Originally formed in 1976, Nebraskans amended the state constitution in 1990 to create a new **Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education** with increased duties and responsibilities. Those duties and responsibilities now include:

- Creating and putting into action a **comprehensive statewide plan** to guide Nebraska’s higher education system
- Partnering with Legislators to develop **innovative and results-driven higher education policy**
- Helping **low-income Nebraska students** attend college by awarding nearly $23 million in need-based financial aid programs and developing state financial aid strategy
- Administering the **Community College Gap Assistance Program**, which offers financial aid to students who want to work in high-need fields
- Ensuring the **efficient use of taxpayer funds** by approving or disapproving postsecondary construction projects that rely on tax funds and reviewing institutional biennial budget requests
- **Approving or disapproving academic programs** based on specific criteria: need, demand, unnecessary duplication, resources, and cost
- **Reviewing and verifying information submitted by institutions** to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System at the U.S. Department of Education
- Assembling and analyzing **statewide data** and publishing reports **tied to the state’s higher education goals**. The Coordinating Commission is the only Nebraska entity that does this kind of work on a statewide level
- Administering roughly **$100 million** in annual State appropriations to Nebraska’s six community colleges
- Saving Nebraska colleges and universities **thousands of dollars** through the administration of a nationwide distance learning agreement
- Protecting **Nebraska students** who attend for-profit institutions in the state by administering the Guaranty Recovery Cash Fund

**Contact us if you want to know more about:** Graduation rates • Enrollment • Degrees and certificate programs • Remedial education • Assessment • Online education • Dual enrollment • Higher ed funding • Postsecondary construction projects • Financial aid • College affordability and student debt • Workforce development • Tuition and fees