76%	1.67%	2.86%	3.55%

What Were Mid-Plains Community College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?

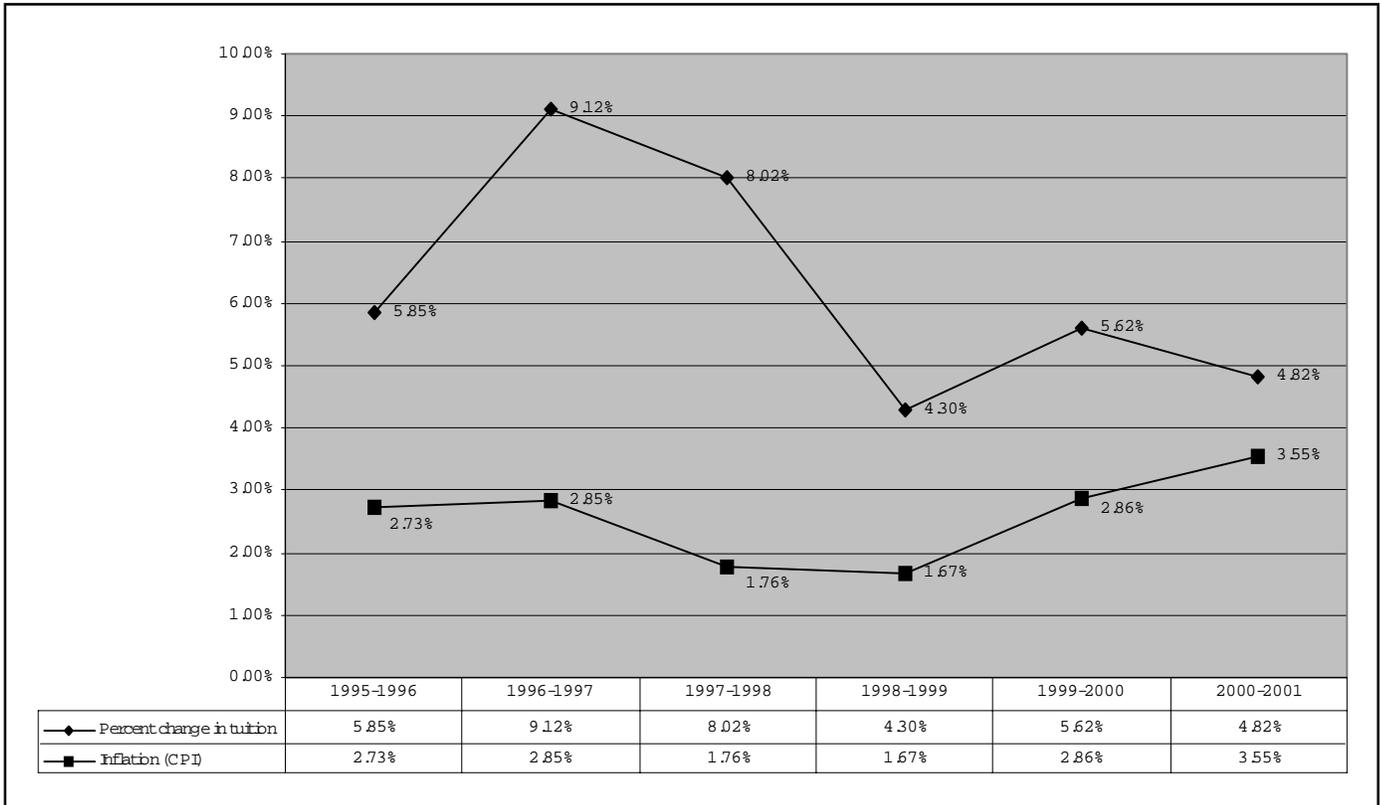


What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Mid-Plains Community College from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$30,706	3.89%
	2000	\$37,472	3.60%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,108	4.24%
	2000	\$34,100	3.96%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,556	6.80%
	2000	\$21,300	6.34%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$19,967	5.97%
	2000	\$22,586	5.98%

Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low-income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low-income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

Northeast Community College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income



What Were Northeast Community College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



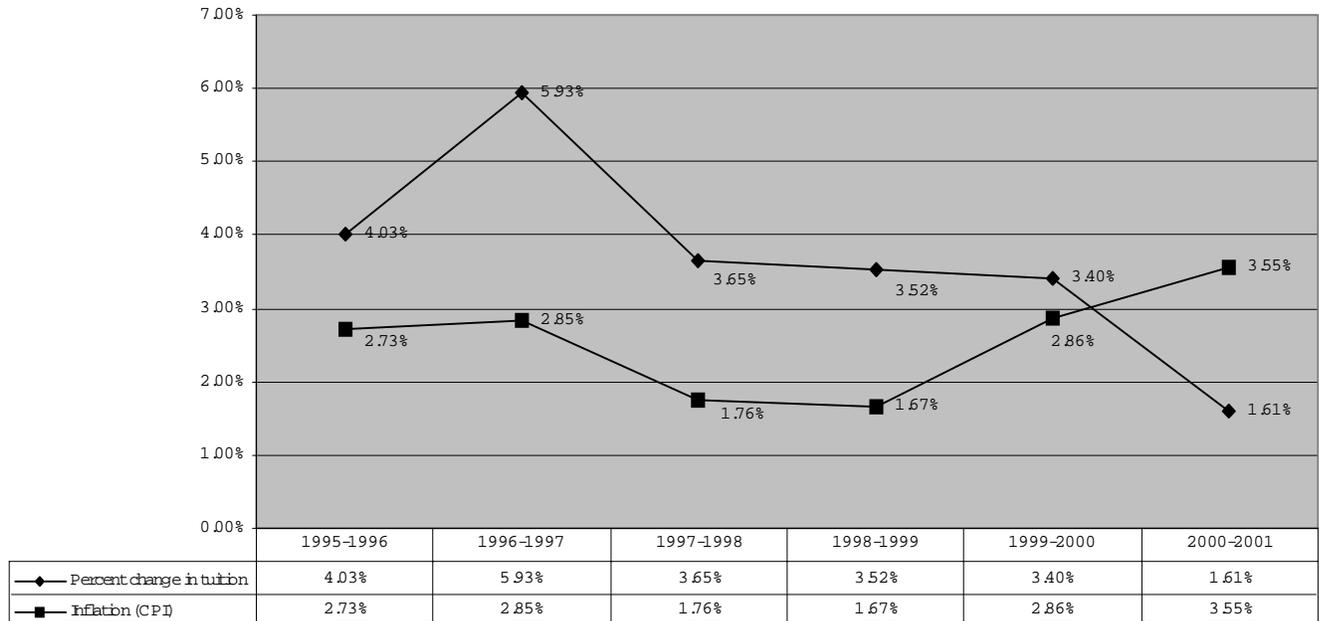
What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Northeast Community College from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$31,410	3.80%
	2000	\$38,715	3.49%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,373	4.20%
	2000	\$34,320	3.93%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,723	6.73%
	2000	\$21,438	6.30%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$21,215	5.62%
	2000	\$22,464	6.01%

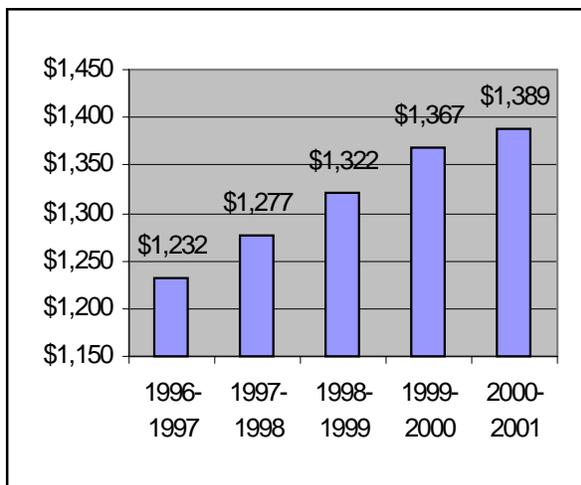
Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

Southeast Community College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

**Southeast Community College Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation¹
1995-1996 to 2000-2001**



What Were Southeast Community College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



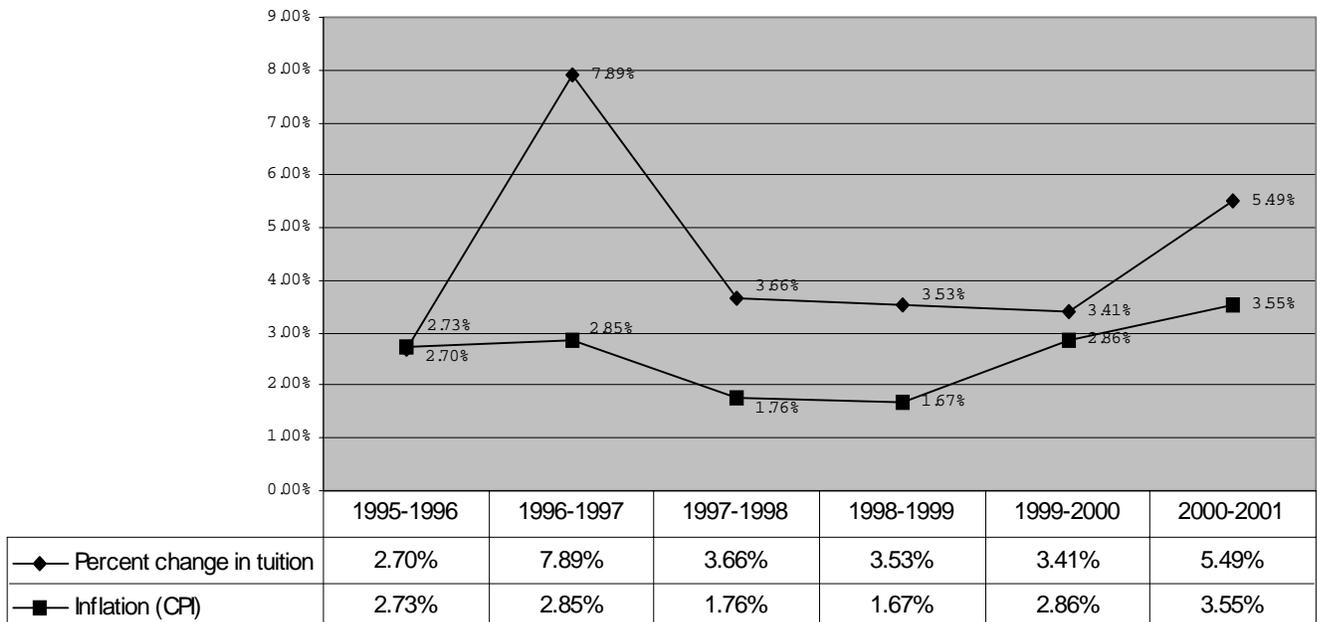
What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Southeast Community College from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$36,773	3.24%
	2000	\$45,100	2.99%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$29,427	4.05%
	2000	\$35,270	3.83%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$18,387	6.49%
	2000	\$22,033	6.13%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$23,375	5.10%
	2000	\$26,888	5.02%

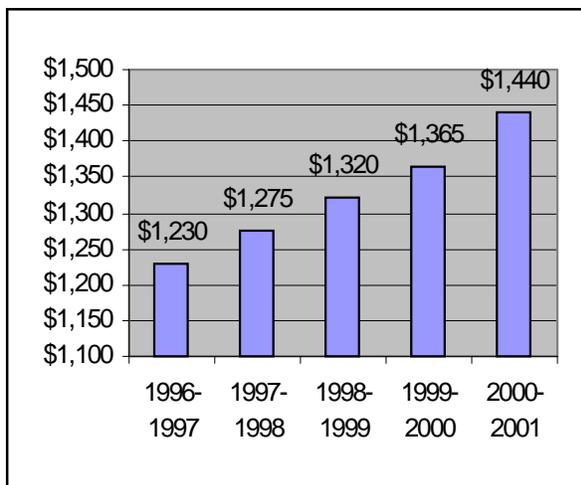
Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.

Western Nebraska Community College Tuition, Inflation and Tuition as a Percentage of Median and Per Capita Income

**Western Nebraska Community College Tuition Increases as Compared to Inflation¹
1995-1996 to 1999-2000**



What Were Western Nebraska Community College Undergraduate Resident Tuition and Fees from 1996-1997 to 2000-2001?



What Percentage of Family Income Would Be Required to Pay Undergraduate Resident Tuition at Western Nebraska Community College from 1996-2000?²

		Income	Tuition
Average Median Family Income	1996	\$31,738	3.76%
	2000	\$37,423	3.61%
Average Low Family Income	1996	\$28,123	4.24%
	2000	\$34,100	3.96%
Average Very Low Family Income	1996	\$17,565	6.79%
	2000	\$21,300	6.34%
Average Per Capita Income	1996	\$18,674	6.39%
	2000	\$22,712	5.94%

Data notes: 1) CPI estimate covers the academic year listed. 2) Average, low and very low income values are based on United States Department of Housing and Urban Development annual median income estimates for a family of four. Low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median family income for the area. Very low income families are defined as families whose incomes do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area. Value listed for average low, and very low income is the average median low or very low income for the institutional service area. Average per capita income is the total personal income for all counties in the institution's service area divided by the total population of the service area.